

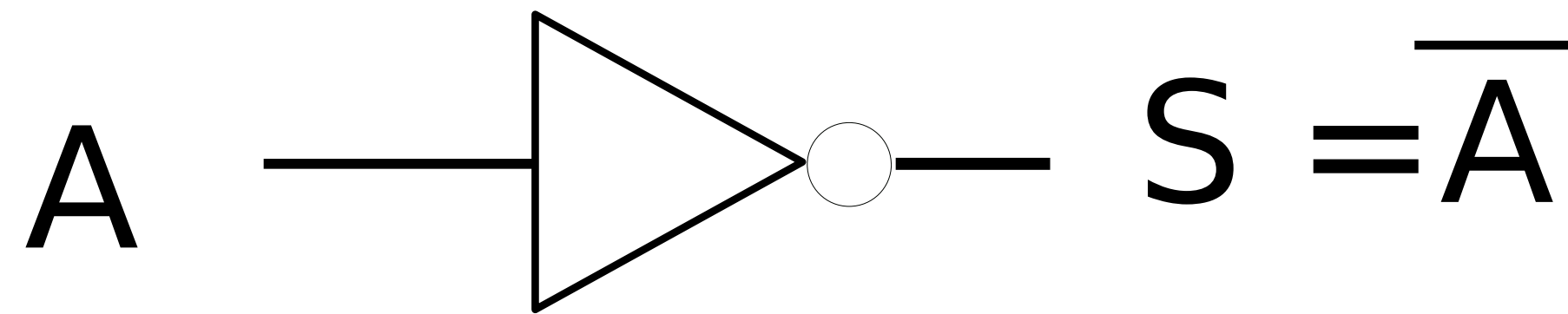
# **Bases de logique**

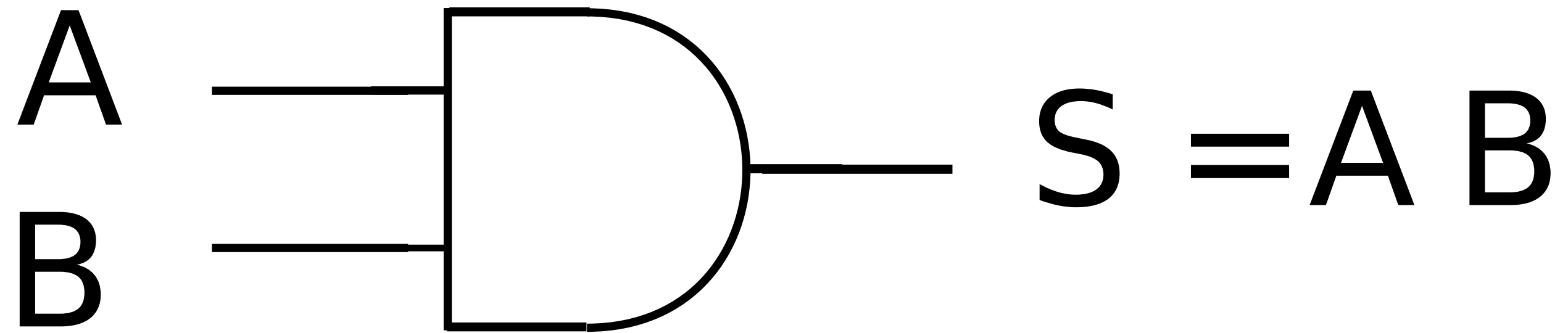
## **Comprendre les Microcontrôleurs**

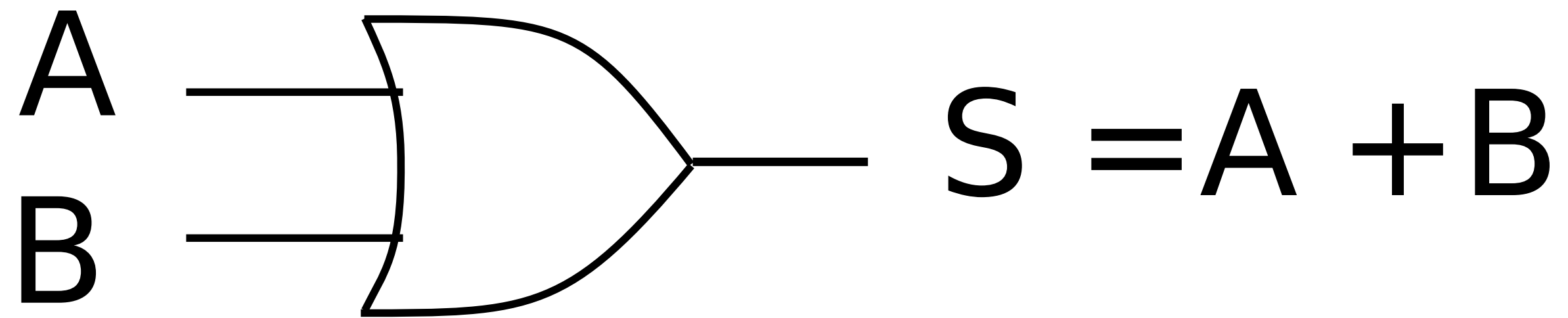
Jean-Daniel NICOUD et Pierre-Yves ROCHAT

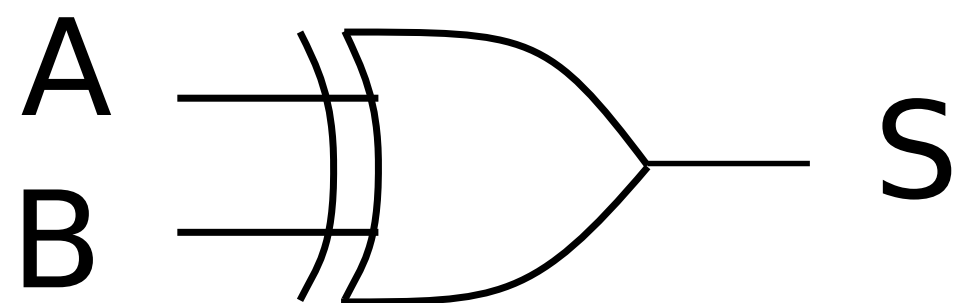


- Les portes de base
- Exemple - le multiplexeur
- Bascule bistable
- Bascule D et diviseur par 2

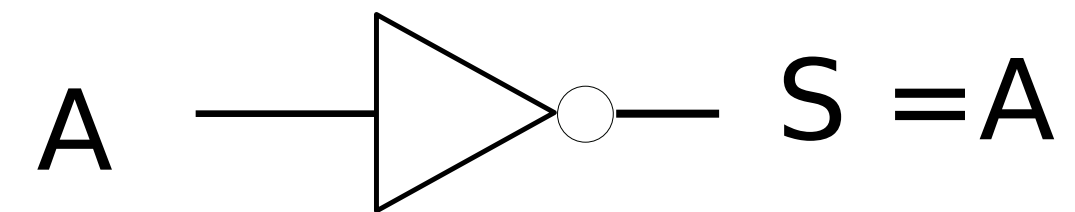




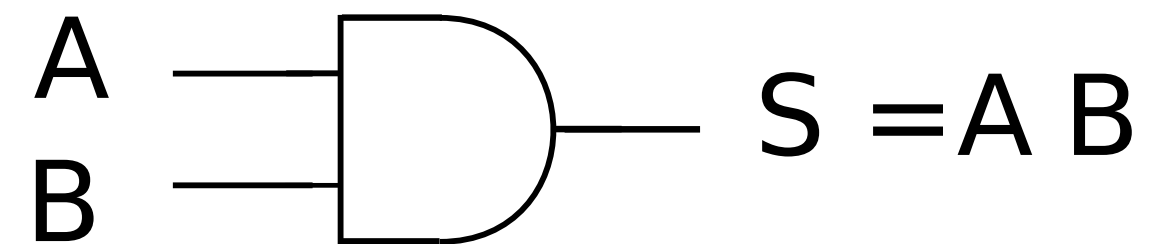




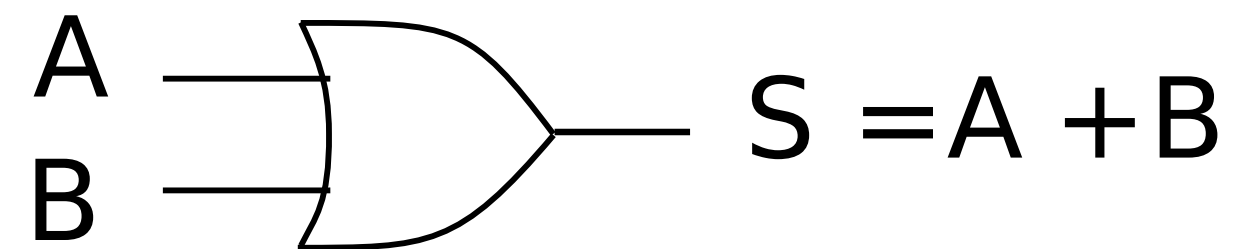
B	A	S
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0



