M2

ymonbru

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#### Presheaves and sheaves

Let X be a locally compact Hausdorf space.

#### 1.1 Sheaves

**Definition 1.1.** A presheave on X is a contravariant functor from the category of open sets of X to abélian groups.

**Definition 1.2.** If  $\mathcal{F}$  is a presheaf on X and  $p \in X$  then the stalk of  $\mathcal{F}$  at p is the abelian group  $\mathcal{F}_p := \varinjlim_{p \in U} \mathcal{F}(U)$ .

**Definition 1.3.** If  $\mathcal{F}$  is a presheaf on X, it is said to be a sheaf if for any  $U \subset X$  open and any covering family of U  $(U_a)_{a \in A}$  one has the exact sequence:

$$0 \to \mathcal{F}(U) \to \prod_{a \in A} \mathcal{F}(U_a) \to \prod_{a,b \in A} F(U_a \cap U_b) \tag{1.1}$$

#### 1.2 $\mathcal{K}$ -sheaves

**Definition 1.4.** A K-presheave on X is a contravariant functor from the category of compact sets of X to abélian groups.

**Definition 1.5.** If  $\mathcal{F}$  is a  $\mathcal{K}$ -presheaf on X and  $p \in X$  then the stalk of  $\mathcal{F}$  at p is the abelian group  $\mathcal{F}_p := \varinjlim_{p \in K \ compact} \mathcal{F}(K) = \mathcal{F}(\{p\}).$ 

**Definition 1.6.** If  $\mathcal{F}$  is a  $\mathcal{K}$ -presheaf on X, it is said to be a  $\mathcal{K}$ -sheaf if the following conditions are satisfied:

$$\mathcal{F}(\emptyset) = 0 \tag{1.2}$$

• For  $K_1$  and  $K_2$  two comapets of X the following sequence is exact:

$$0 \to \mathcal{F}(K_1 \cup K_2) \to \mathcal{F}(K_1) \bigoplus \mathcal{F}(K_2) \to \mathcal{F}(K_1 \cap K_2) \tag{1.3}$$

• Pour tout compact K de X, le morphisme naturel suivant est un isomorphisme

$$\lim_{K \subset U \text{ open } \underset{relatively \text{ compact}}{\varinjlim}} \mathcal{F}(\overline{U}) \to \mathcal{F}(K) \tag{1.4}$$

**Remark 1.7.** (1.4) is well defined because if K is a compact subset of X, then for  $x \in K$  let  $U_x$  be an open neighborhood relatively compact (wich exists by local compactness), the family  $(u_x)_{x\in K}$  covers K then one can extract a finite cover of it:  $U_1, ... U_n$  and then  $\bigcup_{i=1}^n U_i$  is an open neighborhood, and a finite union of relatively compact, then it's relatively compact.

#### 1.3 Technical lemmas

**Lemma 1.8.** If  $K_1, ... K_n$  are comapets of X then  $\{U_1 \cap ... \cap U_n\}_{U_i \supset K_i \text{ open in } X}$  is a cofinale systeme of neighborhoods of  $K_1 \cap ... K_n$ .

**Lemma 1.9.** If  $\mathcal C$  and  $\mathcal D$  are two categories,  $F:\mathcal C\to\mathcal D$  and  $G:\mathcal D\to\mathcal C$  two functors such that (F,G) is an adjoint pair. Then for (F,G) to be an equivalence of category, it's enough to have that thes canonical naturals transformations  $id_{\mathcal D}\Rightarrow F\circ G$  and  $G\circ F\Rightarrow id_{\mathcal D}$  are isomorphisms.

**Lemma 1.10.** If  $(K_a)_{a\in A}$  is a filtered directed system of comapets substes of X, and  $\mathcal{F}$  a  $\mathcal{K}$ -presheaf satisfying (1.4), then

$$\varinjlim_{a\in A}\mathcal{F}(K_a)\to\mathcal{F}(\bigcap_{a\in A}K_a)$$

is an isomorphism.

#### 1.4 Equivalence of category

Definition 1.11.

• If  $\mathcal{F}$  is a presheaf then let  $\alpha^*\mathcal{F}$  ne the  $\mathcal{K}$ -presheaf:

$$K \mapsto \varinjlim_{K \subset U \ open} \mathcal{F}(U)$$

• If  $\mathcal{G}$  is a  $\mathcal{K}$ -presheaf then let  $\alpha_*\mathcal{G}$  ne the presheaf:

$$U \mapsto \varprojlim_{U \supset K \begin{subarray}{c} \longleftarrow\\ compact \end{subarray}} \mathcal{F}(K)$$

**Proposition 1.12.** The pair  $(\alpha^*, \alpha_*)$  is an adjorit pair.

$$Proof.$$
 TODO

Lemma 1.13.

α\* send sheaves to K-sheaves
α\* send K-sheaves to sheaves
The reistrictions obtained still form an adjoint pair.
The previous adjoint pair give rise to an adjoint pair between shaeves and K-sheaves
Proof. TODO
Lemma 1.14. The previous adjoint pair give rise to an equivalence of category between shaeves and K-sheaves

Proof.

### Homotopy sheaves

## Pushforward, exceptional pushforward, and pullback

## Čech cohomology

### Purehomotopy $\mathcal{K}\text{-sheaves}$

## Poincaré–Lefschetz duality

### Homotopy colimits

# Homotopy colimits of pure homotopy $\mathcal{K}\text{-sheaves}$

## Steenrod homology