Data Collection

The idea here is to gather my own data for classification. I am targeting data of videos available on Youtube. The data is collected for **6 categories**:

- Travel Blogs
- · Science and Technology
- Food
- Manufacturing
- History
- Art and Music

To perform the required data collection, I used the **Youtube API v3**. I decided to use the Youtube API since I needed to collected >1700 samples, since it has an option to get data from subsequent pages of the search results.

```
In [6]:
    from apiclient.discovery import build
    import pandas as pd

# Data to be stored
    category = []
    no_of_samples = 1700

# Gathering Data using the Youtube API
    api_key = "AIzaSyAS9eTg0En0J2GlJbbqm_0bRlonuRQjTHE"
    youtube_api = build('youtube','v3', developerKey = api_key)

# Travel Data
    tvl_titles = []
    tvl_descriptions = []
    tvl_ids = []
```

```
req = youtube_api.search().list(q='travel vlogs', part='snippet', type
='video', maxResults = 50)
res = req.execute()
while(len(tvl titles)<no of samples):</pre>
    for i in range(len(res['items'])):
        tvl titles.append(res['items'][i]['snippet']['title'])
        tvl descriptions.append(res['items'][i]['snippet']['descriptio
n'])
        tvl ids.append(res['items'][i]['id']['videoId'])
        category.append('travel')
   if('nextPageToken' in res):
        next page token = res['nextPageToken']
        req = youtube api.search().list(g='travelling', part='snippet',
 type='video', maxResults = 50, pageToken=next page token)
        res = req.execute()
    else:
        break
# Science Data
science titles = []
science descriptions = []
science\ ids = []
next page token = None
reg = youtube api.search().list(g='robotics', part='snippet', type='vid
eo', maxResults = 50)
res = req.execute()
while(len(science titles)<no of samples):</pre>
    if(next page token is not None):
        reg = youtube api.search().list(g='robotics', part='snippet', t
vpe='video', maxResults = 50, pageToken=next page token)
        res = req.execute()
    for i in range(len(res['items'])):
        science titles.append(res['items'][i]['snippet']['title'])
        science descriptions.append(res['items'][i]['snippet']['descrip
tion'])
```

```
science ids.append(res['items'][i]['id']['videoId'])
        category.append('science and technology')
   if('nextPageToken' in res):
        next page token = res['nextPageToken']
    else:
        break
# Food Data
food titles = []
food descriptions = []
food\ ids = []
next page token = None
reg = youtube api.search().list(g='delicious food', part='snippet', typ
e='video', maxResults = 50)
res = req.execute()
while(len(food titles)<no of samples):</pre>
    if(next page token is not None):
        req = youtube api.search().list(q='delicious food', part='snipp
et', type='video', maxResults = 50, pageToken=next page token)
        res = req.execute()
    for i in range(len(res['items'])):
        food titles.append(res['items'][i]['snippet']['title'])
        food descriptions.append(res['items'][i]['snippet']['descriptio
n'])
        food ids.append(res['items'][i]['id']['videoId'])
        category.append('food')
   if('nextPageToken' in res):
        next page token = res['nextPageToken']
    else:
        break
# Food Data
manufacturing titles = []
manufacturing descriptions = []
manufacturing ids = []
```

```
next page token = None
reg = youtube api.search().list(g='3d printing', part='snippet', type
='video', maxResults = 50)
res = req.execute()
while(len(manufacturing titles)<no of samples):</pre>
    if(next page token is not None):
        req = youtube api.search().list(q='3d printing', part='snippe
t', type='video', maxResults = 50, pageToken=next page token)
        res = req.execute()
    for i in range(len(res['items'])):
        manufacturing titles.append(res['items'][i]['snippet']['titl
e'])
        manufacturing descriptions.append(res['items'][i]['snippet']['d
escription'])
        manufacturing ids.append(res['items'][i]['id']['videoId'])
        category.append('manufacturing')
    if('nextPageToken' in res):
        next page token = res['nextPageToken']
    else:
        break
# History Data
history titles = []
history descriptions = []
history ids = []
next page token = None
req = youtube api.search().list(q='archaeology', part='snippet', type
='video', maxResults = 50)
res = req.execute()
while(len(history titles)<no of samples):</pre>
   if(next page token is not None):
        reg = youtube api.search().list(g='archaeology', part='snippe
t', type='video', maxResults = 50, pageToken=next page token)
        res = req.execute()
    for i in range(len(res['items'])):
        history titles.append(res['items'][i]['snippet']['title'])
        history descriptions.append(res['items'][i]['snippet']['descrip
```

```
tion'l)
        history ids.append(res['items'][i]['id']['videoId'])
        category.append('history')
    if('nextPageToken' in res):
        next page token = res['nextPageToken']
    else:
        break
# Art and Music Data
art titles = []
art descriptions = []
art ids = []
next page token = None
req = youtube api.search().list(q='painting', part='snippet', type='vid
eo', maxResults = 50)
res = req.execute()
while(len(art titles)<no of samples):</pre>
   if(next page token is not None):
        req = youtube api.search().list(q='painting', part='snippet', t
ype='video', maxResults = 50, pageToken=next page token)
        res = req.execute()
    for i in range(len(res['items'])):
        art titles.append(res['items'][i]['snippet']['title'])
        art descriptions.append(res['items'][i]['snippet']['descriptio
n'])
        art ids.append(res['items'][i]['id']['videoId'])
        category.append('art and music')
    if('nextPageToken' in res):
        next page token = res['nextPageToken']
    else:
        break
# Construct Dataset
final titles = tvl titles + science titles + food titles + manufacturin
g titles + history titles + art titles
```

