

# Sec1-FAE1-SIGUE,JP-FAE1

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2025-02-18

A malicious spyware can infect a computer system through the Internet or through email. The spyware comes through the Internet 70% of the time and 30% of the time, it gets in through email. If it enters via the Internet the anti-virus detector will detect it with probability 0.6, and via email, it is detected with probability 0.8.

```
spyware <- data.frame(detected = c(0.6, 0.8), undetected = c(0.4, 0.2),  
                      via = c(.70, .30), row.names = c("Internet", "Email"))  
spyware
```

```
##           detected undetected via  
## Internet      0.6          0.4 0.7  
## Email        0.8          0.2 0.3
```

(a) What is the probability that this spyware infects the system?

\*Infect = Undetected

$$P(I) = P(I|Internet) \cdot P(Internet) + P(I|Email) \cdot P(Email)$$

```
prob_infect <- round(.4 * .7 + .2 * .3, 4)  
  
cat("The probability that this spyware infects the system is ",  
    prob_infect * 100, "%", sep = "")
```

```
## The probability that this spyware infects the system is 34%
```

(b) If the spyware is detected, what is the probability that it came through the Internet?

\*P(D) = 1 - P(I)

$$P(D|Internet) = \frac{P(D|Internet) \cdot P(Internet)}{P(D)}$$

```
prob_detect <- 1 - prob_infect  
prob_det_int <- round((0.6 * 0.7)/(prob_detect), 4)  
  
cat("The probability that the spyware detected came from the internet is ",  
    prob_det_int * 100, "%", sep = "")
```

```
## The probability that the spyware detected came from the internet is 63.64%
```