Week 5 Quiz:

- 1) The central goal of outreach in youth ministry is to:
- A) Make disciples who follow and obey Jesus, not just draw a crowd
- B) Win games and giveaways
- C) Maximize social media engagement
- D) Create the most creative events

Answer: A

- 2) A best practice within 48 hours of a first-time visit is to:
- A) Send a mass newsletter only
- B) Send a personal message to the student and a brief, warm email to the parent with a clear next step
- C) Wait for them to return and then reach out
- D) Ask them to fill out a long survey

Answer: B

- 3) A concise biblical response to the gospel is to:
- A) Promise to attend more often
- B) Try to behave better
- C) Repent and believe in Jesus
- D) Volunteer immediately

Answer: C

- 4) According to Tony Evans, effective invitations to trust Christ should be grounded in:
- A) The preacher's personality
- B) Emotional music alone
- C) Cultural trends
- D) The authority of God's Word and the Spirit's work

Answer: D

- 5) A simple first-month pathway for new students prioritizes:
- A) A different event every week
- B) Complex membership interviews
- C) Advanced theological debates
- D) Connecting to a small group, sharing the gospel clearly, and inviting to a baptism conversation

Answer: A

- 6) Maxwell's People Development (Level 4) emphasizes:
- A) Doing more tasks yourself
- B) Equipping and empowering people (students) to lead others
- C) Focusing on titles and positions

D) Measuring only attendance

Answer: B

- 7) A helpful tool for students to share their faith is:
- A) A 30-minute lecture
- B) A ten-point doctrinal essay
- C) A three-minute testimony (before/Jesus/after)
- D) Only posting quotes online

Answer: C

- 8) A healthier way to measure disciple-making than attendance alone is to track:
- A) Number of snack items distributed
- B) Stage design changes
- C) Event budgets
- D) Next steps like baptisms, Scripture plans started, small group engagement, and serving

Answer: D

- 9) A first principle in evangelism training for students is to:
- A) Avoid mentioning Jesus
- B) Memorize long arguments first
- C) Pray by name for friends and rely on the Spirit's help
- D) Wait until you're a leader to share

Answer: A

- 10) A safe and wise follow-up after a student indicates a faith decision is to:
- A) Promise total secrecy in all cases
- B) Involve parents appropriately and schedule a visible, accountable meeting with a leader
- C) Delay contact for a few weeks
- D) Post the decision publicly without consent

Answer: B

- 11) A quarterly outreach that pairs compassion with proclamation could be:
- A) A random movie night
- B) A talent show with no debrief
- C) A service project with a gospel-centered debrief and an invitation
- D) A competitive event focused on prizes

Answer: C

- 12) A solid "first 90 days" plan for a new believer includes:
- A) Attending only big events
- B) Avoiding responsibilities
- C) Waiting a year before joining a group

D) Bible reading plan, prayer, small group, and a simple serving role

Answer: D

- 13) Building an invite culture begins when leaders:
- A) Model inviting friends, share stories, and celebrate attempts
- B) Outsource all invites to marketing
- C) Rely on giveaways only
- D) Keep invites a secret

Answer: A

- 14) To keep sermons evangelistically clear, a youth preacher should:
- A) Teach five big ideas per message
- B) Preach one clear big idea from the text and include a specific call to respond
- C) Avoid applications to stay academic
- D) Focus mainly on humor

Answer: B

- 15) A baptism class should primarily:
- A) Explain church history in depth
- B) Focus on advanced doctrines
- C) Clarify the gospel, the meaning of baptism, and next steps for new believers
- D) Teach event planning skills

Answer: C

- 16) The first competency in a student leadership pipeline often is:
- A) Managing the church budget
- B) Writing policy documents
- C) Leading a full retreat
- D) Leading prayer and sharing a testimony in small group

Answer: D

- 17) Maxwell's Law of the Picture implies that students will:
- A) Ignore what leaders do
- B) Do the opposite of leaders
- C) Only follow printed rules
- D) Often imitate what their leaders consistently model

Answer: A

- 18) A wise step for digital evangelism is to:
- A) Send late-night private messages
- B) Share a brief testimony or invite through group chats using ministry accounts and healthy boundaries
- C) Use disappearing messages for privacy
- D) Debate strangers in comment sections

Answer: B

- 19) When fear keeps students from sharing their faith, the best coaching is to:
- A) Tell them to try harder without help
- B) Avoid the topic
- C) Practice a simple gospel tool, role-play conversations, and go out in pairs
- D) Wait until they are older

Answer: C

- 20) The ultimate source of power for Christian witness is:
- A) Perfect arguments
- B) Event excellence
- C) Peer approval
- D) The Holy Spirit empowering believers

Answer: D