Out[6]: '\nfrom apiclient.discovery import build\nimport pandas as pd\n\n# Data to be stored\ncategory = $[]\nooning of samples = 1700\n\n# Gathering Data u$ sing the Youtube API\napi key = "AIzaSyAS9eTq0En0J2GlJbbgm 0bR1onuRQjTH E"\nyoutube api = build(\'youtube\',\'v3\', developerKey = api key)\n\n # Travel Data\ntvl titles = []\ntvl descriptions = []\ntvl ids = []\n\n req = youtube api.search().list(q=\'travel vlogs\', part=\'snippet\', t ype=\'video\', maxResults = 50)\nres = req.execute()\nwhile(len(tvl tit for i in range(len(res[\'items\'])):\n les)<no of samples):\n</pre> tvl titles.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'snippet\'][\'title\'])\n vl descriptions.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'snippet\'][\'description\']) tvl ids.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'id\'][\'videoId\'])\n \n category.append(\'travel\')\n \n if(\'nextPageToken\' next_page_token = res[\'nextPageToken\']\n in res):\n = youtube_api.search().list(q=\'travelling\', part=\'snippet\', type= \'video\', maxResults = 50, pageToken=next page token)\n break\n\n\n# Science Data\nscience tit ea.execute()\n else:\n les = []\nscience descriptions = []\nscience ids = []\n\nnext page toke n = None\nreq = youtube api.search().list(q=\'robotics\', part=\'snippe t\', type=\'video\', maxResults = 50)\nres = req.execute()\nwhile(len(s cience titles)<no of samples):\n</pre> if(next page token is not None):\n reg = youtube api.search().list(g=\'robotics\', part=\'snippet \', type=\'video\', maxResults = 50, pageToken=next page token)\n for i in range(len(res[\'items\'])):\n res = req.execute()\n science titles.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'snippet\'][\'title\'])\n science descriptions.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'snippet\'][\'descr iption\'])\n science ids.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'id\'][\'vide oId\'])\n category.append(\'science and technology\')\n if(\'nextPageToken\' in res):\n next page token = res [\'nextPageToken\']\n else:\n break\n \n# Food Data\nfood titles = []\nfood_descriptions = []\nfood_ids = []\n\nnext page token =

```
None\nreq = youtube api.search().list(q=\'delicious food\', part=\'snip
pet\', type=\'video\', maxResults = 50)\nres = req.execute()\nwhile(len
(food titles)<no of samples):\n if(next page token is not None):\n
      reg = youtube api.search().list(g=\'delicious food\', part=\'snip
pet\', type=\'video\', maxResults = 50, pageToken=next page token)\n
                             for i in range(len(res[\'items\'])):\n
     res = reg.execute()\n
    food titles.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'snippet\'][\'title\'])\n
    food descriptions.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'snippet\'][\'descript
                food ids.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'id\'][\'videoId
ion\'1)\n
\'1)\n
              category.append(\'food\')\n
                                                           if(\'nextPag
                                                     \n
                           next page token = res[\'nextPageToken\']\n
eToken\' in res):\n
                 break\n\n# Food Data\nmanufacturing titles = []\nmanuf
  else:\n
acturing descriptions = []\nmanufacturing ids = []\n\nnext page token =
None\nreq = youtube api.search().list(q=\'3d printing\', part=\'snippet
\', type=\'video\', maxResults = 50)\nres = req.execute()\nwhile(len(ma
nufacturing titles)<no of samples):\n</pre>
                                        if(next page token is not Non
             reg = youtube api.search().list(g=\'3d printing\', part=
e):\n
\'snippet\', type=\'video\', maxResults = 50, pageToken=next page toke
            res = reg.execute()\n
                                    for i in range(len(res[\'items
n)\n
                manufacturing titles.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'snippet
\'])):\n
                         manufacturing descriptions.append(res[\'items
\'][\'title\'])\n
\'][i][\'snippet\'][\'description\'])\n
                                               manufacturing ids.append
(res[\'items\'][i][\'id\'][\'videoId\'])\n
                                                  category.append(\'man
ufacturing\')\n
                                if(\'nextPageToken\' in res):\n
                           \n
next page token = res[\'nextPageToken\']\n
                                             else:\n
\n# History Data\nhistory titles = []\nhistory descriptions = []\nhisto
ry ids = []\n\nnext page token = None\nreg = youtube api.search().list
(q=\'archaeology\', part=\'snippet\', type=\'video\', maxResults = 50)
\nres = reg.execute()\nwhile(len(history titles)<no of samples):\n</pre>
f(next page token is not None):\n
                                  reg = youtube api.search().lis
t(q=\'archaeology\', part=\'snippet\', type=\'video\', maxResults = 50,
                              res = reg.execute()\n
pageToken=next page token)\n
                                                             for i in r
ange(len(res[\'items\'])):\n
                                   history titles.append(res[\'items
\'][i][\'snippet\'][\'title\'])\n
                                        history descriptions.append(re
s[\'items\'][i][\'snippet\'][\'description\'])\n
                                                       history ids.app
end(res[\'items\'][i][\'id\'][\'videoId\'])\n
                                                     category.append
                                if(\'nextPageToken\' in res):\n
(\'history\')\n
                           \n
next page token = res[\'nextPageToken\']\n
                                            else:\n
\n# Art and Music Data\nart titles = []\nart descriptions = []\nart ids
```

= []\n\nnext page token = None\nreq = youtube api.search().list(q=\'pai nting\', part=\'snippet\', type=\'video\', maxResults = 50)\nres = req. execute()\nwhile(len(art titles)<no of samples):\n</pre> if(next page toke req = youtube api.search().list(q=\'painting n is not None):\n \', part=\'snippet\', type=\'video\', maxResults = 50, pageToken=next p age token)\n res = reg.execute()\n for i in range(len(res[\'i art titles.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'snippet\'] tems\'])):\n [\'title\'])\n art descriptions.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'snipp et\'][\'description\'])\n art ids.append(res[\'items\'][i][\'id category.append(\'art and music\')\n \'][\'videoId\'])\n if(\'nextPageToken\' in res):\n next page token = res [\'nextPageToken\']\n else:\n \n# Construct Dat break\n \n aset\nfinal titles = tvl titles + science titles + food titles + manufa cturing titles + history titles + art titles\nfinal descriptions = tvl descriptions + science descriptions + food descriptions + manufacturing descriptions + history descriptions + art descriptions\nfinal ids = tv l ids + science ids + food ids + manufacturing ids + history ids + art ids\ndata = pd.DataFrame({\'Video Id\': final ids, \'Title\': final tit les, \'Description\': final descriptions, \'Category\': category}) \nda ta.to csv(\'Videos data.csv\')\n'

Text Classification

Importing Libraries

```
In [3]: import pandas as pd
import nltk
#nltk.download()
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import re
import string
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem.wordnet import WordNetLemmatizer
```

```
In [8]: # Import Data
  vdata = pd.read_csv('Videos_data.csv')
  vdata = data.iloc[:, 1:] # Remove extra un-named column
  vdata.head(10)
```

Out[8]:

	Title	Description	Category
0	Ep 1 Travelling through North East India Of	The journey to Arunachal, North East India beg	travel
1	How do I travel so much ! How do I earn money!!	SUBSCRIBE - https://goo.gl/dEtSMJ ('MountainTr	travel
2	TRAVEL VLOG · Welcome to Bali PRISCILLA LEE	I had the chance to fly out to Bali with my wh	travel
3	GOA TRAVEL DIARY FOUR DAYS IN GOA TRAVEL O	Hope you enjoy MY GOA TRAVEL DIARY this video!	travel
4	5 Steps to Becoming a Travel Blogger	Travel blogger, Nikki Vargas, of The Pin the M	travel
5	Backpacking In Meghalaya NorthEast India Tri	In this video I explored North East India, sta	travel
6	Welcome to Peru! Best Essential Tips & T	Welcome to Peru! This essential travel guide w	travel
7	How to Start a Travel Blog [2019] Travel Blogg	Create a Travel Blog Website for Just \$3.95 +	travel
8	A Day with KSRTC Bus Fans - Aanavandi Travel B	ആനവണ്ടി ഭ്രാന്തൻമാരോടൊപ്പം കമളിയിൽ ഒരു ദിവസം	travel
9	What is it like to travel in PAKISTAN?	Subscribe now: https://goo.gl/6zXZGK Watch the	travel

Data Preprocessing and Cleaning

Missing Values

```
In [10]: # Missing Values
    num_missing_desc = data.isnull().sum()[2] # No. of values with msisi
    ng descriptions
    print('Number of missing values: ' + str(num_missing_desc))
    vdata = data.dropna()
```

Number of missing values: 0

Text Cleaning

The cleaning of the text is performed in the following manner:

- Converting to Lowercase
- Removing numerical values, because they do not contribute towards predicting the category
- Removing Punctuation because special characters like \$, !, etc. do not hold any useful information
- · Removing extra white spaces
- Tokenizing into words This means to convert a text string into a list of 'tokens', where each token is a word. Eg. The sentence 'My Name is Rishi' becomes ['My', 'Name', 'is', 'Rishi']
- Removing all non-alphabetic words
- Filtering out stop words such as and, the, is, etc. because they do not contain useful information for text classification
- Lemmatizing words Lemmatizing reduces words to their base meaning, such as words 'fly' and 'flying' are both convert to just 'fly'

```
In []:
In [12]: # Change to lowercase
    vdata['Title'] = vdata['Title'].map(lambda x: x.lower())
    vdata['Description'] = vdata['Description'].map(lambda x: x.lower())

# Remove numbers
    vdata['Title'] = vdata['Title'].map(lambda x: re.sub(r'\d+', '', x))
    vdata['Description'] = vdata['Description'].map(lambda x: re.sub(r'\d+')
```

```
, '', x))
# Remove Punctuation
vdata['Title'] = vdata['Title'].map(lambda x: x.translate(x.maketrans())
'', '', string.punctuation)))
vdata['Description'] = vdata['Description'].map(lambda x: x.translate(
x.maketrans('', '', string.punctuation)))
# Remove white spaces
vdata['Title'] = vdata['Title'].map(lambda x: x.strip())
vdata['Description'] = vdata['Description'].map(lambda x: x.strip())
# Tokenize into words
vdata['Title'] = vdata['Title'].map(lambda x: word tokenize(x))
vdata['Description'] = vdata['Description'].map(lambda x: word tokenize
(x))
# Remove non alphabetic tokens
vdata['Title'] = vdata['Title'].map(lambda x: [word for word in x if wo
rd.isalpha()])
vdata['Description'] = vdata['Description'].map(lambda x: [word for wor
d in x if word.isalpha()])
# filter out stop words
stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
vdata['Title'] = vdata['Title'].map(lambda x: [w for w in x if not w in
stop words1)
vdata['Description'] = vdata['Description'].map(lambda x: [w for w in x
if not w in stop words])
# Word Lemmatization
lem = WordNetLemmatizer()
vdata['Title'] = vdata['Title'].map(lambda x: [lem.lemmatize(word, "v")
for word in x1)
vdata['Description'] = vdata['Description'].map(lambda x: [lem.lemmatiz
e(word, "v") for word in x])
# Turn lists back to string
```

```
vdata['Title'] = vdata['Title'].map(lambda x: ' '.join(x))
vdata['Description'] = vdata['Description'].map(lambda x: ' '.join(x))
```

In [14]: vdata.head(10)

Out[14]:

	Video Id	Title	Description	Category
0	ehmsJLZICZ0	ep travel north east india arunachal journey b	journey arunachal north east india begin train	travel
1	e2NQE41J5eM	travel much earn money	subscribe httpsgoogldetsmj mountaintrekker gim	travel
2	i9E_Blai8vk	travel vlog welcome bali priscilla lee	chance fly bali whole family thanksgiving firs	travel
3	#NAME?	goa travel diary four days goa travel outfit i	hope enjoy goa travel diary video dont forget	travel
4	7ByoBJYXU0k	step become travel blogger	travel blogger nikki vargas pin map project vo	travel
5	yvn79Rv0F48	backpack meghalaya northeast india trip sohra	video explore north east india start guwahati	travel
6	SL_YBLWdZb8	welcome peru best essential tip amp travel guide	welcome peru essential travel guide show best	travel
7	kiNyRY5s7n8	start travel blog travel blogging fulltime	create travel blog website httpbitlyltstarttra	travel
8	kY41XgTEEQU	day ksrtc bus fan aanavandi travel blog meet k	ksrtc	travel
9	7mlzRYh8jGA	like travel pakistan	subscribe httpsgooglzxzgk watch full series ht	travel

Data Preprocessing

Label Encoding classes

In [19]: # Encode classes from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder le = LabelEncoder() le.fit(vdata.Category) vdata.Category = le.transform(vdata.Category) vdata.head(10)

Out[19]:

	Video Id	Title	Description	Category
0	ehmsJLZICZ0	ep travel north east india arunachal journey b	journey arunachal north east india begin train	5
1	e2NQE41J5eM	travel much earn money	subscribe httpsgoogldetsmj mountaintrekker gim	5
2	i9E_Blai8vk	travel vlog welcome bali priscilla lee	chance fly bali whole family thanksgiving firs	5
3	#NAME?	goa travel diary four days goa travel outfit i	hope enjoy goa travel diary video dont forget	5
4	7ByoBJYXU0k	step become travel blogger	travel blogger nikki vargas pin map project vo	5
5	yvn79Rv0F48	backpack meghalaya northeast india trip sohra	video explore north east india start guwahati	5
6	SL_YBLWdZb8	welcome peru best essential tip amp travel guide	welcome peru essential travel guide show best	5
7	kiNyRY5s7n8	start travel blog travel blogging fulltime	create travel blog website httpbitlyltstarttra	5
8	kY41XgTEEQU	day ksrtc bus fan aanavandi travel blog meet k	ksrtc	5
9	7mlzRYh8jGA	like travel pakistan	subscribe httpsgooglzxzgk watch full series ht	5

Vectorizing text features using TF-IDF

```
In [20]: # TF-IDF
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
```

