

AI Lab Record

Submitted By:

NAME - Arunabh Kalita

REGISTRATION NO. - RA1911003010375

SUBJECT NAME - Artificial Intelligence

SUBJECT CODE - 18CSC305J

**BRANCH - Computer Science And
Engineering**

FACULTY NAME - Ms.M.Ranjani



Artificial Intelligence LAB-1

CAMEL BANANA PUZZLE

Date:13-1-22

Source Code:

```
total=int(input('Enter no. of bananas at starting point:'))
distance=int(input('Enter distance you to be covered:'))
max_capacity=int(input('Max. Capacity of camel:'))
lose=0
start_point=total
for i in range(distance):
    while start_point>0:
        start_point=start_point-max_capacity

        if start_point==1:
            lose=lose-1
            lose=lose+2

        lose=lose-1
    start_point=total-lose
    if start==0:
        break
print(start_point)
```

Output

```
Enter no. of bananas at starting point:3000
Enter distance you to be covered:1000
Max. Capacity of camel:1000
533
```


Artificial Intelligence LAB-2

VACUUM CLEANER

Date:1-2-22

-Source Code:

```
import random
```

```
def display(room):  
    print(room)
```

```
room = [  
    [1, 1, 1, 1],  
    [1, 1, 1, 1],  
    [1, 1, 1, 1],  
    [1, 1, 1, 1],  
]  
print("All the rooom are dirty")  
display(room)
```

```
x =0
```

```
y= 0
```

```
while x < 4:  
    while y < 4:  
        room[x][y] = random.choice([0,1])  
        y+=1  
    x+=1  
    y=0
```

```
print("Before cleaning the room I detect all of these random dirts")  
display(room)  
x =0  
y= 0  
z=0  
while x < 4:
```

```

while y < 4:
    if room[x][y] == 1:
        print("Vaccum in this location now",x, y)
        room[x][y] = 0
        print("cleaned", x, y)
        z+=1
    y+=1
    x+=1
    y=0
pro= (100-((z/16)*100))
print("Room is clean now, Thanks for using the vacuum cleaner!")
display(room)
print('performance=',pro,'%')

```

Output

```

F:\College materials\Sem 6\AI\Practical\Lab2>python Lab2_VacuumCleaner.py
All the room are dirty
[[1, 1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1, 1]]
Before cleaning the room I detect all of these random dirts
[[0, 0, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1, 1], [1, 0, 0, 1], [1, 0, 1, 1]]
Vaccum in this location now, 0 2
cleaned 0 2
Vaccum in this location now, 0 3
cleaned 0 3
Vaccum in this location now, 1 0
cleaned 1 0
Vaccum in this location now, 1 1
cleaned 1 1
Vaccum in this location now, 1 2
cleaned 1 2
Vaccum in this location now, 1 3
cleaned 1 3
Vaccum in this location now, 2 0
cleaned 2 0
Vaccum in this location now, 2 3
cleaned 2 3
Vaccum in this location now, 3 0
cleaned 3 0
Vaccum in this location now, 3 2
cleaned 3 2
Vaccum in this location now, 3 3
cleaned 3 3
Room is clean now, Thanks for using the vacuum cleaner!
[[0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0]]
performance= 31.25 %

```

Artificial Intelligence LAB-3

N-QUEEN PROBLEM

Date:8-2-22

-Source Code:

global N

N = 4

```
def printSolution(board):
    for i in range(N):
        for j in range(N):
            print (board[i][j], end = " ")
        print()
```

```
def isSafe(board, row, col):
```

```
    for i in range(col):
        if board[row][i] == 1:
            return False
```

```
    for i, j in zip(range(row, -1, -1),
                    range(col, -1, -1)):
        if board[i][j] == 1:
            return False
```

```
    for i, j in zip(range(row, N, 1),
                    range(col, -1, -1)):
        if board[i][j] == 1:
            return False
```

```
    return True
```

```
def solveNQUtil(board, col):
```

```

if col >= N:
    return True

for i in range(N):

    if isSafe(board, i, col):

        board[i][col] = 1

        if solveNQUtil(board, col + 1) == True:
            return True

        board[i][col] = 0

    return False

def solveNQ():
    board = [ [0, 0, 0, 0],
               [0, 0, 0, 0],
               [0, 0, 0, 0],
               [0, 0, 0, 0] ]

    if solveNQUtil(board, 0) == False:
        print ("Solution does not exist")
        return False

    printSolution(board)
    return True

solveNQ()