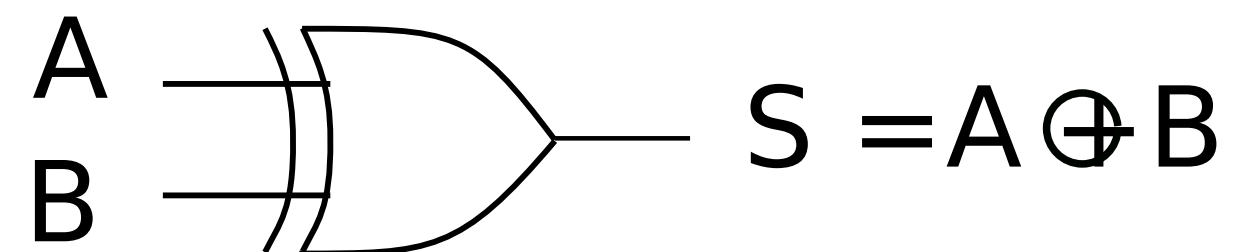
! A



A | B

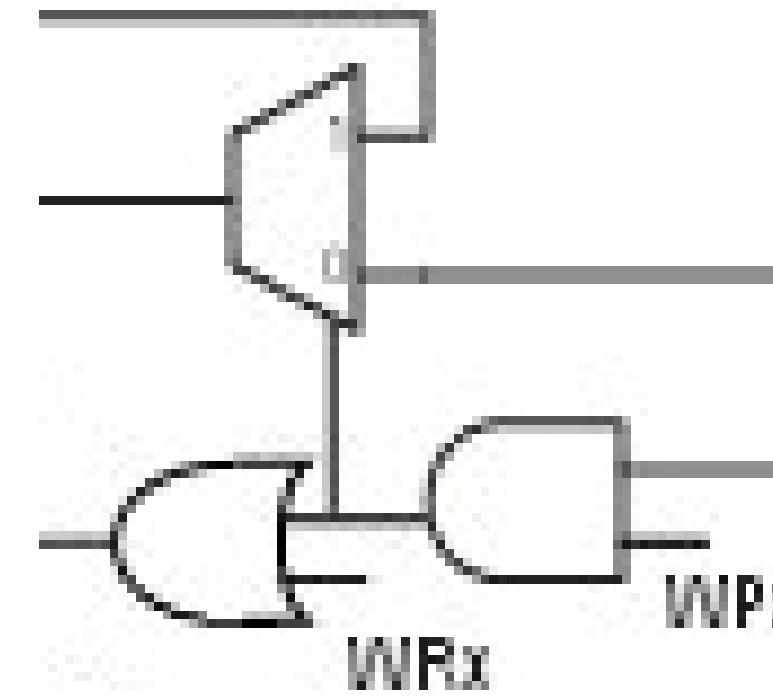
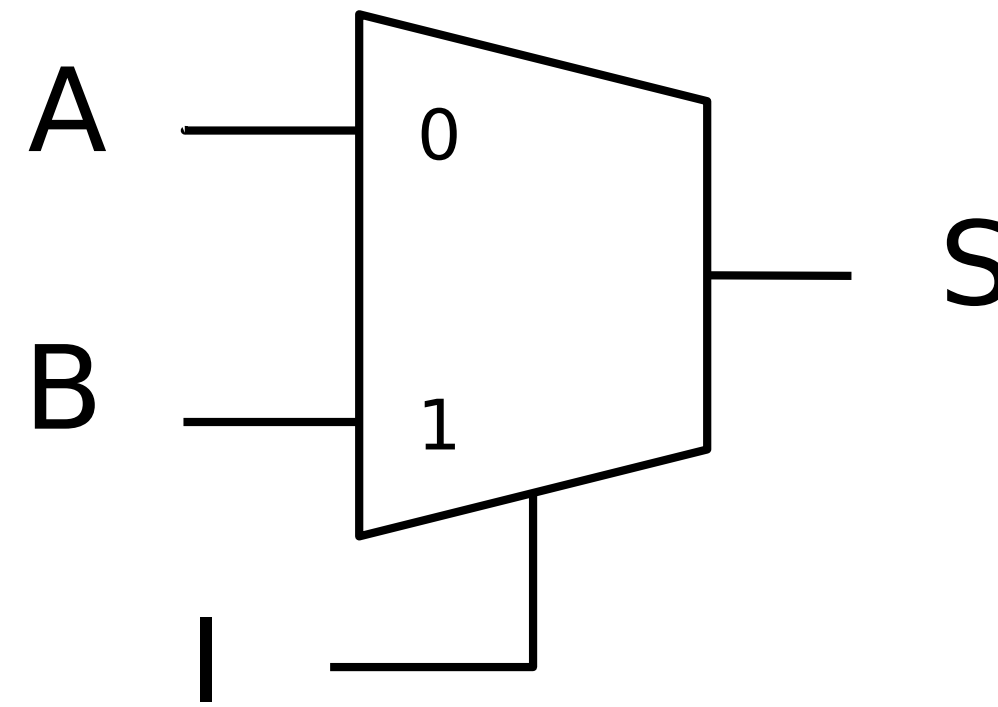


