	Monday, 23 August 2021, 9:45 AM Finished
	Monday, 23 August 2021, 9:55 AM
	10 mins 1 sec
Grade	7.00 out of 8.00 (87.5 %)
Question 1	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
The retina is a cell v	wall that is sensitive to light, where every cell sends an activation to the brain which interprets the images.
Select one:	
■ True	
○ False	
The correct answer	is 'True'.
Question 2	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
"Sampling" is the nu	umber of bits used to represent a pixel in an image
Select one:	
O True	
False ✓	
The correct answer	is 'False'.
Question 3	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	
RGB images are ea	sier for hardware implementations whereas HSI are easier for human interpretation
Select one:	
True	
○ False	
The correct answer	is 'True'.

Question 4
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
The "E" parameter in the equation of page 10 in lecture 2, controls how whiter/darker the pixels get. The higher the E, the whiter/darker the pixels get.
Select one:
True ✓
○ False
The correct answer is 'True'.
Question 5
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
Select one: True False The correct answer is 'False'.
Question 6
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Sharpening can be made by adding the (difference between the original and the blurred image) back to the original image.
Select one:
True ✓
○ False

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Question 7
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Mean is a statistical measure that is sensitive to outliers whereas Median is a less sensitive meaure
Select one:
True ✓
○ False
The correct answer is 'True'.
Question 8
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Affine transforms allow us to rotate, shrink, scale and translate images in any direction we want.
Select one:
True ✓
○ False
The correct answer is 'True'.