```

Output

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.1466]

(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

F:\College materials\Sem 6\AI\Practical\Lab3>python Lab3_N_Queen.py

0 0 1 0

1 0 0 0

0 0 0 1

0 1 0 0

F:\College materials\Sem 6\AI\Practical\Lab3>

Artificial Intelligence LAB-4

N-QUEEN PROBLEM

Date:8-2-22

-Source Code:

global N

N = 4

```
def printSolution(board):  
    for i in range(N):  
        for j in range(N):  
            print (board[i][j], end = " ")  
        print()
```

```
def isSafe(board, row, col):
```

```
    for i in range(col):  
        if board[row][i] == 1:  
            return False
```

```
    for i, j in zip(range(row, -1, -1),  
                    range(col, -1, -1)):  
        if board[i][j] == 1:  
            return False
```

```
    for i, j in zip(range(row, N, 1),  
                    range(col, -1, -1)):  
        if board[i][j] == 1:  
            return False
```

```
    return True
```

```
def solveNQUtil(board, col):
```

```

    if col >= N:
        return True

    for i in range(N):

        if isSafe(board, i, col):

            board[i][col] = 1

            if solveNQUtil(board, col + 1) == True:
                return True

            board[i][col] = 0

    return False

def solveNQ():
    board = [ [0, 0, 0, 0],
               [0, 0, 0, 0],
               [0, 0, 0, 0],
               [0, 0, 0, 0] ]

    if solveNQUtil(board, 0) == False:
        print ("Solution does not exist")
        return False

    printSolution(board)
    return True

solveNQ()

```

Output

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.1466]

(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

F:\College materials\Sem 6\AI\Practical\Lab3>python Lab3_N_Queen.py

0 0 1 0

1 0 0 0

0 0 0 1

0 1 0 0

F:\College materials\Sem 6\AI\Practical\Lab3>

Artificial Intelligence LAB-5

A* Algorithm and Best First Search

Date:8-2-22

A* Algorithm

Solution:

-Source Code:

```
import sys

def isSafe(mat, visited, x, y):
    return 0 <= x < len(mat) and 0 <= y < len(mat[0]) and \
    not (mat[x][y] == 0 or visited[x][y])

def findShortestPath(mat, visited, i, j, dest, min_dist=sys.maxsize, dist=0):

    if (i, j) == dest:
        return min(dist, min_dist)

    visited[i][j] = 1
    if isSafe(mat, visited, i + 1, j):
        min_dist = findShortestPath(mat, visited, i + 1, j, dest, min_dist, dist + 1)

    if isSafe(mat, visited, i, j + 1):
        min_dist = findShortestPath(mat, visited, i, j + 1, dest, min_dist, dist + 1)

    if isSafe(mat, visited, i - 1, j):
        min_dist = findShortestPath(mat, visited, i - 1, j, dest, min_dist, dist + 1)

    if isSafe(mat, visited, i, j - 1):
        min_dist = findShortestPath(mat, visited, i, j - 1, dest, min_dist, dist + 1)

    visited[i][j] = 0

    return min_dist
```

```

def findShortestPathLength(mat, src, dest):

    i, j = src

    x, y = dest

    if not mat or len(mat) == 0 or mat[i][j] == 0 or mat[x][y] == 0:
        return -1

    (M, N) = (len(mat), len(mat[0]))

    visited = [[False for _ in range(N)] for _ in range(M)]
    min_dist = findShortestPath(mat, visited, i, j, dest)
    if min_dist != sys.maxsize:
        return min_dist
    else:
        return -1

if __name__ == '__main__':
    mat = [
        [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1],
        [0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1],
        [0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1],
        [1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1],
        [0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1],
        [1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0],
        [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1],
        [0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0],
        [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1],
        [0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]
    ]

    src = (0, 0)
    dest = (7, 5)
    min_dist = findShortestPathLength(mat, src, dest)
    if min_dist != -1:

```

```
print("The shortest path from source to destination has length", min_dist)
else:
    print("Destination cannot be reached from source")
```

Output

```
dest = (7, 5)
min_dist = findShortestPathLength(mat, src, dest)
if min_dist != -1:
    print("The shortest path from source to destination has length", min_dist)
else:
    print("Destination cannot be reached from source")
```

The shortest path from source to destination has length 12

In [11]: #BFS

Best First Search

Solution:

-Source Code:

```
from queue import PriorityQueue
v = 5
graph = [[] for i in range(v)]
def best_first_search(source, target, n):
    visited = [0] * n
    visited[0] = True
    pq = PriorityQueue()
    pq.put((0, source))
    while pq.empty() == False:
        u = pq.get()[1]
        print(u, end=" ")
        if u == target:
            break
        for v, c in graph[u]:
            if visited[v] == False:
                visited[v] = True
                pq.put((c, v))
        print()
    def addedge(x, y, cost):
        graph[x].append((y, cost))
        graph[y].append((x, cost))
    addedge(0, 1, 5)
    addedge(0, 2, 1)
    addedge(2, 3, 2)
    addedge(1, 4, 1)
    addedge(3, 4, 2)
    source = 0
    target = 4
    best_first_search(source, target, v)
```

Output

```
adddedge(3, 4, 2)
source = 0
target = 4
best_first_search(source, target, v)
```

```
0 2 3 4
```


Artificial Intelligence LAB-6

Min-Max Algorithms

Date:8-2-22

-Source Code:

```
from math import inf as infinity
```

```
from random import choice
```

```
import platform
```

```
import time
```

```
from os import system
```

```
HUMAN = -1
```

```
COMP = +1
```

```
board = [
```

```
    [0, 0, 0],
```

```
    [0, 0, 0],
```

```
    [0, 0, 0],
```

```
]
```

```
def evaluate(state):
```

```
    if wins(state, COMP):
```

```
        score = +1
```

```
    elif wins(state, HUMAN):
```

```
        score = -1
```

```
    else:
```

```
        score = 0
```

```
    return score
```

```
def wins(state, player):
```

```
    win_state = [
```

```
        [state[0][0], state[0][1], state[0][2]],
```

```
        [state[1][0], state[1][1], state[1][2]],
```

```
        [state[2][0], state[2][1], state[2][2]],
```

```
        [state[0][0], state[1][0], state[2][0]],
```

```
        [state[0][1], state[1][1], state[2][1]],
```

```
        [state[0][2], state[1][2], state[2][2]],
```

```

    [state[0][0], state[1][1], state[2][2]],
    [state[2][0], state[1][1], state[0][2]],
    ]
    if [player, player, player] in win_state:
        return True
    else:
        return False
def game_over(state):

    return wins(state, HUMAN) or wins(state, COMP)
def empty_cells(state):

    cells = []
    for x, row in enumerate(state):
        for y, cell in enumerate(row):
            if cell == 0:
                cells.append([x, y])
    return cells
def valid_move(x, y):

    if [x, y] in empty_cells(board):
        return True
    else:
        return False
def set_move(x, y, player):

    if valid_move(x, y):
        board[x][y] = player
        return True
    else:
        return False
def minimax(state, depth, player):

    if player == COMP:
        best = [-1, -1, -infinity]

```

```

else:
    best = [-1, -1, +infinity]
    if depth == 0 or game_over(state):
        score = evaluate(state)
        return [-1, -1, score]
    for cell in empty_cells(state):
        x, y = cell[0], cell[1]
        state[x][y] = player
        score = minimax(state, depth - 1, -player)
        state[x][y] = 0
        score[0], score[1] = x, y
        if player == COMP:
            if score[2] > best[2]:
                best = score # max value
            else:
                if score[2] < best[2]:
                    best = score # min value
        return best
def clean():
    """
    Clears the console
    """
    os_name = platform.system().lower()
    if 'windows' in os_name:
        system('cls')
    else:
        system('clear')
def render(state, c_choice, h_choice):
    """
    Print the board on console
    :param state: current state of the board
    """
    chars = {
        -1: h_choice,
        +1: c_choice,