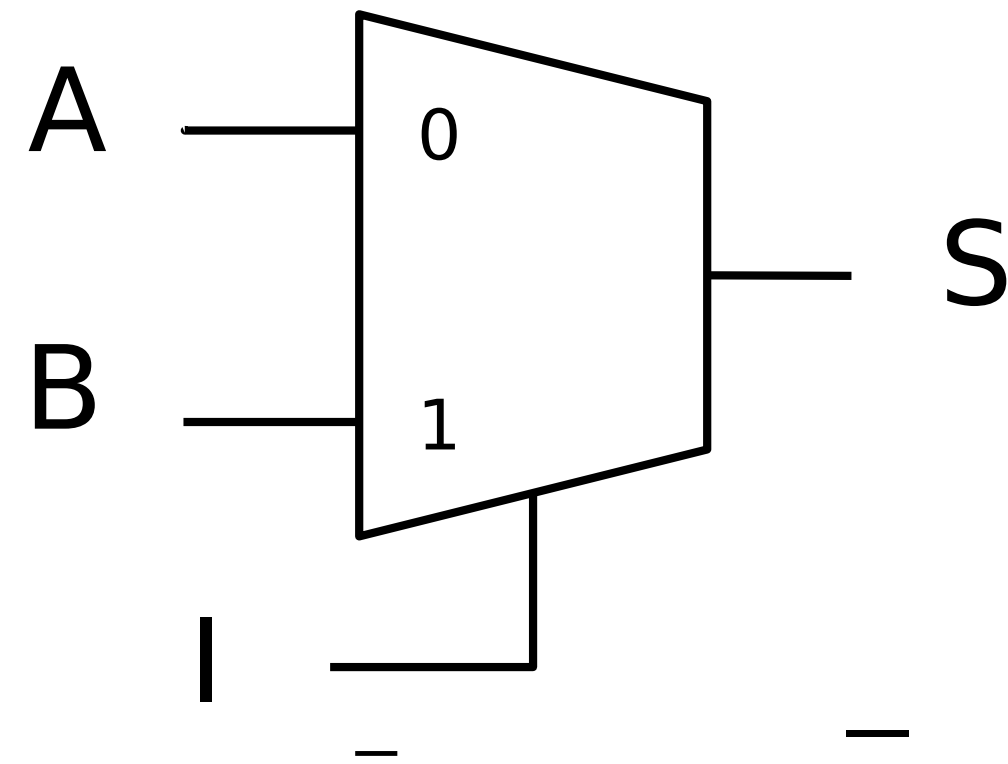
A & B



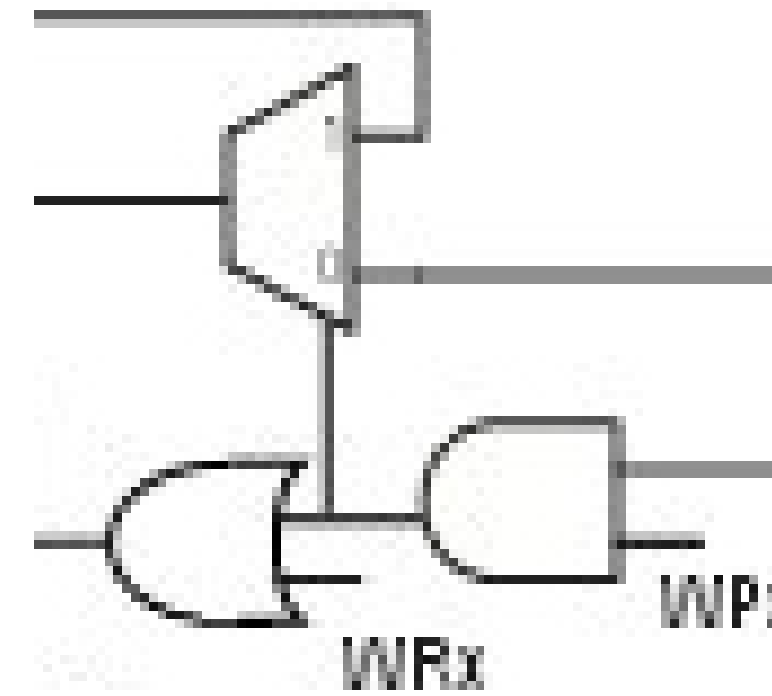
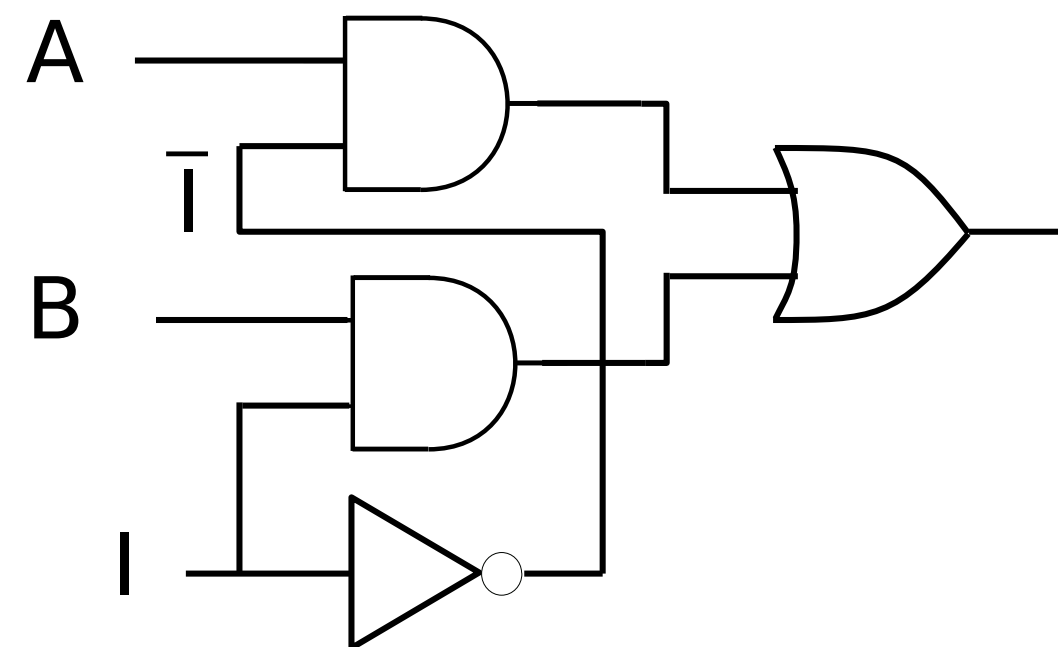
A ^ B





