Assignment 31

Let P_s be the population at start, and P_e be the end population. From the lecture we derive the exponential growth after one year as: $P_e = P_s \left(1 + \frac{1.7}{100}\right)$. After n years we have a population of: $P_e = P_s \left(1 + \frac{1.7}{100}\right)^n$. Since we seek $P_e = 2P_s$, we obtain

$$2P_s = P_s \left(1 + \frac{1.7}{100}\right)^n \qquad \Leftrightarrow \qquad \qquad \\ 2 = \left(1 + \frac{1.7}{100}\right)^n \qquad \Leftrightarrow \qquad \\ \log(2) = \log\left(1 + \frac{1.7}{100}\right)n \qquad \Leftrightarrow \qquad \\ n = \frac{\log(2)}{\log\left(1 + \frac{1.7}{100}\right)} \qquad \Rightarrow \qquad \\ n \approx 41.12(a)$$

Assignment 32

Assignment 33

Assignment 34

Assignment 35

Suppose the limit exists and call it $a\colon \lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{F_{n+1}}{F_n} = a.$ Then:

$$a = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{F_{n+1}}{F_n} = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{F_n + F_{n-1}}{F_n} = 1 + \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{F_{n-1}}{F_n} = 1 + \frac{1}{a}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = a^2 - a - 1$$

Using the midnight equation we obtain the solutions: $\frac{1\pm\sqrt{5}}{2}.$

The program implemented in Python is found in the file fib.py and takes the number of iterations as parameter -n.

Assignment 36