FA ⇔ RG ⇔ RE

I) FA ⇔ RG (team work)

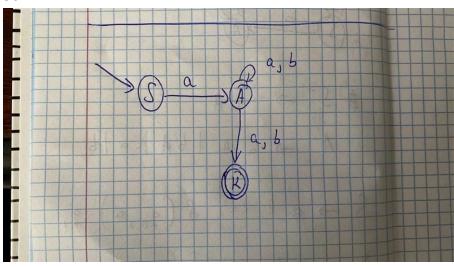
T1. Given the regular grammar $G = (\{S, A\}, \{a, b\}, P, S)$

$$P: S \to aA$$

$$A \to aA \mid bA \mid a \mid b,$$

build the equivalent FA.

Sol.:



T2. Given the regular grammar $G = (\{S, A\}, \{a, b\}, P, S)$

$$P: S \to \varepsilon \mid aA$$

$$A \to aA \mid bA \mid a \mid b,$$

build the equivalent FA.

Sol.:

$$\begin{split} M &= (Q, \; \Sigma, \; \delta, \; q_0, \; F) \\ Q &= \{S, \; A, \; K\}, \; q_0 = S, \; F = \{K, \; S\}, \; \Sigma = \; \{a, \; b\} \end{split}$$

δ	а	b
S	$\{A\}$	0
A	$\{A, K\}$	$\{A, K\}$
K	0	Ø

T3. Given the following FA
$$M = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$$

$$Q = \{p, q, r\}, \ q_0 = p, \ F = \{r\}, \ \Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

δ	0	1
p	q	p
q	r	p
r	r	r

build the equivalent right linear grammar.

Sol.:

T4. Given the following FA
$$M = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$$

$$Q = \{p, q, r\}, \ q_0 = p, \ F = \{p, r\}, \ \Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

δ	0	1
p	q	p
q	r	p
r	r	r

build the equivalent right linear grammar.

Sol.:

$$G = \{N_1 \Sigma, P_1 S\}$$

 $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$
 $N = \{p_1 2, r\}$
 $S = p$
 $P: p \rightarrow 02|1p|1|2$
 $2 \rightarrow 0r|1p|0|1$
 $r \rightarrow 0r|1r|0|1$

II) RG ⇔ RE

1. Give the RG corresponding to the following RE $0(0+1)^*1$.

$$\begin{array}{llll} 0\colon & G_1=(\{S_1\},\ \{0,1\},\ \{S_1\Longrightarrow 0\},\ S_1)\\ 1\colon & G_2=(\{S_2\},\ \{0,1\},\ \{S_2\Longrightarrow 1\},\ S_2)\\ 0+1\colon & G_3=(\{S_1,\ S_2,\ S_3\},\ \{0,1\},\ \{S_1\Longrightarrow 0,\ S_2\Longrightarrow 1,\ S_3\Longrightarrow 0\mid 1\},\ S_3)\\ & G_3'=(\{S_3\},\ \{0,1\},\ \{S_3\Longrightarrow 0\mid 1\},\ S_3)\\ (0+1)^*\colon & G_4=(\{S_3\},\ \{0,1\},\ \{S_3\Longrightarrow 0\mid 1,\ S_3\Longrightarrow 0,\ S_3\mid 1S_3,\ S_3\Longrightarrow \varepsilon\})\\ & G_4'=(\{S_3\},\ \{0,1\},\ \{S_3\Longrightarrow 0,\ 1,\ S_3\bowtie 0,\ 1\},\ \{S_1\Longrightarrow 0,\ S_3\mid 1S_3\mid \varepsilon\},\ S_3)\mid \text{not regular}\\ 0(0+1)^*\colon & G_5=(\{S_1,S_3\},\ \{0,1\},\ \{S_1\Longrightarrow 0,\ S_3,\ S_3\Longrightarrow 0,\ S_3\mid 1S_3\mid \varepsilon\},\ S_1)\\ & \quad \quad \mid \text{not regular}\\ 0(0+1)^*\,1\colon & G_6=(\{S_1,S_2,S_3\},\ \{0,1\},\ \{S_1\Longrightarrow 0,\ S_3,\ S_3\Longrightarrow 0,\ S_3\mid 1S_3\mid S_2,\ S_2\Longrightarrow 1\},\ S_1)\mid \text{not regular}\\ G_6'=(\{S_1,S_3\},\ \{0,1\},\ \{S_1\Longrightarrow 0,\ S_3,\ S_3\Longrightarrow 0,\ S_3\mid 1S_3\mid S_1\},\ S_1) \end{array}$$

(TW)

2. Give the RE corresponding to the following grammar

$$G = (\{S, A, B\}, \{a, b\}, P, S)$$

$$P : S \rightarrow aA$$

$$A \rightarrow aA \mid bB \mid b$$

$$B \rightarrow bB \mid b$$

Sol.: T4

$$S = aA$$

$$A = aA + bB + b$$

$$B = bB + b = 0$$

$$B = b^*b = b^*$$

$$A = a^*B = a^*b^*$$

$$A = a^*B = a^*b^*$$

$$S = aA = 0$$

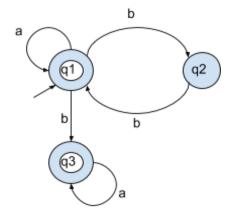
$$S = aa^*b = a^*b^*$$

III) FA ⇔ RE

1. Give the FA corresponding to the following RE $01(1+0)^*1^*$.

#board, pdf attached to Seminar 7 meet in MSTeams

2. Give the regular expression corresponding to the FA below.





$$q_1 = \varepsilon + q_1 a + q_2 b$$

$$q_2 = q_1 b$$

$$q_3 = q_1 b + q_3 a$$

$$X = Xa + b \implies X = ba^*$$
 solution

$$q_3 = q_1 b a^*$$

$$q_1 = \varepsilon + q_1 a + q_1 bb = q_1 (a + bb) + \varepsilon \implies q_1 = (a + bb)^* \implies q_3 = (a + bb)^* ba^*$$

$$RE = q_1 + q_3 = (a + bb)^* + (a + bb)^* ba^* = (a + bb)^* (\varepsilon + ba^*)$$