Creation of Epic Feature User Stories and Task

Epic:

- **Definition:** An epic is a large body of work that can be broken down into smaller tasks or stories.
- **Example:** "Build a LMS App" could be an epic. It's a big goal that involves many smaller pieces of `work.

User Story:

- **Definition:** A user story is a small, specific piece of functionality that delivers value to the end-user.
- **Example:** "As a user, I want to be able to log in with my email and password." It's a focused task that contributes to the larger epic.

Task:

- **Definition:** A task is a detailed to-do item that needs to be completed to fulfill a user story.
- **Example:** Within the user story of logging in, tasks could include "Create login form UI," "Implement backend authentication," and "Write tests for login functionality."

Feature:

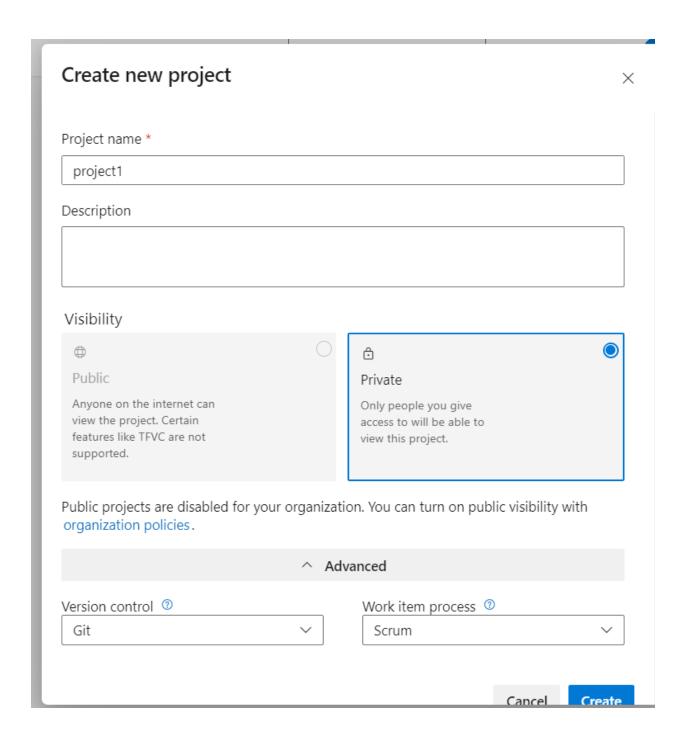
- **Definition:** A feature is a distinct, valuable piece of functionality in your application.
- **Example:** "Push Notifications" could be a feature. It might involve multiple epics, user stories, and tasks to implement.

New Terms:

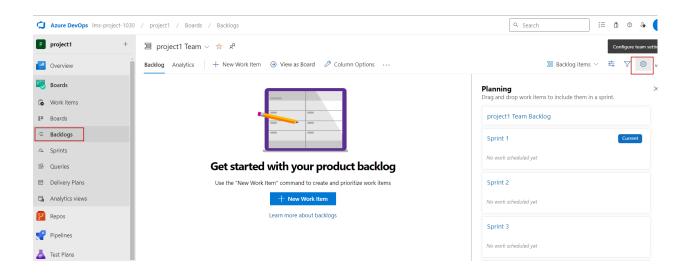
- **Epic:** Represents a large body of work that can be broken down into smaller units.
- **User Story:** Represents a feature or functionality from an end user's perspective.
- **Task:** Represents a specific piece of work that needs to be done to complete a user story.
- **Bug:** Represents a defect or issue that needs to be addressed.
- Backlog: "Backlog" refers to a prioritized list of work items that need to be completed as part of a project. The backlog is a central place where the entire development team can view, prioritize, and manage the work that needs to be done.
- Scrum: Scrum project refers to a project that follows the Scrum framework
 for agile software development. Scrum is one of the most widely used agile
 methodologies, and it emphasizes iterative development, collaboration, and
 flexibility in responding to change. Azure DevOps provides a set of tools
 and features that support Scrum practices, allowing teams to plan, track,
 and deliver their work using Scrum principles.

