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Parth6978 test code c9760d0 · 10 minutes ago 2 Commits

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Languages C 100.0%

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <string.h>
3
4 √int main() {
5     char word[21];
6     scanf("%s", word);
7
8     int z = 0, o = 0;
9
10    // Count Zs and Os
11    for(int i = 0; word[i] != '\0'; i++) {
12        if(word[i] == 'z') z++;
13        else if(word[i] == 'o') o++;
14    }
15
16    // Condition check
17    if(2 * z == o) {
18        printf("Yes");
19    } else {
20        printf("No");
21    }
22
23    return 0;
24}
25
```

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 √ int main() {
4     int L, N, W, H;
5     scanf("%d", &L);
6     scanf("%d", &N);
7
8     √ while (N--) {
9         scanf("%d %d", &W, &H);
10
11     √     if (W < L || H < L) {
12         |     printf("UPLOAD ANOTHER\n");
13     }
14     √     else if (W == H) {
15         |     printf("ACCEPTED\n");
16     }
17     √     else {
18         |     printf("CROP IT\n");
19     }
20 }
21     return 0;
22 }
23 }
```

C ✓ Auto

```
1 int singleNumber(int* nums, int numsSize) {  
2     int result = 0;  
3     for (int i = 0; i < numsSize; i++) {  
4         result ^= nums[i];  
5     }  
6     return result;  
7 }  
8  
9  
10
```

Saved

Testcase | [Test Result](#)

**Accepted** Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1

Case 2

Case 3

Input

nums =

[2,2,1]

Output

1

Expected

1

</> Code

C ▾ 🔒 Auto

```
1 int searchInsert(int* nums, int numsSize, int target) {  
2     int left = 0, right = numsSize - 1;  
3     while (left <= right) {  
4         int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;  
5         if (nums[mid] == target)  
6             return mid;  
7         else if (nums[mid] < target)  
8             left = mid + 1;  
9         else  
10            right = mid - 1;  
11     }  
12     return left;  
13 }  
14  
15
```

Saved

Testcase |  Test Result

**Accepted** Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1

Case 2

Case 3

Input

nums =

[1,3,5,6]

target =

5

Output

2

Expected

2

A screenshot of a code editor interface, likely Visual Studio Code, displaying a C program named `Question24.c`. The code reads characters from standard input one at a time and prints them to standard output, converting lowercase letters to uppercase and uppercase letters to lowercase. It handles non-alphabetic characters by printing them as is.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>

int main() {
    // We can read characters one by one until the end of the line (newline character)
    // or the end of the input (EOF).
    int c;

    // Read characters from standard input one at a time
    while ((c = getchar()) != EOF && c != '\n') {
        // Check if the character is a lowercase letter
        if (islower(c)) {
            // Convert to uppercase using the toupper() function
            putchar(toupper(c));
        }
        // Check if the character is an uppercase letter
        else if (isupper(c)) {
            // Convert to lowercase using the tolower() function
            putchar(tolower(c));
        }
        // If the character is not an alphabet (e.g., a space or punctuation,
        // although the constraints imply only alphabets), print it as is.
        else {
            putchar(c);
        }
    }

    // Print a newline character at the end of the output as required by the format
    printf("\n");

    return 0;
}
```

The code editor's interface includes a sidebar with file navigation, a search bar at the top right, and various status indicators at the bottom right.

The screenshot shows a code editor interface with a dark theme. The left sidebar contains icons for Explorer, Search, Issues, Outline, and Timeline. The Explorer section shows a project named 'HELLOC' with files: addition.c, a.out, subtraction.c, tic-tac-toe.c, and Question23.c (which is currently selected). The main editor area displays the following C code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int t; // Number of test cases
    // Read the number of test cases
    if (scanf("%d", &t) != 1) return 1;

    // Loop through all test cases
    while (t--) {
        int green_cost, purple_cost;
        // Read the costs of the green and purple balloons
        if (scanf("%d %d", &green_cost, &purple_cost) != 2) return 1;

        int n; // Number of participants
        // Read the number of participants
        if (scanf("%d", &n) != 1) return 1;

        int problem1_solves = 0;
        int problem2_solves = 0;

        // Loop through each participant to get their solve status
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            int p1_status, p2_status;
            // Read the solve status for problem 1 and problem 2
            if (scanf("%d %d", &p1_status, &p2_status) != 2) return 1;

            // Count solves for each problem
            if (p1_status == 1) {
                problem1_solves++;
            }
            if (p2_status == 1) {
                problem2_solves++;
            }
        }

        // Calculate the total cost for the two possible scenarios:
        // Scenario 1: Green for Problem 1, Purple for Problem 2
        long long cost1 = (long long)problem1_solves * green_cost + (long long)problem2_solves * purple_cost;

        // Scenario 2: Purple for Problem 1, Green for Problem 2
        long long cost2 = (long long)problem1_solves * purple_cost + (long long)problem2_solves * green_cost;

        // Print the minimum of the two costs
        if (cost1 < cost2) {
            printf("%lld\n", cost1);
        } else {
            printf("%lld\n", cost2);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates: Ln 18, Col 33, Spaces: 4, UTF-8, LF, () C, Mac.