

Optimal Mixed Strategies for Cost-Adversarial Planning Games

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2-Player Normal Form Games

	0,0	-1,1	1,-1
	1,-1	0,0	-1,1
	-1,1	1,-1	0,0

Formally, **2NFG** is $\langle X, Y, u_1, u_2 \rangle$ where

X, Y are sets of Row's and Column's players pure strategies

$u_1: X \times Y \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, u_2: X \times Y \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ utilities

Game is **zero-sum** if $u_1(x, y) + u_2(x, y) = 0$. It is **almost zero-sum** if $u_1(x, y) + u_2(x, y) = f(x)$.

Nash Equilibrium

Mixed strategy is a prob. distribution $p: X \rightarrow [0, 1]$ (resp. $q: Y \rightarrow [0, 1]$)

Best response w.r.t. q is p' such that

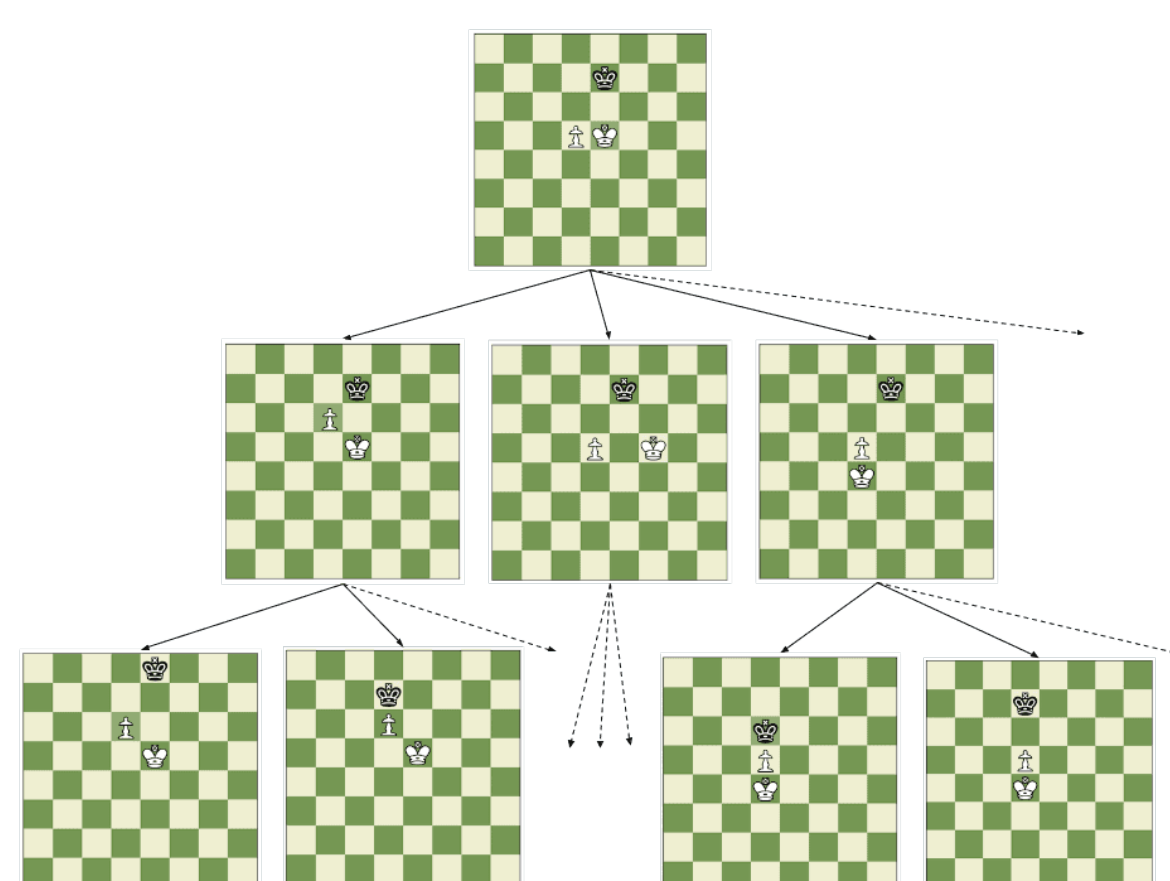
$$u_1(p', q) = \max_p u_1(p, q)$$

Definition: Pair of strategies $\langle p^*, q^* \rangle$ is **Nash Equilibrium** if p^* and q^* are mutually the best responses w.r.t. each other.

For zero-sum games NE can be computed in P-time by LP.