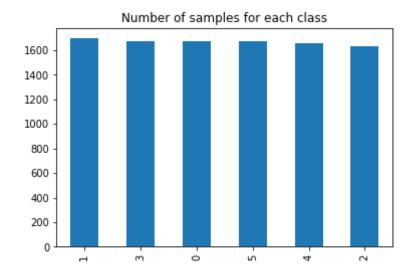
```
tfidf title = TfidfVectorizer(sublinear tf=True, min df=5, norm='\lambda2', e
ncoding='latin-1', ngram range=(1, 2), stop words='english')
tfidf desc = TfidfVectorizer(sublinear tf=True, min df=5, norm='l2', en
coding='latin-1', ngram range=(1, 2), stop words='english')
labels = vdata.Category
features title = tfidf title.fit transform(vdata.Title).toarray()
features description = tfidf desc.fit transform(vdata.Description).toar
rav()
print('Title Features Shape: ' + str(features title.shape))
print('Description Features Shape: ' + str(features description.shape))
Title Features Shape: (9999, 2637)
```

Description Features Shape: (9999, 4858)

Data Analysis and Feature Exploration

```
In [22]: # Plotting class distribution
         vdata['Category'].value counts().sort values(ascending=False).plot(kind
         ='bar', v='Number of Samples',
                                                                          title=
         'Number of samples for each class')
```

Out[22]: <matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x21fb733c108>



Now let us see if the features are correctly extracted from the text data by checking the most important features for each class

```
In [24]: # Best 5 keywords for each class using Title Feaures
         from sklearn.feature selection import chi2
         import numpy as np
         N = 10
         for current class in list(le.classes ):
             current class id = le.transform([current class])[0]
             features chi2 = chi2(features title, labels == current class id)
             indices = np.argsort(features chi2[0])
             feature names = np.array(tfidf title.get feature names())[indices]
             unigrams = [v for v in feature names if len(v.split(' ')) == 1]
             bigrams = [v for v in feature names if len(v.split(' ')) == 2]
             print("# '{}':".format(current class))
             print("Most correlated unigrams:")
             print('-' *30)
             print('. {}'.format('\n. '.join(unigrams[-N:])))
             print("Most correlated bigrams:")
             print('-' *30)
             print('. {}'.format('\n. '.join(bigrams[-N:])))
             print("\n")
```

```
# 'art and music':
Most correlated unigrams:
. musical
. live
. travel
. arts
. video
. paint
. official
. music
. art
. theatre
Most correlated bigrams:
. art challenge
. avengers endgame
. theatre company
. theatre official
. theatre congolais
. capitol theatre
. musical theatre
. work theatre
. official music
. music video
# 'food':
Most correlated unigrams:
. street
. recipe
. taste
. healthy
. try
. foods
. eat
. snack
  cook
```

- . COOK
- . food

- . cook guy
- . sam cook
- . try hiho
- . eat snack
- . emmy eat
- . healthy snack
- . snack amp
- . taste test
- . kid try
- . street food

'history':

Most correlated unigrams:

- . archaeologist
- . rap
- . anthropologist
- . anthropological
- . archaeologists
- . discoveries
- . archaeological
- . archaeology
- . history
- . anthropology

Most correlated bigrams:

- . cultural anthropology
- . history documentary
- . concepts anthropology
- . world history
- . forensic anthropology
- . history channel
- . rap battle
- . epic rap

hattle history

- . **Datte HIDLDLY** . archaeological discoveries # 'manufacturing': Most correlated unigrams: . additive . lean . production . factory . manufacturer . business . printer . process . print . manufacture Most correlated bigrams: . manufacture industry . manufacture tour . manufacture engineer . future manufacture . advance manufacture . manufacture plant . lean manufacture . additive manufacture . manufacture business . manufacture process # 'science and technology': Most correlated unigrams: . robots . primitive . technologies . quantum . robotics
 - COMPLITE

- . compate
- . computers
- . science
- . computer
- . technology

- . course computer
- . quantum computers
- . future technology
- . university science
- . quantum compute
- . science amp
- . amp technology
- . primitive technology
- . computer science
- . science technology

'travel':

Most correlated unigrams:

- . viewfinder
- . manufacture
- . tip
- . expedia
- . trip
- . blogger
- . vlog
- . travellers
- . blog
- . travel

Most correlated bigrams:

- . start travel
- . travel light
- . travel salesman
- . travel guide
- . expedia viewfinder

viowfinder travel

```
· ATCMITHMEN CHASE
         . travel blogger
         . tip travel
         . travel vlog
         . travel blog
In [25]: # Best 5 keywords for each class using Description Features
         from sklearn.feature selection import chi2
         import numpy as np
         N = 10
         for current class in list(le.classes ):
             current class id = le.transform([current class])[0]
             features chi2 = chi2(features description, labels == current class
         id)
             indices = np.argsort(features chi2[0])
             feature names = np.array(tfidf desc.get feature names())[indices]
             unigrams = [v for v in feature names if len(v.split(' ')) == 1]
             bigrams = [v for v in feature names if len(v.split(' ')) == 2]
             print("# '{}':".format(current class))
             print("Most correlated unigrams:")
             print('-' *30)
             print('. {}'.format('\n. '.join(unigrams[-N:])))
             print("Most correlated bigrams:")
             print('-' *30)
             print('. {}'.format('\n. '.join(bigrams[-N:])))
             print("\n")
         # 'art and music':
         Most correlated unigrams:
         . spotify
         . album
         . draw
         . listen
         . arts
         . official
         . paint
         . music
```

- . art
- . theatre

- . work theatre
- . official video
- . live capitol
- . theatre passaic
- . passaic nj
- . capitol theatre
- . click listen
- . production connexion
- . official music
- . music video

'food':

Most correlated unigrams:

- . delicious
- . recipes
- . taste
- . healthy
- . recipe
- . foods
- . eat
- . snack
- . cook
- . food

Most correlated bigrams:

- . httpbitlyznbqjw come
- . httpbitlycomhihofans update
- . sign httpbitlycomhihofans
- . series httpbitlyznbqjw
- . update hiho
- . special offer
- . hiho special
- . come play
- . sponsor series

. street food # 'history': Most correlated unigrams: . rap . anthropologist . ancient . archaeologist . archaeologists . discoveries . archaeological . history . archaeology . anthropology Most correlated bigrams: . begin april . season begin . decide erb . erb season . history decide . episode epic . epic rap . battle history . rap battle . archaeological discoveries # 'manufacturing': Most correlated unigrams: . machine . plant . manufacturers . manufacturer . printers . factory