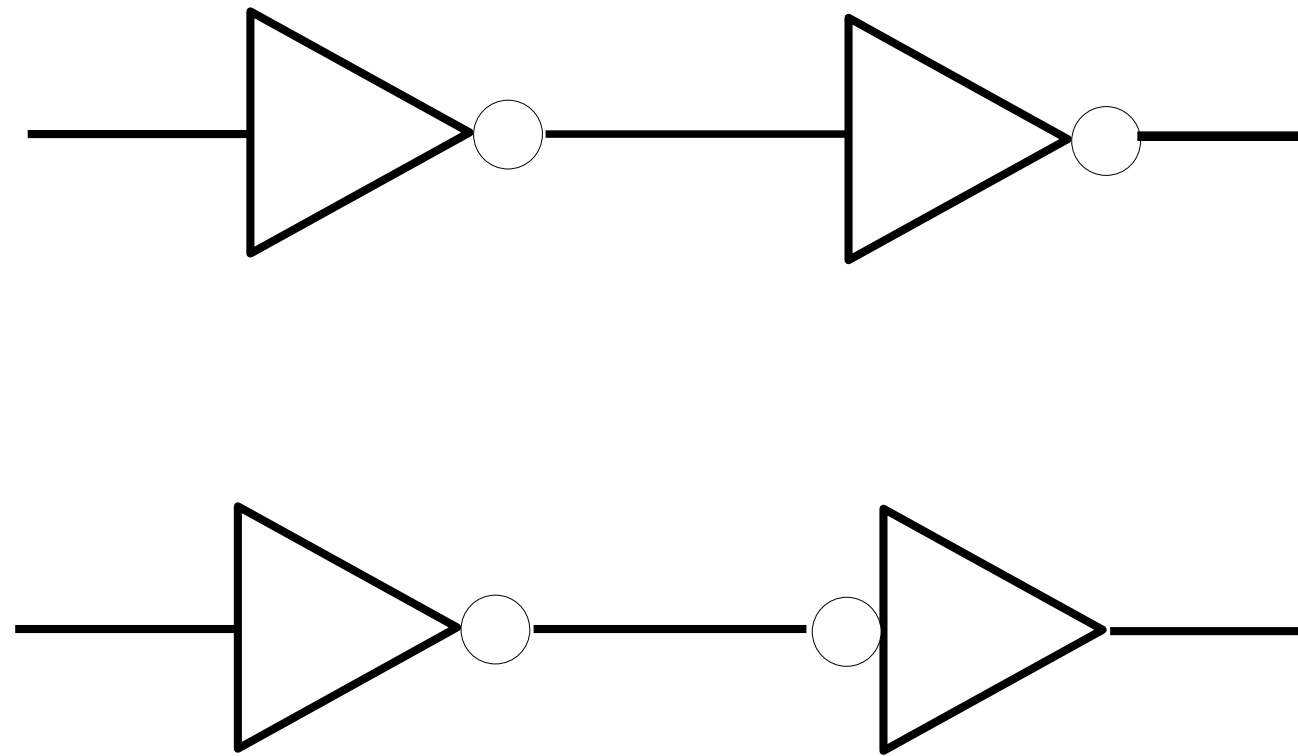


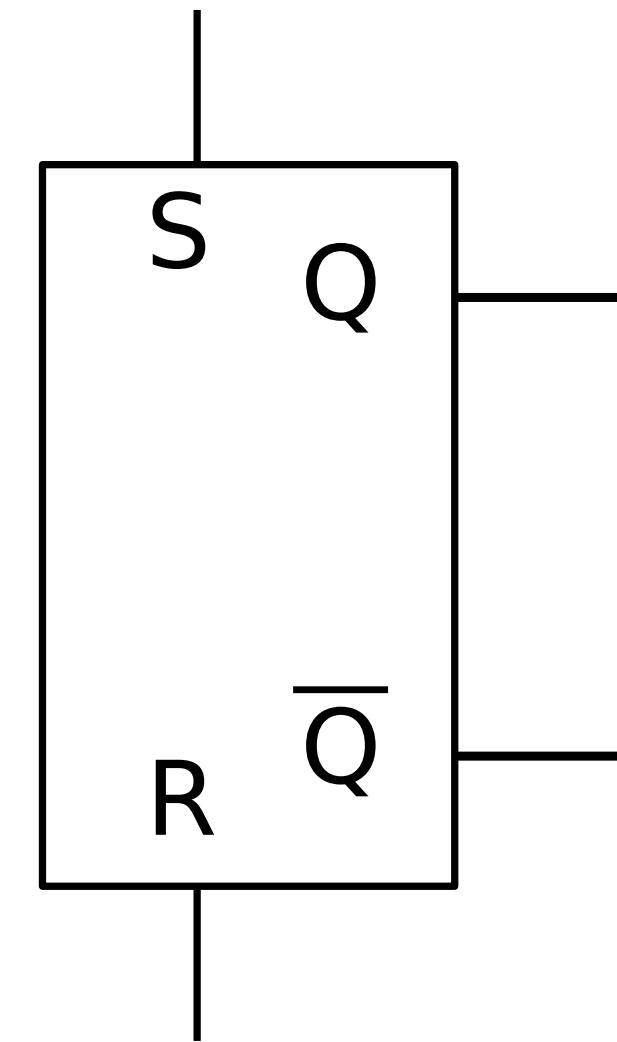
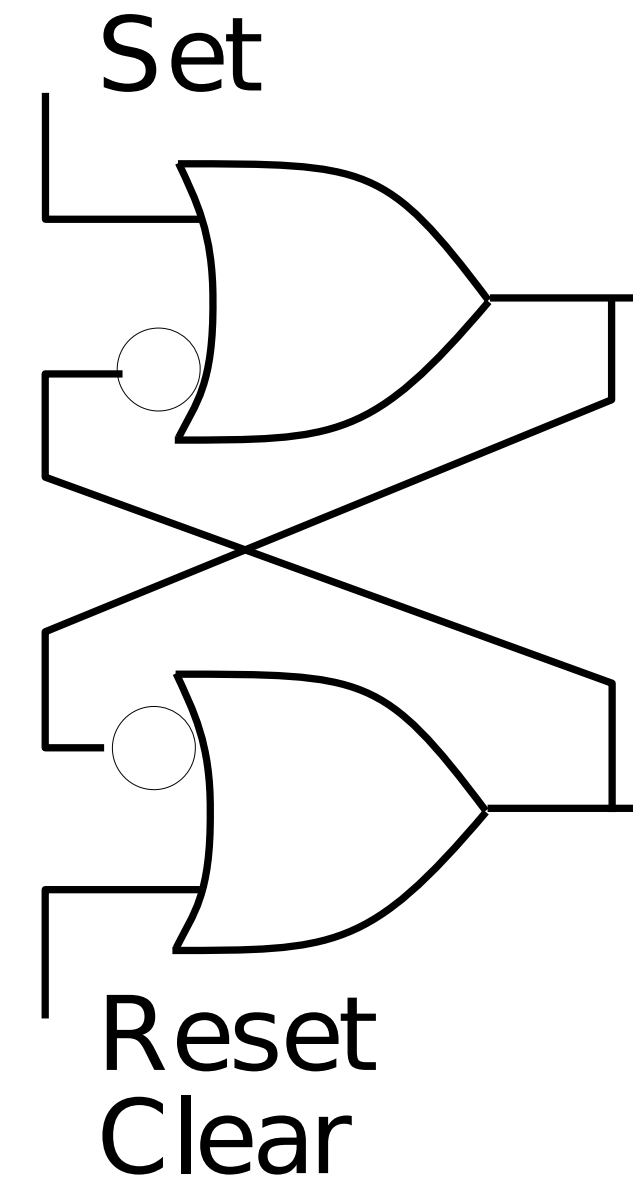
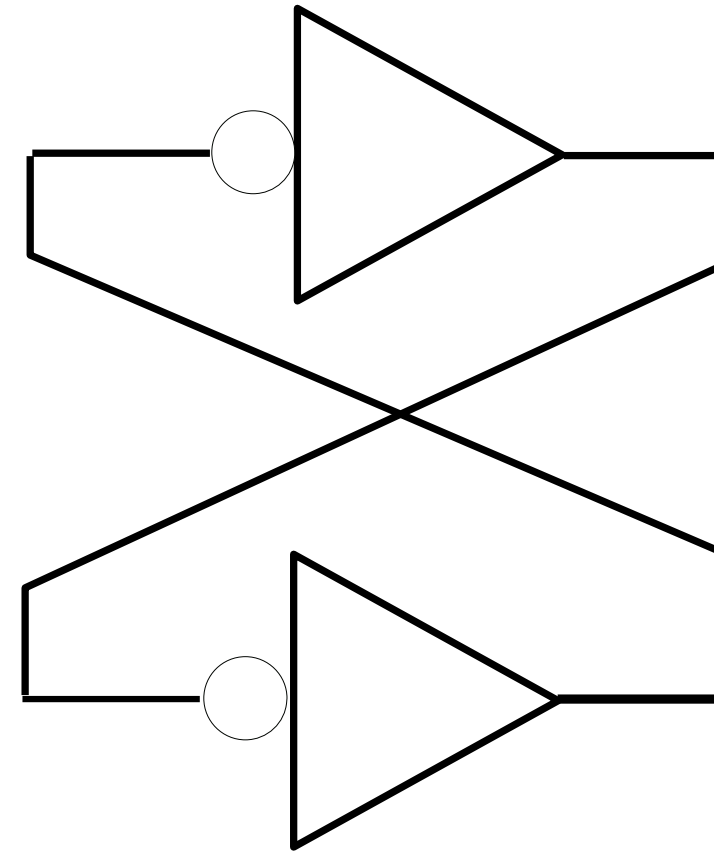
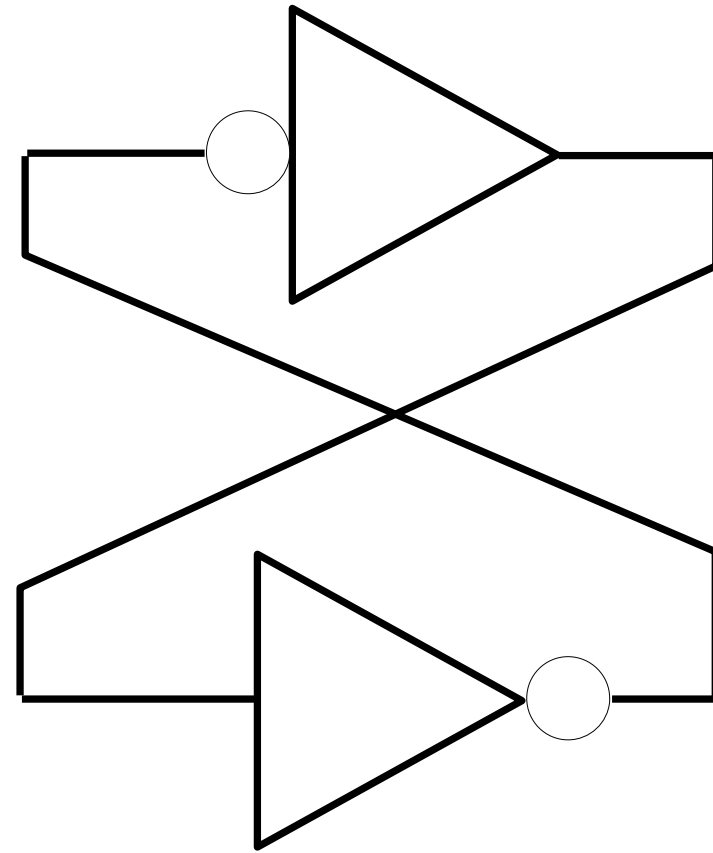
$$S = \bar{I} \cdot A + I \cdot B$$



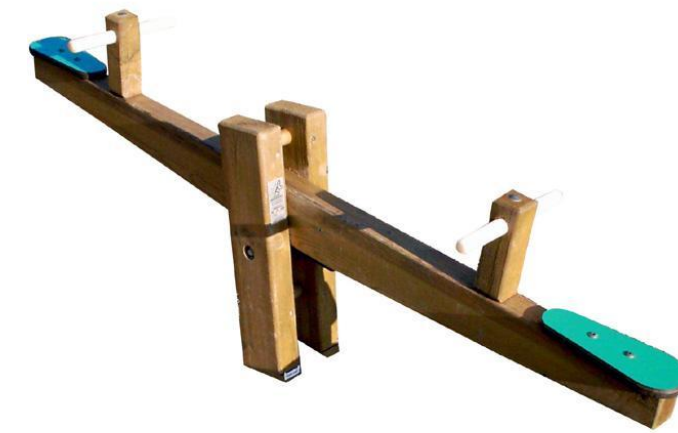
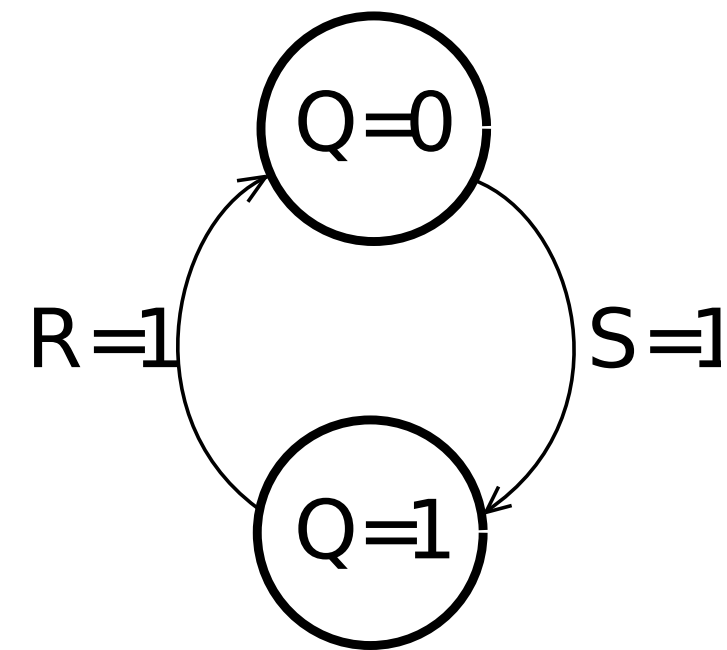
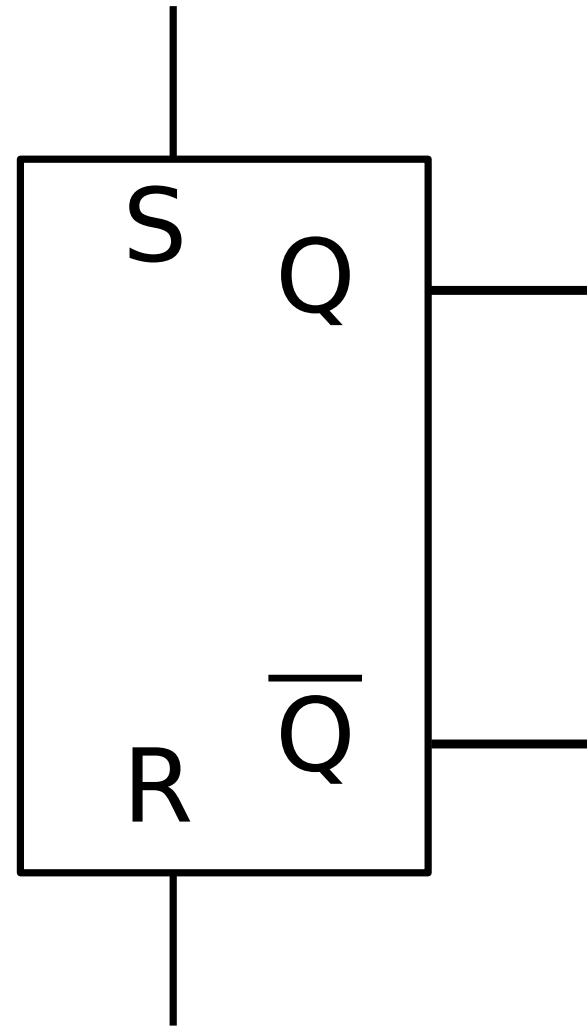
Multiplexeurs  
Démultiplexeurs  
Décodeurs  
⇒ Systèmes combinatoires

