

2. Given an unsorted array of integers, find the length of the longest continuous increasing subsequence (subarray).

Example 1: Input: [1,3,5,4,7] Output: 3

Example 2: Input: [2,2,2,2,2] Output: 1

```
In [ ]: def LLCIS(nums):
        if not nums:
            return 0

        longest_length = 1
        current_length = 1

        for i in range(1, len(nums)):
            if nums[i] > nums[i - 1]:
                current_length += 1
            else:
                if current_length > longest_length:
                    longest_length = current_length
                current_length = 1

        if current_length > longest_length:
            longest_length = current_length

        return longest_length

# Example usage:
Sample_input1=[1, 3, 5, 4, 7]
Sample_input2=[2, 2, 2, 2, 2]

#User Input code
#S=list(map(int,input().split(",")))

print(LLCIS(Sample_input1))
print(LLCIS(Sample_input2))
```

3

1

3. Given a list of non negative integers, arrange them such that they form the largest number.

Example 1: Input: [10,2] Output: "210"

Example 2: Input: [3,30,34,5,9] Output: "9534330"

```
In [ ]: def largestNumber(array):
        #If there is only one element in the list, the element itself is the largest
        if len(array)==1:
            return str(array[0])

        #convert a List into a string array.
        for i in range(len(array)):
```

```

        array[i]=str(array[i])

#find the largest element by swapping technique.
    for i in range(len(array)):
        for j in range(1+i,len(array)):
            if array[j]+array[i]>array[i]+array[j]:
                array[i],array[j]=array[j],array[i]

#JOIN function in Python
    result=''.join(array)

#If all elements are 0, answer must be 0
    if(result=='0'*len(result)):
        return '0'
    else:
        return result

# Example usage:
Sample_input1=[10,2]
Sample_input2=[3,30,34,5,9]

#User Input code
#S=list(map(int,input().split(",")))

print(largestNumber(Sample_input1))
print(largestNumber(Sample_input2))

```

210
9534330

4. Store all the "servlet-name", and "servlet-class" to a csv file from the attached sample_json.json file using Python.

```

In [ ]: import json
import csv

Path="C:\\Users\\Hp\\Desktop\\adept ready\\DT A1 sample_json.json"
# Load JSON data from file
with open(Path) as f:
    data = json.load(f)

# Extract "servlet-name" and "servlet-class" from the JSON data
servlets = []
for servlet in data['web-app']['servlet']:
    servlet_name = servlet['servlet-name']
    servlet_class = servlet['servlet-class']
    servlets.append((servlet_name, servlet_class))

# Write to CSV file
with open('servlet_data.csv', 'w', newline='') as csvfile:
    fieldnames = ['servlet-name', 'servlet-class']

    # Create a CSV DictWriter object, specifying the field names

```

```

writer = csv.DictWriter(csvfile, fieldnames=fieldnames)

# Write the header row containing the field names
writer.writeheader()

# Iterate over each servlet extracted from the JSON data
for servlet in servlets:
    writer.writerow({'servlet-name': servlet[0], 'servlet-class': servlet[1]

```

1.Data set reference link: <https://www.consumerfinance.gov/data-research/consumer-complaints/#download-the-data> File data source: <https://files.consumerfinance.gov/ccdb/complaints.csv.zip> Problem statement: Download the data from the file data source and provide possible data insights.

DATA PREPROCESSING

```

In [ ]: import pandas as pd

Path="C:\\Users\\Hp\\Desktop\\adept ready\\complaints-2024-05-09_02_30.csv"

# Read CSV file into a Pandas DataFrame
df = pd.read_csv(Path)

```

```

In [ ]: # checking Data types
df.info()

