

Vietnam - 6 -

$$y u_{xx} - x u_{yy} = 0.$$

$$y^2 + x^2 \neq 0$$

$$-4(-x)(y) = 4xy$$

$$x > 0$$

$$y > 0$$

Hyperbola

both can't be 0 simultaneously.
Parabola.
Ellipse.

$$x = 0 \text{ or } y = 0$$

$$x < 0, y > 0 \text{ or}$$

$$x > 0, y < 0$$

$$u_{yy} - x u_{xy} + y u_{xx} + x u_y = 0$$

$$A = 1 \quad B = -x \quad C = y.$$

$$1 + x^2 + y^2 \neq 0.$$

$$x^2 - 4y$$

$$x^2 > 4y \rightarrow \text{Hyperbola}$$

$$x^2 = 4y \rightarrow \text{parabola}$$

$$x^2 < 4y \rightarrow \text{Ellipse,}$$

$$y^3 u_{xx} + 2xy u_{xy} + x^2 u_{yy} = 0.$$

$$A = y^3 \quad B = x^2 \quad C = 2xy.$$

$$(x+y)^2 \neq 0 \quad x+y.$$

$$x^4 - 8xy^3$$

$$x^4 \cdot x^3 > 8y^3$$

$$x > 2y$$

$$x = 2y$$

$$x < 2y.$$

Hyperbola

Parabola.

Ellipse.

$$A = 1 \quad B = 2x \quad C = 1-y^2$$

$$1 + 4x^2 + (1-y^2)^2 \neq 0$$

$$4x^2 - 4(1-y^2)$$

Hyperbola

Parabola

Ellipse

$$x^2 = 1 + y^2 > 0$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$x^2 + y^2 < 1$$



Q2.

a) $u_{xx} - x^2 y u_{yy} = 0$

$A=1$

$B=0$

$C=-x^2 y$

$A^2 - x^2 y = 0 \Rightarrow A = \pm x\sqrt{y}$

$\frac{dy}{dx} + x\sqrt{y} = 0 \quad \frac{dy}{dx} - x\sqrt{y} = 0$

$\frac{dy}{\sqrt{y}} - x dx = \pm 2\sqrt{y} - \frac{x^2}{2} = \xi \quad 2\sqrt{y} + \frac{x^2}{2} = \eta$

$u_x = u_\eta \eta_x + u_\xi \xi_x$

$\eta_x = x \quad \eta_y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}}$

$\xi_x = -x \quad \xi_y = -1$

$\xi_y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} \quad \xi_{yy} = \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{y}^3}$

$\eta_{yy} = \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{y}^3} \quad \eta_{xx} = 1$

$u_{xx} = \eta_x \left(u_{\eta\eta} \eta_x + u_{\eta\xi} \xi_x \right) + u_\eta \eta_{xx} + \xi_x \left(u_{\xi\xi} \xi_x + u_{\xi\eta} \eta_x \right) + u_\xi \xi_{xx}$

$= x \left(x u_{\eta\eta} + u_{\eta\xi} (-x) \right) + u_\eta - x \left(u_{\xi\xi} (-x) + u_{\xi\eta} x \right) - u_\xi$

$u_{yy} = u_\eta \eta_y + u_\xi \xi_y$

$u_{yy} = \eta_y \left(u_{\eta\eta} \eta_y + u_{\eta\xi} \xi_y \right) + u_\eta \eta_{yy} + \xi_y \left(u_{\xi\xi} \xi_y + u_{\xi\eta} \eta_y \right) + \xi_{yy} u_\xi$

$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} \left(\frac{u_{\eta\eta}}{\sqrt{y}} + \frac{u_{\eta\xi}}{\sqrt{y}} \right) - \frac{u_\eta}{2\sqrt{y}^3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} \left(\frac{u_{\xi\xi}}{\sqrt{y}} + \frac{u_{\xi\eta}}{\sqrt{y}} \right) - \frac{u_\xi}{2\sqrt{y}^3}$

$x^2 y u_{yy} = \frac{x^2 y u_{\eta\eta}}{y} + \frac{x^2 y u_{\eta\xi}}{y} - \frac{x^2 y u_\eta}{2\sqrt{y}^3} + \frac{x^2 y u_{\xi\xi}}{y} + \frac{x^2 y u_{\xi\eta}}{y} - \frac{x^2 y u_\xi}{2\sqrt{y}^3}$

