

**Project 2: Weather Data**  
**CS 5163: Data Science Summer 2024**  
**Instructor: Dr. Mohammad Imran Chowdhury**  
**Total: 100 Points**  
**Due: 06/25/2024 11:59 PM**

In this project, I invite you to do the following tasks using the Python libraries such as **NumPy**, and **Matplotlib** covered in class.

**Task 1 (10 points):** Load the Weather Dataset provided to you as **“weather.zip”** file into the Jupyter Notebook. Note that this notebook requires Python 3.6 or higher. After extracting and loading the weather dataset zip file into the Jupyter Notebook,

Type **“ls weather”** to list all files under the unzipped weather folder. The output should be as follows: **(10 points)**

In [3]: `ls weather`

```
RSM00030710.dly  USW00022536.dly  project2.ipynb  stations.txt
USW00014922.dly  USW00023188.dly  readme.txt      weather.README
```

**Task 2 (30 points):** This task has three (03) steps. These are as follows:

- (a) First, find and plot the mean TMAX in Minneapolis, a cool place, for the year 1940 through 2014. **(20 points)**

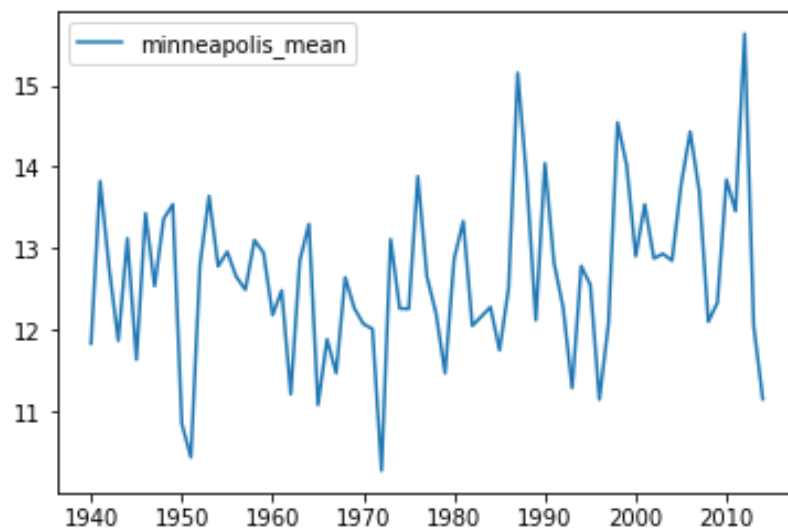
Here, you need to work with the Minneapolis temperature data file **“USW00014922.dly”** to find the TMAX series in Minneapolis first. This requires you to call the method **getobs(filename, obs)** as shown in class, where the **filename** should be **“USW00014922.dly”** and **obs** should be **“TMAX”**. Note that **getobs(filename, obs)** method further requires to call the method **parsefile(filename)** and **unroll()** as shown in class. Next, you need to compute the Mean of the TMAX series for the year 1940 through 2014. This requires you to call the **selectyear(TMAX\_series, year)** and **np.mean()** method on the TMAX series as shown in class. Note that **np.mean()** would not work properly unless you call the **fillnans(TMAX\_series)** method on the TMAX series. You can also find the python implementation of all these methods in the given **project2.ipynb** file of the project folder.

The Mean of the TMAX series in Minneapolis for the year 1940 through 2014 should be as follows: **(15 points)**

```
minneapolis_mean
```

```
array([11.83917808, 13.82547945, 12.75561644, 11.87452055, 13.12520548,
       11.6430137 , 13.43260274, 12.54328767, 13.36410959, 13.54219178,
       10.8569863 , 10.44876712, 12.80109589, 13.64356164, 12.78493151,
       12.96191781, 12.65589041, 12.49863014, 13.10438356, 12.94986301,
       12.18849315, 12.48767123, 11.22136986, 12.85616438, 13.30027397,
       11.0890411 , 11.89205479, 11.47780822, 12.64821918, 12.27178082,
       12.07945205, 12.01835616, 10.28465753, 13.11643836, 12.26849315,
       12.26465753, 13.88438356, 12.65945205, 12.21123288, 11.47726027,
       12.87780822, 13.33589041, 12.05726027, 12.1709589 , 12.2860274 ,
       11.75835616, 12.51917808, 15.14986301, 13.84164384, 12.12493151,
       14.04356164, 12.83013699, 12.28273973, 11.29589041, 12.78767123,
       12.55753425, 11.15534247, 12.08328767, 14.54383562, 14.02438356,
       12.90739726, 13.54109589, 12.88109589, 12.93671233, 12.8539726 ,
       13.77972603, 14.43068493, 13.70465753, 12.10739726, 12.33972603,
       13.84465753, 13.45863014, 15.6290411 , 12.05479452, 11.15972603])
```

Also, when you plot the above Mean data using the python Matplotlib library, then the output should be as follows: **(5 points)**



(b) Second, find the year with the highest mean TMAX in Minneapolis. **(5 points)**

