

The background of the slide features a close-up photograph of several small green seedlings with two leaves each, growing out of a mound of dark brown, rich soil. The seedlings are at different stages of growth, with the one on the right being the tallest and most developed. The background is a soft, out-of-focus green, suggesting a natural outdoor setting.

A LOW-COST SENSOR PLATFORM FOR MEASURING SOIL RESPIRATION

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ABOUT ME

- Undergraduate at Washington State University
- Major in Environmental and Ecosystem Sciences
- Minor in Engineering
- Honors College





SEVILLETA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

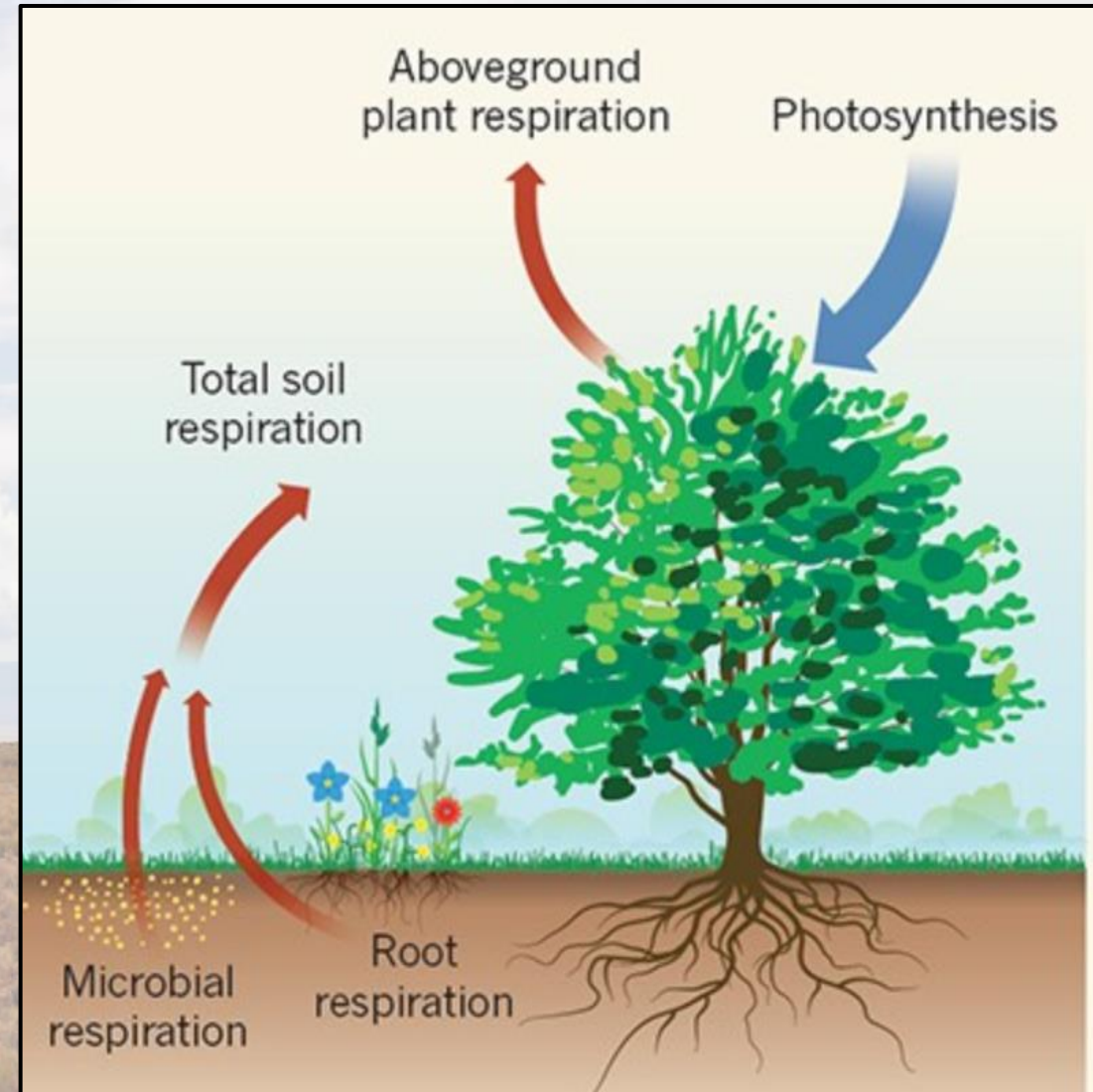
RESEARCH QUESTIONS

- How does the data generated by low-cost sensors compare with data generated by commercial probes
- Are these low-cost sensors accurate enough for scientific research?



