TelecomChurnCapstone

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Introduction

The telecommunication industry has come a long way since its beginning of being just a phone service industry. Once the telephone became mobile over 45 years ago, technological advances have skyrocketed. This has forced the major companies to accommodate and increase its client base by adding more services to make their store a one-stop-shop for all their technological needs. Over time, telephone companies have had to increase many more products and services. Products include tablets, watches, smartphones, flip-phones, home-security monitors, and even voice controlled speakers. While the services include Phone, Internet, Online Security, Online Backup, Device Protection, Tech Support, and even Streaming TV/ Movies. The data from these companies can be useful in customer retention in order to minimize the number of customers leaving the company.

Disclaimer

The data provided does not contain any personal information of customers such as name, address, phone number and location. To keep this anonymity a Customer ID number was provided by IBM.

Dataset: https://www.ibm.com/communities/analytics/watson-analytics-blog/guide-to-sample-datasets/

Data

The dataset consists of 147,924 entries with 7044 rows and 21 columns. The column variables and their descriptions are:

Variable	Description
customerID	Customer ID
genderCustomer	Gender (female, male)
SeniorCitizen	Whether the customer is a senior citizen or not (1, 0)
PartnerWhether	The customer has a partner or not (Yes, No)
DependentsWhether	The customer has dependents or not (Yes, No)
tenure	Number of months the customer has stayed with the company

PhoneService Whether the customer has a phone service or not (Yes, No)

MultipleLines Whether the customer has multiple lines or not (Yes, No, No phone

service)

InternetService Customer's internet service provider (DSL, Fiber optic, No)
OnlineSecurity Whether the customer has online security or not (Yes, No, No

internet service)

OnlineBackup Whether the customer has online backup or not (Yes, No, No

internet service)

DeviceProtection Whether the customer has device protection or not (Yes, No, No

internet service)

TechSupport Whether the customer has tech support or not (Yes, No, No internet

service)

StreamingTV Whether the customer has streaming TV or not (Yes, No, No internet

service)

StreamingMovies Whether the customer has streaming movies or not (Yes, No, No

internet service)

Contract The contract term of the customer (Month-to-month, One year, Two

year)

Paperless Billing Whether the customer has paperless billing or not (Yes, No)

PaymentMethod The customer's payment method (Electronic check, Mailed check,

Bank transfer (automatic), Credit card (automatic))

MonthlyCharges The amount charged to the customer monthly TotalCharges The total amount charged to the customer

ChurnWhether The customer churned or not (Yes or No)

Data Wrangling

I loaded the dataset as a CSV file and renamed it telecom and added necessary libraries to it. In this section, I looked for outliers, missing values, and if the variable was crucial for the customer churn analysis.

Structure

```
## $ Dependents : Factor w/ 2 levels "No", "Yes": 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2
. . .
                     : int 1 34 2 45 2 8 22 10 28 62 ...
## $ tenure
                     ## $ PhoneService
## $ MultipleLines
                     : Factor w/ 3 levels "No", "No phone service",..: 2 1 1
2 1 3 3 2 3 1 ...
## $ InternetService : Factor w/ 3 levels "DSL", "Fiber optic",..: 1 1 1 1 2
2 2 1 2 1 ...
## $ OnlineSecurity : Factor w/ 3 levels "No", "No internet service",..: 1 3
3 3 1 1 1 3 1 3 ...
                     : Factor w/ 3 levels "No", "No internet service", ...: 3 1
## $ OnlineBackup
3 1 1 1 3 1 1 3 ...
## $ DeviceProtection: Factor w/ 3 levels "No", "No internet service",..: 1 3
1 3 1 3 1 1 3 1 ...
                     : Factor w/ 3 levels "No", "No internet service", ...: 1 1
## $ TechSupport
1 3 1 1 1 1 3 1 ...
                     : Factor w/ 3 levels "No", "No internet service", ...: 1 1
## $ StreamingTV
1 1 1 3 3 1 3 1 ...
## $ StreamingMovies : Factor w/ 3 levels "No", "No internet service",..: 1 1
1 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 ...
## $ Contract
                     : Factor w/ 3 levels "Month-to-month",..: 1 2 1 2 1 1 1
1 1 2 ...
## $ PaperlessBilling: Factor w/ 2 levels "No", "Yes": 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 2 1
## $ PaymentMethod
                     : Factor w/ 4 levels "Bank transfer (automatic)",...: 3
4 4 1 3 3 2 4 3 1 ...
## $ MonthlyCharges : num 29.9 57 53.9 42.3 70.7 ...
## $ TotalCharges
                     : num
                            29.9 1889.5 108.2 1840.8 151.7 ...
## $ Churn
                     : Factor w/ 2 levels "No", "Yes": 1 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 1
```

