

# Linux Workshop



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Super AI Engineer 2020

# Workshop Outline (180 minutes)

## Topics

1. Linux VM and Basic Commands
2. Python Environment (Miniconda)
3. Visual Studio Code - Remote SSH
4. Jupyter Notebook / Lab (Web service)

Tasks	Minutes
Linux VM and Basic Commands	30
Python Environment (Miniconda)	20
Visual Studio Code: Extensions, Coding, Terminal	20
Break #1 - Q&A	15
Object Detection with YOLO11	20
API service	20
Break #2 - Q&A	15
Run Jupyter Notebook in VS Code	15
Jupyter Notebook / Lab (Web Service)	15
Q&A	10

# Linux VM and Basic Commands

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With Huawei Cloud

# Related Huawei Cloud Services

- Elastic Cloud Server (VM - CPU / GPU / RAM)

<https://www.huaweicloud.com/intl/en-us/product/ecs.html>

- Elastic Volume Service (Disk storage)

<https://www.huaweicloud.com/intl/en-us/product/evs.html>

- Elastic IP (Network / Internet)

<https://www.huaweicloud.com/intl/en-us/product/eip.html>

# Linux VM Components

**\*\* Pay-per-use \*\***

## 1. Region

- Bangkok
- Singapore
- Hong Kong

## 2. CPU / RAM

## 3. GPU:

- NVIDIA A100, V100
- NVIDIA T4 x2, x4

## 4. Disk

## 5. Network

**\$\$\$\$ USD / Hour \$\$\$\$**

Region

AP-Bangkok

For low network latency and quick resource access, select the region nearest to your target users. [Learn how to select a region.](#)