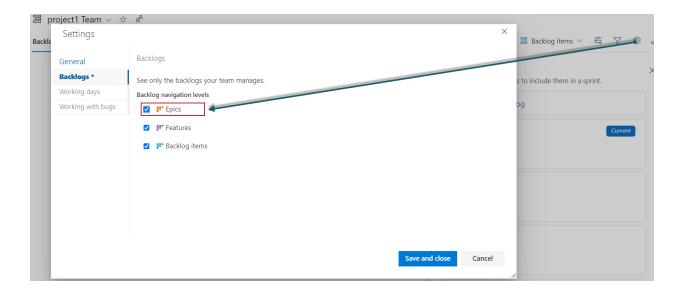
Steps

Create a Project a scrum project

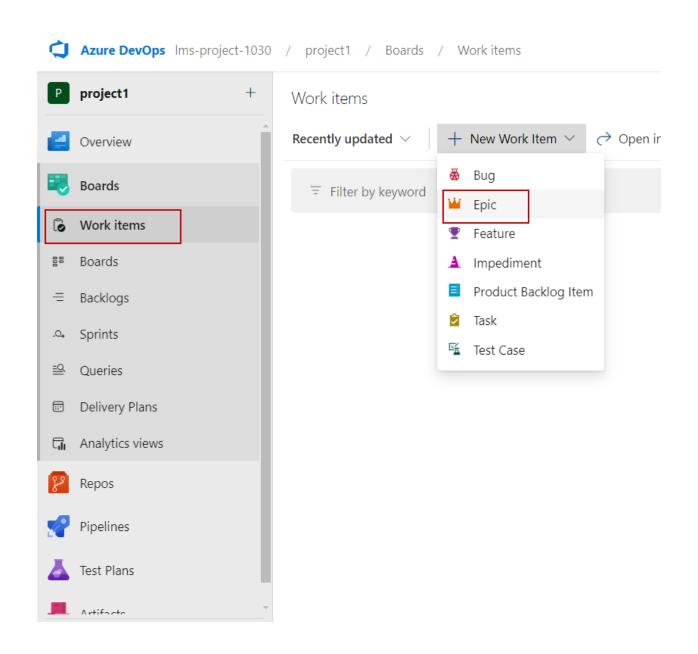


Enabling the Epic options as shown in figure below

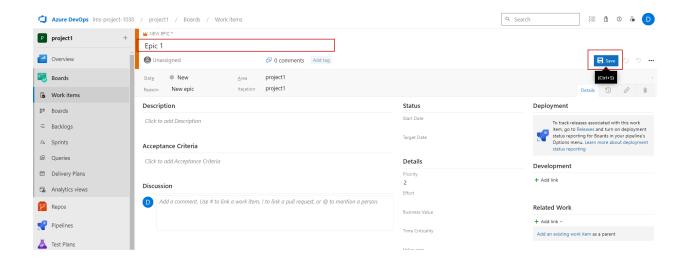


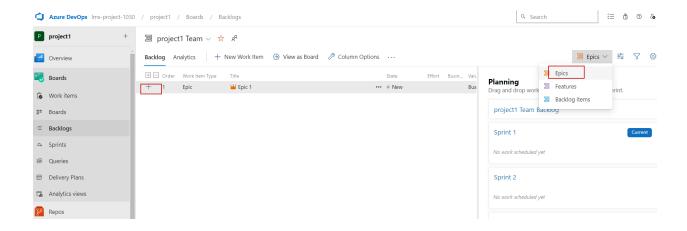


Goto work item and create a Epic first

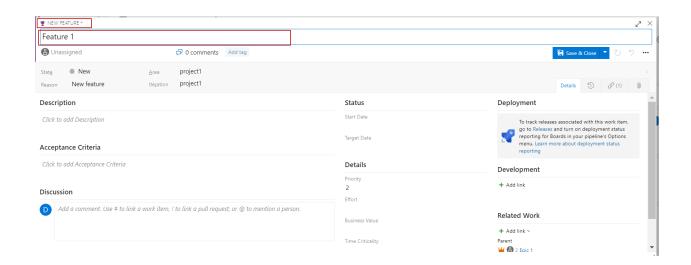


Provide details of the epic

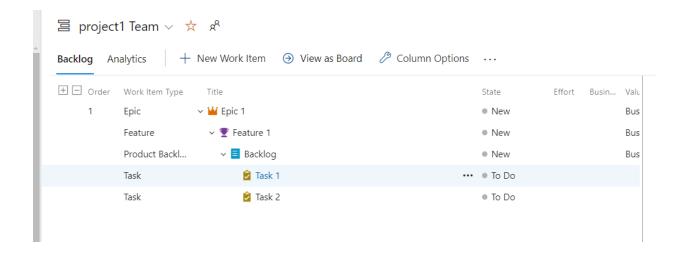




Add a feature which will be under the epic



then backlog and multiple tasks



Example:

Epic 1 - Dev environment setup

Feature 2 - Setup dev environment on AZURE

US 1 - Create LMS Infrastructure - AZURE

- Task 1: Create VNET with three subnets i.e public subnet, middleware subnet & database subnet.
- Task 2: Create Firewalls for Postgres (Port 5432), Nodejs Runtime (Port 8080) & Frontend (Port 80/443)
- Task 3: Create Database Server in database subnet and install Postgres Software
- Task 4: Create Application Server in middleware subnet and install Nodejs Runtime
- Task 5: Create Frontend Server in public subnet and install Nginx Web Server

US 2 - Create LMS Azure Pipeline - CD / CD

- Task 1: Integrate Slack to Azure or updating build status to Ims slack channel
- Task 2: Create a Pipeline for LMS Backend

Fetch latest changes from Ims repository and perform the build

Update backend build artifacts to Application Server and start backend application

Send build status to Ims slack channel

Task 3: Create a Pipeline for LMS Frontend

Fetch latest changes from Ims repository and perform the build

Update frontend build artifacts to Frontend Server

US 3 - Create LMS DNS Services

Task 1: Register Domain Name for LMS

Task 2: Install Certbot for HTTPS LMS Secure Access

US 4 - LMS Monitoring - Site Availability

- Task 1: Setup Monitoring Server in public subnet
- Task 2 : Install Prometheus & Grafana
- Task 3: Create LMS Dashboard and display CPU, Memory & Disk Usage Metrics
- Task 4 : Create Dashboard for Operational Time for LMS Services