For **large games**, use an iterative method like **Double Oracle** based on the **best response** computations.

Extensive Form Games



Strategies as Plans

EFGs can be presented as NFGs.

Pure strategies are **policies** of the form $\pi: State \rightarrow Action$.

Observation

If we need to prepare the **whole action sequence in advance**, we can model pure strategies as plans!

The cost of a plan is the opposite of our utility and opponent's strategy influences the **action costs**.

Cost-Adversarial Planning Games

Π – planning task $\mathcal{P}(\Pi)$ – set of all its plans

c – base cost function \mathcal{C} – finite set of cost functions

Cost-Adversarial Planning Game (CAPG)

is an **almost zero-sum** game $\langle \mathcal{P}(\Pi), \mathcal{C}, u_1, u_2 \rangle$ where

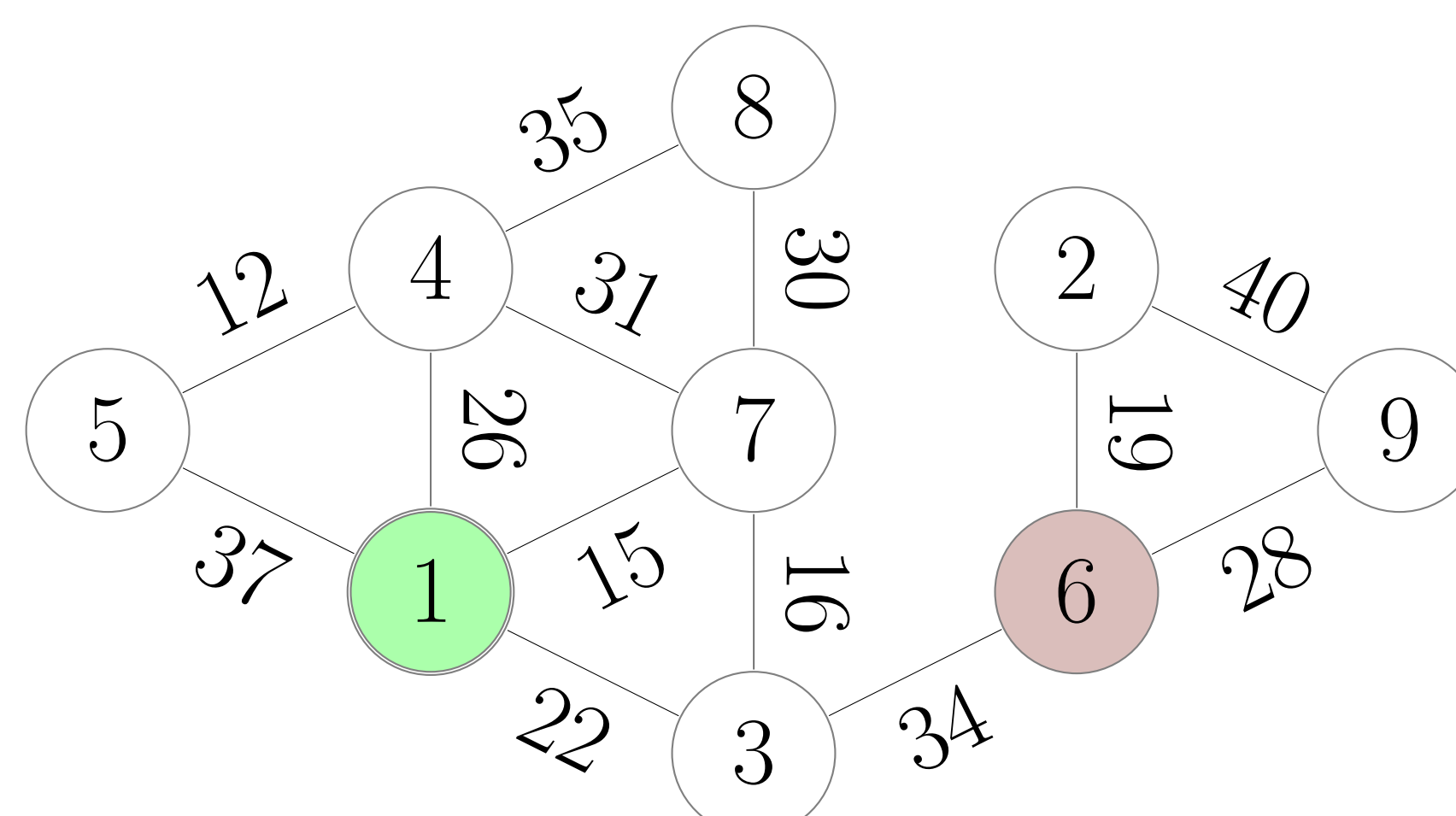
$$u_1(\pi, g) = -c(\pi) - g(\pi), \quad u_2(\pi, g) = g(\pi)$$

for $\pi \in \mathcal{P}(\Pi)$ and $g \in \mathcal{C}$.