Billing Mode

Yearly/Monthly

Pay-per-use

Spot price

AZ

Random

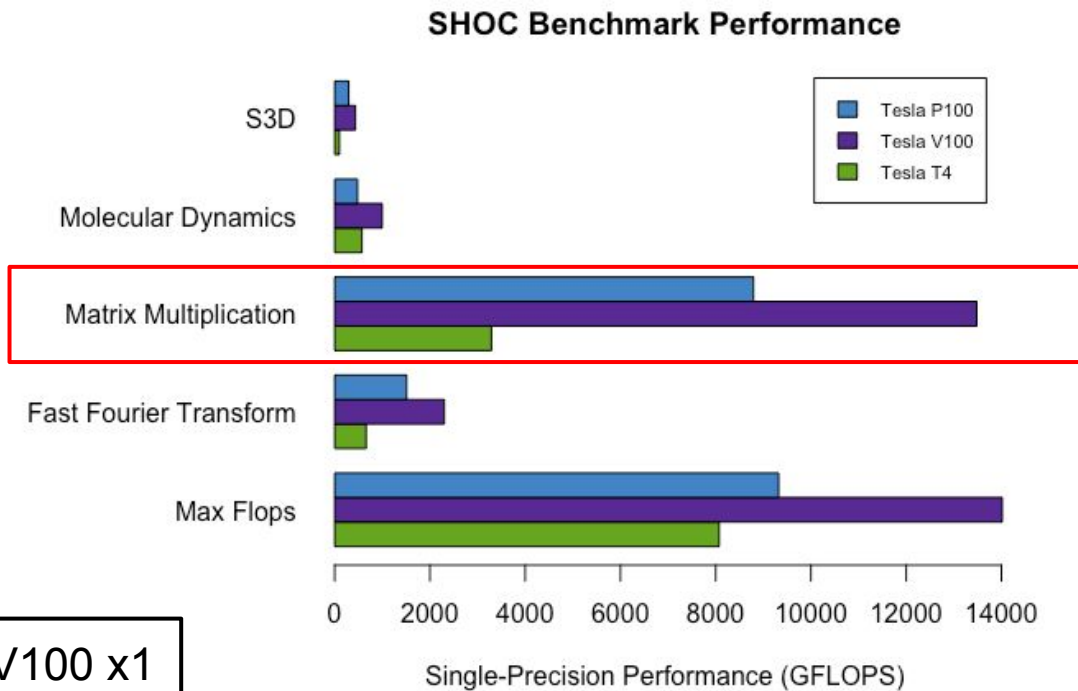
AZ1

AZ2

AZ3

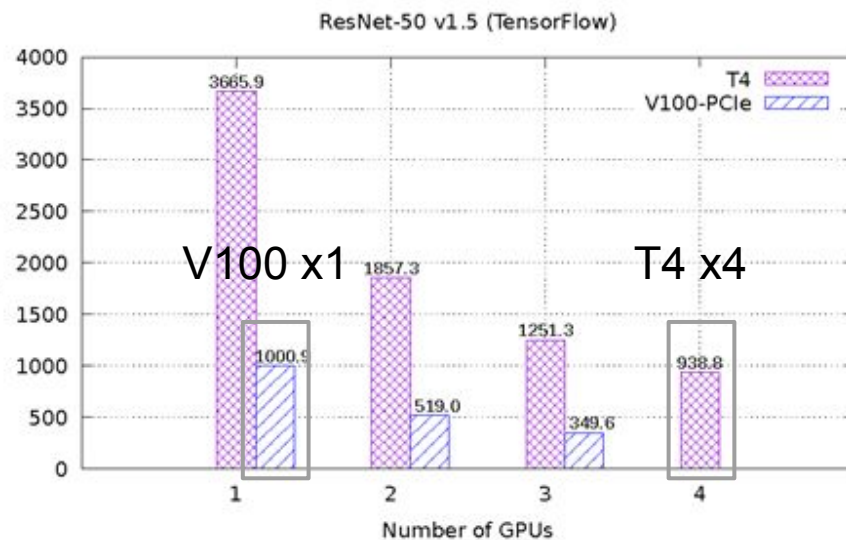
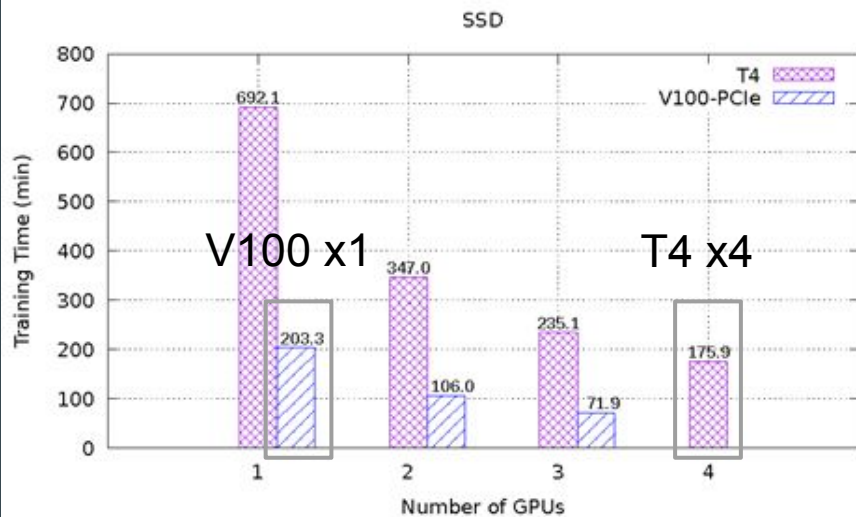
Huawei Elastic Cloud Server							
VM (with GPU)	CPU/RAM	Bandwidth / ping	Region (ping) / USD/hour				Usage
			AP-Hong Kong	AP-Bangkok	AP-Singapore	CN North-3	
			117 ms	75 ms	83.5 ms	324.5 ms / 522 ms	
g5.8xlarge.4 (GPU: 1xV100 16GB)	32vCPUs/128GB	5 Mbps	5.89	5.06	5.02	3.19	USD/hr
			989.52	850.08	843.36	535.92	24hr/1wk
			618.45	531.30	527.10	334.95	15hr/1wk
			494.76	425.04	421.68	267.96	12hr/1wk
		10 Mbps	6.09	5.17	5.14	3.38	USD/hr
			1,023.12	868.56	863.52	567.84	24hr/1wk
			639.45	542.85	539.70	354.90	15hr/1wk
			511.56	434.28	431.76	283.92	12hr/1wk
pi2.8xlarge.4 (GPU: 4xT4, 4x16GB)	32vCPUs/128GB	5 Mbps	4.71	4.07	4.12	4.24	USD/hr
			791.28	683.76	692.16	712.32	24hr/1wk
			494.55	427.35	432.60	445.20	15hr/1wk
			395.64	341.88	346.08	356.16	12hr/1wk
		10 Mbps	4.91	4.18	4.24	4.43	USD/hr
			824.88	702.24	712.32	744.24	24hr/1wk
			515.55	438.90	445.20	465.15	15hr/1wk
			412.44	351.12	356.16	372.12	12hr/1wk

# GPU: NVIDIA T4 vs V100



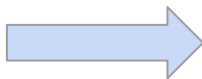
$T4 \times 4 \approx V100 \times 1$

# GPU: NVIDIA T4 x4 vs V100



T4 x4  $\approx$  V100 x1

# GPU: Sharing



NVIDIA-SMI 418.67				Driver Version: 418.67				CUDA Version: 10.1			
GPU	Name	Persistence-M	Bus-Id	Disp.A	Volatile	Uncorr. ECC					
Fan	Temp	Perf	Pwr:Usage/Cap	Memory-Usage	GPU-Util	Compute M.					
0	Tesla T4	Off	00000000:21:01.0	Off		0					
N/A	54C	P0	27W / 70W	1745MiB / 15079MiB	0%	Default					
1	Tesla T4	Off	00000000:21:02.0	Off		0					
N/A	67C	P0	73W / 70W	11865MiB / 15079MiB	100%	Default					
2	Tesla T4	Off	00000000:21:03.0	Off		0					
N/A	44C	P0	32W / 70W	1587MiB / 15079MiB	40%	Default					
3	Tesla T4	Off	00000000:21:04.0	Off		0					
N/A	45C	P0	54W / 70W	1587MiB / 15079MiB	61%	Default					
Processes:											
GPU	PID	Type	Process name				GPU Memory Usage				
0	31569	C	python				1735MiB				
1	17904	C	python				11855MiB				
2	31637	C	python				1577MiB				
3	31707	C	python				1577MiB				

```
import os
```

```
os.environ["CUDA_VISIBLE_DEVICES"] = "0"
```

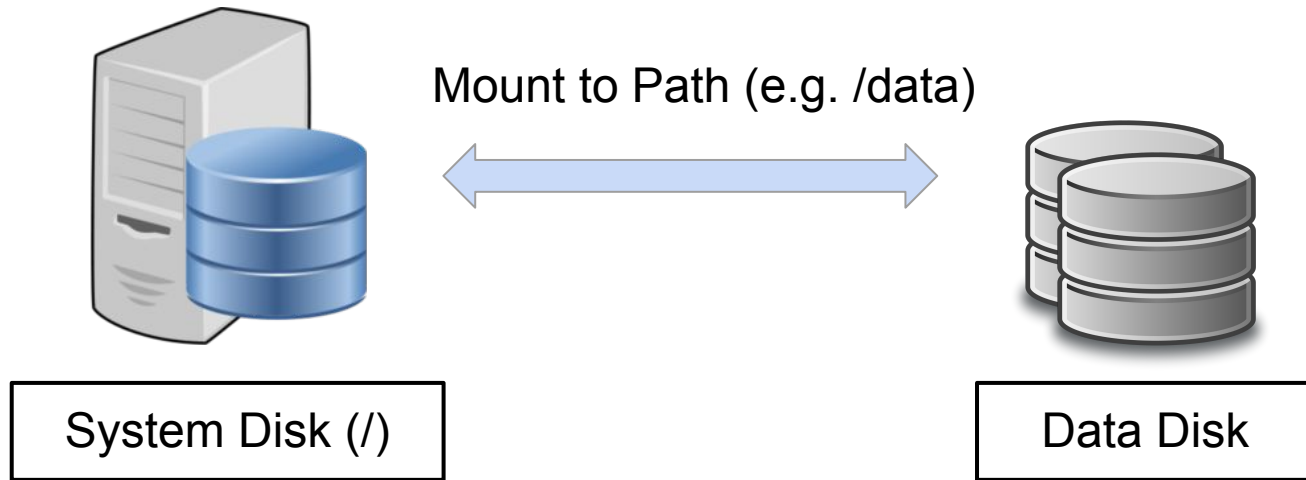
GPU ID: 0,1,2,3 (in order by nvidia-smi)

0,3 = GPU#0 + GPU#3



# Disk Types

- System Disk - MAX 1 TB
- Data Disk - MAX 32 TB



# Disk Spec

Disk Specifications ?

## Ultra-high I/O

33,000 IOPS ?

350 MB/s

1 ms



**\$0.0003 USD/GB-hour**

## High I/O

5,000 IOPS ?

150 MB/s

1 ms - 3 ms



**\$0.0001 USD/GB-hour**

## Common I/O

2,200 IOPS ?

50 MB/s

5 ms - 10 ms



**\$0.0001 USD/GB-hour**

Disk Size

— 1,000 + GB ? [Select Data Source](#) ▼


Selected Specifications

Ultra-high I/O | 1000GB IOPS limit: 33,000. Throughput: 350 MB/s. [Learn how they were calculated](#)

1 TB = \$0.3/Hour = \$7.2/Day

# Network

EIP

☒ Auto assign ☐ Use existing ☐ Not required 


EIP Type

Dynamic BGP

 Greater than or equal to 99.95% service availability rate

Billed By



Bandwidth   
For heavy/stable traffic



Traffic  
For light/sharply fluctuating tra... 



Shared bandwidth  
For staggered peak hours

Billed based on total traffic irrespective of usage duration; configurable maximum bandwidth size.

Bandwidth Size

5

10

20

50

100

Custom

—

300

+

The bandwidth can be from 1 to 300 Mbit/s.

 Free Anti-DDoS protection

# Sample Budget Management

## Region

- AP-Bangkok

## GPU

- pi2.8xlarge.4 = T4 x 4

## Disk

- System Disk
- Data Disk

## Network

- Traffic (Max 300 Mbps)

AP-Bangkok	Disk[IOPS]	USD	24x7	15x7	12x7
		per hour/hour	168	105	84
pi2.8xlarge.4 (sys)	40GB[1440]	4.002	672.34	420.21	336.17
	500GB[4200]	4.048	680.06	425.04	340.03
	1TB[5000]	4.1004	688.87	430.54	344.43
	500GB[26500]	4.133	694.34	433.97	347.17
	1TB[33000]	4.2744	718.10	448.81	359.05
pi2.8xlarge.4 (FREE sys 40GB + data)	500GB[4200]	4.052	680.74	425.46	340.37
	1TB[5000]	4.1044	689.54	430.96	344.77
	500GB[26500]	4.137	695.02	434.39	347.51
	1TB[33000]	4.2784	718.77	449.23	359.39
EIP (Bandwidth)	5 Mbps	0.065	10.92	6.83	5.46
	10 Mbps	0.175	29.40	18.38	14.70
	20 Mbps	0.395	66.36	41.48	33.18
	50 Mbps	1.055	177.24	110.78	88.62
	100 Mbps	2.155	362.04	226.28	181.02

# Billing

Bills

Bill Details

Billing Cycle

Jan 2021

↓ Export

Estimated Total ?

Discounts: \$0.00000000 USD

\$27.18 USD

▼ HUAWEI CLOUD Charges

\$27.18 USD

Details

HUAWEI CLOUD Charges

\$27.18 USD

▼ Elastic Volume Service

\$1.33 USD

▼ Elastic Cloud Server

\$25.85 USD

▼ Virtual Private Cloud

\$0.00 USD

# Access to a Linux VM

...

# Task 1.1) Access to a Linux VM

Host	vm1.lnode.com	vm2.lnode.com	vm3.lnode.com	vm4.lnode.com
Super AI ID	500003 - 500397	500407 - 500952	500988 - 502138	502197 - 510290

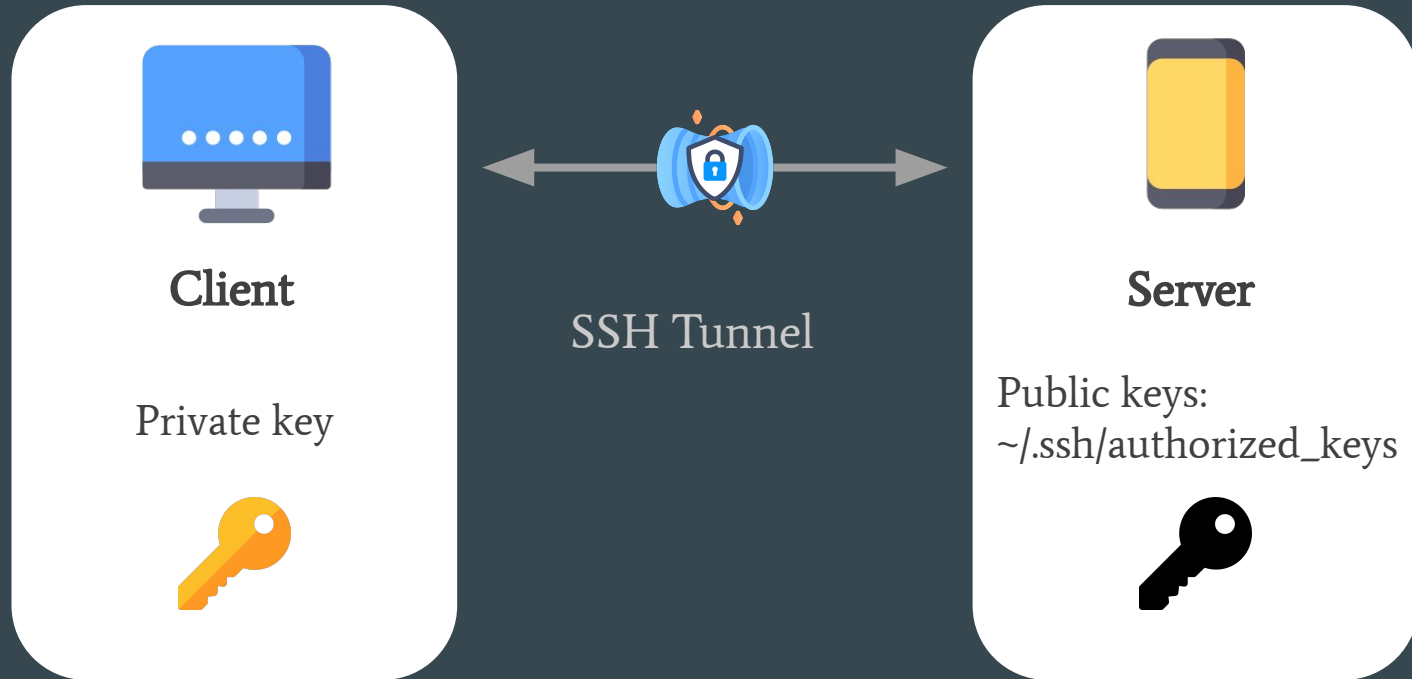
Username:      u50xxxx

Password:                      SuperAI@5

SSH to the Linux VM :

```
ssh      u50xxx@vm?.lnode.com
```

## Task 1.2) Setup SSH Key Access (Concept)





## Task 1.2) Setup SSH Key Access (1/2)

1. Generate an SSH key pair (with or without passphrase)

```
ssh-keygen -t ed25519 -f mykey # output file name (mykey, mykey.pub)
```