```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1552333 entries, 0 to 1552332
Data columns (total 18 columns):
 #   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   Date received                        1552333 non-null object
 1   Product                             1552333 non-null object
 2   Sub-product                         1552331 non-null object
 3   Issue                              1552331 non-null object
 4   Sub-issue                           1518925 non-null object
 5   Consumer complaint narrative        452976 non-null object
 6   Company public response             773839 non-null object
 7   Company                             1552333 non-null object
 8   State                              1548005 non-null object
 9   ZIP code                           1552281 non-null object
10   Tags                                87945 non-null  object
11   Consumer consent provided?         1265770 non-null object
12   Submitted via                      1552333 non-null object
13   Date sent to company               1552333 non-null object
14   Company response to consumer       1552321 non-null object
15   Timely response?                   1552333 non-null object
16   Consumer disputed?                  0 non-null      float64
17   Complaint ID                       1552333 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(16)
memory usage: 213.2+ MB

```

```

In [ ]: # Shape of the DataFrame
df.shape

```

```

Out[ ]: (1552333, 18)

```

```
In [ ]: # Display the DataFrame
df.head()
```

Out[]:

	Date received	Product	Sub-product	Issue	Sub-issue	Consumer complaint narrative	Company public response	
0	03/29/24	Credit reporting or other personal consumer re...	Credit reporting	Problem with a company's investigation into an...	Their investigation did not fix an error on yo...	NaN	NaN	EQ
1	04/06/24	Credit reporting or other personal consumer re...	Credit reporting	Problem with a company's investigation into an...	Their investigation did not fix an error on yo...	NaN	NaN	Sc
2	03/23/24	Credit reporting or other personal consumer re...	Credit reporting	Improper use of your report	Reporting company used your report improperly	NaN	NaN	Ea S
3	03/07/24	Credit reporting or other personal consumer re...	Credit reporting	Problem with a company's investigation into an...	Their investigation did not fix an error on yo...	I disputed a list of accounts that were not ve...	Company has responded to the consumer and the ...	TR INT
4	03/25/24	Credit reporting or other personal consumer re...	Credit reporting	Problem with a company's investigation into an...	Was not notified of investigation status or re...	I have consistently maintained on-time payment...	Company has responded to the consumer and the ...	TR INT

We have extracted data from the past year, resulting in a dataset comprising 1,552,333 rows and 18 columns.

```
In [ ]: #Duplicate value identification
duplicate_rows = df[df.duplicated()]
print(len(duplicate_rows))
```

0

There is no duplicate rows presented in dataset.

```
In [ ]: #Null value identification
df.isna().sum()
```

```
Out[ ]: Date received      0
        Product           0
        Sub-product       2
        Issue             2
        Sub-issue         33408
        Consumer complaint narrative 1099357
        Company public response 778494
        Company           0
        State             4328
        ZIP code          52
        Tags              1464388
        Consumer consent provided? 286563
        Submitted via     0
        Date sent to company 0
        Company response to consumer 12
        Timely response?  0
        Consumer disputed? 1552333
        Complaint ID      0
        dtype: int64
```

Consumer complaint narrative: 1,099,357 missing values.

Company public response: 778,494 missing values.

Tags: 1,464,388 missing values.

Consumer consent provided?: 286,563 missing values.

Consumer disputed?: 1,552,333 missing values.

These are the few columns has highest count of Nan values. Since we dropping those columns for getting better insights about the data NOTE: Kindly visit the link attached below to know about each columns

<https://www.consumerfinance.gov/complaint/data-use/>

```
In [ ]: df.drop(columns=["Consumer complaint narrative","Tags","Consumer consent provide",
                        "Company public response","Consumer disputed?"],inplace=True)
```

```
In [ ]: # Replace null values in specific columns with 'unknown'
        columns_to_replace = ["Issue","Sub-product","Sub-issue","State","ZIP code","Comp
df[columns_to_replace] = df[columns_to_replace].fillna('unknown')
```

```
In [ ]: df.shape
```

```
Out[ ]: (1552333, 13)
```

After preprocessing we got dataset of 1,552,333 rows and 13 columns.

```
In [ ]: df.isna().sum()
```

```
Out[ ]: Date received      0
        Product           0
        Sub-product       0
        Issue             0
        Sub-issue         0
        Company           0
        State             0
        ZIP code          0
        Submitted via     0
        Date sent to company 0
        Company response to consumer 0
        Timely response?  0
        Complaint ID      0
        dtype: int64
```

```
In [ ]: file_path = 'complaints_data.csv'
        df.to_csv(file_path, index=False)
```

Top 10 Company has more complaints.

Company

TRANSUNION INTERMEDIATE HOLDINGS, INC.

EQUIFAX, INC.

Experian Information Solutions Inc.

CAPITAL ONE FINANCIAL CORPORATION

JPMORGAN CHASE & CO.

WELLS FARGO & COMPANY

BANK OF AMERICA, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

CITIBANK, N.A.

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY

SYNCHRONY FINANCIAL

0.0M

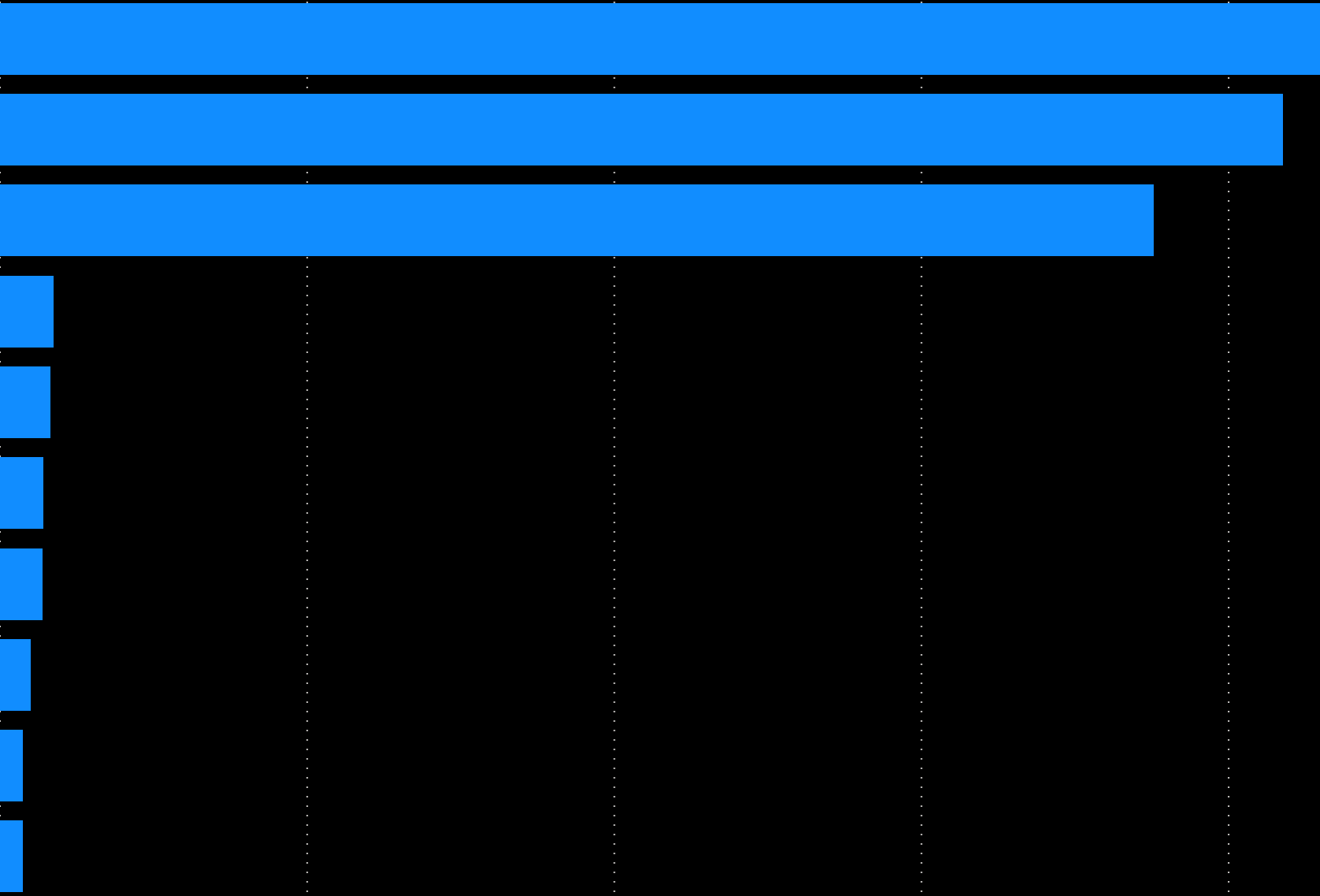
0.1M

0.2M

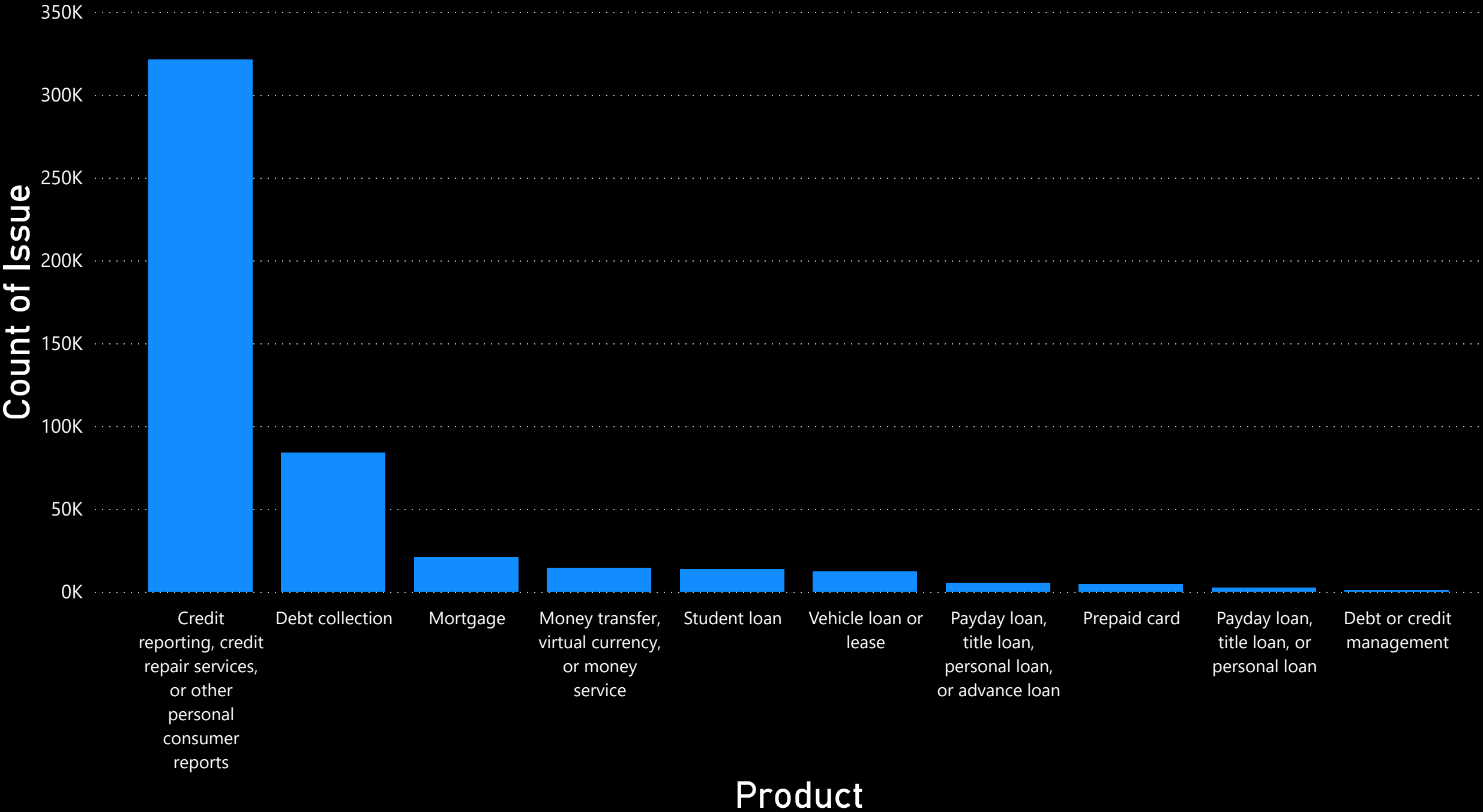
