

Assgn # 5.

Q2. i) $f(x^2+y^2)$ $u = x^2 + y^2$

$$\frac{f'(u)}{du} = \frac{2x + 2y \frac{dy}{dx}}{dx}$$

5 $z = xy + f(x^2+y^2)$ $x^2+y^2 = u$

$p = y + 2x f'(u)$

$q = x + 2y f'(u)$

$\Rightarrow \frac{p-xy}{2x} = \frac{q-x}{2y}$

10 $\Rightarrow py - xy^2 = qx - x^2$

$\Rightarrow py - qx + x^2 - y^2 = 0$

ii) $z = f\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$

15 $\Rightarrow p = \frac{1}{y} f'(u), \quad q = -\frac{x}{y^2} f'(u)$

$py = -\frac{qy^2}{x}$

$pxy + qy^2 = 0$

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iii) $u = x-z, \quad v = y-z$

$du = \partial x - \partial z, \quad dv = \partial y - \partial z$

$dF(u,v) = 0$

$\partial x - \partial z = 0, \quad \partial y - \partial z = 0$

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$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 1$

$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 1$

$\frac{dz}{du} =$

$p = q$

4. (b)

Q. 3

a) $z = (x+a)(y+b)$
 $z_x = (y+b)$
 $z_y = (x+a)$
 $z = pq$

b) $z = ax + by$
 $p = a$
 $q = b$
 $z = px + qy$

c) $z^2(1+a^3) = 8(x+ay+b)^3$
 $2z p (1+a^3) = 8 \times 3 (x+ay+b)^2$
 $2z q (1+a^3) = 8 \times 3 (x+ay+b)^2 (1+a)$

Q. 4

a) $x^2 + y^2 + (z-c)^2 - a^2 = 0$
 $z_x + z(z-c)p = 0$
 $z_y + z(z-c)q = 0$
 $\frac{x}{p} = \frac{y}{q}$

$py - qx = 0$

b) $(x^2 + y^2) \cos^2 \theta - (z-c)^2 \sin^2 \theta = 0$

Q. 5. (a)

Q. 5. (a) $u(x, y) = f(v(x, y))$
 $u(x, y) \Rightarrow u_x = f_x(v) v_x$

(b) $z = u(x, y) = f(x-ay) + g(x+ay)$

$$p = f'(x-ay) + g'(x+ay)$$

$$q = -a f'(x-ay) + a g'(x+ay)$$

$$p' q = f''(x-ay) + g''(x+ay)$$

$$q' = a^2 (f''(x-ay) + g''(x+ay))$$

$$q' = a^2 p'$$

Q. 6. (a) $xp + yq = z$

$$\frac{dx}{x} = \frac{dy}{y} = \frac{dz}{z}$$

$$\frac{dx}{x} = \frac{dy}{y} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{y} = c_1$$

$$\frac{x}{z} = c_2$$

$$F\left(\frac{x}{y}, \frac{x}{z}\right) = 0$$

(b) $x^2p + y^2q = (x+y)z$

$$\frac{dx}{x^2} = \frac{dy}{y^2} = \frac{dz}{x^2+y^2} = \frac{\frac{dx}{x} + \frac{dy}{y} - \frac{dz}{z}}{x+y-x-y}$$

$$\frac{dx}{x} + \frac{dy}{y} + \frac{dz}{z} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow xyz = c_1$$

$$-\frac{1}{x} = -\frac{1}{y} + c_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{y} = c_2$$

(c) $\frac{dx}{yz} = \frac{dy}{xz} = \frac{dz}{xy} = \frac{x dx + y dy - 2z dz}{xyz + xy z - 2xyz}$

$$\Rightarrow x dx + y dy - 2z dz = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{y^2}{2} - \frac{2z^2}{2} = c_1$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 - 2z^2 = c_1$$

$$x dx = y dy$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - y^2 = c_2$$

(d) $\frac{dx}{z^2 - 2yz - y^2} = \frac{dy}{x(y+z)} = \frac{dz}{xy - xz}$

$$= \frac{x dx + y dy + z dz}{x^2 z^2 - 2xyz - xy^2 + xy^2 + xyz + xyz - xz^2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{x(z+y)z} = \frac{dz}{x(y-z)}$$

$$\Rightarrow y dy - z dy = z dz + y dz$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y^2}{2} - \cancel{zy} = \frac{z^2}{2} - \cancel{yz} + C$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 - z^2 = C_1$$

Q.7.

