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/*
=====
*   Filename: sudoku.c   Version: 1.0
*   Created: 2015/09/29   Author: Shuaiqi Cao
*   =====
*/
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>

void *grid_checker(void *parameters);
void *row_checker(void *parameters);
void *col_checker(void *parameters);

int sudoku[9][9];
bool sudoku_valid=true;
typedef struct parameters{
    int row;
    int col;
}parameters;

#define DELIM " \\t\\r\\n\\a"
#define READIN_BUF_SIZE 300
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    /*Read the input file "sudoku.txt" as a file stream,
    then convert the stream to a string*/
    FILE *stream;
    stream = fopen("sudoku.txt","r");
    char input[READIN_BUF_SIZE];
    fgets(input,READIN_BUF_SIZE,stream);

    /*Use strtok() to split the input string, convert the
    char in string to integer, and store in the 9*9 array suduko[][]*/
    char *number;
    int row=0;
    int col=0;
    for(row; row<9; row++){
        for(col; col<9; col++){
            number = strtok(input, DELIM);
            while (number != NULL){
                sudoku[row][col] = atoi(number);
                col++;
                number = strtok(NULL, DELIM);
            }
        }
    }
}

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    }
}

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/*Create 27 parameters structs, the 1st to the 9th will represent the start position of subgrid checking; the 10th to the 18th will represent the start position of row checking; the 19th to the 27th will represent the start position of column checking. Assign the position*/

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parameters position[27];
int i, j;
int n=0;
for(i=0; i<3; i++){
    for(j=0; j<3; j++){
        position[n].row = 0+3*i;
        position[n].col = 0+3*j;
        n++;
    }
}

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for(n=0;n<9;n++){
    position[n+9].row=n;
    position[n+9].col=0;
}
for(n=0;n<9;n++){
    position[n+18].row=0;
    position[n+18].col=n;
}

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/*Create 27 threads. 1th to 9th for subgrid checking; 10th to the 18th for row checking; 19th to the 27th for column checking. All of the threads are created and then perform the pthread_join() to wait the thread terminate*/

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pthread_t tid[27];
pthread_attr_t attr[27];
int grid_number;
int row_number;
int col_number;

for(grid_number=0; grid_number<9; grid_number++){
    pthread_attr_init(&attr[grid_number]);
    pthread_create(&tid[grid_number],&attr[grid_number],grid_checker,
(void*)&position[grid_number]);
}

for(row_number=0; row_number<9; row_number++){
    pthread_attr_init(&attr[row_number+9]);
    pthread_create(&tid[row_number+9],&attr[row_number+9],row_checker,
(void*)&position[row_number+9]);
}

for(col_number=0; col_number<9; col_number++){
    pthread_attr_init(&attr[col_number+18]);

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        pthread_create(&tid[col_number+18],&attr[col_number+18],col_checker,
(void*)&position[col_number+18]);
    }

    int k;
    for(k=0;k<27;k++){
        pthread_join(tid[k],NULL);
    }
    /*Check the global bool variable sudoku_valid. This variable will be changed
to false if any digit is missed in any subgrid, row or column. So, if it still
remains true, output that the sudoku is valid*/
    if(sudoku_valid){
        printf("This is a valid Sudoku.\n");
    }else;

    return 0;
}

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void *grid_checker(void *parameters)
{
    /*Set a counter array to count the number of 1-9. Use loop to scan the area
needed to be checked. If it contains all 1-9, the counter array will be all 1*/
    struct parameters* p=(struct parameters*)parameters;
    int row=p->row;
    int col=p->col;
    int counter[9]={0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
    int row_end=row+3;
    int col_end=col+3;
    int i,j;
    for(i=row; i<row_end; i++){
        for(j=col; j<col_end; j++){
            if(sudoku[i][j]==1){
                counter[0]++;
            }else if(sudoku[i][j]==2){
                counter[1]++;
            }else if(sudoku[i][j]==3){
                counter[2]++;
            }else if(sudoku[i][j]==4){
                counter[3]++;
            }else if(sudoku[i][j]==5){
                counter[4]++;
            }else if(sudoku[i][j]==6){
                counter[5]++;
            }else if(sudoku[i][j]==7){
                counter[6]++;
            }else if(sudoku[i][j]==8){
                counter[7]++;
            }else if(sudoku[i][j]==9){
                counter[8]++;
            }
        }
    }
}