- . printer
- . process
- . print
- . manufacture

- . manufacture facility
- . manufacture industry
- . manufacture company
- . manufacture unit
- . advance manufacture
- . process make
- . lean manufacture
- . additive manufacture
- . manufacture business
- . manufacture process

'science and technology': Most correlated unigrams:

- . technologies
- . future
- . robots
- . robotics
- . compute
- . quantum
- . computers
- . science
- . computer
- . technology

Most correlated bigrams:

- . new technology
- . artificial intelligence
- . cloud compute
- . future technology
- . university science
- . quantum computers

- primitive technologyquantum computecomputer sciencescience technology
- # 'travel':
 Most correlated unigrams:
- . stay
- . expedia
- . tip
- . adventure
- . blogger
- . vlog
- . travellers
- . trip
- . blog
- . travel

- -----
- becomingfilipino travelinstagram taesungsayshi
- . travel video
- . travel world
- . travel vlog
- . tip travel
- . start travel
- . expedia viewfinder
- . travel blogger
- . travel blog

Modeling and Training

Features for both **Title** and **Description** are extracted and then concantenated in order to construct a final feature matrix

Description	Title	
lecture goals course computation introduction	lec mit introduction computer science program	3072
travel cargo ship yes something many people th	travel cargo ship philippines	713
patreon httpswwwpatreoncomjunskitchen thank wa	store cat food vs homemade	3598
create video youtube video editor httpwwwyoutu	indian tourism travel goa hd	1680
heres hong kong vlog stay overnight airport vi	travel hong kong	819

```
In [31]: y_train.head()
Out[31]: 3072   4
    713    5
    3598    1
    1680    5
```

```
819
         Name: Category, dtype: int32
In [33]: # Naive Bayes
         nb = MultinomialNB().fit(features, y_train)
         # SVM
         svm = linear model.SGDClassifier(loss='modified huber',max iter=1000, t
         ol=1e-3).fit(features,y train)
         # AdaBoost
         adaboost = AdaBoostClassifier(n estimators=40,algorithm="SAMME").fit(fe
         atures, y train)
In [34]: from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
         from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense, Embedding, LSTM, SpatialDropout1D
         from keras.utils.np utils import to categorical
         # The maximum number of words to be used. (most frequent)
         MAX NB WORDS = 20000
         # Max number of words in each complaint.
         MAX SEQUENCE LENGTH = 50
         # This is fixed.
         EMBEDDING DIM = 100
         # Combining titles and descriptions into a single sentence
         titles = vdata['Title'].values
         descriptions = vdata['Description'].values
         data for lstms = []
         for i in range(len(titles)):
             temp list = [titles[i], descriptions[i]]
             data for lstms.append(' '.join(temp list))
         tokenizer = Tokenizer(num words=MAX NB WORDS, filters='!"#$%&()*+,-./:;
         <=>?@[\]^ `{|}~', lower=True)
         tokenizer.fit on texts(data for lstms)
         word index = tokenizer.word index
         print('Found %s unique tokens.' % len(word index))
```

```
# Convert the data to padded sequences
         X = tokenizer.texts to sequences(data for lstms)
         X = pad sequences(X, maxlen=MAX SEQUENCE LENGTH)
         print('Shape of data tensor:', X.shape)
         # One-hot Encode labels
         Y = pd.get dummies(vdata['Category']).values
         print('Shape of label tensor:', Y.shape)
         # Splitting into training and test set
         X train, X test, Y train, Y test = train test split(X,Y, random state =
          42)
         Using TensorFlow backend.
         Found 26134 unique tokens.
         Shape of data tensor: (9999, 50)
         Shape of label tensor: (9999, 6)
In [35]: # Define LSTM Model
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Embedding(MAX NB WORDS, EMBEDDING DIM, input length=X.shape[1
         1))
         model.add(SpatialDropout1D(0.2))
         model.add(LSTM(100, dropout=0.2, recurrent dropout=0.2))
         model.add(Dense(6, activation='softmax'))
         model.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metric
         s=['accuracy'])
         print(model.summary())
         WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-
         packages\keras\backend\tensorflow backend.py:74: The name tf.get defaul
         t graph is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.vl.get default graph instea
         d.
         WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-
         packages\keras\backend\tensorflow backend.py:517: The name tf.placehold
         er is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.placeholder instead.
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:4138: The name tf.random_u niform is deprecated. Please use tf.random.uniform instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:133: The name tf.placehold er_with_default is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.placeholder_with default instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:3445: calling dropout (from tensorflow.python.ops.nn_ops) with keep_prob is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Please use `rate` instead of `keep_prob`. Rate should be set to `rate = 1 - keep prob`.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\optimizers.py:790: The name tf.train.Optimizer is deprec ated. Please use tf.compat.v1.train.Optimizer instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:3295: The name tf.log is d eprecated. Please use tf.math.log instead.

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None, 50, 100)	2000000
spatial_dropout1d_1 (Spatial	(None, 50, 100)	0
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None, 100)	80400
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 6)	606

Total params: 2,081,006 Trainable params: 2,081,006 Non-trainable params: 0

None

In [36]: # Training LSTM Model

epochs = 5 batch size = 64

history = model.fit(X_train, Y_train, epochs=epochs, batch_size=batch_s
ize,validation_split=0.1)

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\tensorflow_core\python\ops\math_grad.py:1424: where (from tensorflow.python.ops.array_ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a fut ure version.

Instructions for updating:

Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:986: The name tf.assign_ad d is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.assign add instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:973: The name tf.assign is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.assign instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:2741: The name tf.Session is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.Session instead.

Train on 6749 samples, validate on 750 samples Epoch 1/5

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:174: The name tf.get_defau lt_session is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.get_default_session i nstead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:181: The name tf.ConfigPro to is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.ConfigProto instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow backend.py:190: The name tf.global va

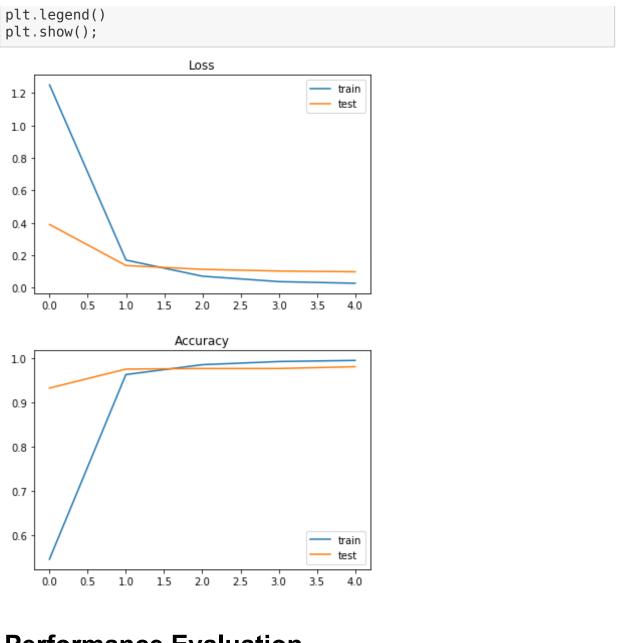
riables is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.global_variables instea d.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:199: The name tf.is_variab le_initialized is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.is_variable_initialized instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\keras\backend\tensorflow_backend.py:206: The name tf.variables _initializer is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.variables_initializer instead.