2. Copy the public key to the server

```
sftp u50xxx@vm?.lnode.com
mkdir .ssh
chmod 700 .ssh # 700 = (user)rwx / (group)--- / (others)---
cd .ssh
put mykey.pub authorized_keys
chmod 600 authorized_keys # 600 = (user)rw- / (group)--- / (others)---
quit
```

3. Access with the private key

```
ssh -i mykey u50xxx@vm?.lnode.com
```

# Setup SSH Key Access (2/2)

## 4. Setup SSH Config

Windows: C:\users\<myuser>\.ssh\config

Mac / Linux: ~/.ssh/config

```
Host vm
  HostName      vm?.lnode.com
  User          u50xxx
  IdentityFile  ~/.ssh/mykey      # Path to private key
```

## 5. Access with the Host in SSH Config

```
ssh vm
sftp vm
```

# Passwordless System

1. Setup SSH server config

Files: `/etc/ssh/sshd_config, /etc/ssh/sshd_config.d/*`

```
PasswordAuthentication    no
```

Restart ssh service

```
systemctl restart ssh           # for Ubuntu
```

2. Setup SUDOers not to use password (File: `/etc/sudoers`)

```
# Allow members of group sudo to execute any command  
%sudo    ALL=(ALL:ALL) NOPASSWD: ALL
```

3. Add super users to supplementary group “sudo”

```
sudo usermod -a -G sudo <username>
```

# Basic Linux Commands

...

# Task 1.3) Basic Linux Commands

## Network

- **ssh, sftp** - Secure-Shell (SSH)
- **ping** - host test
- **wget, gdown** - download files

## File System (Storage)

- **ls** - list files, directories
- **rm** - remove files, directories
- **cat** - display text files, merge files
- **pwd, cd** - current, change directory
- **mkdir, rmdir** - make, remove directory
- **du, df** - disk usage, disk free
- **cp, mv** - copy, move-rename
- **ln** - create link

**.** = current dir, **..** = prev dir, **/** = root, **~** = home

## System

- **apt** - package management
- **passwd** - change password
- **sudo, su** - superuser do, switch user
- **env, export** - environment variables
- **date, timedatectl** - set date-time, timezone
- **reboot, shutdown**

## Misc

- **find** - search for files, directories
- **chown, chgrp** - change owner, group
- **chmod** - change mode (permission)
- **nano, vi** - text editor
- **ps, kill, pkill, killall** - process management
- **top, htop** - system monitor
- **screen, tmux** - terminal multiplexer

# Python Environment

...

with Miniconda

# Python Environment

**System-wide Environment**



**sudo apt install python**

*/usr/bin/python*

**User Environment**



**venv, virtualenv, Miniconda**

*/home/user/\**

# Miniconda

## A Free minimal installer for conda

### Linux installers

Python version	Name	Size
Python 3.9	Miniconda3 Linux 64-bit	63.6 MiB
	Miniconda3 Linux-aarch64 64-bit	62.6 MiB
	Miniconda3 Linux-ppc64le 64-bit	60.6 MiB
	Miniconda3 Linux-s390x 64-bit	57.1 MiB
Python 3.8	Miniconda3 Linux 64-bit	98.8 MiB
	Miniconda3 Linux-aarch64 64-bit	94.8 MiB
	Miniconda3 Linux-ppc64le 64-bit	93.3 MiB
	Miniconda3 Linux-s390x 64-bit	89.0 MiB
Python 3.7	Miniconda3 Linux 64-bit	84.9 MiB
	Miniconda3 Linux-aarch64 64-bit	89.2 MiB
	Miniconda3 Linux-ppc64le 64-bit	88.1 MiB
	Miniconda3 Linux-s390x 64-bit	84.1 MiB



<https://www.anaconda.com/docs/getting-started/miniconda/main>

## Tasks

2.1) Install Miniconda (Linux x64 Installer)

2.2) Manage Python/Conda Packages (pip/conda)

2.3) Work with multiple Python environments

2.4) Remove Env - Uninstall Miniconda



## Task 2.1) Install Miniconda (Linux x64 Installer)

# Download

```
wget https://repo.anaconda.com/miniconda/Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh
```

# Run

```
bash Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh
```

Do you accept the license terms? >>> **yes**

Miniconda3 will now be installed into this location: [/home/u50xxxx/miniconda3] >>> **<ENTER>**

Do you wish to update your shell profile to automatically initialize conda? >>> **yes**

( or update login script by: miniconda3/bin/ **conda init** )

# relogin or reload .bashrc

```
source .bashrc
```

## Task 2.2) Manage Python/Conda Packages (pip/conda)

### List installed Python/ Software Packages:

```
pip/conda list  
(Channel:pypi = Python Package Index)
```

### Install Python/ Software Packages:

```
pip/conda install <package>  
[==version ">=version" "<version"]
```

### Uninstall Python/ Software Packages:

```
pip/conda uninstall <package>
```

### Try to install packages:

- gdown
- numpy==2.0.0

# TensorFlow and PyTorch Installation

- TensorFlow

GPU					
Version	Python version	Compiler	Build tools	cuDNN	CUDA
tensorflow-2.19.0	3.9-3.12	Clang 18.1.8	Bazel 6.5.0	9.3	12.5
tensorflow-2.18.0	3.9-3.12	Clang 17.0.6	Bazel 6.5.0	9.3	12.5
tensorflow-2.17.0	3.9-3.12	Clang 17.0.6	Bazel 6.5.0	8.9	12.3
tensorflow-2.16.1	3.9-3.12	Clang 17.0.6	Bazel 6.5.0	8.9	12.3
tensorflow-2.15.0	3.9-3.11	Clang 16.0.0	Bazel 6.1.0	8.9	12.2
tensorflow-2.14.0	3.9-3.11	Clang 16.0.0	Bazel 6.1.0	8.7	11.8
tensorflow-2.13.0	3.8-3.11	Clang 16.0.0	Bazel 5.3.0	8.6	11.8
tensorflow-2.12.0	3.8-3.11	GCC 9.3.1	Bazel 5.3.0	8.6	11.8
tensorflow-2.11.0	3.7-3.10	GCC 9.3.1	Bazel 5.3.0	8.1	11.2
tensorflow-2.10.0	3.7-3.10	GCC 9.3.1	Bazel 5.1.1	8.1	11.2

<https://www.tensorflow.org/install/pip>

CUDA 12.5  $\Rightarrow$  TensorFlow 2.18.0

CUDA 12.3  $\Rightarrow$  TensorFlow 2.16.1

CUDA 11.2  $\Rightarrow$  TensorFlow 2.10.0

- PyTorch

<https://pytorch.org/get-started/locally/>

## Task 2.3) Work with multiple Python environments

### base [Python 3.12]

- TensorFlow [Latest]
- numpy [Latest]

### py2 [Python 2.7]

- TensorFlow 2.1
- numpy 1.16.6

Create Environment:

```
conda create -n py2 python=2.7
```

Activate / Deactivate Environment:

```
conda activate py2  
conda deactivate
```

CONDA Cheat Sheet:

<https://conda.io/projects/conda/en/latest/user-guide/cheatsheet.html>

## Task 2.3) Work with multiple Python environments (cont.)

**base [Python 3.12]**

- numpy [Latest]

`/home/u50xxxx/miniconda3/bin/python`

#1: Try with different  
path to python

**py2 [Python 2.7]**

- numpy 1.16.6

`/home/u50xxxx/miniconda3/envs/py2/bin/python`



```
/home/u50xxxx/miniconda3/bin/python -c "import numpy; print(numpy.version.version)"  
/home/u50xxxx/miniconda3/envs/py2/bin/python -c "import numpy; print(numpy.version.version)"
```

#2: Run with conda

```
conda run -n base python -c "import numpy; print(numpy.version.version)"  
conda run -n py2 python -c "import numpy; print(numpy.version.version)"
```

## Task 2.4) Remove Env - Uninstall Miniconda

- Remove Environment:

```
conda deactivate
conda remove -n py2 --all
#or conda env remove -n py2
```

- Uninstall Miniconda

```
conda deactivate
conda init --reverse          # remove conda from login script
rm -rf ~/miniconda3 ~/.conda  # remove files
```

~ = \$HOME = /home/u50xxxx

# Visual Studio Code

...

# Visual Studio Code

<https://code.visualstudio.com/>

## Tasks

### 3.1) Install Extensions

- Remote - SSH
- Python

### 3.2) Coding and Terminal

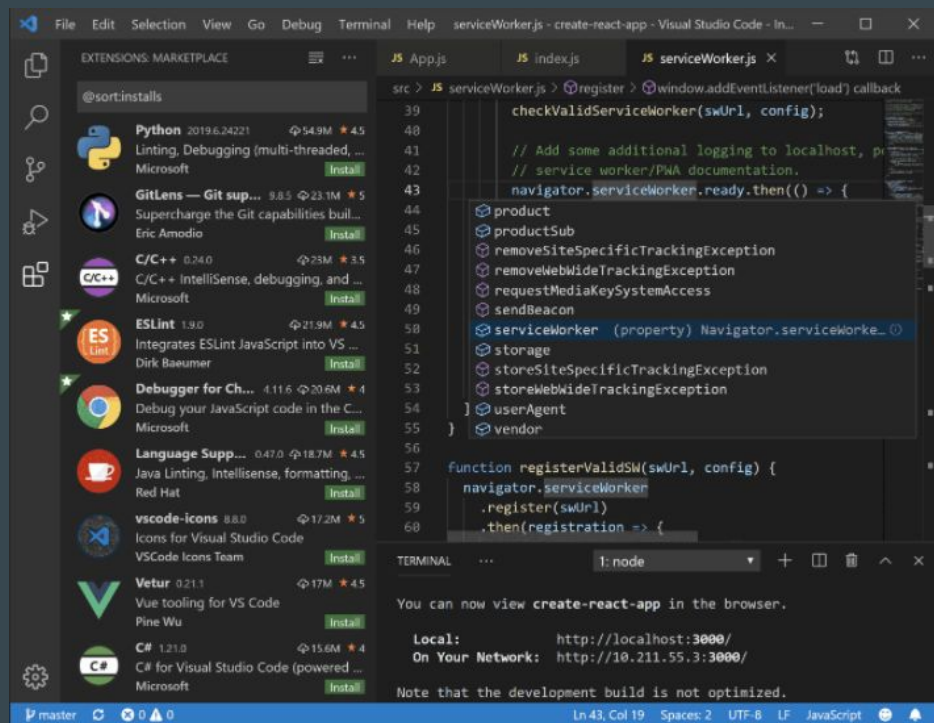
### 3.3) Object Detection with YOLO

### 3.4) File Transfer

### 3.5) Object Detection API (FastAPI)

### 3.6) Port Forwarding

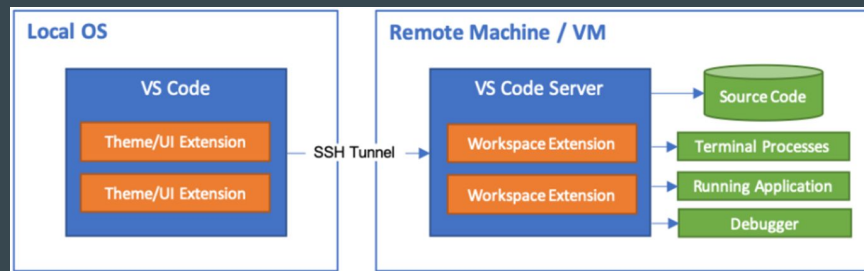
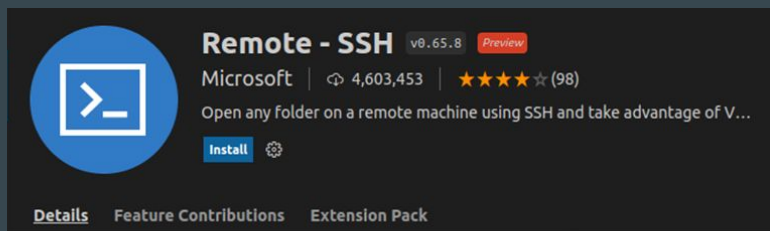
### 3.7) Jupyter Notebook (ipynb) support



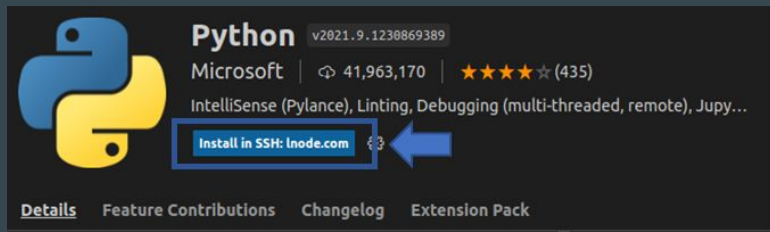


# Task 3.1) Install Extensions

- Remote - SSH



- Python



# Task 3.2) Coding and Terminal

- Connect to Host
- Explorer
- Write / Run Code
- Open / Close Terminal
- Move / Split Screens

The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code (VS Code) interface. The main editor window displays a Python file named `detect.py` with the following code:

```
1 import argparse
2 import os
3 import platform
4 import shutil
5 import time
6 from pathlib import Path
7
8 import cv2
9 import torch
10 import torch.backends.cudnn as cudnn
11 from numpy import random
12
13 from utils.google_utils import attempt_load
14 from utils.datasets import LoadStreams, LoadImages
15 from utils.general import *
```

Below the editor, the **TERMINAL** tab is active, showing the output of the `python --version` command:

```
$ python --version
Python 3.8.10
$
```

Another terminal window is open, showing the output of the `uptime` command:

```
$ uptime
00:26:06 up 10 days, 14:30, 7 users, load
average: 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
$
```

At the bottom, the **TASKS** window is open, displaying a list of running processes:

PID	USER	PRI	NI	VIRT	RES	SHR	S	CPU%	MEM%	TIME+	Command
460665	kk	20	0	8248	4412	3380	R	0.7	0.1	0:00.97	htop
374452	kk	20	0	1273M	80348	15588	S	0.7	1.1	2:07.91	/usr/bi
458205	kk	20	0	1129M	53584	30312	S	0.0	0.7	0:02.58	/home/k

Below the task list, there are keyboard shortcuts for various actions: F1 Help, F2 Setup, F3 Search, F4 Filter, F5 Tree, F6 SortBy, F7 Nice, F8 Nice, F9 Kill.

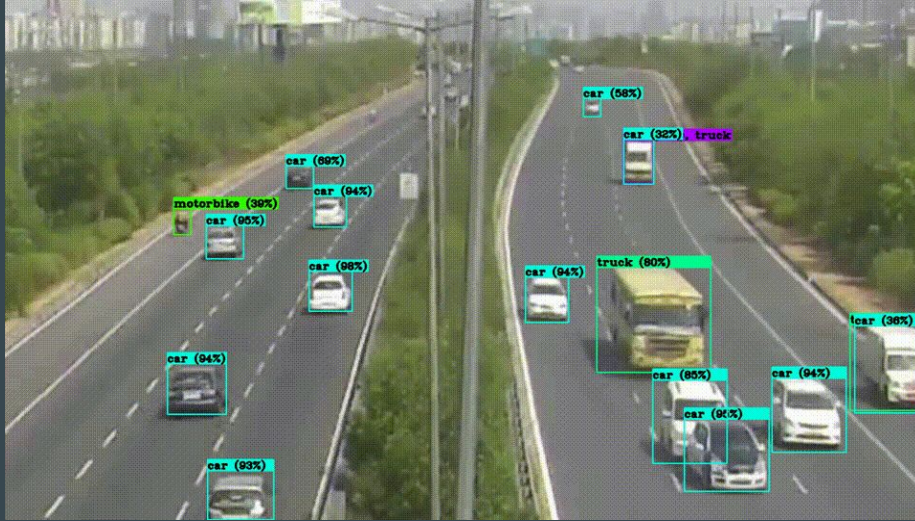
# Linux Workshop

...

