PHASE 14: Build a Professional IT Documentation Portal Using SharePoint Online

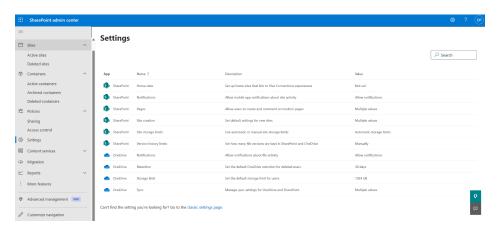
In this phase, I configured and deployed a centralized IT documentation portal using SharePoint Online within my Microsoft 365 tenant. The goal was to create a secure, well-organized, and cloud-native workspace for storing IT documentation, SOPs, scripts, configuration files, and phase-wise guides. This portal reflects real-world MNC practices for IT knowledge management and collaboration

I. SharePoint Admin Setup (Microsoft 365 Admin Center)

Actions Completed:

As the global admin, I navigated to https://admin.microsoft.com \rightarrow Admin Centers \rightarrow SharePoint. From there:

- 1. Viewed all active sites and filtered for the Team sites.
- 2. Verified the existing SharePoint storage quota and assigned an appropriate size for the IT Documentation portal.
- 3. Confirmed ownership and permission roles for the team site and locked external sharing.
- 4. Confirmed features such as OneDrive sync and modern UI were enabled.



II. SharePoint Site Owner Configuration

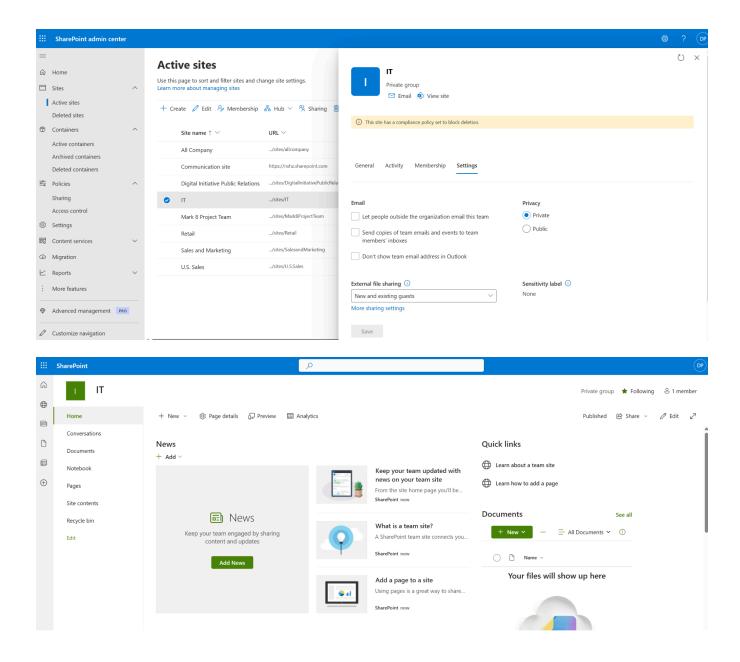
As the Site Owner, I structured a cloud-based IT Documentation Portal using SharePoint Online, allowing centralized access, security control, and collaboration for all my hybrid infrastructure documentation.

Actions Completed: Step-by-Step Breakdown: Site Owner Configuration

Step 1: Creating the SharePoint IT Team Site (Tenant Admin Task)

Before starting as the Site Owner, I first created the Team Site from the SharePoint Admin Center using below steps:

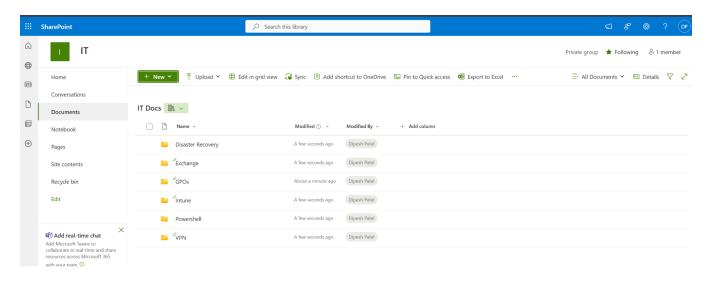
- 1. Logged in as Global Admin at https://admin.microsoft.com.
- 2. From the left pane, clicked Admin centers \rightarrow SharePoint \rightarrow Opened SharePoint Admin Center.
- 3. In the left menu, clicked "Sites" \rightarrow "Active sites".
- 4. Clicked "+ Create" at the top.
- 5. Choose "Team site" (not Communication site).
- 6. Entered the following information:
 - o Site name: IT
 - Site address: https://dipeshcorp.sharepoint.com/sites/IT
 - Group owner: dipesh@dipeshcorp.onmicrosoft.com (or another admin account)
 - Privacy settings: Private Only members can access this site
 - Language: English
- 7. Clicked Next \rightarrow Added initial members (optional) \rightarrow Clicked Finish.
- 8. After a few seconds, the site was provisioned.
- 9. Visited the new site at: https://dipeshcorp.sharepoint.com/sites/IT



Step 2: Created Document Libraries

- 1. Navigated to my Team site: I logged in at https://dipeshcorp.sharepoint.com/sites/IT
- 2. From the left panel, clicked "Documents" (the default library created during site creation).
- 3. Renamed "Documents" to "IT Docs":
 - Clicked Settings ※ (top-right) → Site contents.

