

COOL! WEATHER PREDICTION MODEL

JURUSAN
DATA SCIENCE

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PROBLEM STATEMENT & OBJECTIVES

The model aims to provide reliable predictions for better decision-making in daily activities.

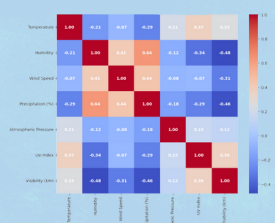
Objectives:

- Analyze historical weather data to identify patterns
- Uses input data to accurately forecast the weather
- Quantify the likelihood of the forecast in percentage for simple comprehension

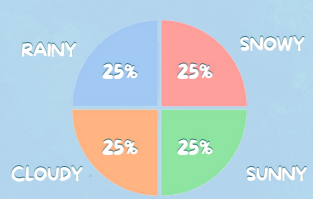
DATA DESCRIPTION

Numerical Variables	Categorical variables
Temperature Humidity Wind Speed Precipitation (%) Atmospheric Pressure UV Index Visibility (km)	Cloud Cover Season Location Weather Type

NUMERICAL VARIABLE CORRELATION



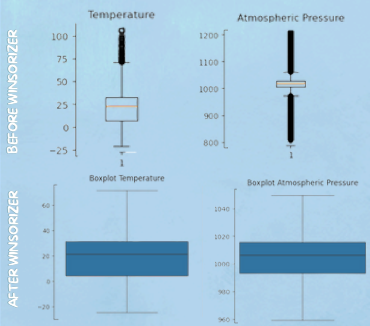
TARGET DISTRIBUTION



FINE TUNING MODEL

- SVM Parameter :**
- C = 10
 - kernel = "rbf"
 - gamma = "auto"
- Decision Tree Parameter :**
- max_depth = 9
 - criterion = "gini"
 - max_features = "sqrt"
- Random Forest Parameter :**
- n_estimator = 200
 - max_depth = 5
 - max_features = "sqrt"

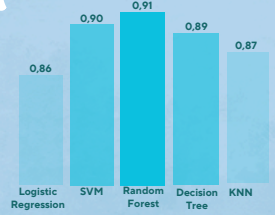
OUTLIER HANDLING



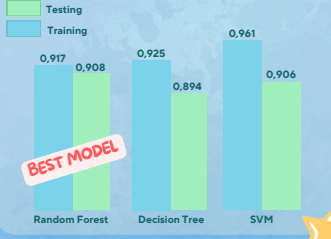
ML MODELLING

- Logistic Regression
- Support Vector Machine #2
- Random Forest #1
- K-Nearest Neighbor
- Decision Tree #3

Model Testing Accuracy



EVALUATION & ANALYSIS



CLASSIFICATION REPORT

Training	Testing
Accuracy: 0.916	Accuracy: 0.907
Recall: 0.92	Recall: 0.91
Precision: 0.92	Precision: 0.91
F1-Score: 0.92	F1-Score: 0.91
The weighted average is used as our scoring result	

CONCLUSION

By using our training data the random forest model has the best accuracy, we were able to accurately forecast the testing data for the weather dataset using classification report based on the analysis above our model is not overfitting nor underfitting