Break #1 & QA

## Task 3.3) Object Detection with YOLO

# Object Detection



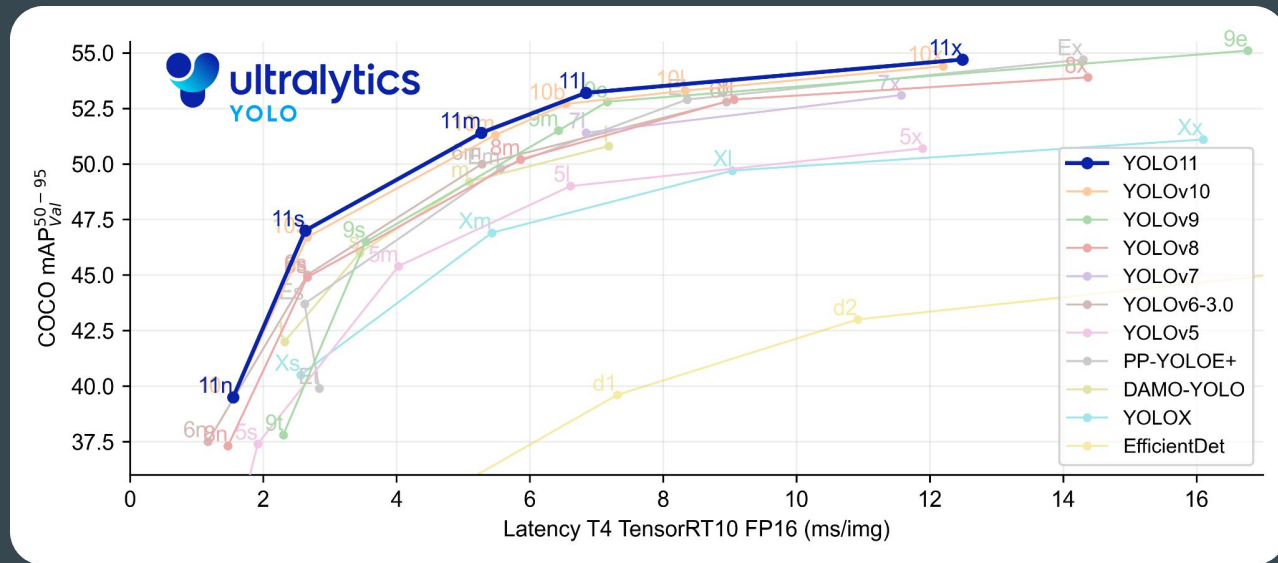
# Object Tracking



# Object Localization $\Rightarrow$ Image Classification $\Rightarrow$ Object Tracking

# YOLO Family

# Ultralytics YOLO11 vs others



YOLO11 - <https://docs.ultralytics.com/models/yolo11>

YOLOv12 - <https://github.com/sunsmarterije/yolov12>

# YOLO Family

YOLOv12  
YOLO11  
YOLOv1-10  
YOLO9000  
PP-YOLO  
YOLOR  
YOLOX

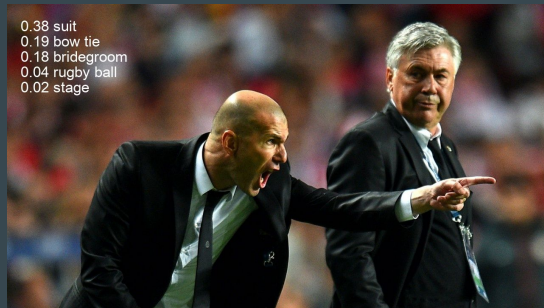
■ ■ ■



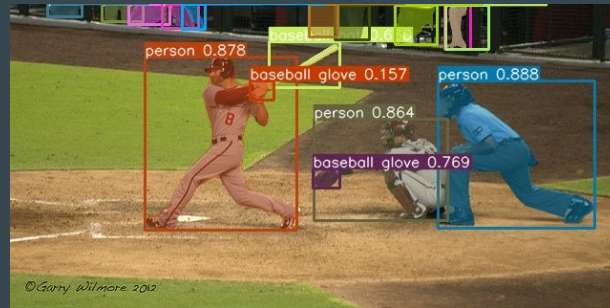
# More YOLO Tasks



Pose Estimation



Classification



Instance Segmentation



Oriented Bounding Boxes



Track

and more..

# YOLO11 - Installation

1. Install Ultralytics YOLO

```
pip install ultralytics
```

2. Try CLI Inference with pre-trained weight (COCO dataset - 80 classes)

```
# weight in: /data/yolo11n.pt, sample images: /data/*.jpg  
yolo predict model=/data/yolo11n.pt source=/data/*.jpg
```

# YOLO11 - Python

## 3. Inference with Python

```
import os
import glob
from ultralytics import YOLO

model = YOLO('/data/yolo11n.pt')

results = model(glob.glob('/data/*.jpg'))

for result in results:
    filename = f'result_{os.path.basename(result.path)}'
    result.save(filename)
```

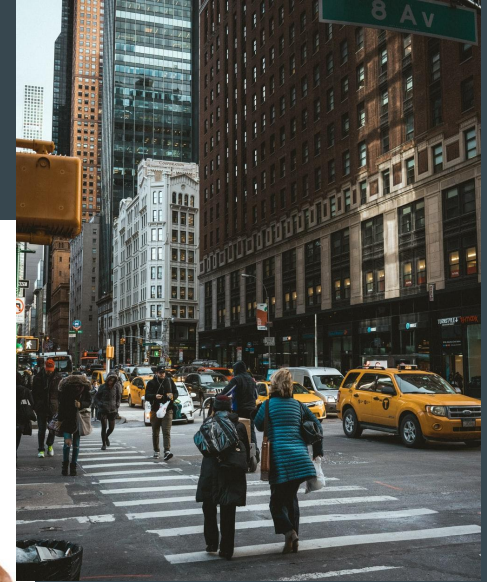
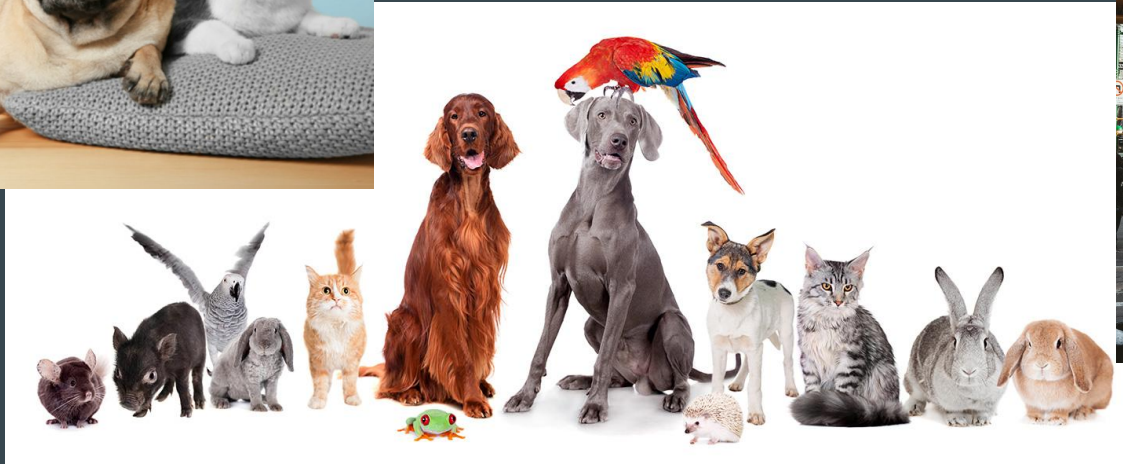
Ref: <https://docs.ultralytics.com/modes/predict/>



## Task 3.4) File Transfer



Try with your image files !



Put your result in:

[https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1hnpkJpOtByBJkASNntwlm\\_i0npU-wNFu](https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1hnpkJpOtByBJkASNntwlm_i0npU-wNFu)