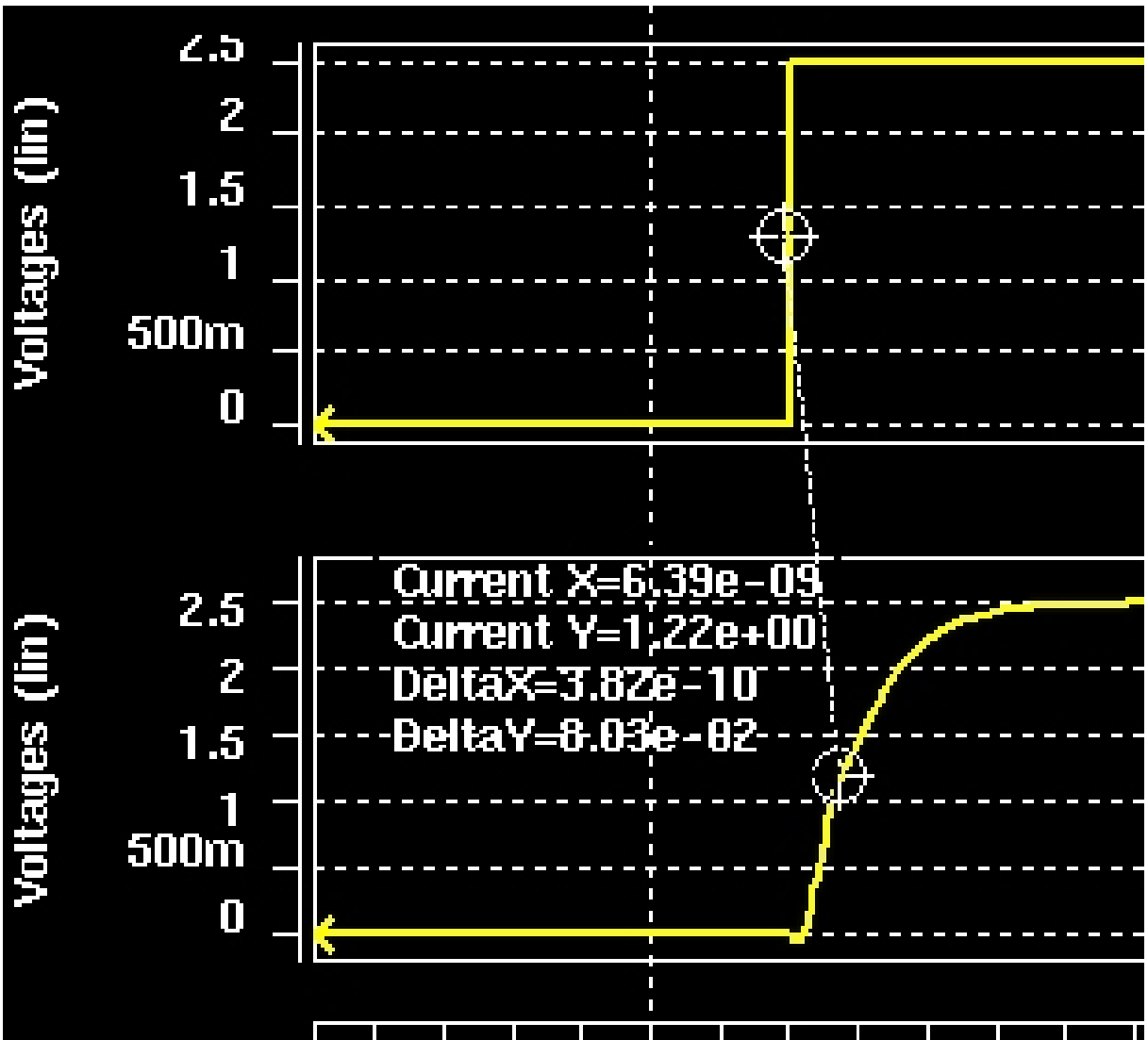
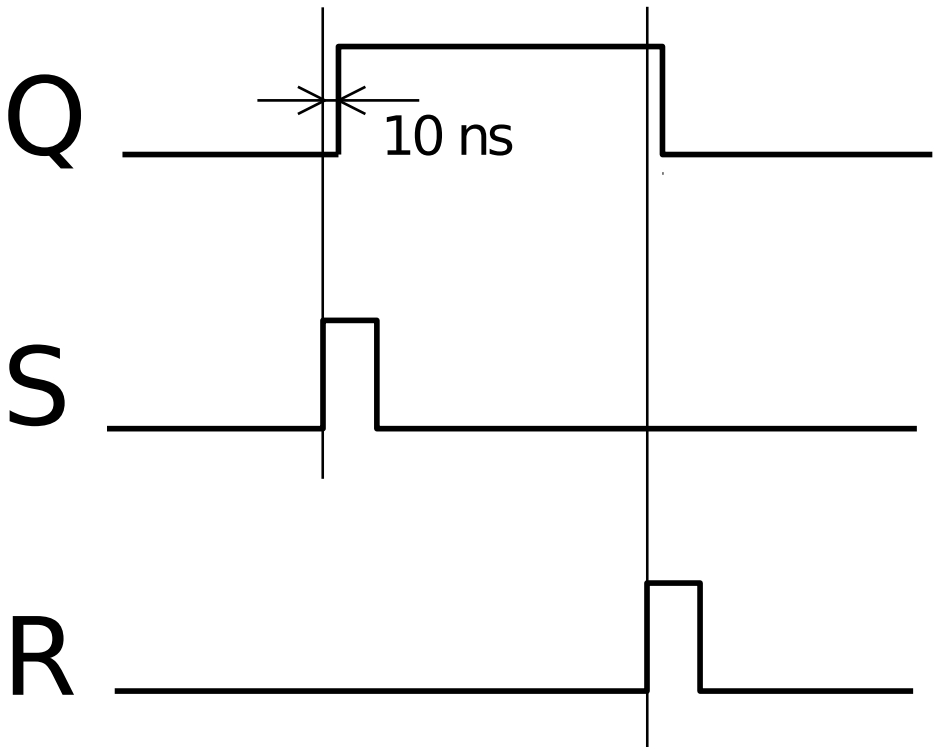
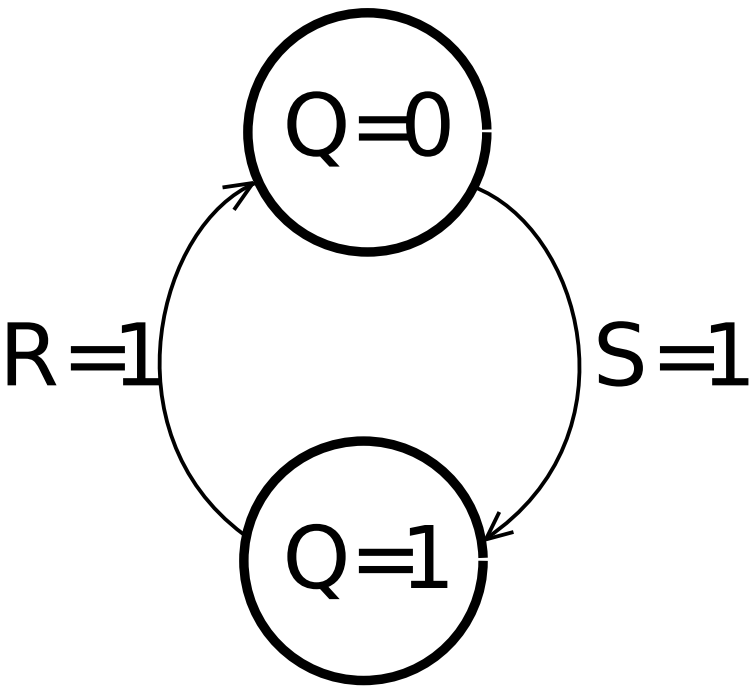
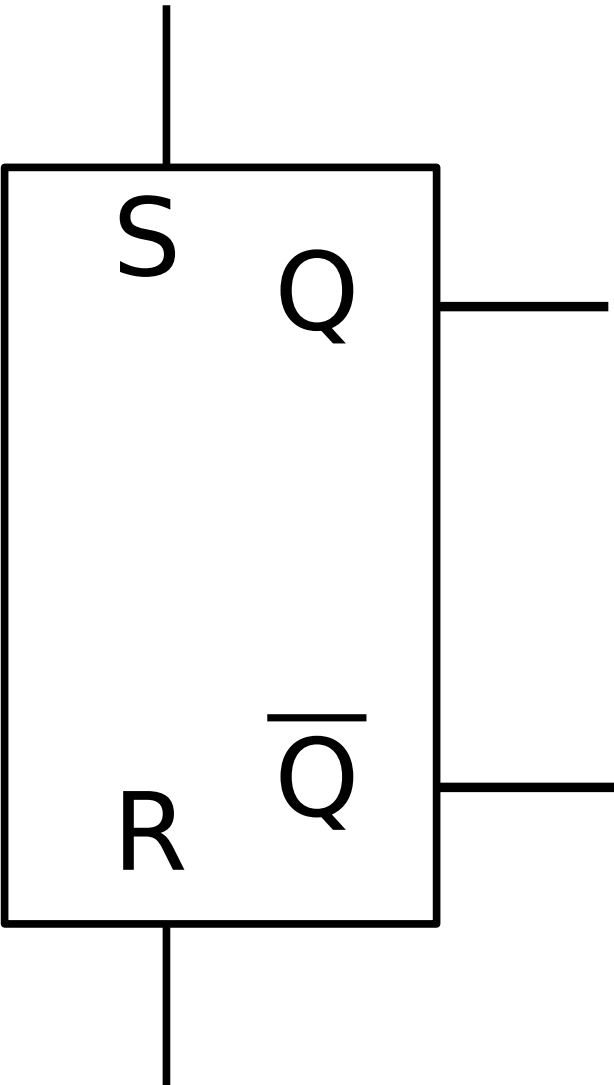
Systèmes séquentiels





Bascule RS

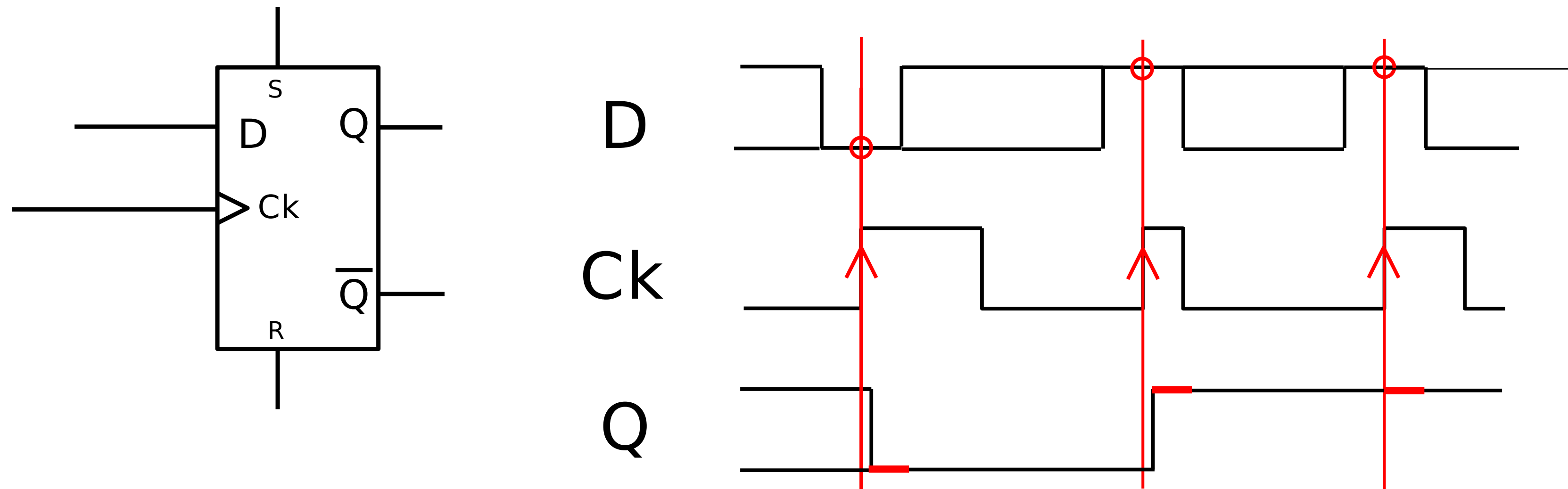




- La Bascule D
- Registre parallèle
- Registre série
- Diviseur par 2
- Compteurs

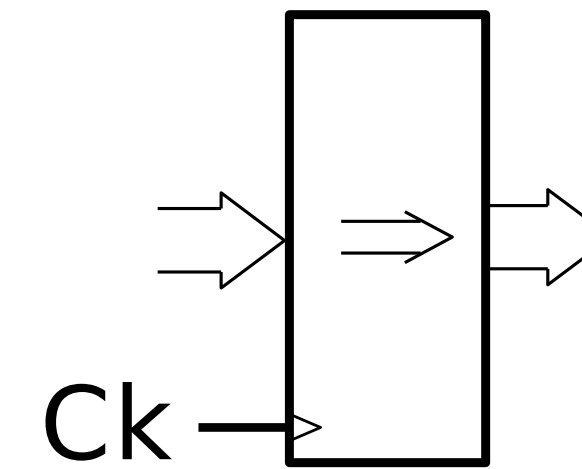
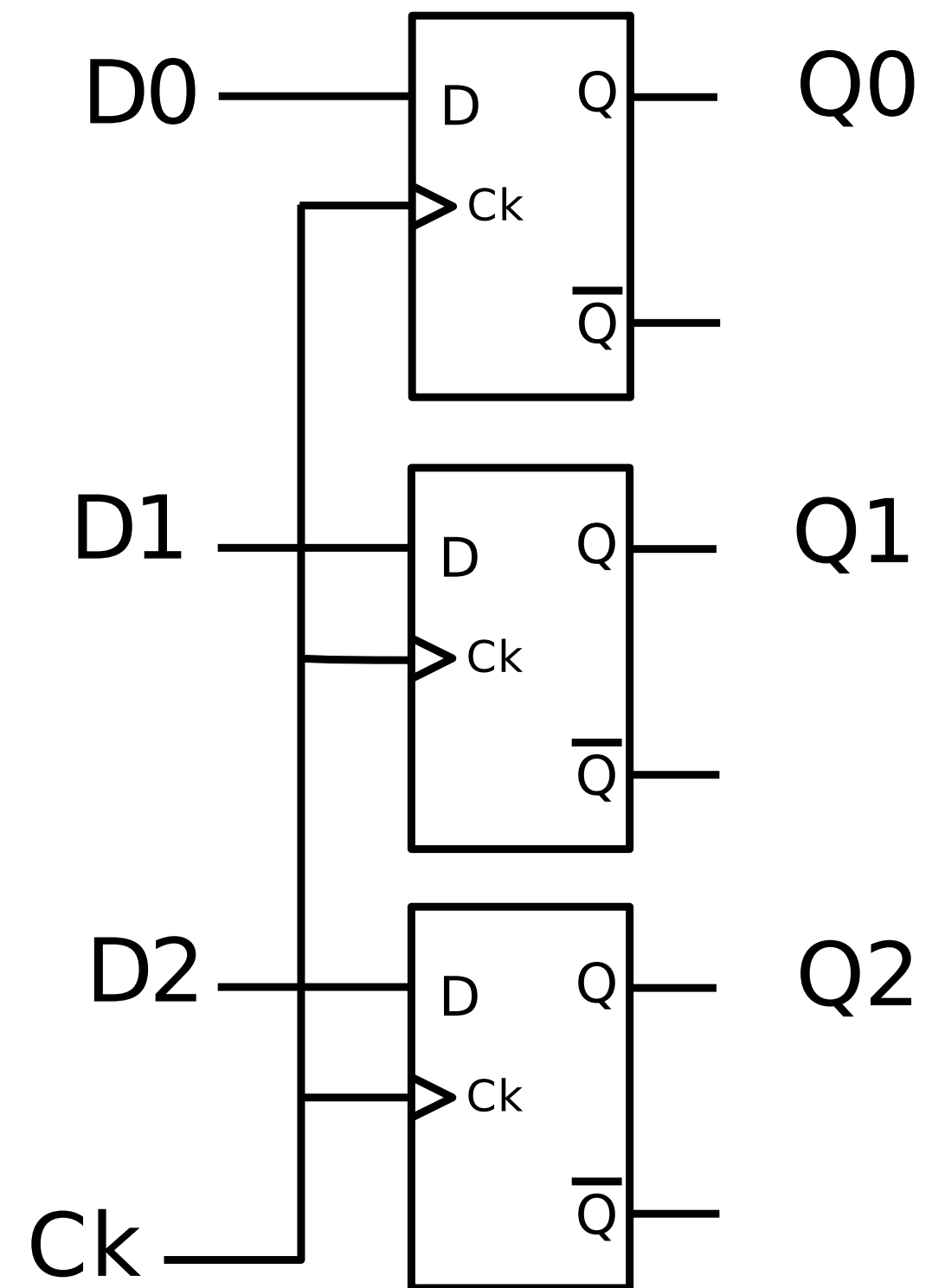


# Bascules , registres et compteurs

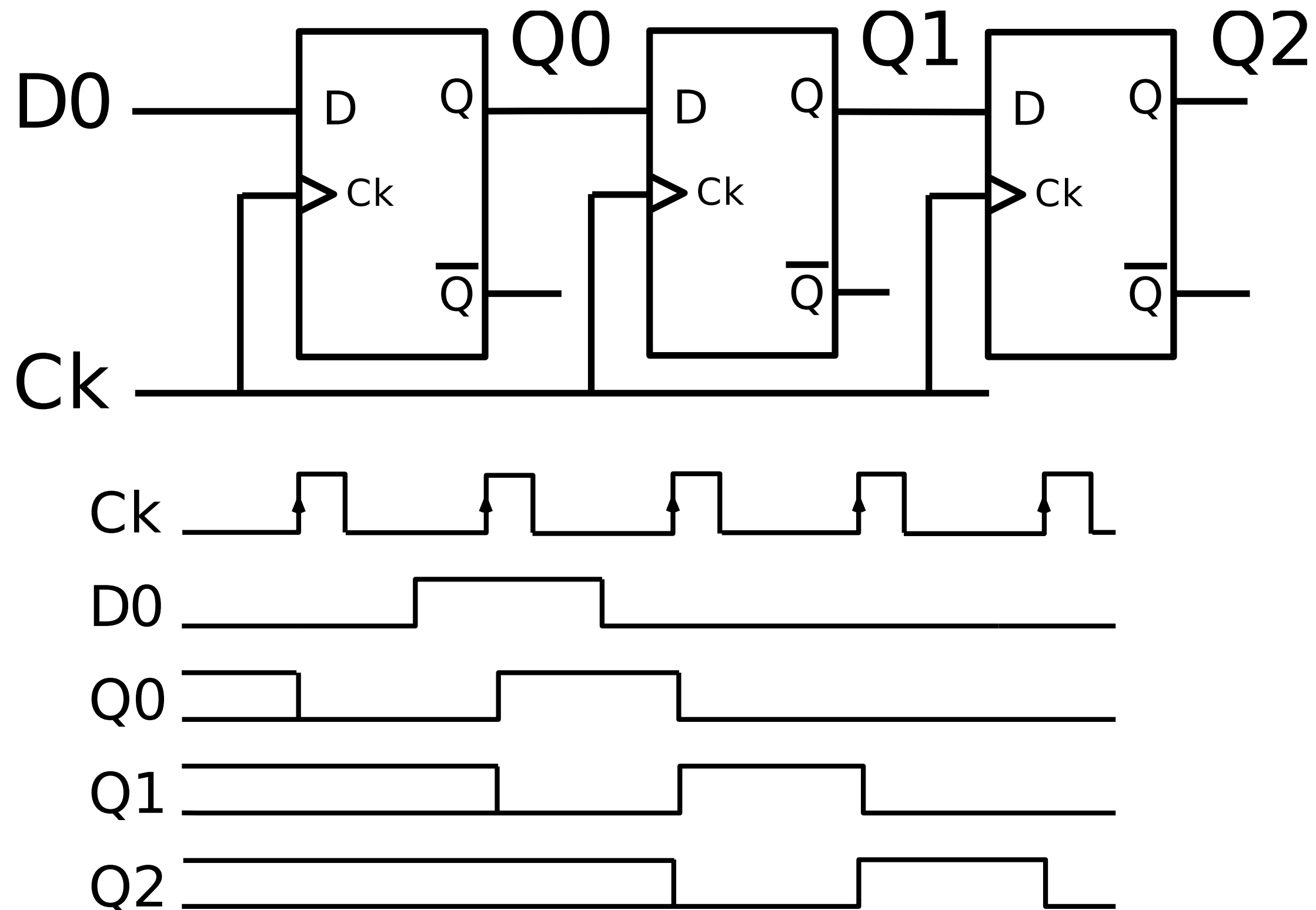


S R statiques    Ck dynamique    D échantillonné

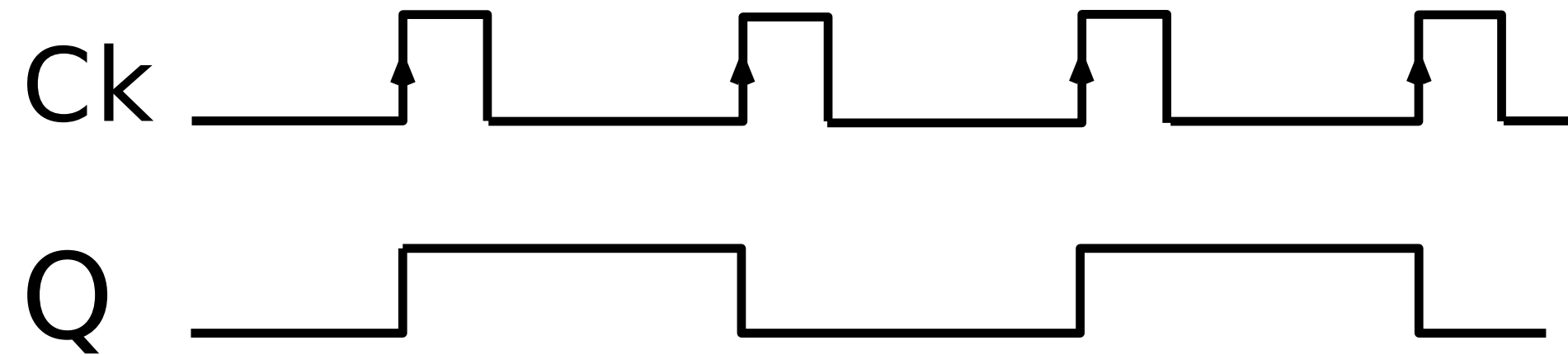
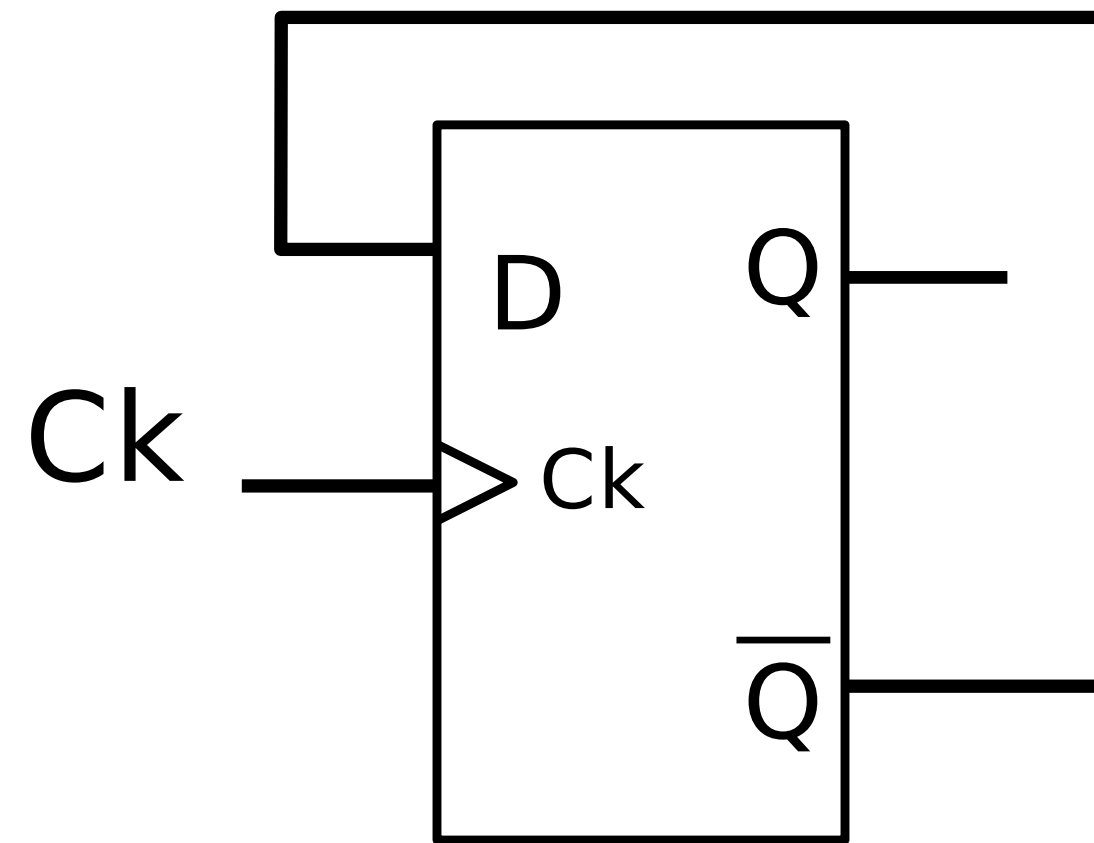
# Bascules , registres et compteurs

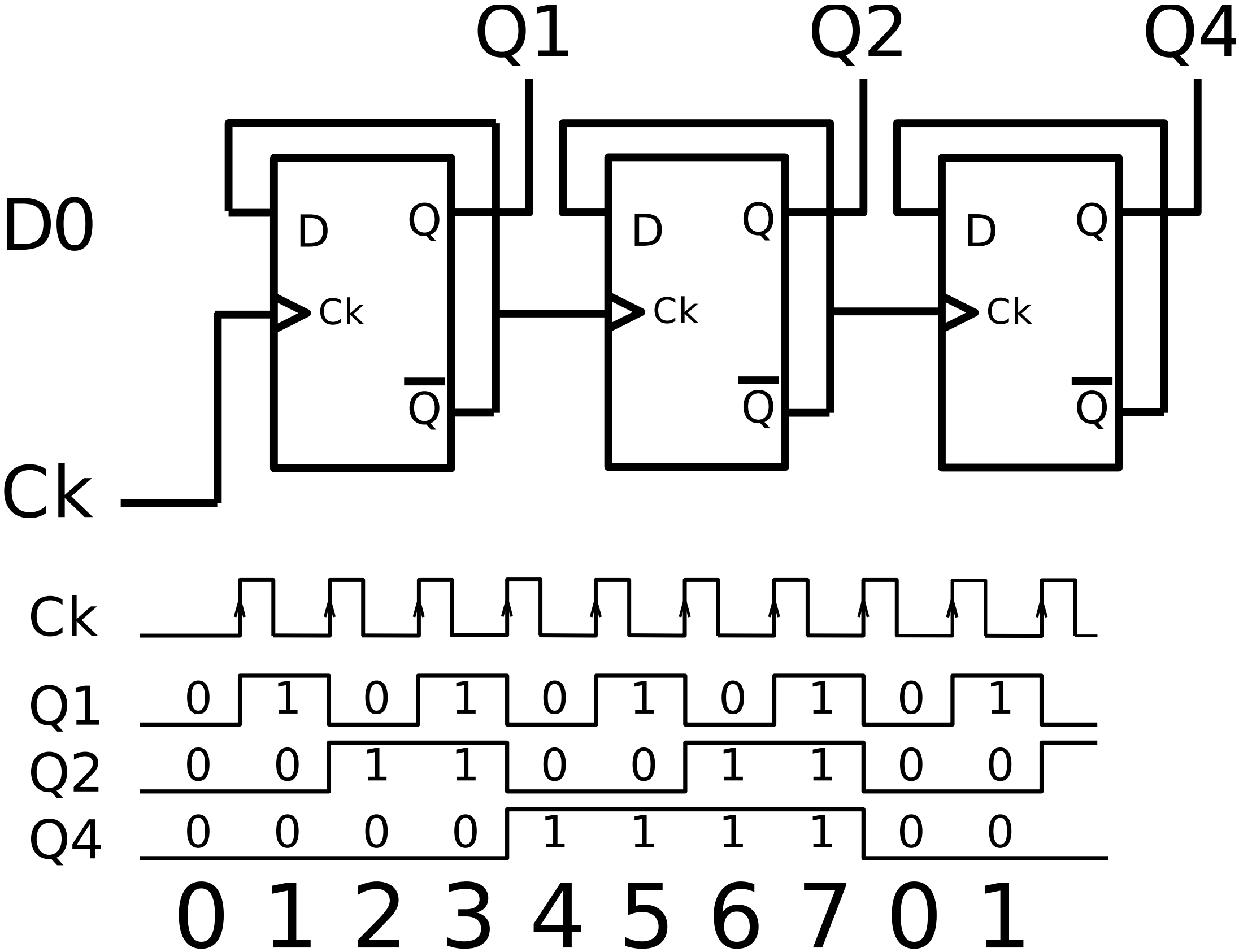


# Bascules , registres et compteurs



# Bascules , registres et compteurs

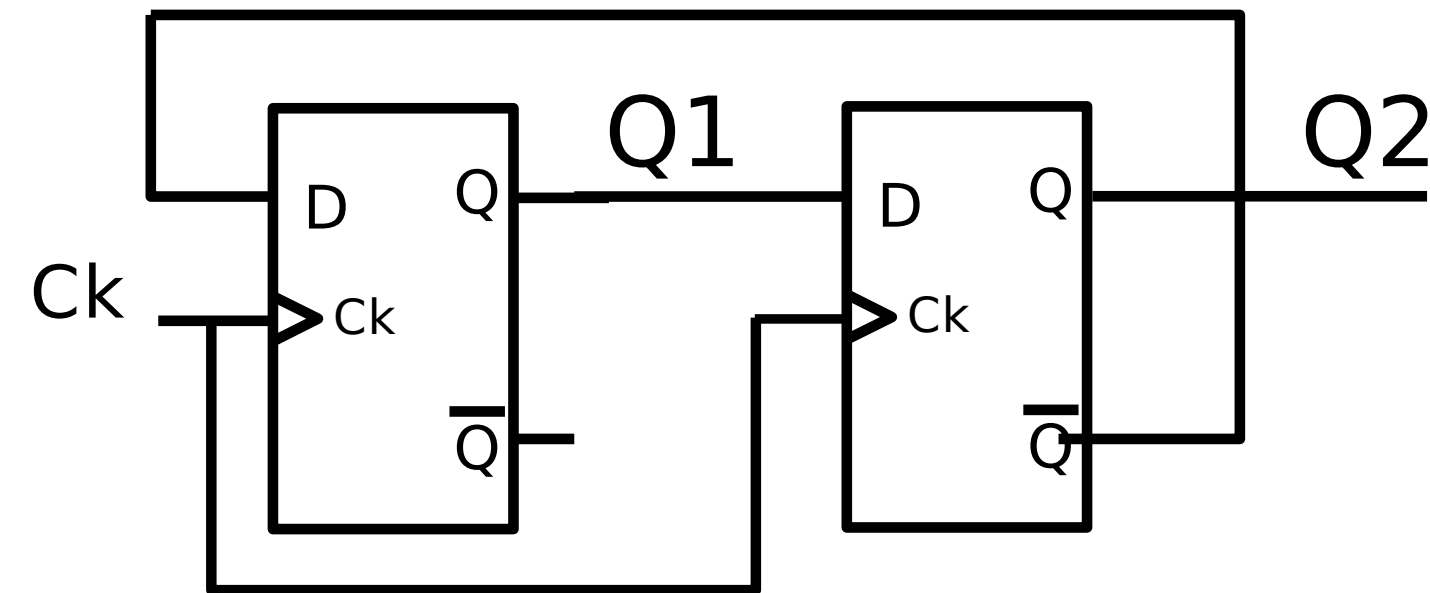




## Quizz

Avec les liaisons ci-contre, quel est la séquence des états ?

- a)
- b)



a)	Q1	Q2	b)	Q1	Q2
	0	0		0	0
	1	1		1	0
	1	0		1	1
				0	1

- Bascule D
- Registre parallèle et série
- Compteurs