

Week 9 quiz Don't be a Jonah

1) What modern location does the chapter highlight to contrast the world's "glitz and glamor" with God's calling?

- a) Joppa (modern-day party hub)
- b) Nineveh (modern Mosul nightlife)
- c) Jerusalem's Western Wall plaza
- d) Caesarea Maritima amphitheater

Answer: a

2) The name "Jonah" is explained to carry a dual meaning. What are the two senses given?

- a) Mercy and Judgment
- b) Prophet and King
- c) Fisherman and Sailor
- d) Dove and Destruction

Answer: d

3) Which biblical principle is used to frame the outcomes of Jonah's choices?

- a) "Man does not live by bread alone" (Deut 8)
- b) "You reap what you sow" (Galatians 6:7-9)
- c) "The just shall live by faith" (Hab 2:4)
- d) "Perfect love casts out fear" (1 John 4:18)

Answer: b

4) When Jonah ultimately obeyed, how does the chapter say his ministry functioned?

- a) As an example of royal leadership
- b) As a model of temple worship
- c) As sowing the incorruptible seed of God's Word that led to Nineveh's deliverance
- d) As a lesson in military strategy

Answer: c

5) According to the chapter, what did Jesus say about "the sign of the times" in Matthew 16?

- a) No sign would be given except the sign of the prophet Jonah
- b) A sign would be given through fire from heaven
- c) A sign would be given via new temple construction

d) Only the wise would see signs

Answer: a

6) Which prophetic passage is cited about "the sun turned to darkness and the moon to blood"?

- a) Isaiah 40
- b) Amos 5
- c) Zechariah 9
- d) Joel 2:29–31

Answer: d

7) The chapter connects darkness during the crucifixion (Luke 23:44) with which historical backdrop for Jonah's day?

- a) A volcanic eruption in Italy
- b) A drought in Judah
- c) A total solar eclipse affecting Assyria/Nineveh (763 BCE)
- d) A locust invasion in Egypt

Answer: c

8) What does the metaphor "turn your whale into a taxi cab" imply within this chapter's context?

- a) God can repurpose what threatened to destroy you to carry you into His will
- b) Avoid testimonies about past failures
- c) Run from dangerous assignments
- d) Depend on earthly status for ministry

Answer: a

9) What contemporary event does the chapter cite as a "sign of Jonah" in our times?

- a) Restoration of the Sanhedrin
- b) Discovery of the Ark of the Covenant
- c) ISIS destroying Jonah's tomb in Mosul
- d) Rebuilding of Jericho's walls

Answer: c

10) How does Luke 21:25–28 shape the chapter's call to action?

- a) Ignore cosmic signs; they are distractions
- b) When these things begin to happen, look up—your redemption draws near—so get ready and help others be ready

- c) Predict exact dates of the Lord's return
- d) Withdraw from culture entirely

Answer: b

- 11) What central charge does Paul give Timothy at the start of 2 Timothy 4?
- a) Preach the word; be ready in season and out; reprove, rebuke, and exhort with patience and teaching
 - b) Avoid all public preaching until safe
 - c) Seek favor with authorities first
 - d) Limit ministry to private study

Answer: a

- 12) What will some people with "itching ears" do (2 Tim 4:3-4)?
- a) Become monastics
 - b) Learn biblical languages
 - c) Accumulate teachers to suit their passions and turn from truth to myths
 - d) Study only the Torah

Answer: c

- 13) What specific ministry directive does Paul give Timothy in 2 Tim 4:5?
- a) Pursue signs above doctrine
 - b) Avoid hardship at all costs
 - c) Seek popularity in the city
 - d) Be sober-minded, endure suffering, do the work of an evangelist, fulfill your ministry

Answer: d

- 14) Which summary best captures Paul's self-assessment in 2 Tim 4:7?
- a) "I have gained great wealth."
 - b) "I have avoided all conflicts."
 - c) "I have fought the good fight, finished the race, kept the faith."
 - d) "I have mastered every language."

Answer: c

- 15) To whom is the "crown of righteousness" promised (2 Tim 4:8)?
- a) Only apostles
 - b) All who have loved His appearing
 - c) Only martyrs
 - d) Only pastors and elders

Answer: b

16) What did Demas do (2 Tim 4:10)?

- a) Loved this present world and deserted Paul for Thessalonica
- b) Was martyred with Paul
- c) Took Mark to Cyprus
- d) Founded the church in Rome

Answer: a

17) Who alone was with Paul when others had left (2 Tim 4:11)?

- a) Titus
- b) Silas
- c) Luke
- d) Tychicus

Answer: c

18) What items did Paul ask Timothy to bring from Troas (2 Tim 4:13)?

- a) Food and oil
- b) Musical instruments
- c) Incense and altar coal
- d) The cloak, the books, and especially the parchments

Answer: d

19) How does Paul describe Alexander the coppersmith (2 Tim 4:14–15)?

- a) A faithful helper
- b) He did Paul great harm; the Lord will repay him; beware of him
- c) A generous benefactor
- d) A new convert

Answer: b

20) At Paul's first defense, when no one stood by him, who did (2 Tim 4:16–17)?

- a) The Lord stood by and strengthened him
- b) The Roman governor
- c) The high priest
- d) A traveling merchant

Answer: a