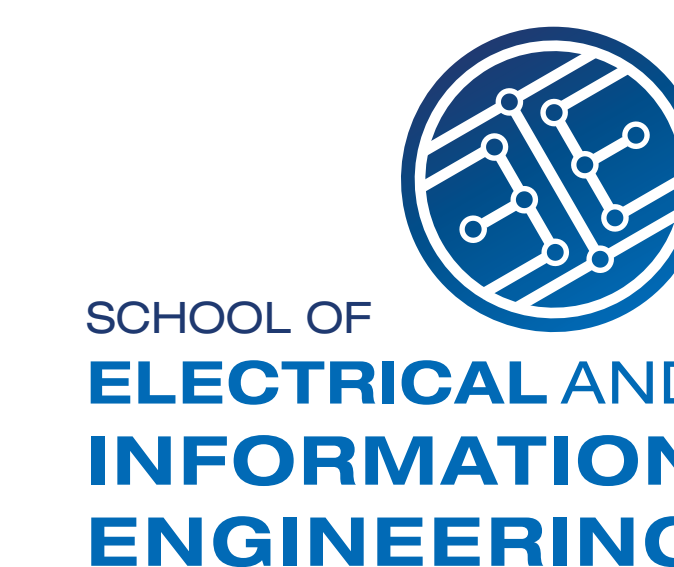




# AN INVESTIGATIONAL STUDY INTO THE DESIGN OF A LOW COST, ADAPTIVE HEARING AID

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## INTRODUCTION

Hearing loss is a prevalent problem that affects people in all parts of the world. It is caused by many factors including age, disease and trauma, and often results in a decreased quality of life for people suffering from it [1]. Hearing aids that exist on the market are expensive, and are thus inaccessible to the majority of the population, particularly in South Africa. It is therefore necessary to develop an inexpensive hearing aid that has all of the functionality of a high-end hearing aid.

This functionality includes:

- The application of specific amplifications to specific frequency bands according to a person's audiogram
- The ability of the user to select the direction in which they wish to listen and to hear that direction louder than other directions

## OBJECTIVES

- To create a full software simulation of a hearing aid
- To create a hardware proof of concept of a hearing aid which demonstrates limited functionality

## METHODOLOGY

### Simulated Hearing Aid

block diagram

### Hardware Hearing Aid

block diagram

### Testing

- Hearing aid placed on a rotating platform and rotated in 30° increments with a constant direction selected on the device
- Sinusoidal signals with frequencies of 3340 Hz and 6000 Hz were played from a set direction and the output signals from the hearing aid were recorded
- Different amplifications were applied to the two frequency bands and the input and output signals were recorded

## RESULTS

## FUTURE WORK

This project has been a proof of concept that an inexpensive adaptive hearing aid can be produced. For future development of the hearing aid, a number of improvements could be made including:

- Making use of higher quality omnidirectional microphones
- Creating an integrated circuit chip to handle the preprocessing of the audio signals
- Making use of more microphones to improve the precision of the directionality feature

## CONCLUSION

## REFERENCES

- [1] D. V. Anderson, R. W. Harris, and D. M. Chabries. Evaluation of a hearing compensation algorithm. *1995 International Conference on Acoustics, Speech, and Signal Processing*, 5:3531–3533, 1995.