```
In [37]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.title('Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='train')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='test')
plt.legend()
plt.show();

plt.title('Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['acc'], label='train')
plt.plot(history.history['val_acc'], label='test')
```



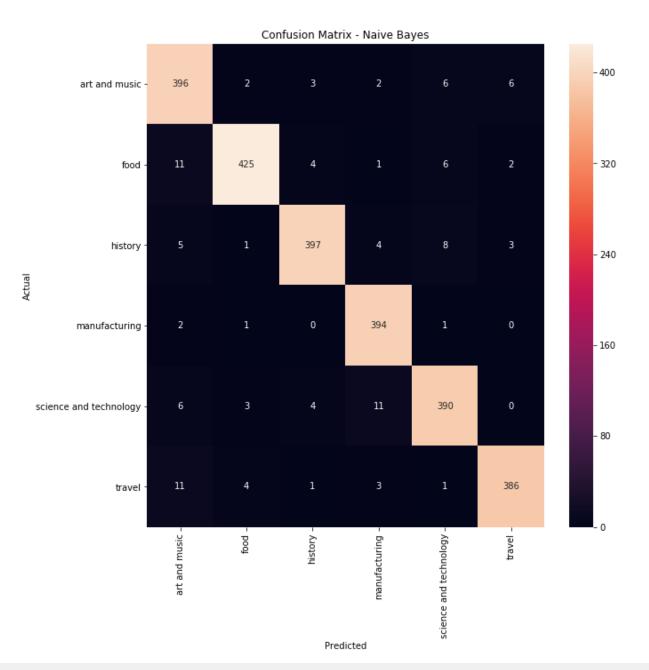
```
In [38]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(vdata.iloc[:, 1:3],
    vdata['Category'], random_state = 0)
    X_test_title_features = tfidf_title.transform(X_test['Title']).toarray
    ()
    X_test_desc_features = tfidf_desc.transform(X_test['Description']).toar
    ray()
    test_features = np.concatenate([X_test_title_features, X_test_desc_features], axis=1)
```

Naive Bayes

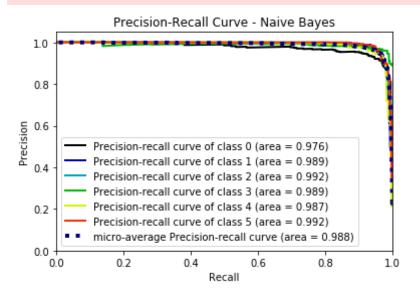
```
In [39]: from sklearn import metrics
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
         import scikitplot as skplt
         X test title features = tfidf title.transform(X test['Title']).toarray
         ()
         X test desc features = tfidf desc.transform(X test['Description']).toar
         ray()
         test features = np.concatenate([X test title features, X test desc feat
         uresl, axis=1)
         # Naive Baves
         y pred = nb.predict(test features)
         y probas = nb.predict proba(test features)
         print(metrics.classification report(y test, y pred,
                                             target names=list(le.classes )))
         conf mat = confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,10))
         sns.heatmap(conf mat, annot=True, fmt='d', xticklabels=list(le.classes
         ), vticklabels=list(le.classes ))
         plt.ylabel('Actual')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted')
         plt.title('Confusion Matrix - Naive Bayes')
```

```
plt.show()
skplt.metrics.plot_precision_recall_curve(y_test, y_probas)
plt.title('Precision-Recall Curve - Naive Bayes')
plt.show()
```

	precision	recall	fl-score	support
art and music	0.92	0.95	0.94	415
food	0.97	0.95	0.96	449
history	0.97	0.95	0.96	418
manufacturing	0.95	0.99	0.97	398
science and technology	0.95	0.94	0.94	414
travel	0.97	0.95	0.96	406
accuracy			0.96	2500
macro avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	2500
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	2500

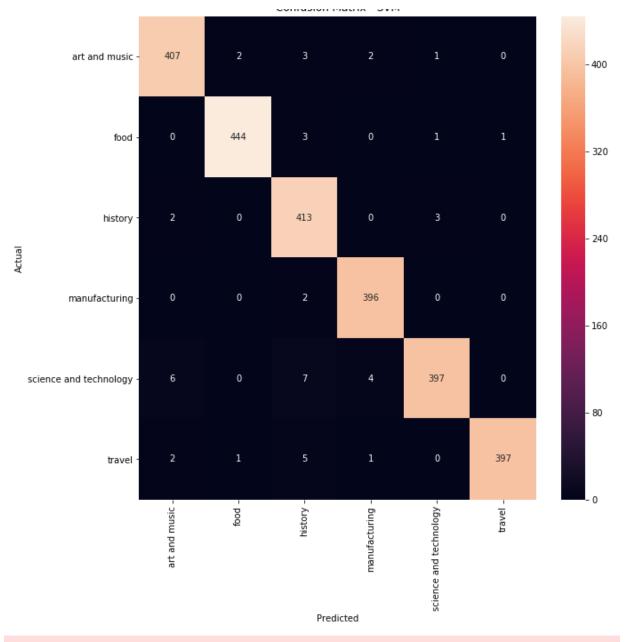


C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\d
eprecation.py:87: FutureWarning: Function plot_precision_recall_curve i
s deprecated; This will be removed in v0.5.0. Please use scikitplot.met
rics.plot_precision_recall instead.
 warnings.warn(msg, category=FutureWarning)



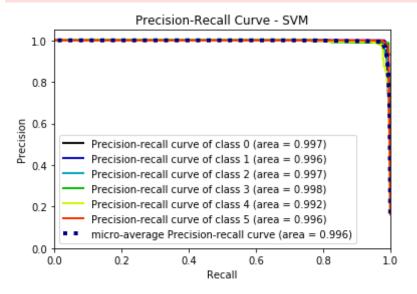
SVM

