IInd ASSIGNMENT Subject: Physics-II (Quantum Mechanics) Due date: 23/01/2017

Date: Roll No. Name

- 1. Find the de Broglie wavelength of the 40-keV electrons used in a certain electron microscope.
- 2. Show that mathematically a wave group or a wave packet associated with a moving particle travels with the velocity of the particles. Find the phase & group velocities of an electron whose de Broglie wavelength is 1.2A⁰?
- 3. Show that $v_g = v_p(1 \frac{k}{n} \frac{dn}{dk})$ where n is the refractive index of the medium and k is propagation constant.
- 4. Compare the uncertainties in the velocities of an electron and a proton confined in a 1.00-nm box.
- 5. Write down the conditions of well behaved wave function.
- 6. State, giving your reasons, which of the following functions would make satisfactory wave functions for all values of the variable x: (a) $\Psi = A \sec x$ (b) $\Psi = A \tan x$ (c) $\Psi = A e^{-x^2}$ (d) $\Psi = A e^{-x^2}$ (e) $\Psi = A \sin x$
- 7. Write down the time dependent Schrödinger equation and time independent Schrödinger equation.
- 8. Obtain Schrodinger steady state equation from y=A Cos $2\pi v$ (t x/v_p) with the help of de Broglie relationship $\lambda = h/mv$ by letting y = Ψ and finding $d^2\Psi/dx^2$.
- 9. Prove that the wave function in Schrodinger equation is linear by showing that it is satisfied for the wave equation $\Psi(x,t)=a\Psi_1(x,t)+b\Psi_2(x,t)$ where a and b are constants and $\Psi_1(x,t)$ and $\Psi_2(x,t)$ describe two waves each satisfying the Schrodinger Equation.
- 10. The wave function of a particle moving in the x-dimension is

$$\Psi(x) = \begin{cases} Nx(L-x), & 0 < x < L \\ 0, & elsewhere \end{cases}$$

- a) Normalize the wave function
- b) Calculate $\langle x \rangle$, $\langle x^2 \rangle$ and Δx .
- c) Calculate $\langle p_x \rangle, \langle p_x^2 \rangle$ and Δp_x .
- d) Determine expectation value of total energy of the particle. (Hint: <E>)
- 11. The normalized wave function of a particle is $\Psi(x) = A \exp(iax ibt)$, where A, a and b are constants. Calculate the uncertainty in its momentum.
- 12. For a particle in a one dimensional rigid box/infinite potential well of width 0.1 nm, calculate (a)the separation between the two lowest energy levels; (b) the frequency and wavelength of the photon corresponding to a transition between these two levels.