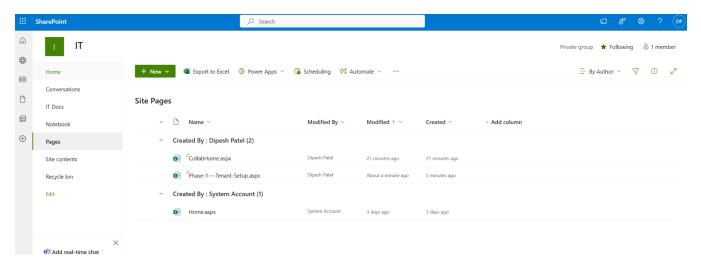
- \circ Hovered over "Documents" \to Clicked " \to Settings > List name, description and navigation
- \circ Changed the name to "IT Docs" under "Name and Description" \to Clicked Save.
- 4. Added structured folders inside IT Docs:
 - Opened "IT Docs" \rightarrow Clicked "+ New \rightarrow Folder".
 - Created folders:
 - i. GPOs
 - ii. Intune
 - iii. Exchange
 - iv. VPN
 - v. PowerShell
 - vi. Disaster Recovery
- 5. Uploaded documents:
 - \circ Clicked into each folder \to "Upload \to Files" \to Added .ps1 scripts, PDFs, exported JSONs, etc.



Step 3: Added Phase Pages

- 1. From homepage, clicked "Settings $\stackrel{*}{x}$ \rightarrow Site contents \rightarrow Site Pages".
- 2. Clicked "+ New \rightarrow Site Page".
- 3. For each phase, I created a separate page:

- o Example: "Phase 1 Tenant Setup"
- Clicked "Text" Web Part → Wrote standard operating procedure (SOP)
- Clicked "Image" Web Part → Uploaded screenshots of PowerShell and Admin Centers
- Clicked "Republish" when finished.
- 4. Repeated for each of my project phases (Phase 1–12, etc.)



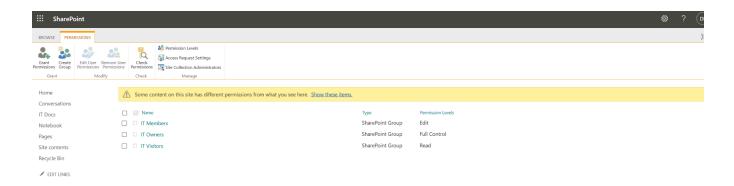
Tip: Added header images using the "Image banner" for better visual structure

Step 4: Configured Navigation Bar

- 1. On the homepage, clicked "Edit" next to the top navigation bar.
- 2. Added important links:
 - Home
 - Phase 1 Tenant Setup (linked to Phase 1 page)
 - PowerShell Scripts (linked to folder in IT Docs)
 - Disaster Recovery Plan (linked to PDF document)
- 3. Clicked "Save" after finishing.
- 📝 Tip: Used short names for cleaner UI like "DR Plan" instead of "Disaster Recovery Plan PDF".

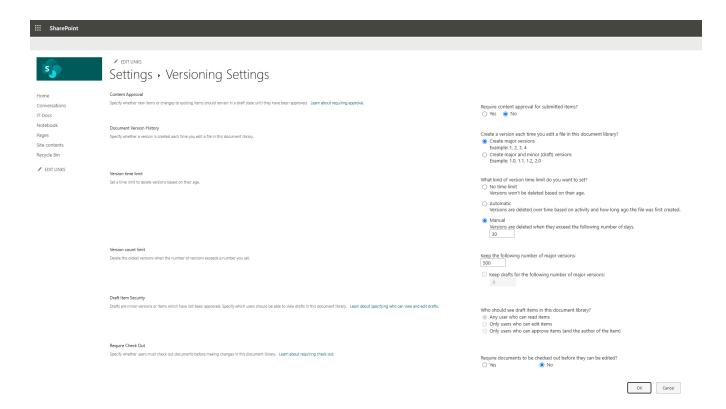
Step 4: Set Site Permissions (Fine-Grained Access Control)

- 1. Clicked Settings $\stackrel{*}{\Longrightarrow}$ \rightarrow Site Permissions \rightarrow "Advanced permission settings".
- 2. Groups added:
 - Members Group → device1@dipeshcorp.com (edit permissions)
 - Visitors Group → compliance@dipeshcorp.com (read-only)
- 3. Broke inheritance for sensitive libraries:
 - \circ Opened IT Docs \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow Permissions for this document library
 - Clicked "Stop inheriting permissions"
 - \circ Removed "Visitors" from GPOs folder \rightarrow Ensured only IT admins could see GPOs.
- Tip: Used Active Directory synced users where possible, including Entra synced cloud accounts.



Step 5: Enabled Version Control

- 1. Opened IT Docs → Library Settings.
- 2. Clicked "Versioning Settings" under General Settings.
- 3. Configured:
 - \circ "Create major versions" \rightarrow Enabled
 - Number of versions to retain: minimum 30
- 4. Saved changes.
- 📝 Tip: Version history lets me restore previous scripts, PDFs, or documentation if something breaks.



Step 6: Set Site Logo and Theme

- 1. Clicked Settings $\stackrel{\bullet}{x}$ \rightarrow "Change the look".
- 2. Choose:
 - \circ Theme: Custom color \rightarrow Selected a Blue/Gray palette
 - o Site logo: Uploaded dipeshcorp-logo.png
- 3. Saved and published changes.



V. Completion Outcome:

I successfully built a structured, version-controlled IT documentation site in SharePoint Online that mirrors real enterprise environments. With dedicated libraries, permission management, and phase-wise SOP pages, this setup allows secure, scalable documentation across the entire hybrid infrastructure lifecycle.