```
In [40]: # SVM
         y pred = svm.predict(test features)
         y probas = svm.predict proba(test features)
         print(metrics.classification report(y test, y pred,
                                             target names=list(le.classes )))
         conf mat = confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,10))
         sns.heatmap(conf mat, annot=True, fmt='d', xticklabels=list(le.classes
         ), yticklabels=list(le.classes ))
         plt.ylabel('Actual')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted')
         plt.title('Confusion Matrix - SVM')
         plt.show()
         skplt.metrics.plot precision recall curve(y_test, y_probas)
         plt.title('Precision-Recall Curve - SVM')
         plt.show()
                                 precision
                                              recall f1-score
                                                                 support
                  art and music
                                      0.98
                                                0.98
                                                           0.98
                                                                     415
                           food
                                      0.99
                                                0.99
                                                          0.99
                                                                     449
                        historv
                                      0.95
                                                0.99
                                                          0.97
                                                                     418
                                                          0.99
                                                                     398
                  manufacturing
                                      0.98
                                                0.99
         science and technology
                                                0.96
                                      0.99
                                                           0.97
                                                                     414
                                      1.00
                                                0.98
                                                          0.99
                                                                     406
                         travel
                                                           0.98
                                                                     2500
                       accuracy
                                                                     2500
                                      0.98
                                                0.98
                                                           0.98
                      macro avg
                                      0.98
                                                0.98
                                                          0.98
                                                                     2500
                   weighted avg
```



C:\Users\SHREE\.conda\envs\tensorflow\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\d
eprecation.py:87: FutureWarning: Function plot_precision_recall_curve i
s deprecated: This will be removed in v0.5.0. Please use scikitplot.met

```
rics.plot_precision_recall instead.
  warnings.warn(msg, category=FutureWarning)
```



Adaboost Classifier

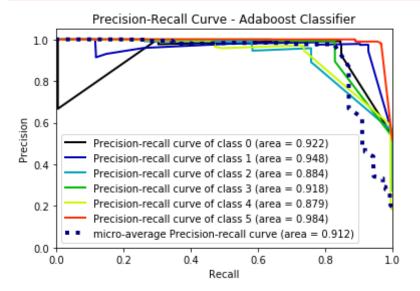
skplt.metrics.plot_precision_recall_curve(y_test, y_probas)
plt.title('Precision-Recall Curve - Adaboost Classifier')
plt.show()

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
art and music	0.99	0.85	0.91	415
food	0.99	0.90	0.94	449
history	0.91	0.75	0.82	418
manufacturing	1.00	0.82	0.90	398
science and technology	0.58	0.98	0.72	414
travel	0.99	0.89	0.94	406
accuracy			0.86	2500
macro avg	0.91	0.86	0.87	2500
weighted avg	0.91	0.86	0.87	2500



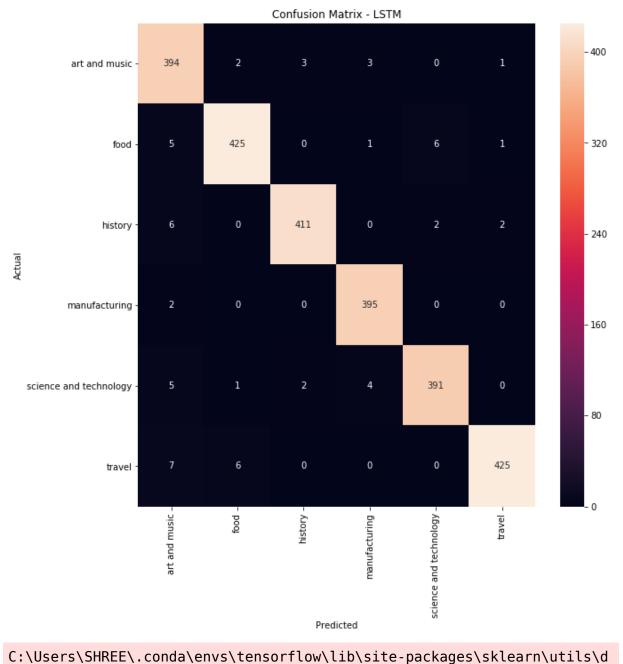
enrecation nv.87. FutureWarning. Function nlot precision recall curve i

s deprecated; This will be removed in v0.5.0. Please use scikitplot.met rics.plot_precision_recall instead.
warnings.warn(msg, category=FutureWarning)

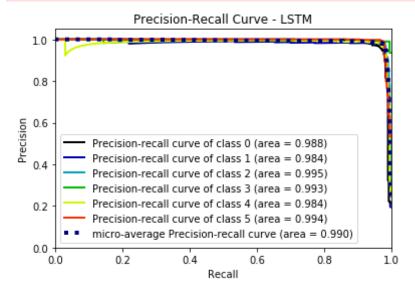


LSTM

```
In [42]: X train, X test, Y train, Y test = train test split(X,Y, random state =
          42)
         y probas = model.predict(X test)
         y pred = np.argmax(y probas, axis=1)
         y_test = np.argmax(Y_test, axis=1)
         print(metrics.classification report(y test, y pred,
                                             target names=list(le.classes )))
         conf mat = confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,10))
         sns.heatmap(conf mat, annot=True, fmt='d', xticklabels=list(le.classes
         ), yticklabels=list(le.classes ))
         plt.ylabel('Actual')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted')
         plt.title('Confusion Matrix - LSTM')
         plt.show()
         skplt.metrics.plot precision recall curve(y_test, y_probas)
         plt.title('Precision-Recall Curve - LSTM')
         plt.show()
                                              recall f1-score
                                                                 support
                                 precision
                  art and music
                                      0.94
                                                0.98
                                                          0.96
                                                                     403
                           food
                                      0.98
                                                0.97
                                                          0.97
                                                                     438
                                                          0.98
                        historv
                                      0.99
                                                0.98
                                                                     421
                                                          0.99
                                                                     397
                  manufacturing
                                      0.98
                                                0.99
         science and technology
                                      0.98
                                                0.97
                                                          0.98
                                                                     403
                                      0.99
                                                0.97
                                                          0.98
                         travel
                                                                     438
                                                          0.98
                                                                    2500
                       accuracy
                                      0.98
                                                0.98
                                                          0.98
                                                                    2500
                      macro avo
                                      0.98
                                                0.98
                                                          0.98
                                                                    2500
                   weighted avg
```



eprecation.py:87: FutureWarning: Function plot_precision_recall_curve i
s deprecated; This will be removed in v0.5.0. Please use scikitplot.met
rics.plot_precision_recall instead.
 warnings.warn(msg, category=FutureWarning)



Importing Advertisement Dataset

Advertisement data is collected via web scrapping. The Data is collected from www.adforum.com Using brower extention and and the extractor tool Screaming Frog SEO spyder