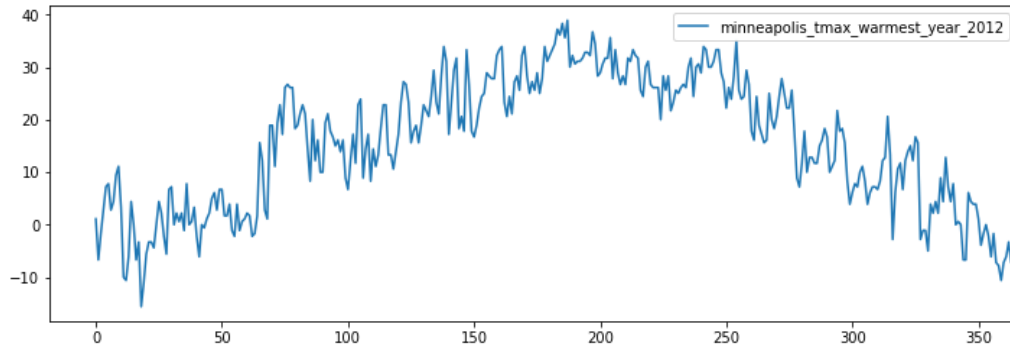
To get the highest mean TMAX year in Minneapolis, you can call the NumPy **np.argmax()** method on the above Minneapolis Mean TMAX series data. The output should be as follows:

```
minneapolis_warmest
```

```
2012
```

(c) Third, plot the temperature data for that highest mean TMAX year. (5 points)

This requires you to call the `selectyear(TMAX_series, highest_mean_year)` method as shown in class. Then after call the `plot()` method. The output should be as follows:



**Task 3 (30 points):** This task also has three (03) steps. These are as follows:

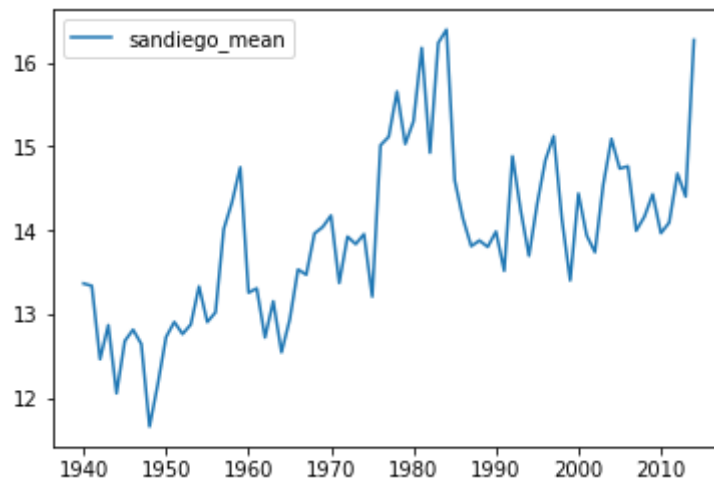
(a) First, find and plot the mean TMIN in San Diego, a warm place, for the year 1940 through 2014. (20 points)

Here, you need to work with the San Diego temperature data file `'USW00023188.dly'` to find the TMIN series in San Diego first. This requires you to call the method `getobs(filename, obs)` as shown in class, where the `filename` should be `'USW00023188.dly'` and `obs` should be `'TMIN'`. Note that `getobs(filename, obs)` method further requires to call the method `parsefile(filename)` and `unroll()` as shown in class. Next, you need to compute the Mean of the TMIN series for the year 1940 through 2014. This requires you to call the `selectyear(TMIN_series, year)` and `np.mean()` method on the TMIN series as shown in class. Note that `np.mean()` would not work properly unless you call the `fillnans(TMIN_series)` method on the TMIN series. You can also find the python implementation of all these methods in the given `project2.ipynb` file of the project folder. The Mean of the TMIN series in San Diego for the year 1940 through 2014 should be as follows: (15 points)

```
sandiego_mean
```

```
array([13.36575342, 13.33753425, 12.46356164, 12.86931507, 12.05726027,
       12.68109589, 12.81534247, 12.64493151, 11.66082192, 12.16657534,
       12.72684932, 12.90739726, 12.76410959, 12.87671233, 13.33068493,
       12.90712329, 13.02246575, 14.01452055, 14.33506849, 14.75068493,
       13.25671233, 13.30767123, 12.72273973, 13.15342466, 12.54630137,
       12.93726027, 13.53287671, 13.4709589 , 13.96246575, 14.03945205,
       14.17616438, 13.37232877, 13.92493151, 13.83589041, 13.95452055,
       13.20986301, 15.01342466, 15.11479452, 15.6539726 , 15.02931507,
       15.29945205, 16.17452055, 14.92410959, 16.23315068, 16.39178082,
       14.59561644, 14.14      , 13.8109589 , 13.87808219, 13.80273973,
       13.98465753, 13.5169863 , 14.8830137 , 14.23671233, 13.69643836,
       14.31835616, 14.83890411, 15.1230137 , 14.13123288, 13.40273973,
       14.43808219, 13.93890411, 13.73917808, 14.53835616, 15.09013699,
       14.73643836, 14.76273973, 13.99506849, 14.16246575, 14.42958904,
       13.96630137, 14.09150685, 14.67616438, 14.40273973, 16.26794521])
```

