

UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO, SRI LANKA



UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO SCHOOL OF COMPUTING

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

Academic Year 2016/2017 - Second Year Examination - Semester II - 2019/

SCS2212 - Automata Theory - Part A

TWO (2) HOURS for both parts A and B



To be completed by the can	didate

Important Instructions to candidates:

- 1. The medium of instruction and question is English.
- 2. Write your answers in English.
- 3. If a page or a part of this question paper is not printed, please inform the supervisor immediately.
- 4. Note that questions appear on both sides of the paper. If a page is not printed, please inform the supervisor immediately.
- 5. Write your index number on each and every page of the Question paper.
- 6. Answer ALL questions.
- 7. This paper has 03 questions and 7 pages for Part A.
- 8. Part A of the paper will carry 60 marks and Part B of the paper will carry 40 marks.
- 9. Any electronic device capable of storing and retrieving text including electronic dictionaries and mobile phones are **not allowed**.
- 10. Calculators are not allowed.

For Exam on	
Question No	Marks
1.	
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3	
Total	

	nguage L, accepted by M.		[2 mai
1 7771			
b. With reference	e to a DFA, what is meant by a trap sta	ate? Explain with the aid of a c	
b. With reference	e to a DFA, what is meant by a trap sta	nte? Explain with the aid of a c	liagram. [2 mar
b. With reference	•		
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Index No:

	Index No:
c.	Construct a deterministic-finite-automaton (DFA) over $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$ for the following criteria [2 x
	8 marks]
	i. Every string accepted by the automaton must contain the substring abb.
	ii. Every string accepted by the automaton must start and end with the same symbol. (eg: awa, bwb, a, b,etc., where w can be any string formed using $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$).

Index	No:	5 9 9 2 8 9 9 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Question 2

a.	List 3 main differences between deterministic-finite-automata (DFA) and	d non-deterministic
	finite-automata (NFA).	

[4 marks]

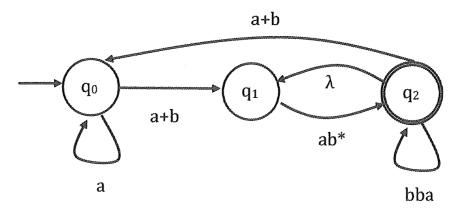
b.	Draw	at	transitio	n tab	le an	d transi	tion g	raph f	or th	e foll	owing finite automaton (M). [4 marks]
	М	===	({q ₀ ,	q ₁ ,	q_2 ,	q_3 },	{a,	b},	δ,	q ₀ ,	$\{q_3\}$) where δ is defined as below.

$$\delta$$
 (q₀, a) = {q₀, q₁}, δ (q₀,b) = {q₀}, δ (q₁,b) = {q₂}, δ (q₂,b) = {q₃}.

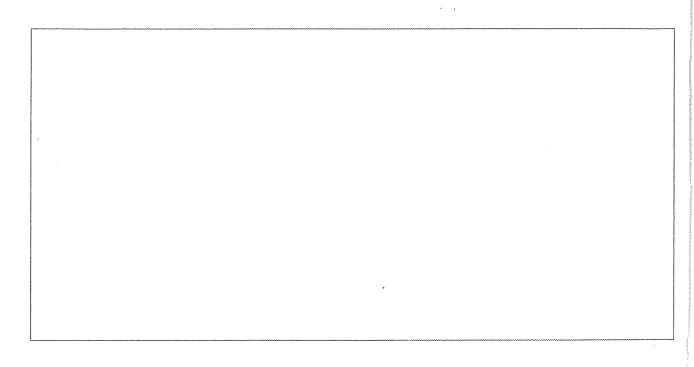
	Index No:	
c.	What is the language accepted by the automation mentioned in part (b)? [4 marks]	
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d.	Convert the above automaton to a DFA . [8 marks]	
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Question 3

a. Consider the following generalized transition graph.



i. Find an equivalent generalized transition graph with only two states. [4 marks]



ii. What is the language accepted by the above generalized transition graph? [2 marks]

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b.	Construct a left linear and right linear grammar for language L={a ⁿ b ^m	:	a	≥	3		o ≥ ó mar	
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	Find a DFA that accepts the language L, described as L (aa* + aba*b* nt: First convert the regular expression to corresponding NFA and then conv			in	to a	DE		
1111	int. This convert the regular expression to corresponding 141-A and then conv	CI	l II	1111	ю а		v. mar	ksl
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