### \_

Przyklady

# Analiza numeryczna

## Wyklad 5 i 6. Interpolacja wielomianowa

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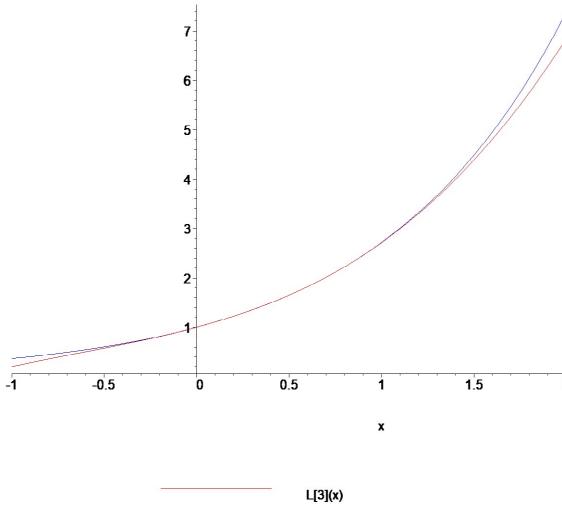
Wroclaw, 8 i 22 listopada 2023 r.

```
1. Wielomiany Czebyszewa
    > with (orthopoly):
    > seq(print(T(n,x)),n=0..15);
   [ >
   | >
    > asymp:=plot([-1,1],x=-1..1,color=blue):
    > for k from 1 to N
```

```
\begin{array}{c}
1 \\
x \\
-1+2x^2 \\
4x^3-3x \\
1+8x^4-8x^2 \\
16x^5-20x^3+5x \\
-1+32x^6-48x^4+18x^2 \\
64x^7-112x^5+56x^3-7x \\
1+128x^8-256x^6+160x^4-32x^2 \\
256x^9-576x^7+432x^5-120x^3+9x \\
-1+512x^{10}-1280x^8+1120x^6-400x^4+50x^2 \\
1024x^{11}-2816x^9+2816x^7-1232x^5+220x^3-11x \\
1+2048x^{12}-6144x^{10}+6912x^8-3584x^6+840x^4-72x^2 \\
4096x^{13}-13312x^{11}+16640x^9-9984x^7+2912x^5-364x^3+13x \\
-1+8192x^{14}-28672x^{12}+39424x^{10}-26880x^8+9408x^6-1568x^4+98x^2 \\
16384x^{15}-61440x^{13}+92160x^{11}-70400x^9+28800x^7-6048x^5+560x^3-15x
\end{array}
```

```
opis:="T["||k||"](x)":
        wykres:=plot(T(k,x),x=-1..1,color=red):
       klatka[k]:=plots[display](wykres,asymp,title=opis,titlefont=[COURIER,BOLD,15])
 > plots[display]([seq(klatka[i],i=1..N)],insequence=true);
                                                                                            T[1](x)
                                                                                              0.8
                                                                                              0.6
                                                                                              0.4
                                                                                              0.2
                                                                                                                       0.4
                                                   -0.8
                                                               -0.6
                                                                          -0.4
                                                                                     -0.2
                                                                                                                                   0.6
                                                                                                                                              8.0
                                                                                                            0.2
                                                                                              -0.2
                                                                                              -0.4
                                                                                              -0.6
                                                                                              -0.8
[ >
```