$= x^2 u_{\eta\eta} + x^2 u_{\eta\xi} - \frac{x^2 u_\eta}{2\sqrt{y}} + x^2 u_{\xi\xi} + x^2 u_{\xi\eta} - \frac{x^2 u_\xi}{2\sqrt{y}}$

$x^2 u_{\eta\eta} - x^2 u_{\eta\xi} + u_\eta + x^2 u_{\xi\xi} - x^2 u_{\xi\eta} - u_\xi$

$- 2x^2 u_{\eta\xi} + u_\eta + \frac{x^2 u_\eta}{2\sqrt{y}} - 2x^2 u_{\xi\eta} - u_\xi + \frac{x^2 u_\xi}{2\sqrt{y}} = 0$

$$4x^2 u_{xx} = u_{xx} + \frac{x^2 u_{xx}}{2\sqrt{y}} - u_{xx} + \frac{x^2 u_{xx}}{2\sqrt{y}}$$

$$\xi + \eta = 4\sqrt{y}$$

$$\eta - \xi = x^2$$

$$4(\eta - \xi) u_{\xi\eta} = u_{xx} + \frac{(\eta - \xi) u_{xx}}{2(\eta + \xi)} - u_{xx} + \frac{(\eta - \xi) u_{xx}}{2(\eta + \xi)}$$

$$u_{\xi\eta} = \frac{u_{xx}}{4(\eta - \xi)} + \frac{u_{xx}}{2(\eta + \xi)} - \frac{u_{xx}}{4(\eta - \xi)} + \frac{u_{xx}}{2(\eta + \xi)}$$

$$\left(\frac{\eta + \xi + 2\eta - 2\xi}{2(\eta - \xi)(\eta + \xi)} u_{xx} + u_{xx} \left(\frac{-\eta - \xi + 2\eta - 2\xi}{2(\eta - \xi)(\eta + \xi)} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{(3\eta - \xi) u_{xx}}{4(\eta - \xi)(\eta + \xi)} - \frac{(\eta - 3\xi) u_{xx}}{4(\eta - \xi)(\eta + \xi)}$$

$$b) e^{2x} u_{xx} + 2e^{x+y} u_{xy} + e^{2y} u_{yy} = 0$$

$$A = e^{2x} \quad B = 2e^{x+y} \quad C = e^{2y}$$

$$4e^{2x+2y} - 4e^{2x+2y} = 0$$

$$e^{2x} \lambda + 2e^{x+y} \lambda + e^{2y} = 0$$

$$(e^x \lambda + e^y)^2 = 0$$

$$\lambda = -e^{y-x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + e^{y-x} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{e^y} = -\frac{dx}{e^x} \Rightarrow \frac{e^{-y}}{-1} = \frac{e^{-x}}{-1} + C_1$$

$$C_1 = e^{-x} + e^{-y} \quad C_1 = e^{-x} - e^{-y}$$

$$\Sigma = e^{-x} + e^{-y}$$

$$\Sigma_x = -e^{-x}$$

$$\Sigma_{xx} = e^{-x}$$

$$\Sigma_y = -e^{-y}$$

$$\Sigma_{yy} = e^{-y}$$

$$\Sigma_{xy} = 0$$

$$\eta = e^{-x} - e^{-y}$$

$$\eta_x = -e^{-x}$$

$$\eta_{xx} = e^{-x}$$

$$\eta_y = e^{-y}$$

$$\eta_{yy} = -e^{-y}$$

$$\eta_{xy} = 0$$

$$U_x = U_\eta \eta_x + U_\Sigma \Sigma_x$$

$$U_{xx} = \eta_x (U_{\eta\eta} \eta_x + U_{\eta\Sigma} \Sigma_x) + U_{\eta\eta_{xx}} + \Sigma_x (U_{\Sigma\eta} \eta_x + U_{\Sigma\Sigma} \Sigma_x) + U_{\Sigma\Sigma_{xx}}$$

