## TANGENTS AND NORMALS

## Excercise 10.2

Q2. In fig 1, if TP and TQ are two tangents to a circle with centre O so that  $\angle POQ = 110^\circ$  then  $\angle PTQ$  is equal to.

**Solution:** The input parameters are given as

Input Parameters	Value	Description
О	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	Centre of the circle
r	1cm	radius of the
		circle
$\theta$	110°	$\angle POQ$

Table 1:

Any point X on the circle is given as

$$\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{O} + r \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

So points P and Q can be calculated as

$$\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{O} + \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

$$\mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{e}_1 \tag{3}$$

For tangent TP

$$\mathbf{n}_1 = \mathbf{P} - \mathbf{O} \tag{4}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \tan \theta \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

$$\mathbf{m}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -\cot\theta \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

For tangent TQ

$$\mathbf{n}_2 = \mathbf{e}_1 - \mathbf{O} \tag{7}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

$$\mathbf{m}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{e}_2 \tag{9}$$

The equation of TP is given as

$$\mathbf{n}_1^{\top} \left( \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{P} \right) = 0 \tag{10}$$

$$\mathbf{n}_{1}^{\top} \left( \mathbf{x} - \begin{pmatrix} \cos 110^{\circ} \\ \sin 110^{\circ} \end{pmatrix} \right) = 0 \tag{11}$$

$$(-0.342 \ 0.939) \mathbf{x} = 1$$
 (12)

The equation of TQ is given as

$$\mathbf{n}_2^{\top} \left( \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{e}_1 \right) = 0 \tag{13}$$

$$\mathbf{n}_2^{\top} \left( \mathbf{x} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) = 0 \tag{14}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 1 \tag{15}$$

The tangent point can be calculated by solving (12) and (15)

$$\begin{pmatrix} -0.342 & 0.939 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{16}$$

$$\implies \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1.428 \end{pmatrix} \tag{17}$$

The angle between two lines with slope  $\mathbf{m}_1$  and  $\mathbf{m}_2$  s given as

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\mathbf{m}_1^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{m}_2}{\|\mathbf{m}_1\| \|\mathbf{m}_2\|} \tag{18}$$

$$= \frac{\left(1 - \cot 110^{\circ}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0\\1 \end{pmatrix}}{\left(\csc 110^{\circ}\right) (1)} \tag{19}$$

$$= -\cos 110^{\circ} \tag{20}$$

$$\implies \theta = 70^{\circ} \tag{21}$$

Hence,  $\angle PTQ = 70^{\circ}$ . See Fig 1

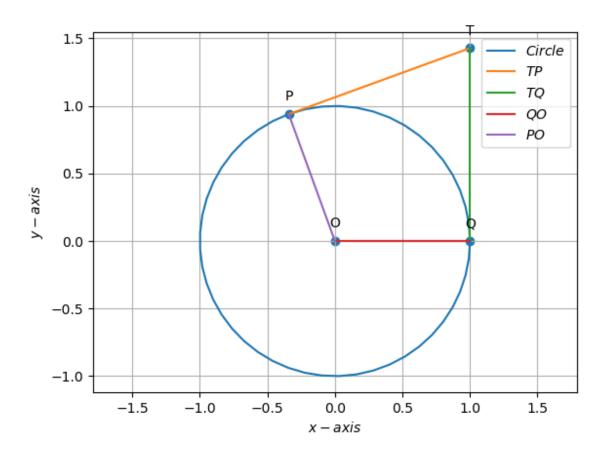


Figure 1: