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Terraform Task1

1. Notes on Terraform

a. What is Terraform?

Terraform is an open-source infrastructure as code (IaC) tool developed by HashiCorp. It allows users to define and provision data center infrastructure using a high-level configuration language called HashiCorp Configuration Language (HCL). Terraform manages external resources (such as public cloud infrastructure, private cloud infrastructure, network appliances, software as a service, and platform as a service) with a modular and efficient approach.

b. Why Terraform?

Terraform is widely used for several reasons:

- 1. **Platform Agnostic**: Terraform supports multiple service providers, including AWS, Azure, Google Cloud, and others, making it versatile for various cloud environments.
- 2. **Infrastructure as Code**: Enables writing and managing infrastructure through code, which promotes version control, collaboration, and automation.
- 3. **Declarative Language**: Users describe the desired state of their infrastructure, and Terraform takes care of achieving that state.
- 4. **Modular and Reusable**: Supports modular configurations, making it easy to reuse code for different projects and teams.
- 5. **State Management**: Keeps track of infrastructure state, ensuring updates and changes are applied correctly and safely.

c. Benefits of Terraform

- 1. **Scalability**: Simplifies scaling infrastructure up or down by modifying configuration files.
- 2. **Consistency**: Ensures consistent environments across different deployments by using the same configuration files.
- 3. **Collaboration**: Facilitates teamwork through shared configuration files and version control.
- 4. **Automation**: Automates the provisioning and management of infrastructure, reducing manual intervention and errors.
- 5. **Cost-Effective**: Optimizes resource management and minimizes unnecessary expenditures.

2. Launching Two EC2 Instances

To launch two EC2 instances named "myapp-1" and "myapp-2" using Amazon Linux OS in the ap-south-1 region, follow these Terraform steps:

1. Create a Terraform Configuration File: create a new file named main.tf.

```
provider "aws" {
  region = "ap-south-1"
  access_key = "AKIA4MTTRYQCL6HZ"
  secret_key = "Ad9jTGv4evN511/JCb3qfYdqn/bhRIt"
 }
 resource "aws_instance" "myapp_1" {
           = "ami-0e1d0622679bc1c5" # Replace with the latest Amazon Linux 2
 AMI ID
  instance_type = "t2.micro"
  tags = {
   Name = "myapp-1"
  }
 }
 resource "aws_instance" "myapp_2" {
           = "ami-0e1d06225679c1c5" # Replace with the latest Amazon Linux 2
  ami
 AMI ID
  instance_type = "t2.micro"
  tags = {
   Name = "myapp-2"
  }
```

After creating this file use terraform init command for iniatialization

Then use terraform plan and after terraform apply

nano main.tf

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-40-189:-/assignment$ 1s
ubuntu@ip-172-31-40-189:-/assignment$ main.tf
main.tf: command not found
ubuntu@ip-172-31-40-189:-/assignment$ nano main.tf
ubuntu@ip-172-31-40-189:-/assignment$ 1s
main.tf
ubuntu@ip-172-31-40-189:-/assignment$ 1s

main.tf
ubuntu@ip-172-31-40-189:-/assignment$

i-05a3932caa1b7821c (Terraform)

PublicIPs: 65.2.166.215 PrivateIPs: 172.31.40.189
```

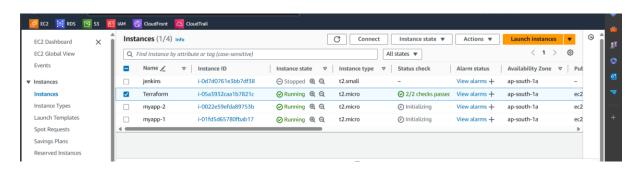
terraform plan



terraform apply



This is output



3. Installing Terraform, Integrating AWS, and Launching an EC2 Instance

Installing Terraform

- 1. **Download Terraform**: Download the Terraform binary from the Terraform website.
- 2. **Install Terraform**: Unzip the binary and move it to a directory included in your system's PATH.

```
$ unzip terraform_<VERSION>_linux_amd64.zip
$ sudo mv terraform /usr/local/bin/
$ terraform --version
```

Integrating AWS with Terraform

1. Configure AWS CLI: Install and configure the AWS CLI with your credentials.

```
$ aws configure
```

2. **Set Up VS Code**: Install the Terraform extension for Visual Studio Code.

Launching an EC2 Instance using VS Code

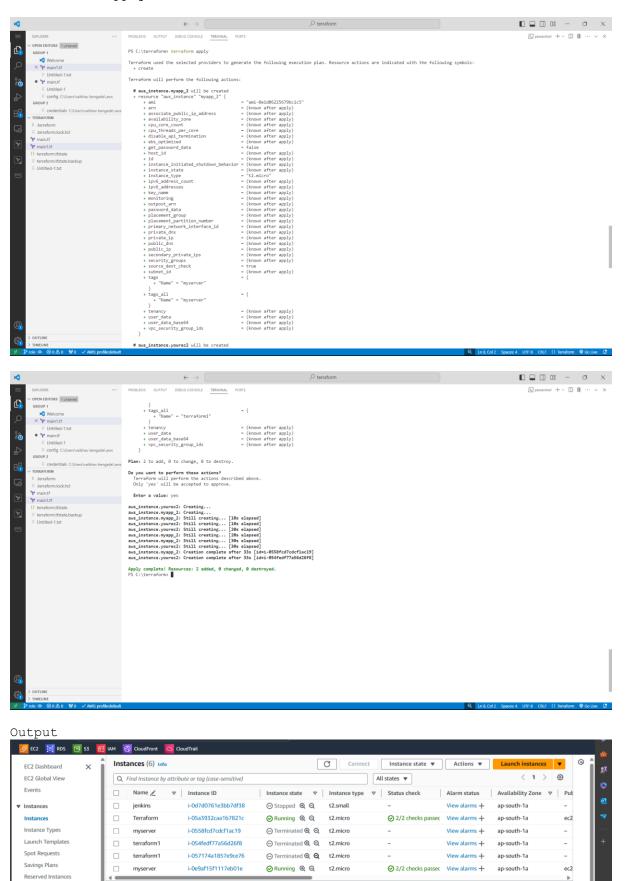
2. **Create a Terraform Configuration File**: In VS Code, create a new file named main.tf.

2. **Initialize Terraform**: Initialize Terraform in your working directory.

```
$ terraform init
```

3. **Apply the Configuration**: Apply the configuration to create the instance.

\$ terraform apply



4. Preparing Documentation and Pushing to GitHub

Pushing to GitHub

1. **Initialize Git Repository**: Navigate to your project directory and initialize a git repository.

```
$ git init
$ git add .
$ git commit -m "Initial commit with Terraform configuration and
documentation"
```

2. **Push to GitHub**: Push the local repository to GitHub.

```
$ git remote add origin <your-github-repository-url>
$ git push -u origin master
```

Example Repository Link

Here's an example repository link for reference: https://github.com/yourusername/terraform-ec2-setup