```

```

0: ' '
}
str_line = '-----'
print('\n' + str_line)
for row in state:
    for cell in row:
        symbol = chars[cell]
        print(f' {symbol} |', end="")
    print('\n' + str_line)
def ai_turn(c_choice, h_choice):
    """
    It calls the minimax function if the depth < 9,
    else it chooses a random coordinate.
    :param c_choice: computer's choice X or O
    :param h_choice: human's choice X or O
    :return:
    """
    depth = len(empty_cells(board))
    if depth == 0 or game_over(board):
        return
    clean()
    print(f'Computer turn [{c_choice}]')
    render(board, c_choice, h_choice)
    if depth == 9:
        x = choice([0, 1, 2])
        y = choice([0, 1, 2])
    else:
        move = minimax(board, depth, COMP)
        x, y = move[0], move[1]
        set_move(x, y, COMP)
        time.sleep(1)
def human_turn(c_choice, h_choice):
    depth = len(empty_cells(board))
    if depth == 0 or game_over(board):

```

```

return
# Dictionary of valid moves
move = -1
moves = {
1: [0, 0], 2: [0, 1], 3: [0, 2],
4: [1, 0], 5: [1, 1], 6: [1, 2],
7: [2, 0], 8: [2, 1], 9: [2, 2],
}
clean()
print(f'Human turn [{h_choice}]')
render(board, c_choice, h_choice)
while move < 1 or move > 9:
try:
move = int(input('Use numpad (1..9): '))
coord = moves[move]
can_move = set_move(coord[0], coord[1], HUMAN)
if not can_move:
print('Bad move')
move = -1
except (EOFError, KeyboardInterrupt):
print('Bye')
exit()
except (KeyError, ValueError):
print('Bad choice')
def main():
"""
Main function that calls all functions
"""
clean()
h_choice = " # X or O
c_choice = " # X or O
first = " # if human is the first
# Human chooses X or O to play
while h_choice != 'O' and h_choice != 'X':
try:

```

```

print("")
h_choice = input('Choose X or O\nChosen: ').upper()
except (EOFError, KeyboardInterrupt):
print('Bye')
exit()
except (KeyError, ValueError):
print('Bad choice')
# Setting computer's choice
if h_choice == 'X':
c_choice = 'O'
else:
c_choice = 'X'

# Human may starts first
clean()
while first != 'Y' and first != 'N':
try:
first = input('First to start?[y/n]: ').upper()
except (EOFError, KeyboardInterrupt):
print('Bye')
exit()
except (KeyError, ValueError):
print('Bad choice')
# Main loop of this game
while len(empty_cells(board)) > 0 and not game_over(board):
if first == 'N':
ai_turn(c_choice, h_choice)
first = "
human_turn(c_choice, h_choice)
ai_turn(c_choice, h_choice)
# Game over message
if wins(board, HUMAN):
clean()
print(f'Human turn [{h_choice}]')
render(board, c_choice, h_choice)

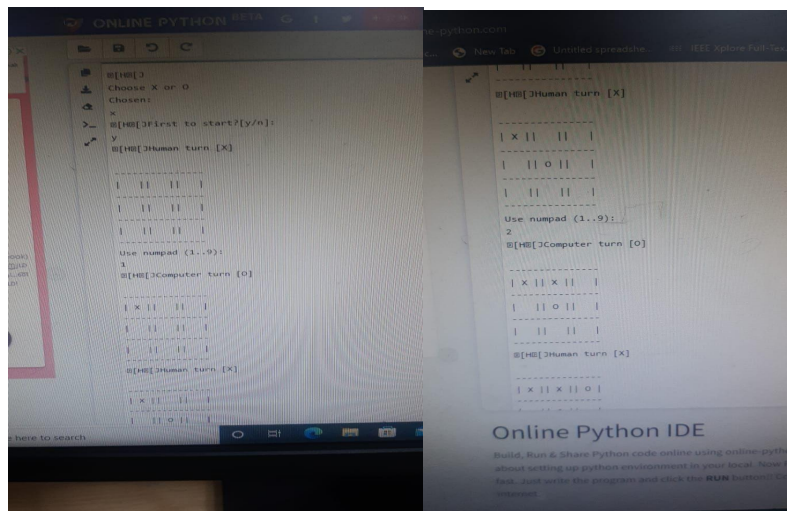
```

```

print('YOU WIN!')
elif wins(board, COMP):
    clean()
    print(f'Computer turn [{c_choice}]')
    render(board, c_choice, h_choice)
    print('YOU LOSE!')
else:
    clean()
    render(board, c_choice, h_choice)
    print('DRAW!')
    exit()
if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

Output



Artificial Intelligence LAB-7

Unification and Resolution

Date:8-2-22

-Source Code:

```
def get_index_comma(string): index_list = list() par_count = 0
```

```
for i in range(len(string)):
```

```
if string[i] == ',' and par_count == 0: index_list.append(i)
```

```
elif string[i] == '(': par_count += 1 elif string[i] == ')':
```

```
par_count -= 1
```

```
return index_list
```

```
def is_variable(expr): for i in expr:
```

```
if i == '(' or i == ')': return False
```

```
return True
```

```
def process_expression(expr): expr = expr.replace(' ', '') index = None
```

```
for i in range(len(expr)): if expr[i] == '(':
```

```
index = i break
```

```
predicate_symbol = expr[:index]
```

```
expr = expr.replace(predicate_symbol, '') expr = expr[1:len(expr) - 1]
```

```
arg_list = list()
```

```
indices = get_index_comma(expr)
```

```
if len(indices) == 0: arg_list.append(expr)
```

```
else:
```

```
arg_list.append(expr[:indices[0]]) for i, j in zip(indices, indices[1:]):
arg_list.append(expr[i + 1:j])
arg_list.append(expr[indices[len(indices) - 1] + 1:])
```

```
return predicate_symbol, arg_list
```

```
def get_arg_list(expr):
_, arg_list = process_expression(expr)
```

```
flag = True while flag:
flag = False
```

```
for i in arg_list:
if not is_variable(i): flag = True
_, tmp = process_expression(i) for j in tmp:
if j not in arg_list: arg_list.append(j)
arg_list.remove(i)
```

```
return arg_list
```

```
def check_occurs(var, expr): arg_list = get_arg_list(expr) if var in arg_list:
return True
```

```
return False
```

```

def unify(expr1, expr2):

    if is_variable(expr1) and is_variable(expr2): if expr1 == expr2:
        return 'Null' else:

        return False
    elif is_variable(expr1) and not is_variable(expr2): if check_occurs(expr1,
        expr2):
        return False else:
        tmp = str(expr2) + '/' + str(expr1) return tmp
    elif not is_variable(expr1) and is_variable(expr2): if check_occurs(expr2,
        expr1):
        return False else:
        tmp = str(expr1) + '/' + str(expr2) return tmp
    else:
        predicate_symbol_1, arg_list_1 = process_expression(expr1)
        predicate_symbol_2, arg_list_2 = process_expression(expr2)

        # Step 2
        if predicate_symbol_1 != predicate_symbol_2: return False
        # Step 3
        elif len(arg_list_1) != len(arg_list_2): return False
        else:
            # Step 4: Create substitution list sub_list = list()

            # Step 5:
            for i in range(len(arg_list_1)):
                tmp = unify(arg_list_1[i], arg_list_2[i])

            if not tmp: return False
            elif tmp == 'Null': pass
            else:
                if type(tmp) == list: for j in tmp:

```

```
sub_list.append(j)
else:
sub_list.append(tmp)
```

```
# Step 6 return sub_list
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
```

```
f1 = 'Q(a, g(x, a), f(y))'
f2 = 'Q(a, g(f(b), a), x)' # f1 = input('f1 : ')
# f2 = input('f2 : ')
```