$$= -e^{-x} (U_{\eta\eta} (-e^{-x}) + U_{\eta\Sigma} (-e^{-x})) + U_{\eta\eta_{xx}} + (-e^{-x}) (U_{\Sigma\eta} (-e^{-x}) + U_{\Sigma\Sigma} (-e^{-x})) + U_{\Sigma\Sigma_{xx}}$$

$$+ U_{\Sigma\Sigma} e^{-x}$$

$$U_{xx} = e^{-2x} U_{\eta\eta} + e^{-2x} U_{\eta\Sigma} + e^{-x} U_{\eta\eta_{xx}} + e^{-2x} U_{\Sigma\eta} + e^{-2x} U_{\Sigma\Sigma} + e^{-x} U_{\Sigma\Sigma_{xx}}$$

$$U_y = U_\eta \eta_y + U_\Sigma \Sigma_y$$

$$U_{yy} = \eta_y (U_{\eta\eta} \eta_y + U_{\eta\Sigma} \Sigma_y) + U_{\eta\eta_{yy}} + \Sigma_y (U_{\Sigma\eta} \eta_y + U_{\Sigma\Sigma} \Sigma_y) + U_{\Sigma\Sigma_{yy}}$$

$$= e^{-y} (U_{\eta\eta} e^{-y} + (-e^{-y}) U_{\eta\Sigma}) + (-e^{-y}) U_{\eta\eta_{yy}} + (-e^{-y}) (U_{\Sigma\eta} e^{-y} + (-e^{-y}) U_{\Sigma\Sigma}) + (-e^{-y}) U_{\Sigma\Sigma_{yy}}$$

$$= e^{-2y} U_{\eta\eta} - e^{-2y} U_{\eta\Sigma} - e^{-y} U_{\eta\eta_{yy}} + e^{-2y} U_{\Sigma\eta} - e^{-2y} U_{\Sigma\Sigma} + e^{-y} U_{\Sigma\Sigma_{yy}}$$

$$e^{2y} U_{yy} = U_{\eta\eta} - U_{\eta\Sigma} - e^y U_{\eta\eta_{yy}} + U_{\Sigma\eta} - U_{\Sigma\Sigma} + e^y U_{\Sigma\Sigma_{yy}}$$

$$U_x = U_\eta \eta_x + U_\Sigma \Sigma_x$$

$$U_{xy} = \eta_x (U_{\eta\eta} \eta_y + U_{\eta\Sigma} \Sigma_y) + U_{\eta\eta_{xy}} + \Sigma_x (U_{\Sigma\eta} \eta_y + U_{\Sigma\Sigma} \Sigma_y) + U_{\Sigma\Sigma_{xy}}$$

$$= (-e^{-x}) (U_{\eta\eta} e^{-y} + (-e^{-y}) U_{\eta\Sigma}) + (-e^{-x}) (e^{-y} U_{\Sigma\eta} - e^{-y} U_{\Sigma\Sigma})$$

$$U_{xy} = -e^{-x-y} U_{\eta\eta} + e^{-x-y} U_{\eta\Sigma} - e^{-x-y} U_{\Sigma\eta} + e^{-x-y} U_{\Sigma\Sigma}$$

$$e^{2x} U_{xx} = U_{\eta\eta} + U_{\eta\Sigma} + e^x U_{\eta\eta_{xx}} + U_{\Sigma\eta} + U_{\Sigma\Sigma} + e^x U_{\Sigma\Sigma_{xx}}$$

$$2e^{x+y} U_{xy} = -2U_{\eta\eta} + 2U_{\eta\Sigma} - 2U_{\Sigma\eta} + 2U_{\Sigma\Sigma}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cancel{e^x u_{\eta\eta}} + \cancel{e^x u_{\eta\eta}} + \cancel{u_{\xi\xi}} + \cancel{u_{\xi\xi}} + \cancel{e^x u_{\xi}} + \cancel{e^x u_{\xi}} + \cancel{2u_{\eta\eta}} - \cancel{2u_{\eta\eta}} + \cancel{2u_{\eta\xi}} \\
 & - \cancel{2u_{\eta\xi}} + \cancel{2u_{\xi\xi}} + \cancel{u_{\eta\eta}} - \cancel{u_{\eta\xi}} - \cancel{e^x u_{\eta}} + \cancel{u_{\xi\xi}} - \cancel{u_{\eta\xi}} + \cancel{e^x u_{\xi}} = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(1+1+2-2-1-1)$$