```
In [52]: #import data
adata = pd.read_csv('collected_sports_data.csv' )
In [53]: adata.head(10)
Out[53]:
```

	Original Url	Title 1	Meta Description 1	H1-1	Unnamed: 4	Unnamed: 5	Un
0	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Leos - "Inner Beauty"	Television Inner Beauty for Leos by Xynias, We	Leos - "Inner Beauty"	NaN	NaN	
1	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Ninemsn - "Indian Restaurant"	Television Indian Restaurant for Ninemsn by Ha	Ninemsn - "Indian Restaurant"	NaN	NaN	
2	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Social Democratic Party - "Social- Democratic P	Television Social- Democratic Party for Social	Social Democratic Party - "Social- Democratic P	NaN	NaN	
3	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	The Observer - "Sport The 1st"	Television Sport The 1st for The Observer by O	The Observer - "Sport The 1st"	NaN	NaN	
4	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Wind - "History Has Changed"	Television History Has Changed for Wind by TBW	Wind - "History Has Changed"	NaN	NaN	
5	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Nestlé - "Swimming"	Television Swimming for Nestlé by Publicis Ita	Nestlé - "Swimming"	NaN	NaN	
6	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Nestlé - "Sprint"	Television Sprint for Nestlé by Publicis Italy	Nestlé - "Sprint"	NaN	NaN	

		Original Url	Title 1	Met Description	•	nnamed: 4	Unnamed: Un 5
	7	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Nestlé - "Volley"	Televisio Volley fo Nestlé b Publici Italy.	or Nestlé - y "Volley" s	NaN	NaN
	8	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Hertz - "Tennis"	Televisio Tennis fo Hertz b Publici Moj	or Hertz - y "Tennis" s	NaN	NaN
	9	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	"Natural High"	Televisio Natural Hig for b McCan Brisban	h "Natural y High" n	NaN	NaN
	10	rows × 42 columns					>
In [57]:		delete columns which are data.drop(adata.iloc[:, 4			「rue, axis =	1)	
In [58]:	ad	lata.head(10)					
Out[58]:		Original Url		Title 1	Meta Description	1	H1-1
	0	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Leos - "Inner	Beauty"	Television Inne Beauty for Leos b Xynias, We.	y Leos -	"Inner Beauty"
	1	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Ninemsn Res	- "Indian staurant"	Television India Restaurant fo Ninemsn by Ha.	or Nin	emsn - "Indian Restaurant"
	2	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	•		Television Socia Democratic Party fo Social .	or	cial Democratic Party - "Social- Democratic P

	Original Url	Title 1	Meta Description 1	H1-1
3	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	The Observer - "Sport The 1st"	Television Sport The 1st for The Observer by O	The Observer - "Sport The 1st"
4	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Wind - "History Has Changed"	Television History Has Changed for Wind by TBW	Wind - "History Has Changed"
5	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Nestlé - "Swimming"	Television Swimming for Nestlé by Publicis Ita	Nestlé - "Swimming"
6	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Nestlé - "Sprint"	Television Sprint for Nestlé by Publicis Italy	Nestlé - "Sprint"
7	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Nestlé - "Volley"	Television Volley for Nestlé by Publicis Italy	Nestlé - "Volley"
8	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	Hertz - "Tennis"	Television Tennis for Hertz by Publicis Mojo	Hertz - "Tennis"
9	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	"Natural High"	Television Natural High for by McCann Brisbane	"Natural High"

Data Prepocessing and cleaning

```
In [59]: # Change to lowercase
   adata['Title 1'] = adata['Title 1'].map(lambda x: x.lower())
   adata['Meta Description 1'] = adata['Meta Description 1'].map(lambda x:
        x.lower())
   adata['H1-1'] = adata['H1-1'].map(lambda x: x.lower())

# Remove Punctuation
   adata['Title 1'] = adata['Title 1'].map(lambda x: x.translate(x.maketra ns('', '', string.punctuation)))
   adata['Meta Description 1'] = adata['Meta Description 1'].map(lambda x: x.translate(x.maketrans('', '', string.punctuation)))
```

In [60]: adata.head(10)

Out[60]:

	Original Url	Title 1	Meta Description 1	H1-1
0	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	leos inner beauty	television inner beauty for leos by xynias wet	leos inner beauty
1	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	ninemsn indian restaurant	television indian restaurant for ninemsn by ha	ninemsn indian restaurant
2	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	social democratic party socialdemocratic party	television socialdemocratic party for social d	social democratic party socialdemocratic party
3	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	the observer sport the 1st	television sport the 1st for the observer by o	the observer sport the 1st
4	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	wind history has changed	television history has changed for wind by tbw	wind history has changed
5	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	nestlé swimming	television swimming for nestlé by publicis ita	nestlé swimming
6	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	nestlé sprint	television sprint for nestlé by publicis italy	nestlé sprint
7	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	nestlé volley	television volley for nestlé by publicis italy	nestlé volley

	Original Url	Title 1	Meta Description 1	H1-1
8	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	hertz tennis	television tennis for hertz by publicis mojo	hertz tennis
9	https://www.adforum.com/creative- work/ad/playe	natural high	television natural high for by mccann brisbane	natural high

This function below mateches the unigram with advertisement data. And gives the output the url link of the advertisement related to the given keyword.

```
In [61]: import pandas as pd
         def find(dec,k):
             r=[1]
             for i in dec.index:
                 if k in dec['Meta Description 1'][i]:
                     r.append(dec['Original Url'][i])
             return r
         # Import Data
         #adata = pd.read_csv('collected_sports_data.csv' )
         adata=adata[['Original Url', 'Meta Description 1']]
         #Search unigram keyword which is extracted from videos data.
         result=find(adata, "travel")
         for i in result:
             print(" Url Link ",i)
          Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/34458334/tim
         e-travel/directv
          Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/34465481/rug
         by-world/qullivers-sports-travel
          Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/34485545/tra
         vel/ole
          Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/34488240/new
         -zealand/expedia-com
```

Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/34485545/tra
vel/ole

Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/34488240/new-zealand/expedia-com

Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/34517107/leave-your-mark/under-armour

Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/34518055/time-traveller/skv

Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/34519534/doit-for-mom/spies

Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/34526061/tra
vel-alberta-case-study-thrill/travel-alberta

Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/34529381/rel
ax-travel/airbnb

Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/34590024/helping-disappointed-u-s-soccer-fans-find-a-new-fandom/kayak

Url Link https://www.adforum.com/creative-work/ad/player/6698342/gras
s/travelers

The above links in the output re-directs to the advertisement video.

END

In []: