# Statistical Dunkirk

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## Statistics in Society

Major Decisions in many areas are guided by Statistics:

- Government
- Corporations
- Medicine
- Science
- Education

#### Rare Event Rule for Inferential Statistics [5]

If, under a given assumption, the probability of a particular observed event is extremely small, we conclude that the assumption is probably not correct.

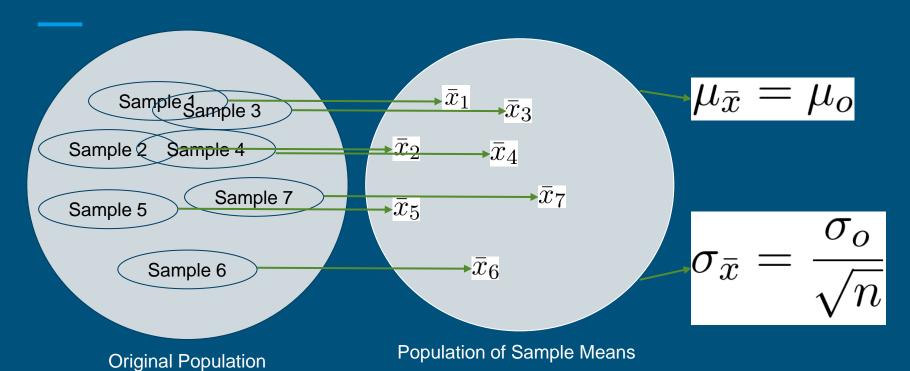
#### Rare Event Rule for Inferential Statistics

- Key Axiom which distinguishes Statistics from other branches of Mathematics
- Foundation for making decisions based on Statistics
- Takes into account both the outcome and the random chance it can occur
- Allows us to apply the rigour of Mathematics to a world of uncertainty

### Central Limit Theorem [5]

For all samples of the same size, n, with n > 30, the sampling distribution of  $\overline{x}$  can be approximated by a normal distribution with mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation  $\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$ 

#### Central Limit Theorem



### Statistics in Medical Research [3]

- Failure to prove/report that test assumptions are not violated (For T Test)
  - New England Journal of Medicine: 16/31 (51.6%)
  - o Nature Medicine: 13/22 (59.1%)
- Failure to specify/define all applied statistical tests clearly and correctly
  - New England Journal of Medicine: 20/31 (64.5%)
  - o *Natur*e Medicine: 20/22 (90.9%)

#### Failure to prove/report that test assumptions are not violated

Theorems have conditions and conclusions (often formulas)

If all conditions are not met, then the conclusions are not guaranteed true

 In applied statistics often we can't meet all conditions perfectly, which is fine IF this deficiency is properly addressed

### Women at Peak Fertility [2]

- 2013 study in *Psychological Science* by psychologists claim that women at peak fertility are 3 times more likely to wear red or pink shirts than women at other points in their menstrual cycles
- Small Sample Size
  - Self-selected sample of 24 undergraduates
- No Simple Random Sample
- Degrees of freedom on data selection and analysis

## Evidence for Extrasensory Perception [2]

- 100 Students participated in a study by social psychologist Daryl Bem, where they were shown images, both non-erotic and erotic.
- Bem et al., claims "anomalous pre-cognitive arousal seconds before image was shown."
- Attempts at replication failed to show similar results.
- Well accepted practices were employed to find any possible relationship, also known as data fishing.

### Zodiac Signs and Health [1]

- A power of 0.05 was used to denote statistical significance.
- The process was repeated until two diagnoses were found for each zodiac sign.
- Increasing interest in data-fishing to find a conclusion with large data sets and no prespecified hypothesis.
- Clinically improbable, yet, significant associations were found between zodiac signs and health.
- Study created to emphasize hazards of testing multiple hypotheses without prespecification.

#### Need of Statisticians for Peer-Reviewing [4]

- High demand, low supply of Statisticians
- Unpaid Labour of checking
- Lack of time
- Waiving a peer-review due to "author expertise"

- USC Undergraduate Program
  - Economics: Econ 317 and Econ 318
    - Econ 317 Elementary statistics for economists
    - Econ 318 Econometrics: Introduction to the application of statistical methods
- USC Masters Program
  - Economics: Econ 513
    - Econ 513 covers the practice of econometrics
- USC Graduate Program
  - Economics: Econ 609 and 611
    - Econ 609 and 611 further explore econometrics and statistics for economists.

- UC Berkeley Undergraduate Program
  - Biochemistry and Molecular Biology: Math 10A and 10B
    - Math 10A and 10B covers elementary statistics at best while covering calculus and combinatorics.
  - Integrative Biology
    - Math 10A and 10B
  - UC Berkeley Master's Program
    - Endocrinology
      - A course in statistics is recommended, but not required.

- Princeton Undergraduate Program
  - Psychology: PSY 251
    - PSY 251 Introduces concepts in quantitative methods including common statistical tests for research to find and evaluate patterns in data.
- Princeton Graduate Program
  - o Psychology: PSY 503
    - PSY 503 Quantitative Analysis in Psychological Research. Statistical reasoning and common used techniques.

Two statistics classes required to earn a Ph.D in Psychology.

- UCSC Undergraduate Program
  - Sociology: SOCY 3B
    - SOCY 3B Statistical Methods. Introduces inferential and descriptive statistics. Basic understanding of probability distributions, sampling, and testing.
- UCSC Graduate Program
  - Sociology: SOCY 204 OPTIONAL
    - SOCY 204 Methods of Quantitative Data. Using statistics to answer sociological questions.

One statistics class required to earn a Ph.D in Sociology.

## Bibliography

- 1. Peter C. Austin, Janet E. Hux, David N. Juurlink, Muhammad M. Mamdani. Testing multiple statistical hypotheses resulted in spurious associations: a study of astrological signs and health. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology. 59. 2006.
- 2. Andrew Gelman, Eric Loken. The Statistical Crisis in Science. American Scientist. November-December 2014.
- 3. Gerhard Marinell, Karl P Pfeiffer, Alexander M Strasak, Hanno Ulmer, Qamruz Zaman. The Use of Statistics in Medical Research. The American Statistician. 61:1, 47-55. 2007.
- 4. David Ozonoff. Quality and Value: Statistics in Peer Review. Nature. 2006.
- 5. Mario Triola. Elementary Statistics. 12th edition. 2014