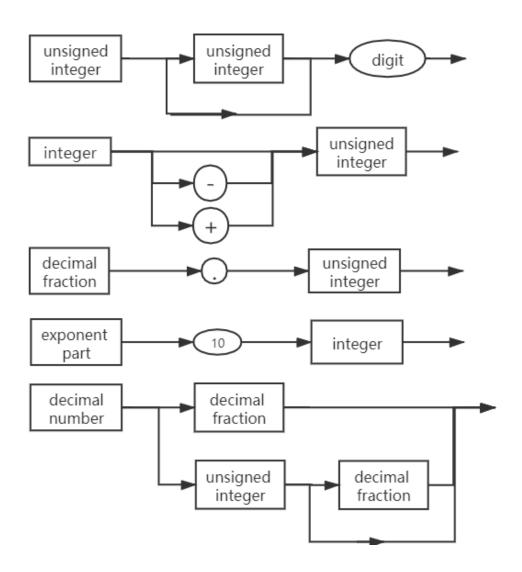
Lec02 作业

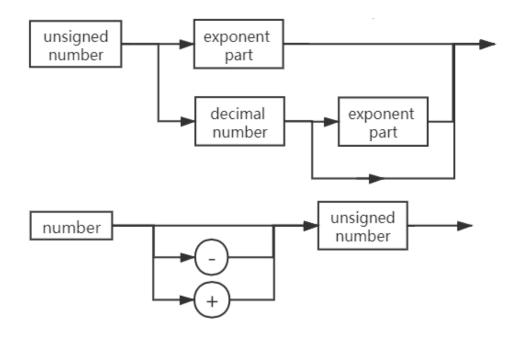
1、根据 P49-P50 中 BNF 所描述的"program"文法,针对上述每个产生式,给出一组满足规则的语言实例,要求覆盖基本分支。既一个产生式至少给出一个满足该文法的字符串。

```
program ::= program id0 (id1, id2); label-declaration-part constant-
declaration-part type-declaration-part var id1, id2; td1; id3, id4;
td2; paf-declaration-part begin label: empty; assignment; procedure;
goto end.
program-heading ::= program id0 (id1, id2)
program-parameters ::= id1, id2
identifier-list ::= id1, id2
program-block ::= label-declaration-part constant-declaration-part
type-declaration-part var idl, id2;
                                       td1; id3, id4;
declaration-part begin label: empty; assignment; procedure; goto end.
           label-declaration-part constant-declaration-part
      ::=
declaration-part var id1, id2; td1; id3, id4; td2; paf-declaration-
part begin label: empty; assignment; procedure; goto end.
variable-declaration-part ::= var id1, id2; td1; id3, id4; td2;
variable-declaration ::= id1, id2; td1
statement-part::= begin label: empty; assignment; procedure; goto end.
compound-statement ::= begin empty; assignment; procedure; goto end
statement-sequence ::= empty; assignment; procedure; goto
statement ::= label: empty
simple-statement ::= goto
structured-statement ::= begin label: empty; assignment; procedure;
goto end
```

2、将以下 BNF 表示的 Algol60 部分产生式画成语法图

```
<unsigned integer> : : = <digit>
               <unsigned integer> <digit>
  <integer> : : = +<unsigned integer>
          | -<unsigned integer>
           | <unsigned integer>
  <decimal fraction> : : = . <unsigned integer>
  <exponent part> : : = 10<integer>
                                               //10为下标。
<decimal number> : : = <unsigned integer>
            <decimal fraction>
            | <unsigned integer> <decimal fraction>
  <unsigned number> : : = <decimal number>
             | <exponent part>
             | <decimal number> <exponent part>
  <number> : : = +<unsigned number>
        | -<unsigned number>
        | <unsigned number>
```





3、将下面的 EBNF 转换为 BNF:

$$S \rightarrow A \{ b A \}$$

$$A \rightarrow a [b] A$$

4、考虑下列文法:

$$\langle S \rangle \rightarrow \langle A \rangle a \langle B \rangle b$$

$$\langle A \rangle \rightarrow \langle A \rangle b \mid b$$

$$\langle B \rangle \rightarrow a \langle B \rangle \mid a$$

下面的哪些句子属于这些文法所产生的语言?

baab

bbbab

bbaaaaa

bbaab

$$B \rightarrow \{a\}$$

$$S \rightarrow \{b\} a \{a\} b$$

∴ baab、bbaab 是该文法所产生的语言