The best response w.r.t. a cost function is the **optimal plan**!

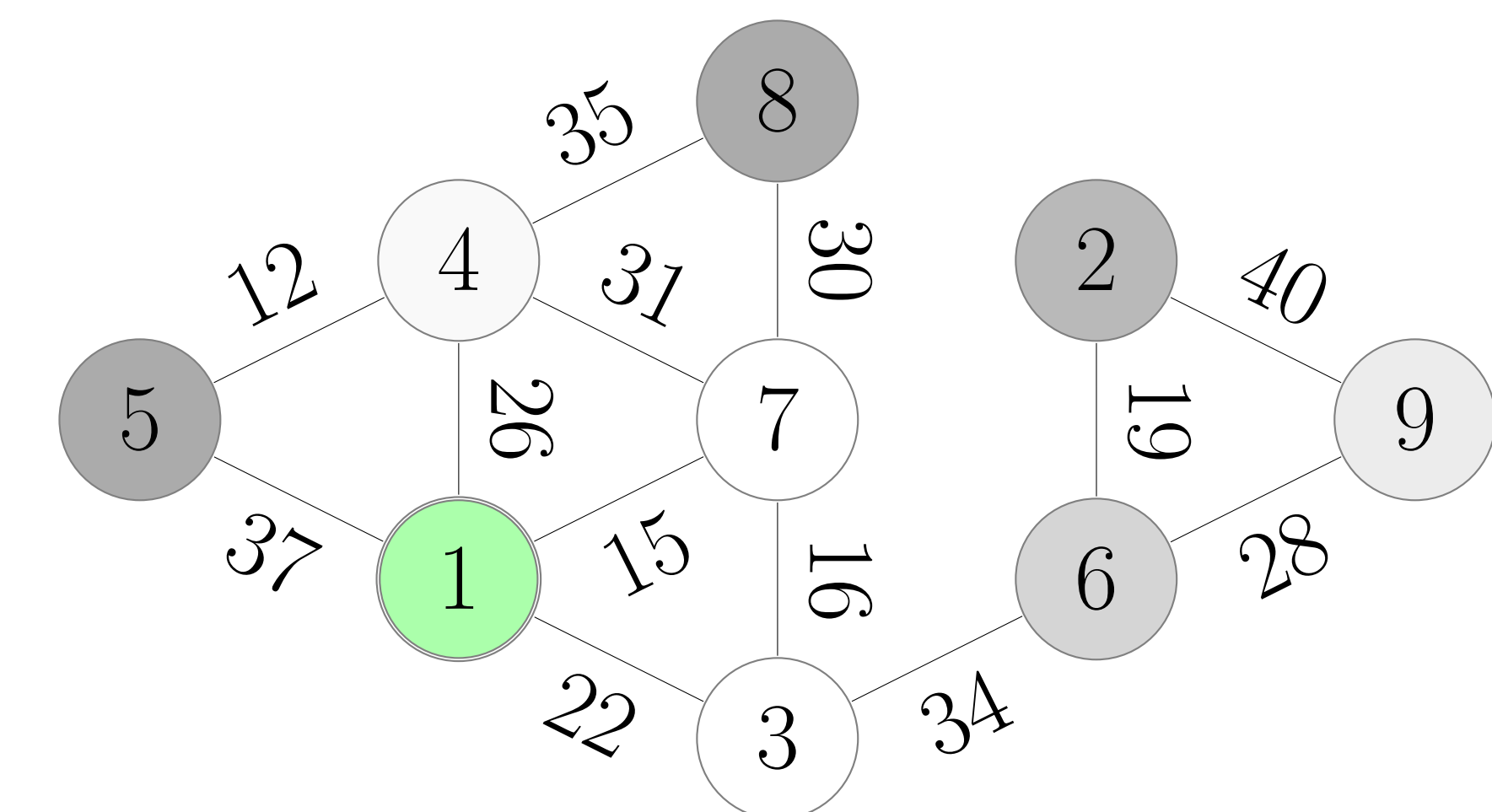
CAPGs can be solved by **Double Oracle** + **optimal planner**.