```
result = unify(f1, f2) if not result:
print('The process of Unification failed!') else:
print('The process of Unification successful!') print(result)
```

Output

N/A: version "N/A -> N/A" is not yet installed.

You need to run "nm install N/A" to install it before using it.

The process of Unification successful!

$[f(b)/x, f(y)/x]$

Process exited with code: 0

Artificial Intelligence LAB-8

Knowledge Representation

Date:8-2-22

-Source Code:

```
go :- hypothesize(Animal),

write('I guess that the animal is: '), write(Animal),
nl, undo.
hypothesize(cheetah) :- cheetah, !. hypothesize(tiger) :- tiger, !.
hypothesize(giraffe) :- giraffe, !. hypothesize(zebra)          :- zebra, !.
hypothesize(ostrich) :- ostrich, !. hypothesize(penguin) :- penguin, !.
hypothesize(albatross) :- albatross, !. hypothesize(unknown).
cheetah :- mammal, carnivore,
verify(has_tawny_color), verify(has_dark_spots).
tiger :- mammal,

carnivore, verify(has_tawny_color), verify(has_black_stripes).
giraffe :- ungulate,

verify(has_long_neck), verify(has_long_legs).
zebra :- ungulate, verify(has_black_stripes).

ostrich :- bird,

verify(does_not_fly), verify(has_long_neck).
penguin :- bird,

verify(does_not_fly), verify(swims), verify(is_black_and_white).
albatross :- bird,

verify(appears_in_story_Ancient_Mariner), verify(flys_well).
mammal :- verify(has_hair), !. mammal :- verify(gives_milk). bird :-
verify(has_feathers), !. bird          :- verify(flys),
```

```
verify(lays_eggs). carnivore :- verify(eats_meat), !.  
carnivore :- verify(has_pointed_teeth), verify(has_claws),  
verify(has_forward_eyes).  
ungulate :- mammal,
```

```
verify(has_hooves), !. ungulate :- mammal,  
verify(chews_cud). ask(Question) :-  
write('Does the animal have the following attribute: '), write(Question),  
write('? '), read(Response),
```

```
nl,
```

```
( (Response == yes ; Response == y)
```

```
->
```

```
assert(yes(Question)) ; assert(no(Question)), fail).
```

```
:- dynamic yes/1,no/1. verify(S) :-  
(yes(S)
```

```
->
```

```
true ; (no(S)
```

```
->
```

```
fail ; ask(S))).
```

```
undo :- retract(yes(_)),fail. undo :- retract(no(_)),fail. undo.
```

Output

```
?- go.
Does the animal have the following attribute: has_hair? n.
Does the animal have the following attribute: gives_milk? |: y.
Does the animal have the following attribute: eats_meat? |: y.
Does the animal have the following attribute: has_tawny_color? |: n.
Does the animal have the following attribute: has_hooves? |: y.
Does the animal have the following attribute: has_long_neck? |: n.
Does the animal have the following attribute: has_black_stripes? |: n.
Does the animal have the following attribute: has_feathers? |: y.
Does the animal have the following attribute: does_not_fly? |: n.
Does the animal have the following attribute: appears_in_story_Ancient_Mariner? Does the animal
have the following attribute: appears_in_story_Ancient_Mariner?y
|: .
Does the animal have the following attribute: flies_well? |: y.
I guess that the animal is: albatross
true.
?- ■
```

For built-in help, use `?- help(Topic).` or `?- apropos(Word).`

```
?-
% c:/Users/Admin/Desktop/animal.pl.txt compiled 0.00 sec, 29 clauses
?-
| go.
Does the animal have the following attribute: has_hair? y.
Does the animal have the following attribute: eats_meat? |: y.
Does the animal have the following attribute: has_tawny_color? |: n.
Does the animal have the following attribute: has_hooves? |: n.
Does the animal have the following attribute: chews_cud? |: y.
Does the animal have the following attribute: has_long_neck? |: y.
Does the animal have the following attribute: has_long_legs? |: y.
I guess that the animal is: giraffe
true.
?- ■
```