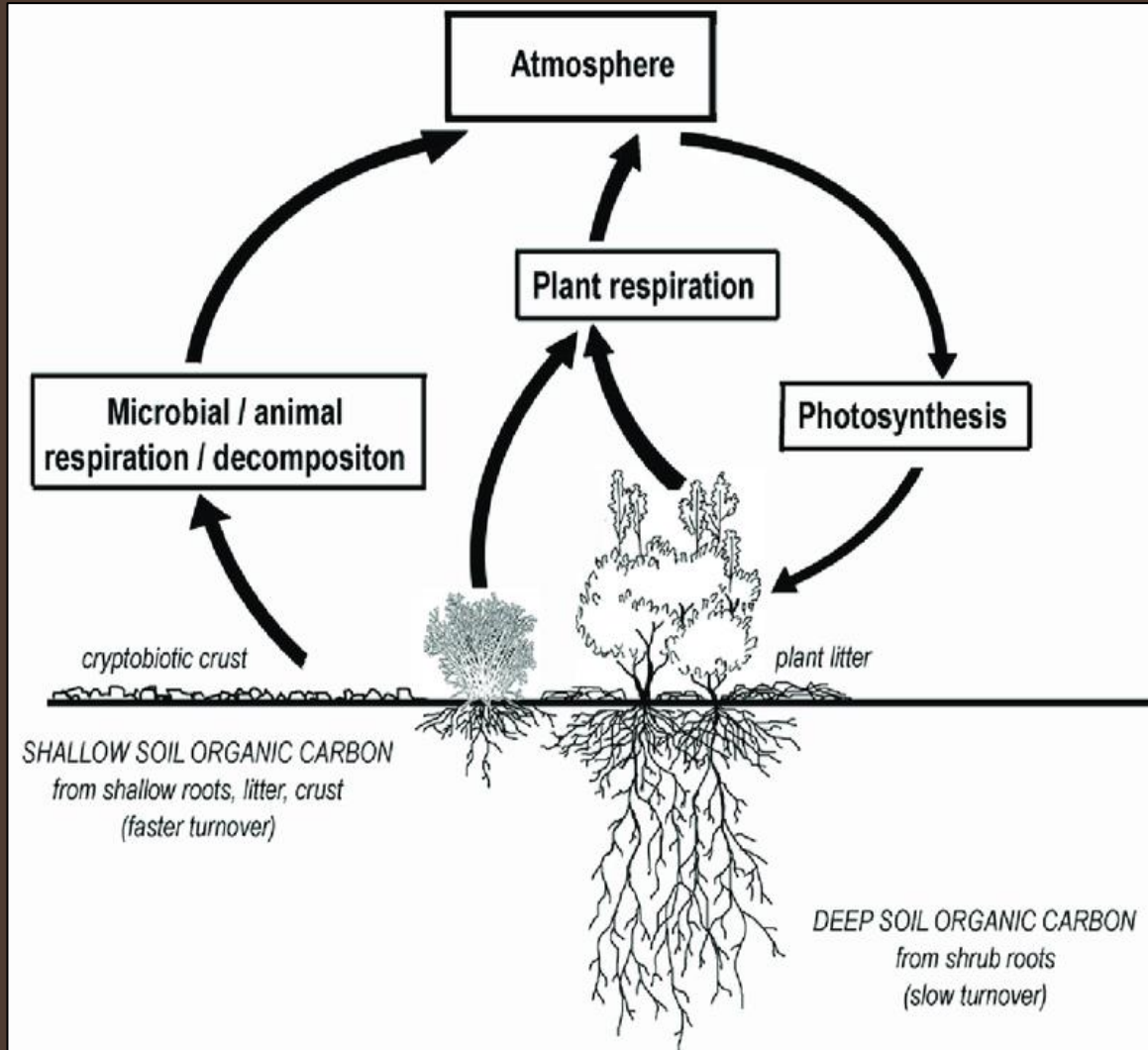
SOIL RESPIRATION

- Plant roots and microbes in the soil release CO_2
- CO_2 passes from soil to atmosphere



CARBON FLUX

- Net amount of carbon passing through the soil
- Soils
 - Largest terrestrial carbon pool
 - Second largest source of terrestrial carbon flux
- Carbon dynamics poorly understood