$$\frac{dx}{2} = \frac{dy}{3} = \frac{dz}{-8z}$$

$$3x - 2y = C_1, \quad \cancel{4x - 3z = C_2}, \quad ze^{4x} = C_2$$

$$F(3x - 2y, ze^{4x}) = 0$$

(a) $z = 1 - 3x, \quad y = 0$

$$x = s, \quad z = \frac{s-1}{3} = 1 - 3s$$

$$3s - 2 \times 0 = C_1, \quad (1 - 3s)e^{4s} = C_2$$

$$\Rightarrow 3s = 3x - 2y$$

$$s = \frac{3x - 2y}{3}$$

$$1 - \frac{3x - 2y}{3} \times 3 e^{4 \frac{3x - 2y}{3}} = ze^{4x}$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 - 3x - 2y) e^{-\frac{8y}{3}}$$

(b) $z = x^2, \quad 2y = 1 + 3x$

$$x = s, \quad z = s^2, \quad y = (1 + 3s)/2$$

$$3s - 1 - 3s = C_1 \Rightarrow C_1 = -1$$

$$s^2 e^{4s} = C_2$$

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c) $x = s, \quad z = e^{-4s}, \quad y = \frac{3}{2}s$

$$3x - 2y = c_1$$

$$3s - 2s = c_1$$

$$\Rightarrow c_1 = 0.$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x = 2y$$

$$ze^{4x} = c_2$$

$$e^{-4s} e^{4s} = c_2$$

∞ solution

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$$c_2 = 1$$

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Q. 8. (a) $\frac{dx}{2xy-1} = \frac{dy}{z-2x^2} = \frac{dz}{2x-2yz}$

$$= \frac{zdx + dy + xdz}{2xyz - z + z - 2x^2 + 2x^2 - 2xyz}$$

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$$\Rightarrow zx + y + xz = c_1$$

$$\Rightarrow 2xz + y = c_1$$

$$\frac{dz}{2xy-1} = \frac{dz}{2x-2yz}$$

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$$2xy-1 \quad 2x-2yz$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x dx - 2yz dx = 2xy dz - dz$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 2xyz = 2xyz - z$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 4xyz + z = c_2$$

$$x_0 = 1, \quad y_0 = 0, \quad z_0 = 1$$

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$$1 + 1 = c_2$$

$$1 = c_2 - 1$$

$$x^2 \quad 2S = C_1$$

$$S = \frac{C_1}{2}$$

$$2C_2 - 2 = C_1$$

(b) $\frac{dx}{x^3} - \frac{dy}{3x^2y + y^2} = \frac{dz}{2x^2z + yz} = \frac{\frac{dx}{x} - \frac{dy}{y} + \frac{dz}{z}}{x^2 - 3x^2 - y + 2x^2 + y}$

$$\frac{xz}{y} = C_1$$

$$\frac{dx}{x^3} = \frac{dy}{(3x^2 + y)y}$$

$$3x^2y dx + y^2 dx = dy x^3$$

Q.1

a) $y u_{xx} - x u_{yy} = 0$

$A=y, B=0, C=-x$

$B^2 - 4AC = -4xy$

b) $u_{yy} - x u_{xy} = 0$

$A=0, B=-x, C=1$

$B^2 - 4AC = x^2 - 4$

Q.2

a) $u_{xx} - x^2 y u_{yy} = 0$

$A=1, B=0, C=-x^2 y$

$B^2 - 4AC = 4x^2 y > 0 \Rightarrow \text{hyperbola}$

$x^2 - x^2 y = 0$

$x = \pm x\sqrt{y}$

15 Choose ξ & η st

$\xi_x = \lambda_1, \xi_y =$

$\eta_x = \lambda_2, \eta_y =$

$\frac{dy}{dx} + \lambda_1 = 0$

$\frac{dy}{dx} + \lambda_2 = 0$

$\frac{dy}{dx} + x = 0$

$\frac{dy}{dx} - x = 0$

$f_1: y + \frac{x^2}{2} = c_1$

$f_2: y - \frac{x^2}{2} = c_2$

$\xi = y + \frac{x^2}{2}$

25 $\eta = y - \frac{x^2}{2}$

$u = u$

(b) $e^{2x} u_{xx} + 2e^{x+y} u_{xy} + e^{2y} u_{yy}$
 $A = e^{2x}, B = 2e^{x+y}, C = e^{2y}$

$$B^2 - 4AC = 4e^{2(x+y)} - 4e^{2(x+y)} = 0 \therefore \text{parabolic.}$$

$$(e^{2x} \alpha + e^{2y})^2 = 0$$

$$\alpha = -e^{2(y-x)}$$

$$\lambda = -e^{2(y-x)}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - e^{2(y-x)} = 0$$

10 Choose $\xi(x, y)$ s.t. $\frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} = \lambda \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial y}$

s.t. $\xi_x + \xi_y = 0$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \lambda = 0$$

15 $\rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{e^{2y}}{e^{2x}} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-2y} dy = e^{-2x} dx$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-2y} - e^{-2x} = C_1 = \xi$$

20 Let $\eta = e^{-2y} + e^{-2x} = C_2$