

# Quality Assurance of Large C++ Projects

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Technical Consultant at [DPI.Solutions](#)

Developer at Microsoft (Hyper-V) in the past

Specializing in performance, debugging,  
troubleshooting



# **MAX**Backup™

# Quality Assurance



# Quality Assurance vs Quality Control

Focus on <b>quality of processes</b>	Finding defects <b>in ready product</b>
Proactively <b>preventing defects</b>	Reactively <b>identify defects</b>





# Goal of Quality Assurance

*Improve **development processes** so that defects do not arise **when the product is being developed***



# Relative Effectiveness of Quality Techniques

Quality Technique	Average Rate of Found Defects
Informal design reviews	35%
Formal design inspections	55%
Informal code reviews	25%
Formal code inspections	60%
Modeling or prototyping	65%
Personal desk-checking of code	40%
Unit test	30%
New function (component) test	30%
Integration test	35%
Regression test	25%
System test	40%
Low-volume beta test (<10 sites)	35%
High-volume beta test (>1,000 sites)	75%



*Only combination of techniques can assure 95% and higher quality*



# General Principle of Software Quality

*Improving quality reduces development costs*



# Coding Standards



# Importance of Coding Standards



Impossible to build a complex system without standardization



Share experience from the industry and your project



Make code look and behave uniformly



Use only the “safest” subset of the C++ Language



# Available Standards and Guidelines for C++

[C++ Core Guidelines](#) by Bjarne & Co

[High Integrity C++ Coding Standard](#)

[Google C++ Style Guide](#)

[Sutter, Alexandrescu: C++ Coding Standards](#)

... and many more



*Make your Guidelines extensible. Support by the Dev Team*

# Automating Guideline Checking



*Automate guideline checking as a pre-commit hook for the changeset*

*No unchecked code in the repository!*

[cpplint.py](https://github.com/cpplint/cpplint.py) – regex-based tool for Google C++ Style Guide

[Guideline Checker Tool](#) – available with VS 2015 for C++ Core Guidelines

★ [clang-tidy](#) – clang-based tool for C++ Core Guidelines, Google C++ Style Guide, *and your own checks!*



# Code Reviews

# Code Review: Best Practices



*Integrate review with your issue tracking system*



*Prefer pre-commit reviews if possible*



*Independent review by 2 people increase ratio of found defects*

# Code Review Systems

[Review Board](#)

[Gerrit](#) for Git

[Crucible](#) by Atlassian

... and many more





# Code Review Checklist

1. Does the code implement requirements spec?
2. Is the code compliant with the Coding Standards?
3. Does the code change any existing functionality?
4. Are all non-success scenarios handled?
5. ...



# Unit Testing

# Unit Testing Ideology



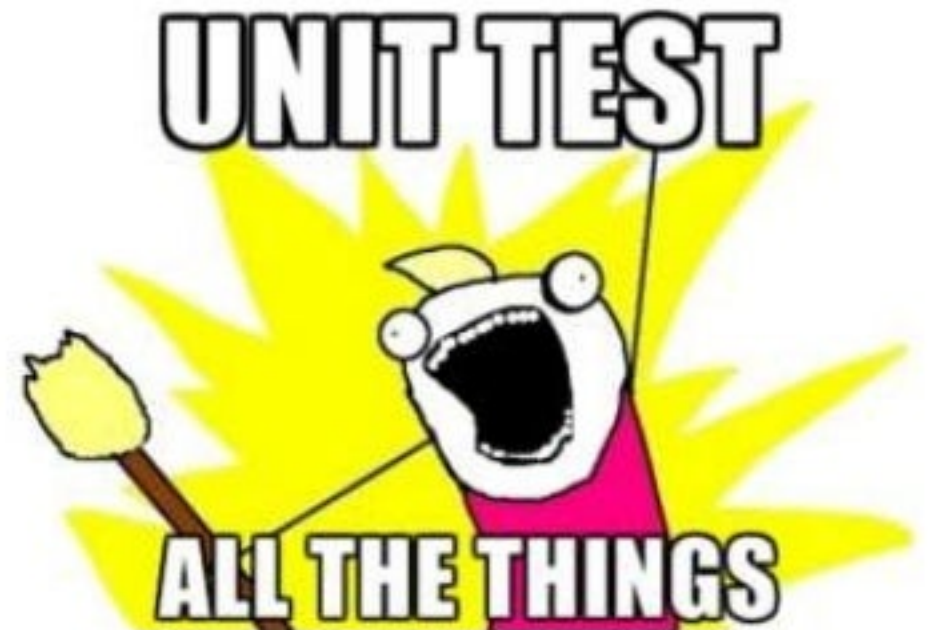
*Design code to be testable: Test-Driven Development*



*Integrate unit tests into your project build process (as a post-build event)*



*Aim for 100% coverage*





# Unit Testing Frameworks

[Boost.Test](#)

[CppUnit](#)

[Google Test](#)

[CxxTest](#)

*... and more: check out [Comparison of C++ unit testing frameworks](#)*

# Static Code Analysis

# Static Code Analysis Basics

Your C++ Compiler:

1. Use max warning level
2. Use built-in static analysis checks (e.g. `-Weffc++` for gcc)



*Run static analysis as a build or pre-commit step*



# Static Code Analysis Tools

[Cppcheck](#)

[PVS Studio](#)

[Coverity](#)

Copy-paste detectors (e.g. [CPD](#))

... check out [Static Code Analysis Tools for C++](#)

# Code Coverage

# Code Coverage Tools

[lcov](#) for \*NIX

[OpenCPPCoverage](#) for Windows



*Use coverage for Unit Test runs*

# Intrusive Dynamic Verification

# Runtime Verification Tools

[Application Verifier](#) / [Driver Verifier](#) for Windows

[Address Sanitizer](#) / [Memory Sanitizer](#) / [Thread Sanitizer](#) (clang)

[Undefined Behavior Sanitizer](#)

[Valgrind](#) / [Helgrind](#) / [Massif](#)

Memory leaks: [UMDH](#), LeakDiag



# Non-intrusive Dynamic Verification

# Assertive Programming (Programming by contract)



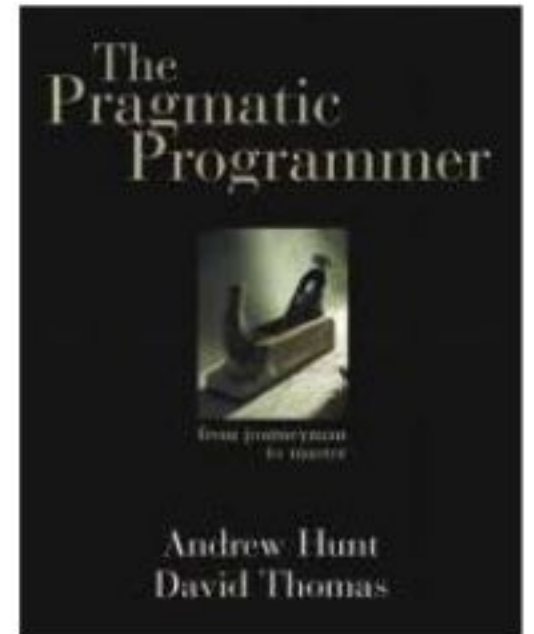
*If it can't happen, use assertions to ensure that it won't*



*Leave assertions turned on in production code  
(except for when it affects performance)*



*Collect and analyze assertions*



# Crash Dump Reporting/Analysis System



*Collect and analyze crash dumps from test labs and from production*

Check out [Crash Dump Collection and Analysis System](#) talk

If problems continue, disable or remove any newly installed hardware or software. Disable BIOS memory options such as caching or shadowing. If you need to use Safe Mode to remove or disable components, restart your computer, press F8 to select Advanced Startup Options, and then select Safe Mode.

Technical information:

\*\*\* STOP: 0x0000004e (0x000000099, 0x00900009, 0x000000900, 0x000000900)

# Continuous Integration

# Continuous Integration Tools

TeamCity: *3 agents for free*

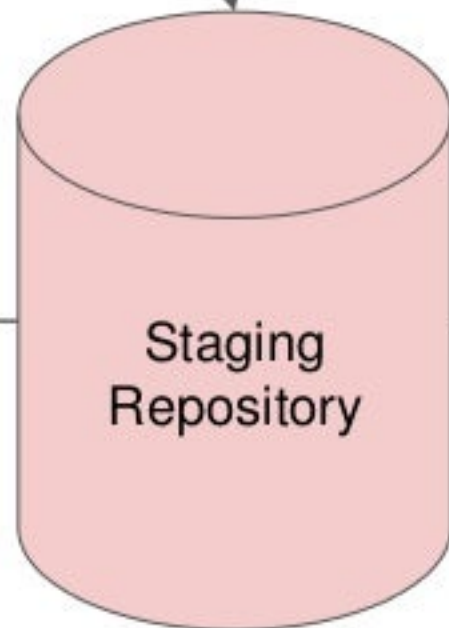
Jenkins

Team Foundation Server



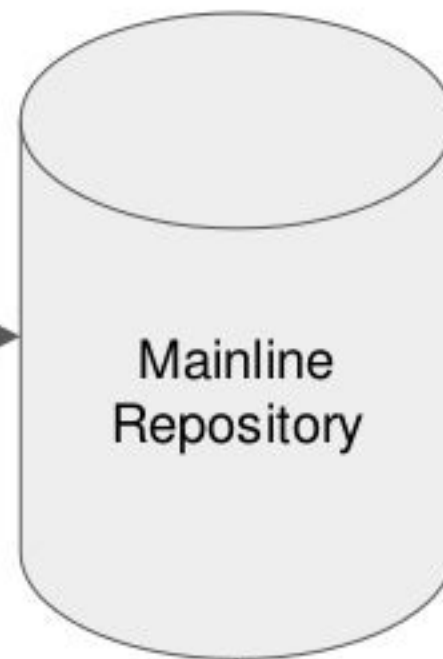
# Staging Repository

1. *Review*
2. *Build bots*
3. *Unit tests*
4. *Static analysis*
5. *Code coverage*
6. *Autotests*



Staging  
Repository

*Merge*



Mainline  
Repository



*Developer commits*

*Production builds*



“Free” Lunch

# Thanks! Questions?

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