The structure of the telecom company depicts four variables that are integers or numerical type. It would be beneficial if we look into these and see if there are any NA or blank variables. We can also see that most of the data is well organized and has 2 to 4 factors. This data looks clean with well defined variable names.

Data Exploration

Summary of Telecom Churn Data

```
summary(telecom)
##
                                    SeniorCitizen
                                                                Dependents
         customerID
                         gender
                                                     Partner
                                                     No :3641
## 0002-ORFBO:
                      Female:3488
                                    Min.
                                           :0.0000
                                                                No:4933
##
   0003-MKNFE:
                  1
                      Male :3555
                                    1st Qu.:0.0000
                                                     Yes:3402
                                                                Yes:2110
## 0004-TLHLJ:
                  1
                                    Median :0.0000
##
    0011-IGKFF:
                  1
                                    Mean
                                           :0.1621
## 0013-EXCHZ:
                  1
                                    3rd Qu.:0.0000
```

```
##
    0013-MHZWF: 1
                                            :1.0000
                                     Max.
##
    (Other) :7037
##
                    PhoneService
        tenure
                                           MultipleLines
                                                              InternetService
                    No: 682
## Min.
          : 0.00
                                  No
                                                  :3390
                                                           DSL
                                                                      :2421
##
    1st Qu.: 9.00
                    Yes:6361
                                  No phone service: 682
                                                           Fiber optic:3096
##
   Median :29.00
                                  Yes
                                                  :2971
                                                           No
                                                                      :1526
##
   Mean
          :32.37
##
    3rd Qu.:55.00
##
   Max.
           :72.00
##
##
                OnlineSecurity
                                             OnlineBackup
##
                        :3498
   No
                                No
                                                   :3088
##
    No internet service:1526
                                No internet service:1526
                        :2019
   Yes
                                Yes
                                                    :2429
##
##
##
##
##
               DeviceProtection
                                              TechSupport
                                 No
##
    No
                        :3095
                                                     :3473
##
   No internet service:1526
                                 No internet service:1526
##
                        :2422
                                 Yes
                                                     :2044
   Yes
##
##
##
##
##
                 StreamingTV
                                           StreamingMovies
##
                        :2810
                                                   :2785
   No
                                No
##
   No internet service:1526
                                No internet service:1526
##
   Yes
                       :2707
                                Yes
                                                   :2732
##
##
##
##
##
              Contract
                          PaperlessBilling
                                                               PaymentMethod
##
   Month-to-month:3875
                          No :2872
                                            Bank transfer (automatic):1544
                                            Credit card (automatic) :1522
##
    One year
                  :1473
                          Yes:4171
##
    Two year
                  :1695
                                            Electronic check
                                                                      :2365
##
                                            Mailed check
                                                                      :1612
##
##
##
##
   MonthlyCharges
                      TotalCharges
                                       Churn
## Min. : 18.25
                           : 18.8
                                       No:5174
                     Min.
   1st Qu.: 35.50
                     1st Qu.: 401.4
                                       Yes:1869
##
   Median : 70.35
##
                     Median :1397.5
##
   Mean
          : 64.76
                     Mean
                            :2283.3
    3rd Qu.: 89.85
                     3rd Qu.:3794.7
   Max. :118.75
##
                     Max.
                            :8684.8
                     NA's
##
                            :11
```

The summary function gives us a further break down of the variables including the mean(average), minimum(smallest value), median (middle value), maximum(largest value), and if the variable includes a blank value (NA) this function will let us know. If the variable is a factor, the summary method will give us the total of each factor.

The tenure variable is given in number of months. It does not have and blank or NA values. The maximum tenure that the data included was 72 months.

The monthly charges range from \$18.25 to \$118.75. There are no blanks or NA values.