Ford et al. (2012)



CARBON SEQUESTRATION

- Soils store twice as much carbon as the atmosphere
- 4 per mille Soils for Food Security and Climate initiative
- Sequestration by improved soil management
- More data needed

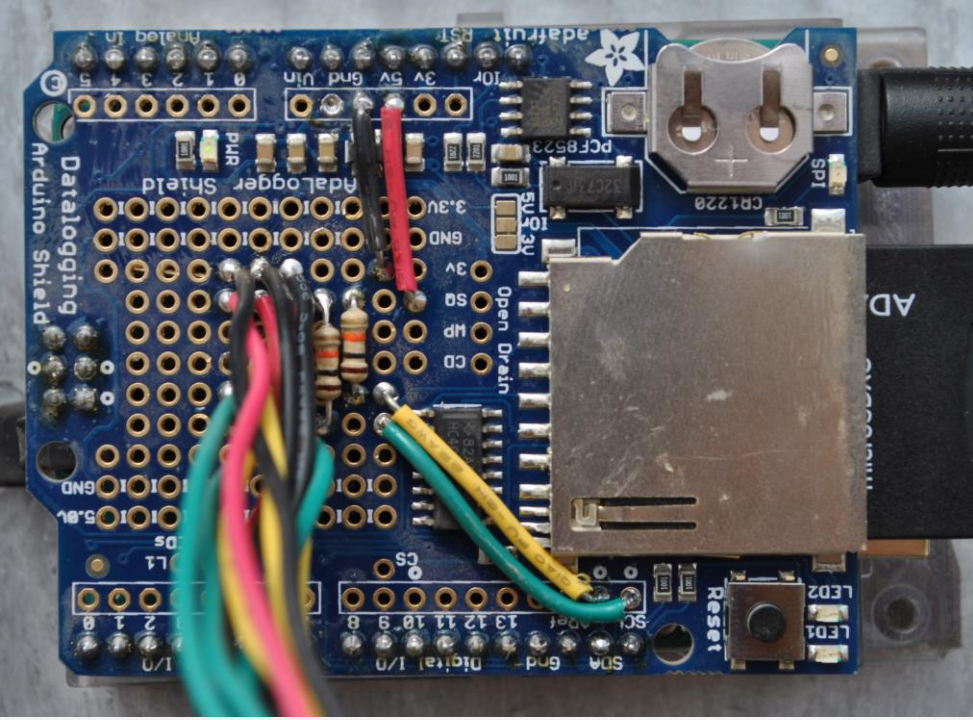
QUANTIFYING RESPIRATION

- Autonomous sensors can capture change over time
 - Long term data with little labor involved
- IRGA sensors
 - High quality data
 - Expensive



RESEARCH OBJECTIVE

- Reduce cost barriers associated with soil respiration measurements
 - Commercial Probes: ~\$700
 - Low-cost Probes: ~\$70
- Increase spatial resolution of respiration processes



DATALOGGER PROTOTYPE

- Based on design by Gyawali et al. (2019)
- Three low-cost CO₂ sensors
 - Wrapped in gore-tex
- Arduino microcontroller
- Datalogger shield
 - SD card
 - Real-time clock



MONSOON RAINFALL MANIPULATION EXPERIMENT

- Evaluate effect of precipitation variability on ecosystem processes
- Two rainfall treatments
 - Small weekly
 - Large monthly



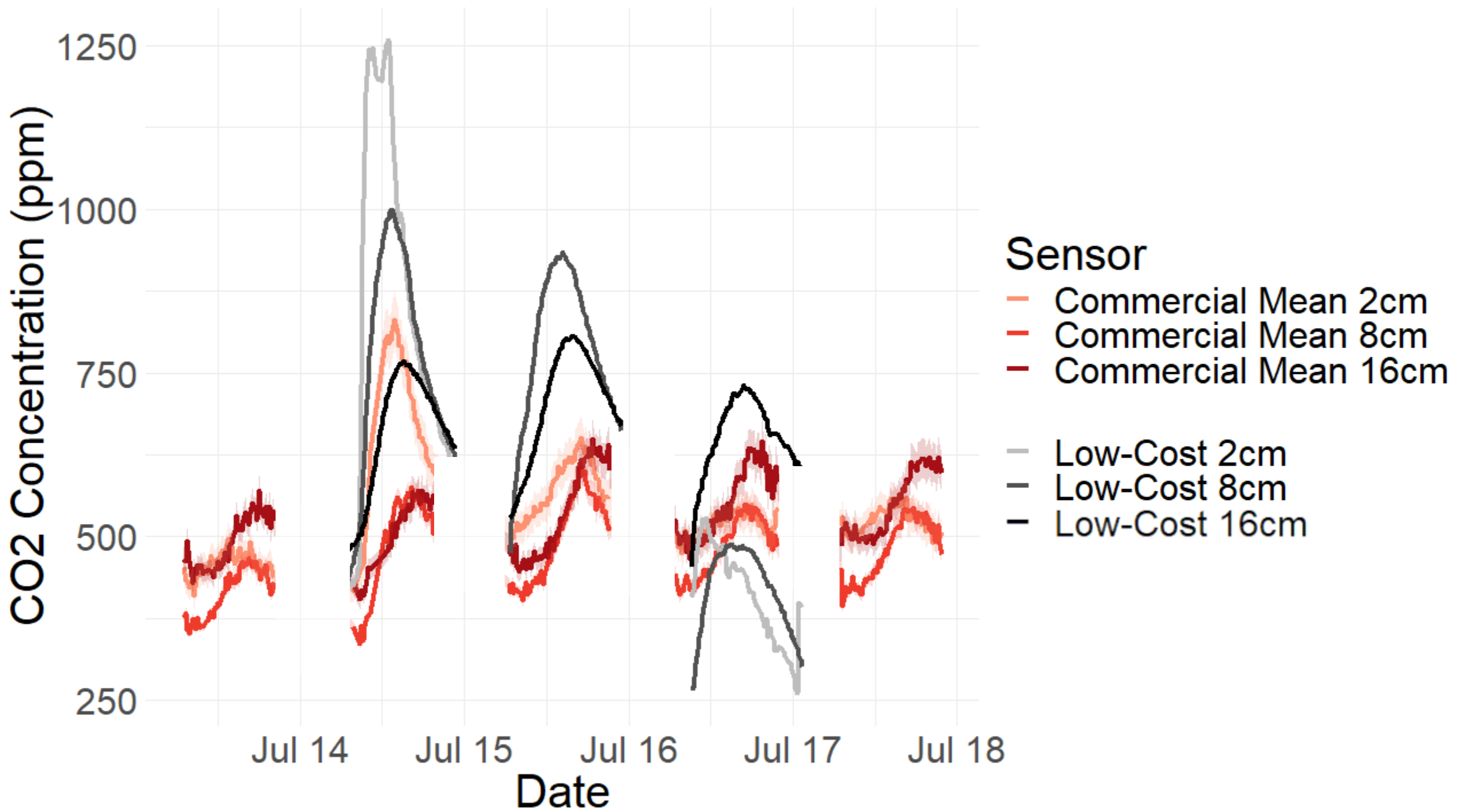


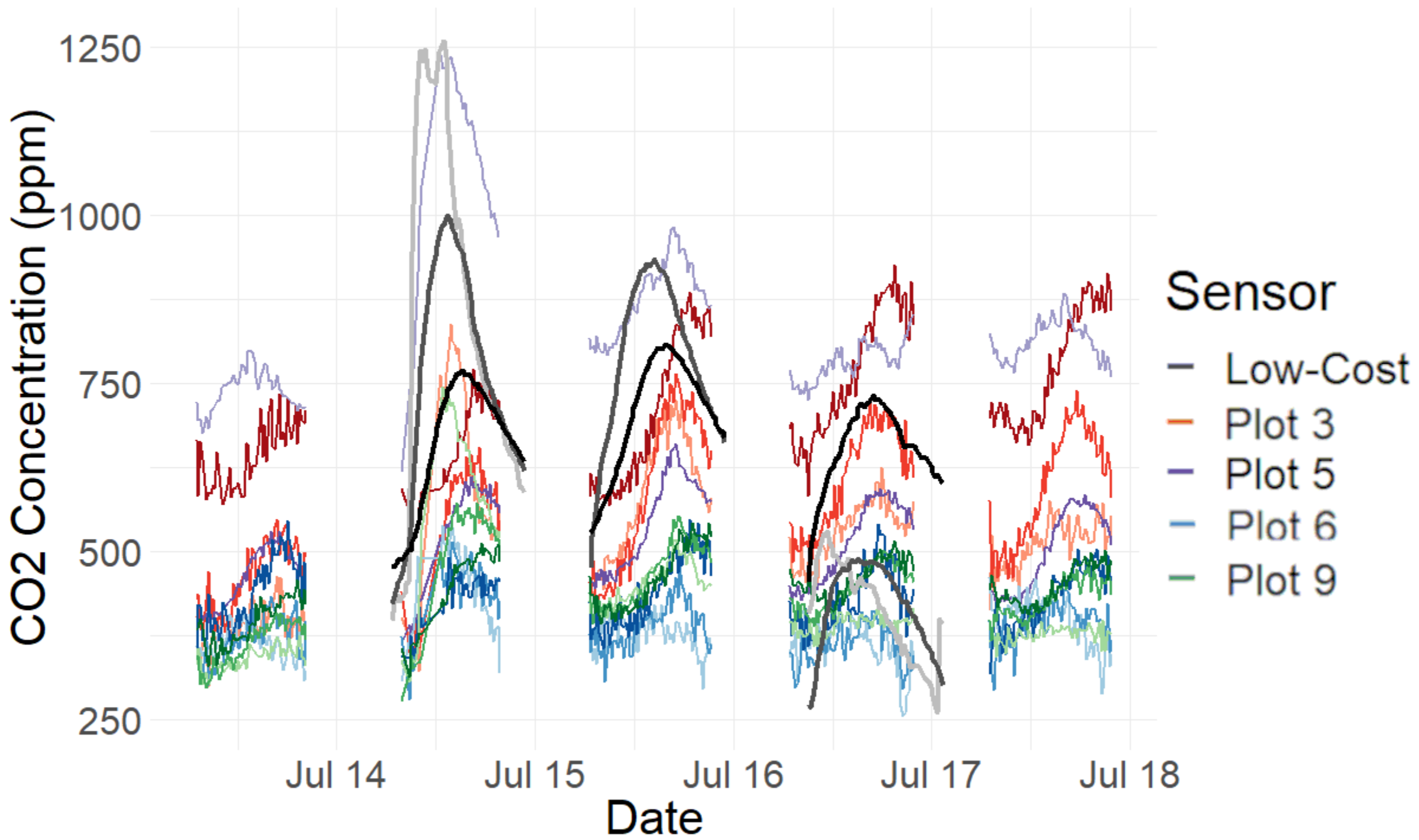
RESULTS

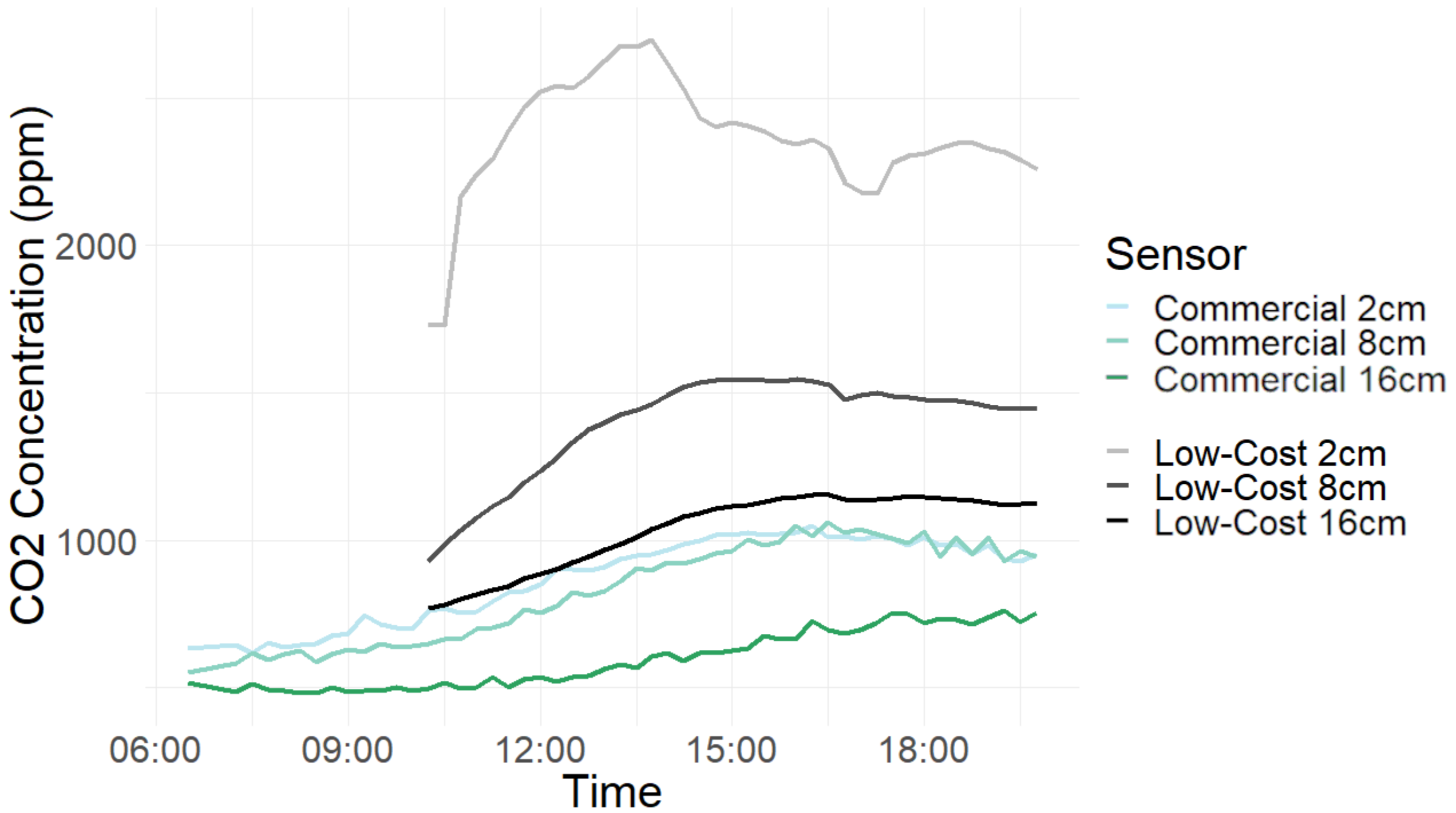


ROADBLOCKS

- Battery life: ~16 hours
- 12V Solar infrastructure on site
- Components failed
- Unstable power
- Opportunities for growth







OVERALL

- More data needed
- Stable power supply
- Lessons learned

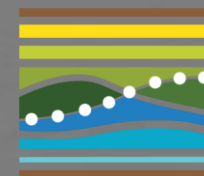
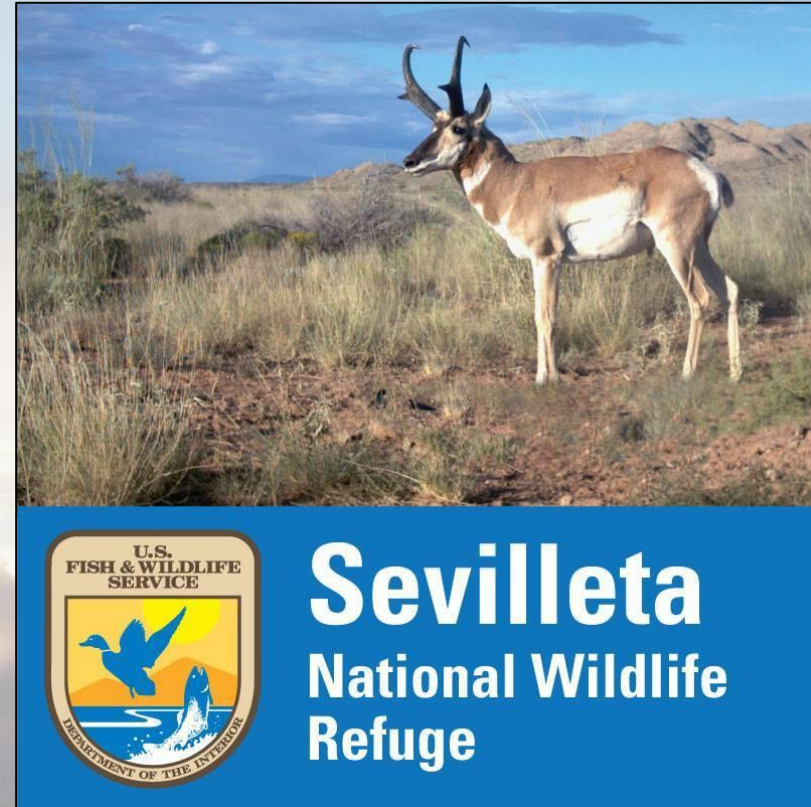


GOING FORWARD

- Continue to collect data throughout the monsoon season
- Potential testing in the lab
- Long term deployment in remote settings
 - Different configuration
- How to connect to existing infrastructure

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LONG TERM ECOLOGICAL RESEARCH