### 2. Interpolacja wielomianowa

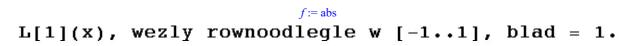


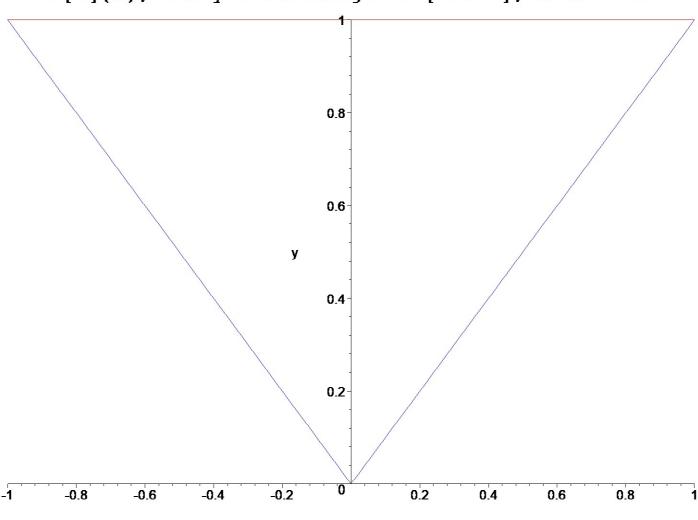
L[3](x)
exp(x)

[ >

```
> plots[display]([seq(klatka[i],i=1..N)],insequence=true);
                                                   L[1](x), wezly rownoodlegle w [0,2*Pi], blad = 1.
                                                 0.5
                                                 -0.5
                                                                             2
                                                                                          3
                                                                                                                                6
  [ >
2.3. Przyklad
   [ >
   >
    > restart:
    > N:=20:
    > f:=x->abs(x);
    > wykres_f:=plot(f(x),x=-1..1,y=0..1,color=blue):
    > for i from 1 to N
         L:=unapply(interp([seq(evalf(-1+2*k/i),k=0..i)],
                          [seq(evalf(f(-1+2*k/i)),k=0..i)],x),x):
         blad:=max(seq(abs(evalf(L(-1+2*j/200)-f(-1+2*j/200))),j=0..200)):
         blads:=convert(evalf(blad,5),string):
```

```
opis:="L["||i||"](x), wezly rownoodlegle w [-1..1], blad = "||blads:
    wykres_L:=plot(L(x),x=-1..1,y=0..1,color=red,numpoints=150):
    klatka[i]:=plots[display](wykres_f,wykres_L,title=opis,titlefont=[COURIER,BOLD,15])
    od:
>
plots[display]([seq(klatka[i],i=1..N)],insequence=true);
>
>
>
```





[ >

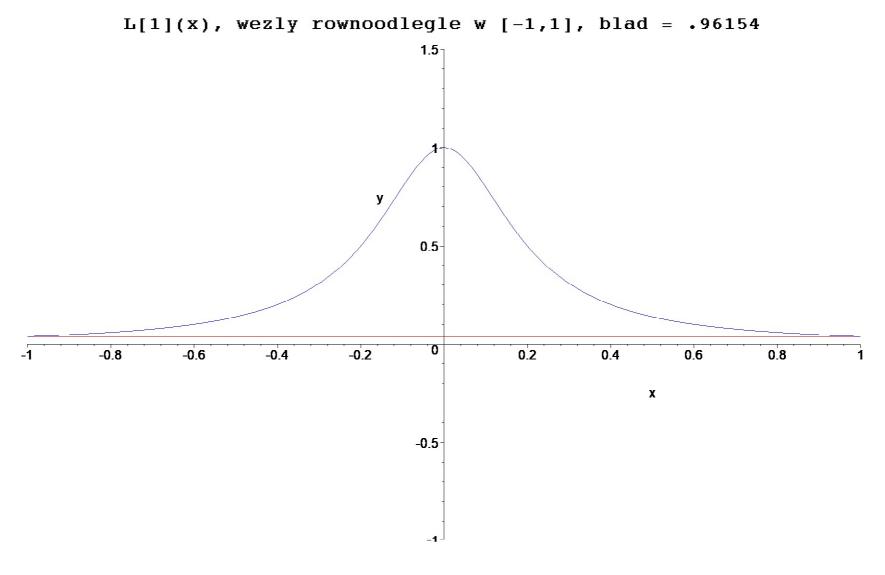
```
> for i from 1 to N
       L:=unapply(interp([seq(evalf(-1+2*k/i),k=0..i)],
                        [seq(evalf(f(-1+2*k/i)),k=0..i)],x),x):
       blad:=max(seq(abs(evalf(L(-2+4*j/400)-f(-2+4*j/400))),j=0..400)):
       blads:=convert(evalf(blad,5),string):
       opis:="L["||i||"](x), wezly rownoodlegle, blad w [-2,2] = "||blads:
       wykres_L:=plot(L(x),x=-2..2,y=-16..64,color=red,numpoints=150):
       klatka[i]:=plots[display](wykres_f,wykres_L,title=opis,titlefont=[COURIER,BOLD,15])
     od:
 > plots[display]([seq(klatka[i],i=1..N)],insequence=true);
                                                    f:=x\to x^6 L[1](x), wezly rownoodlegle, blad w [-2,2] = 63.
                                                                                          60
                                                                                          50-
                                                                                          40-
                                                                                          30
                                                                                          20
                                                                                          10-
                                                                                         -10
[ >
 > Digits:=16:
 > f:=x->x^6;
```