Summary of Telecom Total Charges

```
summary(telecom$TotalCharges)
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. NA's
## 18.8 401.4 1397.5 2283.3 3794.7 8684.8 11
```

The total charges range from \$18.8 to \$8684.8, the max seems very high it could possibly be an outlier. This variable also has 11 blank points. Therefore we will have to determine if removing the rows with blanks would be better than keeping them. I decided to keep them in my data for now. but would use the omit function if needed to remove them. We have 11 NA out of 7043 points.

Compare Total and Monthly Charges

```
compare<- mutate(telecom, TotalDivide12=TotalCharges/12)</pre>
compare1<-select(compare, Monthly Charges, Total Charges, Total Divide 12)</pre>
compare1[1:10,]
      MonthlyCharges TotalCharges TotalDivide12
##
## 1
                29.85
                              29.85
                                           2.48750
## 2
                56.95
                           1889.50
                                        157.45833
## 3
                53.85
                            108.15
                                           9.01250
## 4
                42.30
                           1840.75
                                        153.39583
## 5
                70.70
                             151.65
                                         12.63750
## 6
                99.65
                            820.50
                                         68.37500
## 7
                89.10
                           1949.40
                                        162.45000
## 8
                             301.90
                                         25.15833
                29.75
## 9
              104.80
                           3046.05
                                         253.83750
## 10
                56.15
                           3487.95
                                         290.66250
#removing TotalCharges
telecom$TotalCharges=NULL
```

We need to perform a check to see if the monthly charges are equal to the total charges divided by 12. The number 12 is used because there are 12 months in a year. From the looks of the total charges column is not uniform and has some charges that might be monthly and some that might be yearly and of various time frames, therefore it makes more sense to omit this column for two reasons: missing values and unstructured method of calculating the total.

gender

Are men more likely to have coverage?

Customer Gender

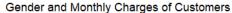


We have 48.5% Female and 50.5% Male in our data. Therefore the data seems normally distributed and large enough to be unbiased.

Gender and Monthly Charges

Does one gender pay more monthly charges?

```
ggplot(telecom,aes(x=gender,y=MonthlyCharges))+
   geom_boxplot(varwidth=T, fill=23) +
   geom_hline(aes(yintercept = median(telecom$MonthlyCharges)), color =
"green") +
   labs(x="Gender",y="Monthly Charges in Dollars",title="Gender and MonthlyCharges of Customers")
```





The data

shows that both male and female monthly costs were about the same with a median of \$70.35 represented by the green line. This seems fair and impartial toward a particular sex getting an immense discount.

Payment

What is the most common form of payment?

```
paymethods <- telecom %>%
  group by(PaymentMethod) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(PaymentMethod count = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(PaymentMethod count))
paymethods$PaymentMethod <- factor(paymethods$PaymentMethod, levels =</pre>
paymethods$PaymentMethod[order((paymethods$PaymentMethod_count))])
colourCount = length(unique(paymethods$PaymentMethod))
fill purple <- colorRampPalette(brewer.pal(9, "BuPu"))</pre>
paymethods %>%
  filter(PaymentMethod != "NA") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = PaymentMethod, y = PaymentMethod_count, fill =
PaymentMethod)) +
  geom bar(stat = "identity") +
  coord flip() +
  geom_text(aes(label = PaymentMethod_count), size = 2.5, color = "black",
hjust = -.5) +
  labs(x = "Payment", y = "Number of Customers", title = "Methods of Payment
Used by Customers") +
  theme(legend.position = "none", plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
  ylim(0, max(paymethods$PaymentMethod count + 100)) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = fill_purple(colourCount))
```

Methods of Payment Used by Customers



```
prop.table(table(telecom$PaymentMethod))

##

## Bank transfer (automatic) Credit card (automatic)

## 0.2192248 0.2161011

## Electronic check Mailed check

## 0.3357944 0.2288797
```

The Most common form of payment was Electronic check accounting for 33.5%. Second most common was Mailed check at 22.9%. Third was Bank transfer (automatic) at 22%. Least common was Credit card (automatic) at 21.6%.

Monthly charges

What is the range of monthly charges?

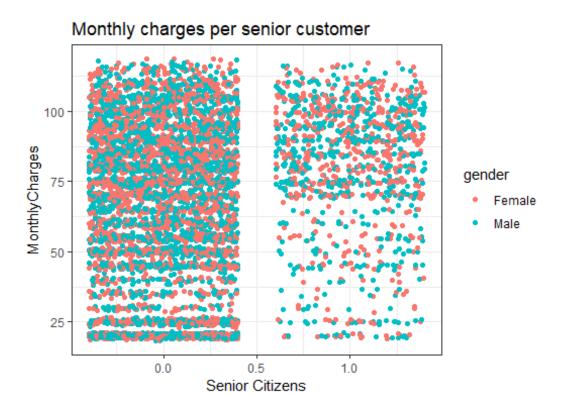
```
summary(telecom$MonthlyCharges)
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 18.25 35.50 70.35 64.76 89.85 118.75
```

The monthly charges range from \$18.25 to \$118.75 per month. The mean/average monthly bill is \$64.76. While the median bill is \$70.35.

Senior Citizen's

Do senior citizens get a discount? Are there more senior customers?

```
ggplot(telecom,aes(x=SeniorCitizen,y=MonthlyCharges, color=gender))+
    theme_bw()+
    geom_jitter()+
    labs(x="Senior Citizens",y="MonthlyCharges",title="Monthly charges per
senior customer")
```

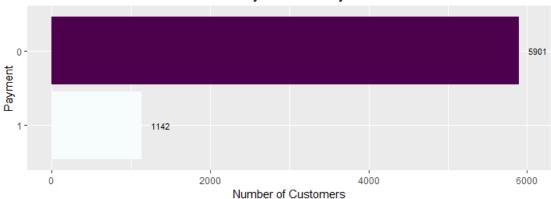


The telecom company seems to have about the same minimum and maximum monthly charges as for the Senior citizens as the regular non senior customers. However, the majority of Senior Citizens seem to be paying above ~\$70. Therefore it seems that being a senior does not give a bonus to all customers. We would have to do a bar plot to see the difference between number of senior and non-senior customers to see how many people we have in each group.

```
gendersenir <- telecom %>%
  group by(SeniorCitizen) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(SeniorCitizen count = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(SeniorCitizen count))
gendersenir$SeniorCitizen <- factor(gendersenir$SeniorCitizen, levels =</pre>
gendersenir$SeniorCitizen[order((gendersenir$SeniorCitizen_count))])
colourCount = length(unique(gendersenir$SeniorCitizen))
fill purple <- colorRampPalette(brewer.pal(9, "BuPu"))</pre>
gendersenir %>%
  filter(SeniorCitizen != "NA") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = SeniorCitizen, y = SeniorCitizen count, fill =
SeniorCitizen)) +
  geom bar(stat = "identity") +
  coord_flip() +
  geom text(aes(label = SeniorCitizen count), size = 3, color = "black",
hjust = -.5) +
  labs(x = "Payment", y = "Number of Customers", title = "Methods of Payment
Used by Customers") +
```

```
theme(legend.position = "none", plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
ylim(0, max(gendersenir$SeniorCitizen_count + 100)) +
scale_fill_manual(values = fill_purple(colourCount))
```

Methods of Payment Used by Customers



are very few Senior Customers in comparison to non-senior customers. There are more that 5x non senior customers (purple) in comparison to senior customers (white).

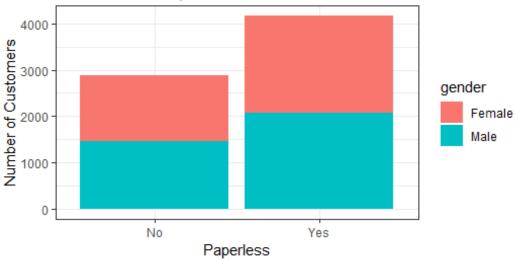
There

Ecofriendly/ Paperless

How eco friendly is the brand? Does it have a higher percentage of paperless billing?

```
ggplot(telecom,aes(x=PaperlessBilling,fill=gender))+
   theme_bw()+
   geom_bar () +
   labs(x="Paperless",y="Number of Customers",title="Gender and Paperless
Service")
```

Gender and Paperless Service



prop.table(table(telecom\$PaperlessBilling))

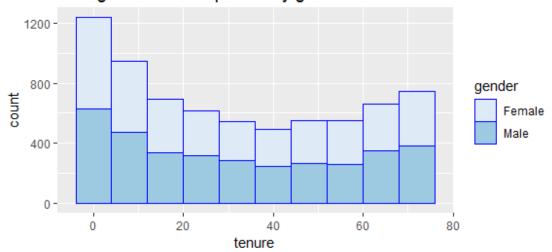
```
##
## No Yes
## 0.4077808 0.5922192
```

About 59% of customers choose the paperless route, while 41% still want a paper copy of the bill. This can be improved by giving an incentive to go paperless, which would save the company on stationary supplies such as paper, ink, and postage.

CustomerTenure

Which months are critical for keeping the customer?

Histogram of tenure plotted by gender



There

seems to be an equal amount of tenure/retention between male and female customers. It also seems that after 40 months the customer is more likely to stay. However from 0 to 40 months it seems that the customer is likely to churn and the company should focus on retaining their customers during this period.

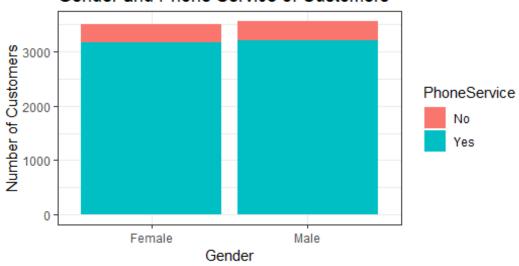
Gender and Phoneservice

Is a particular gender more likely to have a phone service with our company

```
ggplot(telecom,aes(x=gender,fill=PhoneService))+
  theme_bw()+
  geom_bar () +
```

labs(x="Gender",y="Number of Customers",title="Gender and Phone Service of
Customers")

Gender and Phone Service of Customers



```
prop.table(table(telecom$gender, telecom$PhoneService))
##
## No Yes
## Female 0.04699702 0.44824649
## Male 0.04983672 0.45491978
```

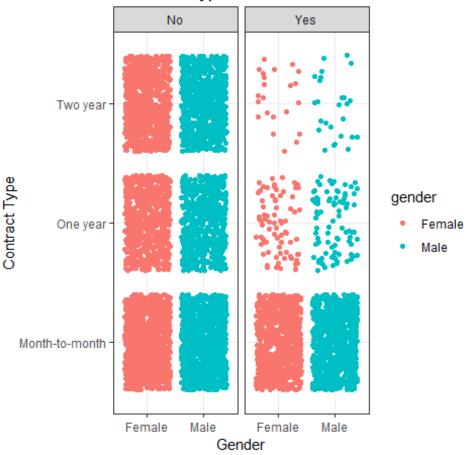
44.8% women have a phone service with our company while 4.7% women do not. 45.5% male customers have the phone service, while 5% male do not have the phone service.

Gender and Preferred Type of Payment

Do more men or women prefer each type of contract? Month-to-month, One year, Two year?

```
ggplot(telecom,aes(x=gender,y=Contract, color=gender))+
    theme_bw()+
    geom_jitter()+
    facet_grid(.~Churn)+
    labs(x="Gender",y="Contract Type",title="Contract Type based on Gender")
```

Contract Type based on Gender



There seems to be

an equal number of male and women per Contract type. However by adding a Churn statistics to this data we see that the month to month customers where most likely to churn while, One year contractees were less likely to churn and Two year contractees were least likely to churn.

The most common contract type is month to month at 55% total, followed by Two year contract at 24%, and least common was one year contract at 21% of total contracts.

```
prop.table(table(telecom$gender, telecom$Contract))
##
## Month-to-month One year Two year
## Female 0.2733210 0.1019452 0.1199773
## Male 0.2768707 0.1071986 0.1206872
```

The data shows that about 27% male and 27% female have a month to month contract. While 10% female and 11% male have a One year contract. And 12% females and 12% males have a two year contract.

Internet or Phone sells more

What is more common phone service or internet service?

```
ggplot(telecom,aes(x=InternetService,y=PhoneService,color=gender))+
    theme_bw()+
    geom_jitter() +
    labs(x="InternetService",y="PhoneService",title="InternetService vs.
PhoneService")
```

InternetService vs. PhoneService Yes PhoneService gender Female Male No Fiber optic DSL Nο InternetService

prop.table(table(telecom\$InternetService, telecom\$PhoneService))

```
##
##
                                   Yes
                         No
##
     DSL
                 0.09683374 0.24691183
     Fiber optic 0.00000000 0.43958540
##
##
                 0.00000000 0.21666903
prop.table(table(telecom$InternetService))
##
##
           DSL Fiber optic
                                    No
                 0.4395854
##
     0.3437456
                             0.2166690
prop.table(table( telecom$PhoneService))
##
##
           No
                     Yes
## 0.09683374 0.90316626
```

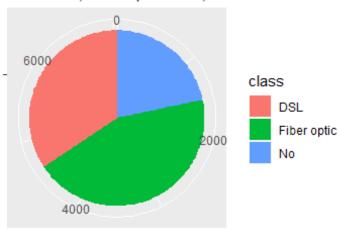
78.3% of the customers have Internet service while 90% have phone service. Therefore Phone service is more common. This may lead to the company having to work more on marketing a better way to increase internet sales.

Internet Sales

Which types of internet service are most commonly bought?

Internet Service Sales

DSL =34%, Fiber Optic =44%, No =22%



The internet

Service sales indicate that customers chose DSL = 34%, Fiber Optic = 44%, and No internet service = 22% of the times.

gender and Churn

What percentage of customers stay based on gender?

```
ggplot(telecom,aes(x=gender,fill=Churn))+
    theme_bw()+
    geom_bar () +
    labs(x="Gender",y="Number of Customers",title="Gender and Churn of Customers")
```

Gender and Churn of Customers



prop.table(table(telecom\$gender, telecom\$Churn))

```
##
## No Yes
## Female 0.3619196 0.1333239
## Male 0.3727105 0.1320460
```

About 26.5% of customers churned of these 13.3% where female while 13.2% were male. While 73.5% customers stayed with our telecom company. Of these customers 36.2% where female and 37.3% where male.

Machine Learning

Logistic Regression

```
churnmodel <-
glm(Churn~gender+SeniorCitizen+Partner+Dependents+tenure+PhoneService+Multipl
eLines+InternetService+OnlineSecurity+OnlineBackup+DeviceProtection+TechSuppo
rt+StreamingTV+StreamingMovies+Contract+PaperlessBilling+PaymentMethod+Monthl
yCharges,data=telecom, family="binomial")
summary(churnmodel)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Churn ~ gender + SeniorCitizen + Partner + Dependents +
##
       tenure + PhoneService + MultipleLines + InternetService +
       OnlineSecurity + OnlineBackup + DeviceProtection + TechSupport +
##
       StreamingTV + StreamingMovies + Contract + PaperlessBilling +
##
##
       PaymentMethod + MonthlyCharges, family = "binomial", data = telecom)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
                      Median
                 10
                                   30
                                           Max
## -1.9780 -0.6707 -0.2946
                               0.6918
                                        3.1454
##
## Coefficients: (7 not defined because of singularities)
##
                                          Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                                    0.811986
                                                                0.754 0.45097
                                         0.612080
## genderMale
                                         -0.020514
                                                     0.064885 -0.316 0.75189
## SeniorCitizen
                                         0.217015
                                                    0.084920
                                                                2.556 0.01060
## PartnerYes
                                         -0.002440
                                                     0.077741
                                                              -0.031 0.97496
## DependentsYes
                                                              -1.863 0.06246
                                         -0.167071
                                                     0.089678
## tenure
                                         -0.034172
                                                     0.002366 -14.443 < 2e-16
## PhoneServiceYes
                                         0.165499
                                                    0.652460
                                                                0.254 0.79976
## MultipleLinesNo phone service
                                                           NA
                                               NA
                                                                   NA
                                                                            NA
## MultipleLinesYes
                                         0.462796
                                                     0.178054
                                                                2.599
                                                                       0.00934
## InternetServiceFiber optic
                                         1.720069
                                                     0.803709
                                                                2.140
                                                                       0.03234
## InternetServiceNo
                                         -1.622325
                                                     0.811846
                                                              -1.998
                                                                       0.04568
## OnlineSecurityNo internet service
                                                           NA
                                                                   NA
                                                                            NA
                                         -0.199497
                                                     0.179719
## OnlineSecurityYes
                                                               -1.110
                                                                       0.26698
## OnlineBackupNo internet service
                                                           NA
                                                                   NA
                                                                            NA
## OnlineBackupYes
                                         0.049975
                                                    0.176251
                                                                0.284 0.77676
```

```
## DeviceProtectionNo internet service
                                                           NA
                                                NA
                                                                    NA
                                                                             NA
                                          0.162576
## DeviceProtectionYes
                                                     0.177303
                                                                0.917
                                                                        0.35918
## TechSupportNo internet service
                                                NA
                                                           NA
                                                                   NA
                                                                             NΑ
                                         -0.168836
                                                     0.181586
                                                                -0.930
                                                                       0.35248
## TechSupportYes
## StreamingTVNo internet service
                                                NA
                                                           NΑ
                                                                   NA
                                                                             NA
                                          0.593806
## StreamingTVYes
                                                     0.328488
                                                                1.808
                                                                       0.07065
## StreamingMoviesNo internet service
                                                           NA
                                                NA
                                                                   NA
                                                                             NA
## StreamingMoviesYes
                                          0.608397
                                                     0.328840
                                                                1.850
                                                                       0.06429
## ContractOne year
                                         -0.666321
                                                     0.106644
                                                              -6.248 4.15e-10
## ContractTwo year
                                                     0.173956 -7.800 6.20e-15
                                         -1.356836
## PaperlessBillingYes
                                          0.335906
                                                     0.074277
                                                                4.522 6.12e-06
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic) -0.086598
                                                     0.114085 -0.759 0.44782
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
                                                     0.094582
                                          0.314319
                                                                3.323
                                                                        0.00089
## PaymentMethodMailed check
                                         -0.005299
                                                     0.113719 -0.047
                                                                        0.96283
                                                     0.031940
                                                                -1.024
## MonthlyCharges
                                         -0.032716
                                                                        0.30570
##
## (Intercept)
## genderMale
## SeniorCitizen
## PartnerYes
## DependentsYes
## tenure
## PhoneServiceYes
## MultipleLinesNo phone service
## MultipleLinesYes
## InternetServiceFiber optic
## InternetServiceNo
## OnlineSecurityNo internet service
## OnlineSecurityYes
## OnlineBackupNo internet service
## OnlineBackupYes
## DeviceProtectionNo internet service
## DeviceProtectionYes
## TechSupportNo internet service
## TechSupportYes
## StreamingTVNo internet service
## StreamingTVYes
## StreamingMoviesNo internet service
## StreamingMoviesYes
## ContractOne year
## ContractTwo year
## PaperlessBillingYes
## PaymentMethodCredit card (automatic)
## PaymentMethodElectronic check
## PaymentMethodMailed check
## MonthlyCharges
## ---
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
```

```
##
## Null deviance: 8150.1 on 7042 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 5851.0 on 7020 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 5897
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

The most significant variables were SeniorCitizen, tenure, MultipleLines, InternetService, Contract, PaperlessBilling, and PaymentMethod.

ROC

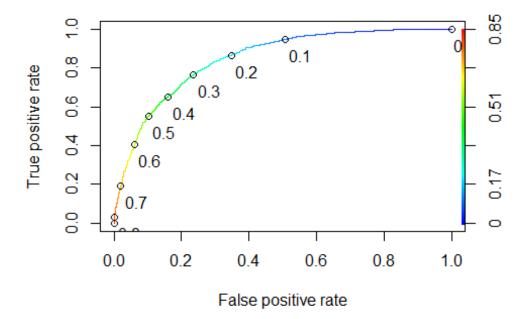
```
##accuracy
ROCReval<- performance(ROCRpred, "acc")
plot(ROCReval)
abline(h=0.805, v=0.53)</pre>
```

```
#returns true if prediction greater than 0.5 predictsChurn and false for less
than 0.5 predicts stay
table(telecomTrain$Churn,predictTrainn>0.53)

##
## FALSE TRUE
## No 3545 335
## Yes 676 726
```

With a cutoff of 0.53. The true positive rate is 726/(335+726) = 0.6843, So 68.43% of the time the model can predict a customer will churn and they would churn. While False Positive rate is 676/(676+3545) = 0.1602, so 16.02% the model would predict a customer will churn though they stayed. The accuracy of the model is (3545+726)/(3545+335+676+726) = 0.8086. This model has an accuracy of 80.86%

```
#ROC Curve
ROCRpred<-prediction(predictTrainn,telecomTrain$Churn)
ROCRperf<- performance(ROCRpred, "tpr","fpr")
plot(ROCRperf, colorize=TRUE, print.cutoffs.at=seq(0,1,0.1),text.adj=c(-0.2,1.7))</pre>
```



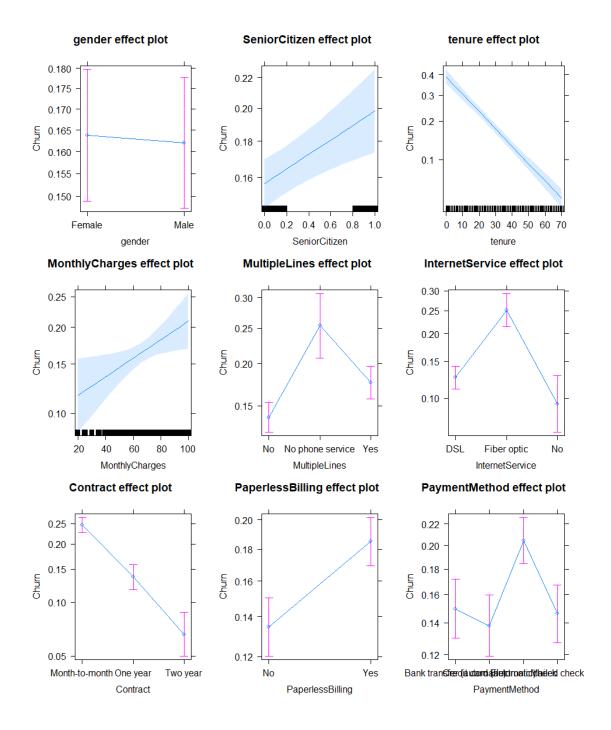
```
AUC<-performance(ROCRpred, "auc")
AUC<-unlist(slot(AUC, "y.values"))
AUC<-round(AUC,4)
AUC
## [1] 0.8475
```

The area under the curve of our model is 0.8475. Our model has an accuracy of 84.75% which is really good.

#Predicting Churning on Multiple Variables

```
churnmodel1 <-
glm(Churn~gender+SeniorCitizen+tenure+MonthlyCharges+MultipleLines+InternetSe
rvice+Contract+PaperlessBilling+PaymentMethod,data=telecom,
family="binomial")

plot(allEffects(churnmodel1))</pre>
```



Conclusion

The telecom customer churn analysis depicts various interesting results some of which include:

- 1. Females are \sim 0.2% more likely to churn.
- 2. Senior Citizens are ~4% likely to churn.

- 3. Customers with tenure of 0 months are \sim 40% more likely to churn compared to customers with tenure of 72 months. Between 0 to 40 months the customer is likely to churn. The company should focus on their services during this period.
- 4. Higher monthly charges to customers are more likely to churn. A customer paying \$100 monthly is 1.75x more likely to churn than that of a customer paying \sim \$20 per month.
- 5. Customers with multiple lines are 1.3x more likely to churn compared to people with no multiple lines (single line). Customers with no phone service are 1.9x more likely to churn in comparison with single line service.
- 6. Customers with Fiber Optics are 2.7x more likely to churn in comparison to customers with no internet service. While DSL customers are 1.4x likely to churn compared to customers with no internet service.
- 7. Month to Month customers are 3.5x more likely to churn than a two year contracted customer. While a one year contracted customer is 1.8x more likely to churn than a two year contracted customer.
- 8. Customers with paperless billing are 1.37x more likely to churn than those receiving their monthly bill in the mail.
- 9. Customers paying with Electronic Check are 1.4x more likely to churn in comparison to customers paying in credit card. While customers paying by bank transfer were 1.07x and customers paying by mailed check was 1.03x more likely to churn in comparison to customers paying in credit card.

Recommendations

More research would need to be done to see if these trends are specific to this data set or can be used to speak of other telecom data sets as well. Addition of detailed variables to this data such as price of each service, the location of the customer, demography, and age of customer would help gain further insight.