$$\cancel{e^x u_{\eta\eta}} + \cancel{3u_{\xi\xi}} + \cancel{e^x u_{\xi}}$$

$$e^x u_{\eta\eta} + 4u_{\xi\xi} + e^x u_{\xi} - e^x u_{\eta} + e^x u_{\xi} = 0.$$

$$4u_{\xi\xi} = -e^x u_{\xi} - e^x u_{\xi} + e^x u_{\eta} - e^x u_{\eta}$$

$$u_{\xi\xi} = u_{\xi} \frac{(-e^x - e^x)}{4} + u_{\eta} \frac{(e^x - e^x)}{4}$$

$$c) \quad \cancel{u_{xx} - e^x u_{xx}} + \cancel{2xy u_{xy}} + \cancel{y^2 u_{yy}} = 0$$

$$x^2 u_{xx} + y^2 u_{yy} = 0$$

$$A = x^2; \quad B = 0; \quad C = y^2.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 > 0$$

$$-4x^2 y' < 0 \quad \text{Elliptic PDE}$$

$$\lambda^2 x^2 + y^2 = 0 \quad \lambda = \pm \frac{iy}{x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{iy}{x} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{iy}{x} = 0$$

$$-\frac{dy}{iy} = \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{iy} = \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$\frac{i \ln y}{i} - \frac{\ln x}{i} = C_1$$

$$-\frac{i \ln y}{i} - \ln x = C_2$$

$$\beta = C_1 + C_2 = -2 \ln x$$

$$\frac{C_1 - C_2}{i} = 2 \ln y = \gamma$$

$$\beta = -2 \ln x \quad \gamma = 2 \ln y.$$

$$U_x = U_\beta \beta_x + U_\gamma \gamma_x$$

$$U_{xx} = \beta_x (U_{\beta\beta} \beta_x + U_{\beta\gamma} \gamma_x) + U_\beta \beta_{xx} + \gamma_x (U_{\gamma\gamma} \gamma_x + U_{\gamma\beta} \beta_x) + U_\gamma \gamma_{xx}$$

$$\beta_x = \frac{-2}{x} \quad \gamma_x = 0 \quad \gamma_y = \frac{2}{y} \quad \beta_y = 0.$$

$$\beta_{xx} = \frac{2}{x^2} \quad \gamma_{xx} = 0 \quad \gamma_{yy} = -\frac{2}{y^2} \quad \beta_y = 0$$

$$U_{xx} = -\frac{2}{x} \left(U_{\beta\beta} \left(\frac{-2}{x} \right) + \cancel{U_{\beta\gamma}} \right) - \frac{2U_\beta}{x^2} + 0$$

$$U_{yy} = U_y = U_\beta \beta_y + U_\gamma \gamma_y$$

$$U_{yy} = \beta_y (U_{\beta\beta} \beta_y + U_{\beta\gamma} \gamma_y) + U_\beta \beta_{yy} + \gamma_y (U_{\gamma\gamma} \gamma_y + U_{\gamma\beta} \beta_y) + U_\gamma \gamma_{yy}$$

$$U_{yy} = \frac{2}{y} \left(\frac{2U_{\gamma\gamma}}{y} \right) + \cancel{U_{\beta\gamma}} - \frac{2U_\gamma}{y^2}$$

$$x^2 U_{xx} = 4U_{\beta\beta} - 2U_\beta$$

$$y^2 U_{yy} = 4U_{\gamma\gamma} - 2U_\gamma$$

$$4U_{\beta\beta} + 4U_{\gamma\gamma} - 2U_\beta - 2U_\gamma = 0$$

$$2U_{\beta\beta} + 2U_{\gamma\gamma} = U_\beta + U_\gamma$$

02.

$$d) \quad U_{xx} + 2U_{xy} + 5U_{yy} = xU_x$$

$$A = 1$$

$$B = 2$$

$$C = 5$$

$$4 - 20 < 0 \quad \text{Elliptical PDE}$$

$$1^2 + 2^2 + 5^2 \neq 0$$