> i:=6;

#### **3.** Wybor wezlow interpolacji

```
3.1. Wezly rownoodlegle
```

```
[ >
>
 > restart:
 >
 > N:=20:
 > f:=x->1/(25*x^2+1);
 > wykres_f:=plot(f(x),x=-1..1,y=-1..1.5,color=blue):
 > for i from 1 to N
     do
       L:=unapply(interp([seq(evalf(-1+2*k/i),k=0..i)],
                         [seq(evalf(f(-1+2*k/i)),k=0..i)],x),x):
       blad:=max(seq(abs(evalf(L(-1+2*j/200)-f(-1+2*j/200))),j=0..200)):
       blads:=convert(evalf(blad,5),string):
       opis:="L["||i||"](x), wezly rownoodlegle w [-1,1], blad = "||blads:
       wykres_L:=plot(L(x),x=-1..1,y=-1..1.5,color=red,numpoints=150):
       klatka[i]:=plots[display](wykres_f,wykres_L,title=opis,titlefont=[COURIER,BOLD,15])
     od:
 > plots[display]([seq(klatka[i],i=1..N)],insequence=true);
 >
```



[ >

```
> plots[display]([seq(klatka[i],i=1..N)],insequence=true);
                                                                                       f := x \to \frac{1}{25 x^2 + 1}
                                                     L[1](x), wezly Czebyszewa w [-1,1], blad = .92593
                                                                                           0.5
                                                 -0.8
                                                            -0.6
                                                                       -0.4
                                                                                  -0.2
                                                                                                        0.2
                                                                                                                   0.4
                                                                                                                              0.6
                                                                                                                                         8.0
                                                                                                                         X
                                                                                           -0.5
  [ >
3.2.2. Przyklad
  [>
    > restart:
    > N:=20:
    > f:=x->abs(x);
    > wykres_f:=plot(f(x),x=-1..1,y=0..1,color=blue):
    > for i from 1 to N
         L:=unapply(interp([seq(evalf(cos((2*k+1)*Pi/(2*i+2))),k=0..i)],
                           [seq(evalf(f(cos((2*k+1)*Pi/(2*i+2)))),k=0..i)],x),x):
          blad:=max(seq(abs(evalf(L(-1+2*j/200)-f(-1+2*j/200))),j=0..200)):
```

```
blads:=convert(evalf(blad,5),string):
      {\tt opis:="L["||i||"](x)\;,\;wezly\;Czebyszewa\;w\;[-1,1]\;,\;blad="||blads:"|}
      wykres_L:=plot(L(x),x=-1..1,y=0..1,color=red,numpoints=150):
     klatka[i]:=plots[display](wykres_f,wykres_L,title=opis,titlefont=[COURIER,BOLD,15])
    od:
> plots[display]([seq(klatka[i],i=1..N)],insequence=true);
>
>
                                                f = abs
L[1](x), wezly Czebyszewa w [-1,1], blad = .70711
                                                                                       0.8-
                                                                                       0.6
                                                                                       0.4
                                                                                       0.2
                                                 -0.8
                                                                               -0.2
                                                           -0.6
                                                                     -0.4
                                                                                                   0.2
                                                                                                             0.4
                                                                                                                       0.6
                                                                                                                                 0.8
```