# Task 3.5) Object Detection API (with FastAPI)

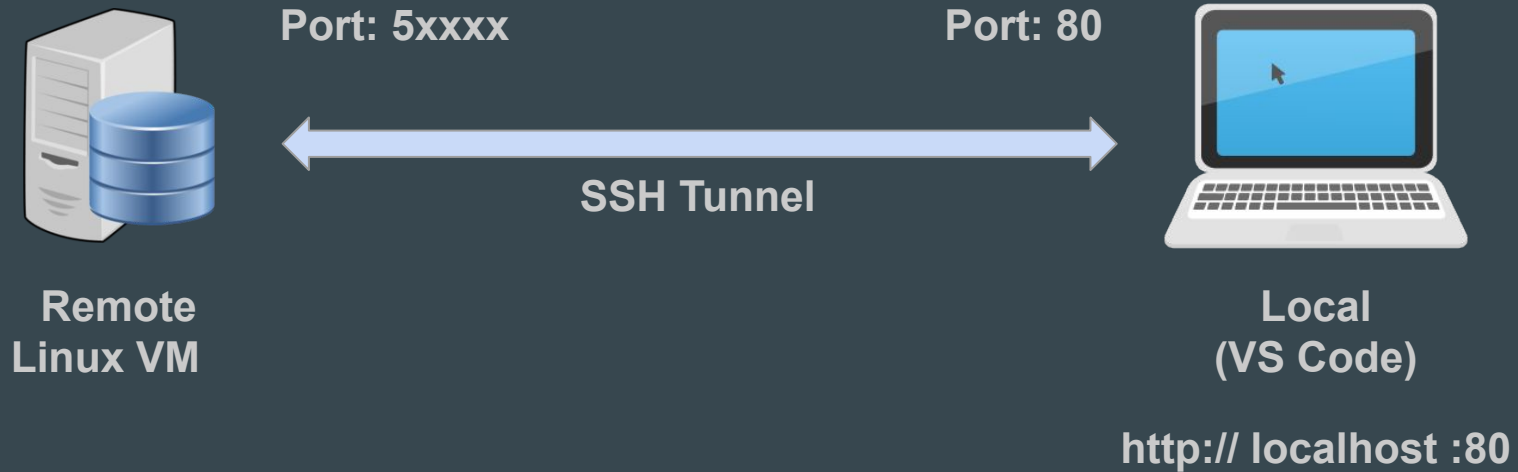
Web Browser  
- API Client



API Server (HTTP)

<b>IP:</b>	0.0.0.0	(Public / Internet)
	127.0.0.1	(Private / Local host)
<b>Port:</b>	50000+superaid(4 digits) valid port: 1024 - 65535)	
<b>Services:</b>	<b>1) Main page</b> Method: GET Path: / Return: HTML (web)	
	<b>2) Object Detection API</b> Method: POST Path: /detect/ Body: file (binary) Return: file (binary)	

## Task 3.6) Port Forwarding



# Linux Workshop

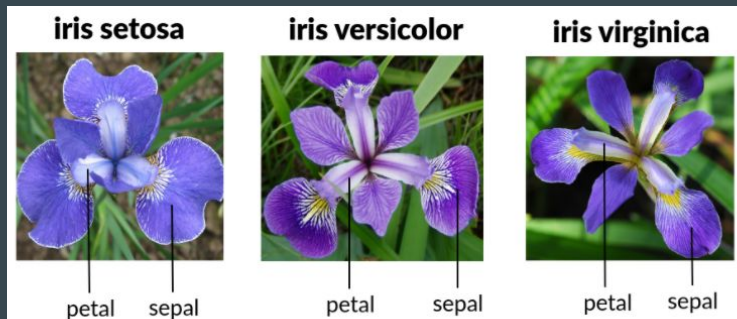
...

Break #2 & QA

# Task 3.7) Jupyter Notebook (ipynb) support

```
pip install jupyter
```

- Open / Create a new file with extension “.ipynb”
- Write Markdown and Code cells
- Run Code cells
- Try iris classification with scikit-learn

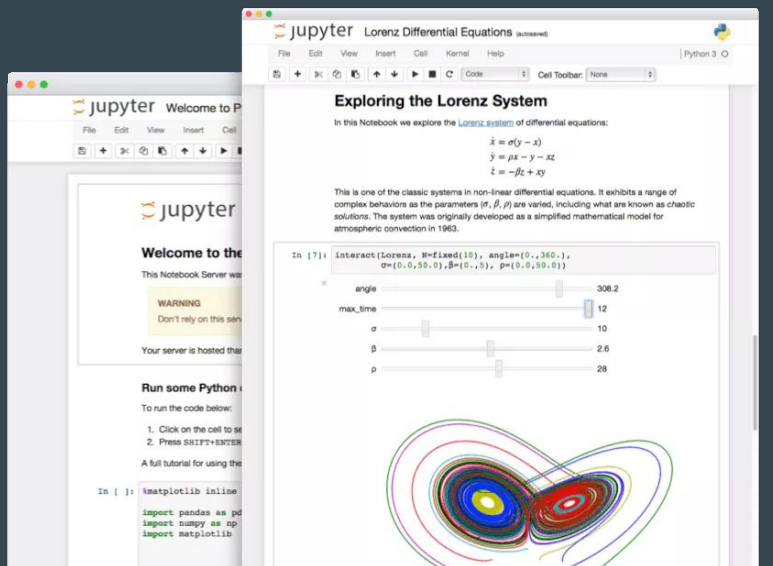


# Jupyter Notebook / Lab

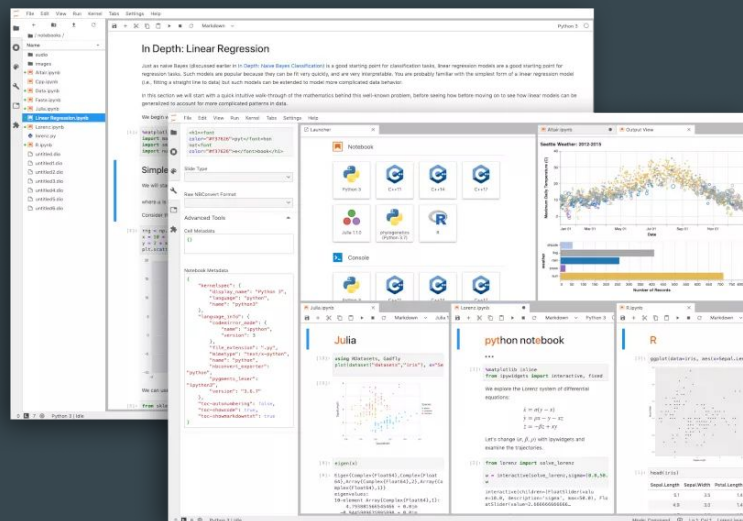
...

# Project Jupyter

<https://jupyter.org/>



Jupyter Notebook



JupyterLab

# Jupyter Notebook

## 4.1) Install

```
pip install jupyter
```

## 4.2) Setup

```
jupyter notebook --generate-config
```



```
~/.jupyter/jupyter_notebook_config.py
```

```
c.NotebookApp.ip = ''  
c.NotebookApp.open_browser = False  
c.NotebookApp.quit_button = False  
c.NotebookApp.port = 50000 #+superai id(4 digits)  
                        # valid port: 1024 - 65535)
```

## 4.3) Set Password

```
jupyter notebook password
```



# Jupyter Notebook

## 4.4) Run

```
jupyter notebook
```

# JupyterLab

## 4.5) Install and Run JupyterLab

```
pip install jupyterlab
```

```
jupyter lab
```

# Jupyter Notebook

## 4.6) Run a notebook in background

```
jupyter nbconvert file.ipynb --to notebook --execute
```

# Linux Workshop

...

Q&A Session