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Lesson 6: Catching some zzz's

Note: Some parts of the repetition syntax below isn't supported in all regular expression implementations.

A more convenient way is to specify how many repetitions of each character we want using the **curly braces** notation. For example, **a{3}** will match the a character exactly three times. Certain regular expression engines will even allow you to specify a range for this repetition such that **a{1,3}** will match the a character no more than 3 times, but no less than once for example.

This quantifier can be used with any character, or special metacharacters, for example **w{3}** (three w's), **[wxy]{5}** (five characters, each of which can be a w, x, or y) and **.{2,6}** (between two and six of **any** character).

In the lines below, the last string with only one z isn't what we would consider a proper spelling of the slang "wazzup?". Try writing a pattern that matches only the first two spellings by using the curly brace notation above.

Exercise 6: Matching Repeated Characters

Task	Text					
Match	wazzzzzup				6	9
Match	wazzzup				6	9
Skip	wazup					
z{2,3}						
Continue >						

Solve the above task to continue on to the next problem, or read the Solution.

Next – Lesson 7: Mr. Kleene, Mr. Kleene (/lesson/kleene_operators)
Previous – Lesson 5: Character ranges (/lesson/character_ranges)

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