0.3M

0.4M

Count of Issue

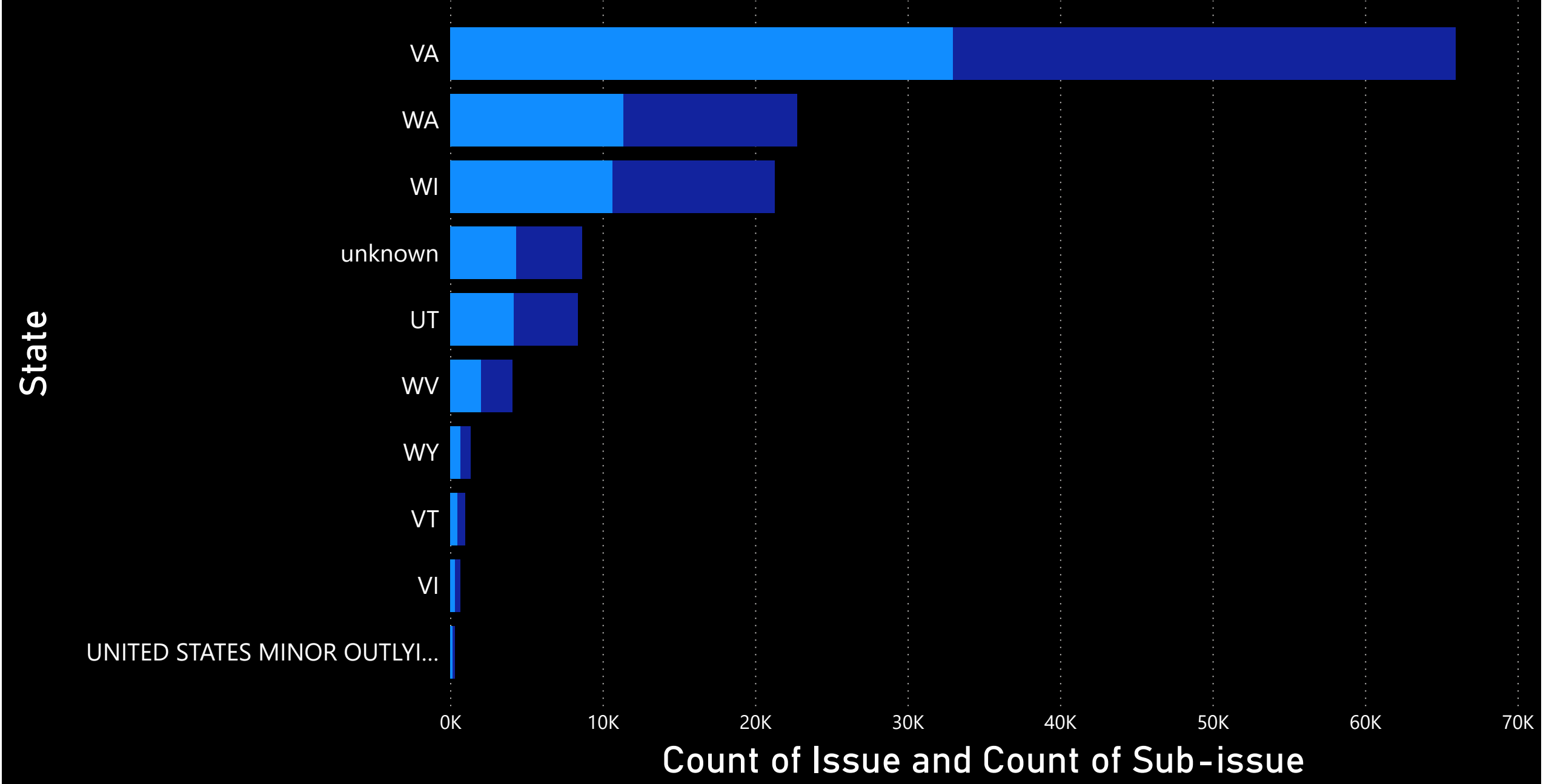


Top 10 Product has higher Count of Issue.

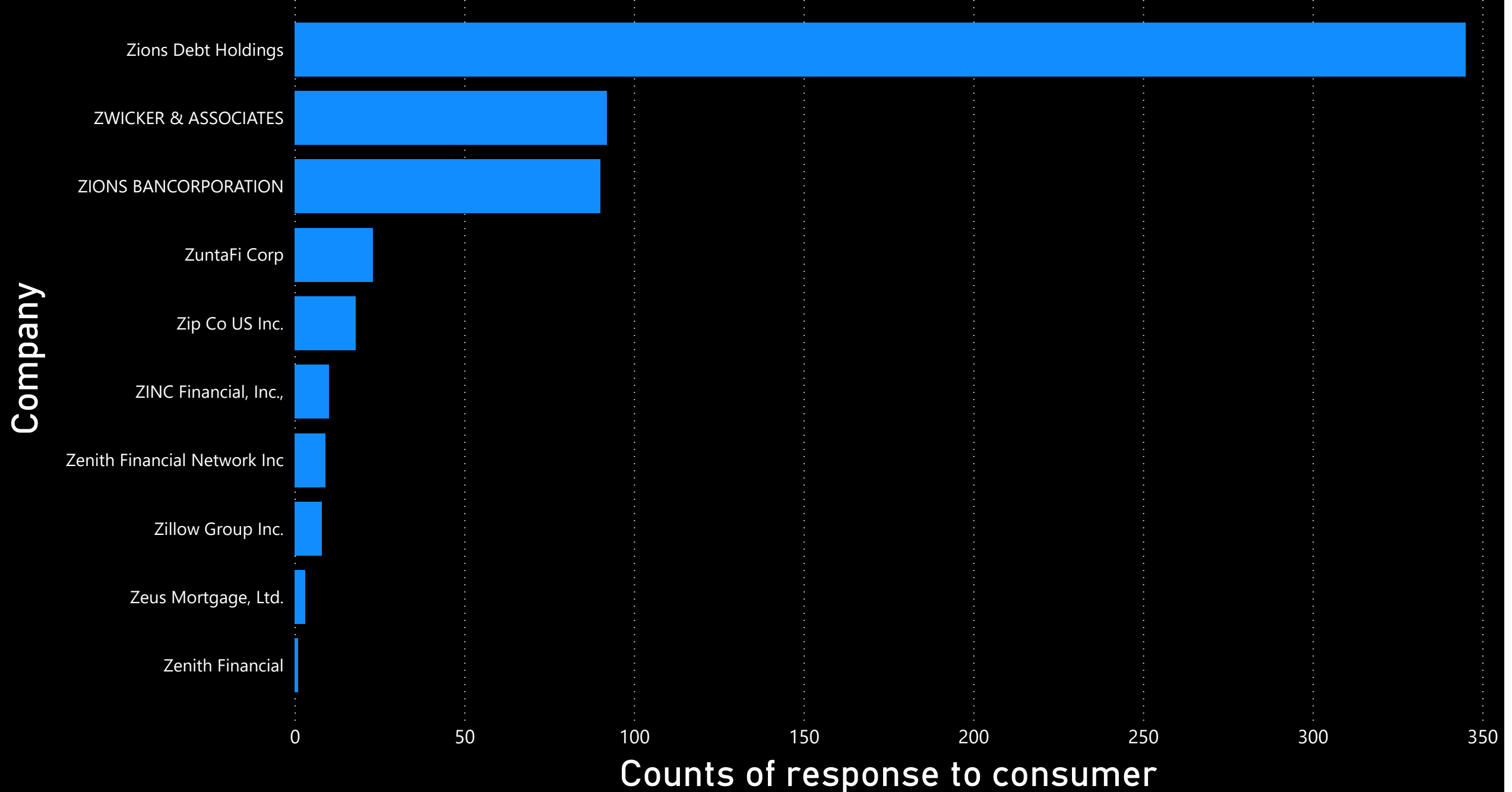


Top 10 States with highest Count of Issue.

● Count of Issue ● Count of Sub-issue



Top 10 Companies has Count of response to consumer.



Count of Issue by Month