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        }else;

    }
}

/*Check whether this area contains all 1-9, if not, put all the missing digits
into the missing_digit[] array*/
int
valid=counter[0]&&counter[1]&&counter[2]&&counter[3]&&counter[4]&&counter[5]&&counter[6]&
&counter[7]&&counter[8];
int missing_digit[9];
int a;
int b=0;
for(a=0; a<9; a++){
    if(counter[a]==0){
        missing_digit[b]=a+1;
        b++;
    }
}

/*If this area is valid, remain the global variable sudoku_valid true; if not,
print out the information of this area missing digits, and change the
sudoku_valid to false*/
if(valid){
    //sudoku_valid=true;
}else{
    sudoku_valid=false;
    printf("Subgrid: row %d to %d and col %d to %d; miss:",row+1, row+3, col+1, col
+3);
    int t;
    for(t=0;t<b;t++){
        printf("%d ",missing_digit[t]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

}

/*Following row_checker() and col_checker() use same strategy as the grid_checker()*/
void *row_checker(void *parameters)
{
    struct parameters* p=(struct parameters*)parameters;
    int row=p->row;
    int col=p->col;
    int counter[9]={0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
    int i;
    for(i=0; i<9; i++){
        if(sudoku[row][i]==1){
            counter[i]++;

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        }else if(sudoku[row][i]==2){
            counter[1]++;
        }else if(sudoku[row][i]==3){
            counter[2]++;
        }else if(sudoku[row][i]==4){
            counter[3]++;
        }else if(sudoku[row][i]==5){
            counter[4]++;
        }else if(sudoku[row][i]==6){
            counter[5]++;
        }else if(sudoku[row][i]==7){
            counter[6]++;
        }else if(sudoku[row][i]==8){
            counter[7]++;
        }else if(sudoku[row][i]==9){
            counter[8]++;
        }else;
    }

    int
    valid=counter[0]&&counter[1]&&counter[2]&&counter[3]&&counter[4]&&counter[5]&&counter[6]&
    &counter[7]&&counter[8];
    int missing_digit[9];
    int a;
    int b=0;
    for(a=0; a<9; a++){
        if(counter[a]==0){
            missing_digit[b]=a+1;
            b++;
        }
    }

    if(valid){
        //sudoku_valid=true;
    }else{
        sudoku_valid=false;
        printf("Row: %d; miss:",row+1);
        int t;
        for(t=0;t<b;t++){
            printf("%d ",missing_digit[t]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}

void *col_checker(void *parameters)
{
    struct parameters* p=(struct parameters*)parameters;
    int row=p->row;

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int col=p->col;
int counter[9]={0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
int i;
for(i=0; i<9; i++){
    if(sudoku[i][col]==1){
        counter[0]++;
    }else if(sudoku[i][col]==2){
        counter[1]++;
    }else if(sudoku[i][col]==3){
        counter[2]++;
    }else if(sudoku[i][col]==4){
        counter[3]++;
    }else if(sudoku[i][col]==5){
        counter[4]++;
    }else if(sudoku[i][col]==6){
        counter[5]++;
    }else if(sudoku[i][col]==7){
        counter[6]++;
    }else if(sudoku[i][col]==8){
        counter[7]++;
    }else if(sudoku[i][col]==9){
        counter[8]++;
    }else;
}

int
valid=counter[0]&&counter[1]&&counter[2]&&counter[3]&&counter[4]&&counter[5]&&counter[6]&
&counter[7]&&counter[8];
int missing_digit[9];
int a;
int b=0;
for(a=0; a<9; a++){
    if(counter[a]==0){
        missing_digit[b]=a+1;
        b++;
    }
}

if(valid){
}else{
    sudoku_valid=false;
    printf("Column: %d; miss:",col+1);
    int t;
    for(t=0;t<b;t++){
        printf("%d ",missing_digit[t]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
}

```