Patrolling Games

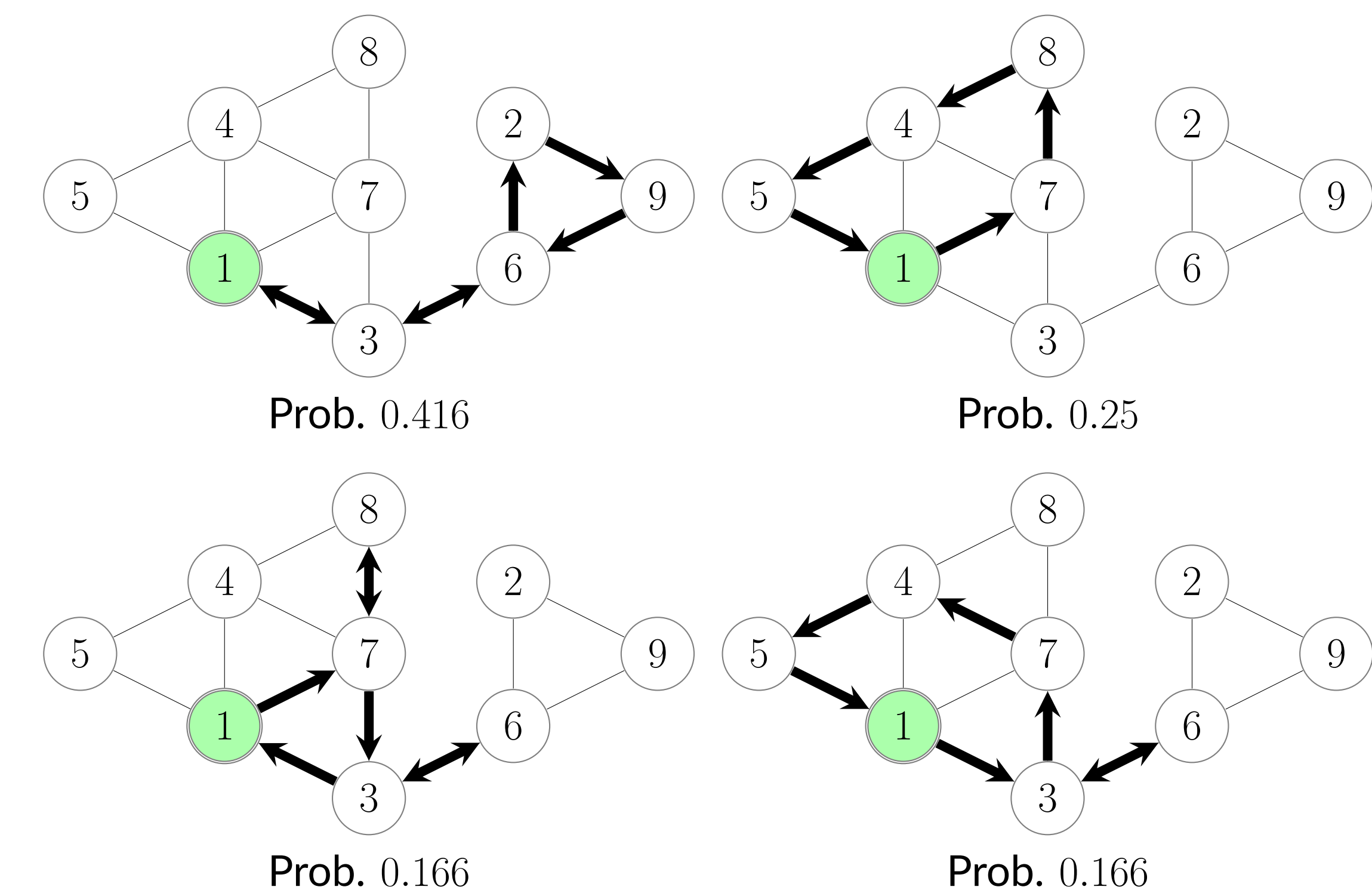


Location 6 – 70%, other locations – 30%

Poacher's Mixed Strategy



Guard's Mixed Strategy



Experiments

domain	ipdb		lmcut		ms	
	NE	cov	NE	cov	NE	cov
patrol	85	90	71	90	81	90
transport	13	14	9	11	11	11
transport-road	13	14	10	11	11	11
data-network	3	12	3	12	3	10
visitall ¹¹	11	16	9	10	9	9

NE found in almost all cases when the optimal planner solved the base planning task.