1. Calculating total number of customers

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS total\_customers FROM customer\_accounts;

2. Segmenting active and churned customers into 2 groups

SELECT is\_active, COUNT(\*) AS customer\_count FROM subscriptions GROUP BY is\_active;

3. Segmenting different product subscriptions based on their MRR contribution

SELECT plan, AVG(mrr) AS avg\_mrr, SUM(mrr) AS total\_mrr, COUNT(\*) AS customer\_count FROM subscriptions
GROUP BY plan
ORDER BY total\_mrr DESC;

4. Analyzing product usage patterns of active and churned customers

SELECT s.is\_active, AVG(u.logins) AS avg\_logins, AVG(u.tickets\_raised) AS avg\_tickets, AVG(u.feature\_usage\_score) AS avg\_feature\_usage FROM usage\_metrics u
JOIN subscriptions s ON u.customer\_id = s.customer\_id
GROUP BY s.is\_active;

5. Segmenting customers based on their status and subscription duration

SELECT customer\_id,

CASE WHEN is\_active = TRUE THEN DATEDIFF('day', start\_date, CURRENT\_DATE())

ELSE DATEDIFF('day', start\_date, end\_date)

END AS subscription\_duration,

-- Adding these columns for better context CASE WHEN is\_active = TRUE THEN 'Active' ELSE 'Churned' END AS customer\_status, -- Converting days to months and years for better readability

CASE WHEN is\_active = TRUE THEN FLOOR(DATEDIFF('day', start\_date, CURRENT\_DATE()) / 365)

|| ' years, ' || FLOOR((DATEDIFF('day', start\_date, CURRENT\_DATE()) % 365) / 30) || ' months'

ELSE FLOOR(DATEDIFF('day', start\_date, end\_date) / 365) || ' years, ' || FLOOR((DATEDIFF('day', start\_date, end\_date) % 365) / 30) || ' months'

END AS subscription\_duration\_in\_years,

start\_date,
CASE WHEN is\_active = TRUE THEN 'Current'
ELSE TO\_CHAR(end\_date, 'YYYY-MM-DD')
END AS end\_date

FROM subscriptions
ORDER BY subscription\_duration DESC;

6. Segregating customers based on their usage metrics

SELECT customer\_id, AVG(logins) AS avg\_monthly\_logins, AVG(tickets\_raised) AS avg\_tickets\_raised, AVG(feature\_usage\_score) AS avg\_feature\_usage FROM usage\_metrics
GROUP BY customer\_id;

7. Labeling the customers based on status

SELECT customer\_id,

CASE WHEN is\_active = FALSE THEN 1 ELSE 0 END AS churn\_label
FROM subscriptions;

8. Adding data features through customer duration info to calculate metrics such as active time periods, retention rate, etc.

WITH duration\_metrics AS (SELECT CASE WHEN is\_active = TRUE THEN DATEDIFF('day', start\_date, CURRENT\_DATE()) ELSE DATEDIFF('day', start\_date, end\_date) END AS subscription\_duration, is active

```
FROM subscriptions
)
SELECT
'Overall' AS metric, COUNT(*) AS total_customers,
ROUND(AVG(subscription duration)/30, 1) AS avg duration months,
ROUND(AVG(CASE WHEN is active = TRUE THEN subscription duration END)/30, 1) AS
avg_duration_active_months,
ROUND(AVG(CASE WHEN is active = FALSE THEN subscription duration END)/30, 1) AS
avg duration churned months,
ROUND(SUM(CASE WHEN is_active = TRUE THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) * 100.0 / COUNT(*), 1) | | '%' AS
retention rate
FROM duration_metrics
UNION ALL
SELECT s.plan AS metric,
COUNT(*) AS total customers,
ROUND(AVG(
CASE
WHEN s.is active = TRUE
THEN DATEDIFF('day', s.start_date, CURRENT_DATE())
ELSE
DATEDIFF('day', s.start_date, s.end_date)
END)/30, 1) AS avg duration months,
ROUND(AVG(
CASE
WHEN s.is active = TRUE
THEN DATEDIFF('day', s.start_date, CURRENT_DATE())
END)/30, 1) AS avg duration active months,
ROUND(AVG(
CASE
WHEN s.is_active = FALSE
THEN DATEDIFF('day', s.start_date, s.end_date)
END)/30, 1) AS avg duration churned months,
ROUND(SUM(CASE WHEN s.is_active = TRUE THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) * 100.0 / COUNT(*), 1) || '%'
AS retention rate
FROM subscriptions s
GROUP BY s.plan
ORDER BY
CASE WHEN metric = 'Overall' THEN 0 ELSE 1 END,
total_customers DESC;
```

## 9. Calculating metrics from depth of product usage by customers

WITH usage\_aggregates AS (
SELECT customer\_id,
AVG(logins) AS avg\_monthly\_logins,
AVG(tickets\_raised) AS avg\_tickets\_raised,
AVG(feature\_usage\_score) AS avg\_feature\_usage
FROM usage\_metrics
GROUP BY customer\_id),
subscription\_features AS (SELECT customer\_id, plan, mrr,
CASE
WHEN is\_active = TRUE
THEN DATEDIFF('day', start\_date, CURRENT\_DATE())
ELSE
DATEDIFF('day', start\_date, end\_date)
END AS subscription\_duration,
CASE

WHEN is\_active = TRUE THEN 'Active' ELSE 'Churned' END AS customer\_status,

## **CASE**

WHEN is\_active = FALSE THEN 1 ELSE 0 END AS churn\_label FROM subscriptions)

SELECT ca.customer\_id, ca.segment, ca.industry, ca.country, sf.plan, sf.mrr, sf.subscription\_duration, sf.customer\_status, sf.churn\_label, ua.avg\_monthly\_logins, ua.avg\_tickets\_raised, ua.avg\_feature\_usage FROM customer\_accounts ca LEFT JOIN subscription\_features sf ON ca.customer\_id = sf.customer\_id LEFT JOIN usage\_aggregates ua ON ca.customer\_id = ua.customer\_id;