## ASSIGNMENT-1

## UNIT- 1: INFINITE SERIES

(B.Tech. Semester - I)

Discuss the convergence and divergence of Geometric Series.

2. Using limit comparison test, examine the convergence of the series:

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{3^3-1} + \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{4^3-1} + \frac{\sqrt{4}-1}{5^3-1} + \cdots$$

Answer: Convergent.

3. Discuss the convergence of p - series using

i) Comparison test

ii) Integral test

4. Verify whether the infinite series converges or diverges:

$$\frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{3}{2.3.4} + \frac{5}{3.4.5} + \cdots$$

Answer: Convergent.

5. Examine the convergence of the following series:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n}}{n^p}$$

Answer: Convergent if p > 1/2 and divergent if  $p \le 1/2$ .

6. Discuss the convergence of the series:

a. 
$$1 + 1 + \frac{2^p}{2!} + \frac{3^p}{3!} + \frac{4^p}{4!} + \cdots (p > 0)$$
 Answer: Convergent.

b. 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{5^n}$$
 Answer: Divergent.

c. 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{n^n}$$
 Answer: Convergent.

7. Show that the series

$$\sum \frac{3.6.9...3n}{7.10.13...(3n+4)} x^n, x > 0$$

Converges for  $x \le 1$ , and diverges for x > 1.

Find the nature of the series

$$\sum \frac{(n!)^n}{(2n!)} x^n, \quad (x > 0)$$

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Answer: Divergent.

9. State and prove Integral test and hence determine all the values of p for which the series  $\sum e^{-np}$  converges.

Answer: The series converges for all p > 0.

10. Determine if the following series converges or diverges:

$$1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt[3]{2}} + \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{3}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt[3]{4}} + \cdots$$

Answer: Convergent.

11. Test for the convergence of the series

$$\frac{x}{1+x} - \frac{x^2}{1+x^2} + \frac{x^3}{1+x^3} - \cdots \quad (0 < x < 1).$$

Answer: Convergent.

12. Test the convergence for the following series:

$$\frac{1}{a \cdot 1^2 + b} + \frac{1}{a \cdot 2^2 + b} + \frac{1}{a \cdot 3^2 + b} + \dots$$
 where a and b are real numbers.

Answer: Convergent.

13. Discuss the convergence of the series

$$\frac{1}{1^p} + \frac{1}{3^p} + \frac{1}{5^p} + \dots$$

Answer: Convergent for p > 1 and divergent for  $p \le 1$ .

14. Examine the convergence of the following series:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(an+b)^p}$$

Answer: Converges for p > 1 and divergent for  $p \le 1$ .

15. Test the convergence of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^{n-1}}{1+x^n}$ ; x > 0

Answer: Converges for 0 < x < 1 and divergent for  $x \ge 1$ .

16. Discuss the convergence of the series:

(a) 
$$\frac{1^2 2^2}{1!} + \frac{2^2 3^2}{2!} + \frac{3^2 4^2}{3!} + \dots \dots$$
 Answer: convergent.

(b) 
$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1 \cdot 2}{3 \cdot 5} + \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7} + \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 9} + \dots$$
 Answer: convergent.

17. Discuss the convergence or divergence of the following series:

$$\frac{x^2}{1} + \frac{2^2 x^4}{3 \cdot 4} + \frac{2^2 \cdot 4^2 x^6}{3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6} + \frac{2^2 \cdot 4^2 \cdot 6^2 x^8}{3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8} + \dots$$

Answer: converges for  $x^2 \le 1$ , diverges for  $x^2 > 1$ .

18. State and prove Leibnitz test and hence determine whether the following series converges

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{\sqrt{n}}$$

Answer: Convergent.

19. Define Absolute Convergence and Conditional Convergence of a series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ .

Test the convergence and absolute convergence of the series:

a. 
$$1 - \frac{1(1+2)}{2^3} + \frac{1(1+2+3)}{3^3} - \frac{1(1+2+3+4)}{4^3} + \dots$$
 Answer: Conditionally convergent.

b. 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \sin \frac{1}{n}$$
 Answer: Conditionally convergent.

20. Test the convergence and absolute convergence of the series:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{n+2}{2^n+5}$$

Answer: Absolutely convergent.

21. Show that the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - \cos \frac{\pi}{n})$  converges.