Also, when you plot the above Mean data using the python Matplotlib library, then the output should be as follows: **(5 points)**



(b) Second, find the year with the lowest mean TMIN in San Diego. **(5 points)**

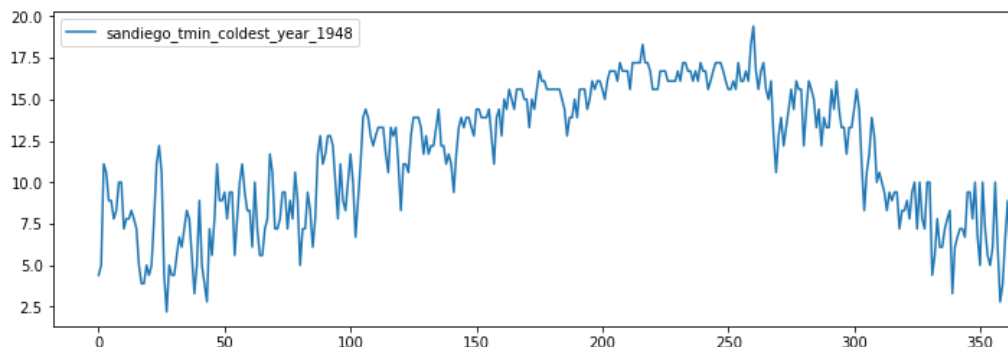
To get the lowest mean TMIN year in San Diego, you can call the NumPy **np.argmin()** method on the above San Diego Mean TMIN series data. The output should be as follows:

```
sandiego_coldest
```

**1948**

(c) Third, plot the temperature data for that lowest mean TMIN year. **(5 points)**

This requires you to call the **selectyear(TMIN\_series, lowest\_mean\_year)** method as shown in class. Then after call the **plot()** method. The output should be as follows:

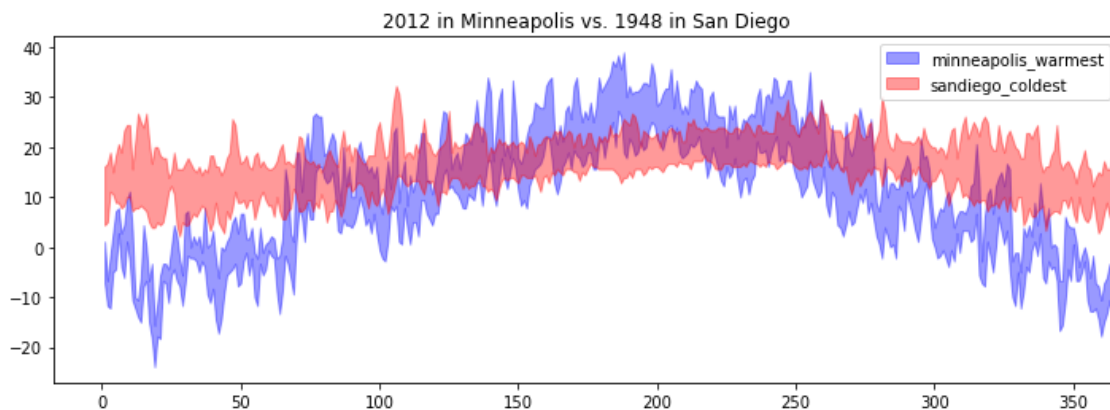


**Task 4 (30 points):** In the same plot, show TMIN and TMAX series for those years and for those two cities i.e., warmest year for Minneapolis and coldest year for San Diego.

This requires you to call the following methods:

**fill\_between(); selectyear(); getobs(); fillnans();**

Where, **getobs(); fillnans(); selectyear();** methods will be needed to get the minneapolis\_tmax, minneapolis\_tmin, sandiego\_tmin, sandiego\_tmax series data and **fill\_between();** method from the python Matplotlib library will be needed for plotting the TMAX and TMIN series data. After plotting the TMAX and TMIN series data both for the warmest year for Minneapolis and the coldest year for San Diego, the output should be as follows: **(30 points)**



The submission grading rubric is as follows (points out of 100 total):

Project element	Points
Task 1	10
Task 2	30
Task 3	30
Task 4	30

**Submission Instructions:** Create a compressed file (.zip or .tar.gz files are accepted) with all your source files such as .ipynb files and data files. Generally speaking, to complete Task 1 through Task 4, you just need one .ipynb file. But it's better to submit everything as a compressed file. Submit the compressed file to Canvas.

**Late submission policy:** As described in the syllabus, any late submission will be penalized with 10% off after each 24 hours late. For example, an assignment worth 100 points turned in 2 days late will receive a 20-point penalty. Assignments turned in 5 or more days after the due date will receive a grade of 0.