Technical validation of CoM dataset 2019

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Introduction

The procedure to verify and improve the coherence of the dataset starts with the extraction of complete emission inventories stored in a PostgreSQL database. At the closing date of this study, (September 2019) 6,239 climate action plans with complete inventories had been submitted by cities in the EU27, EFTA countries and UK, Western Balkans, Eastern and Southern EU neighbourhoods. Inventories and other data are self-reported to the online platform and must accurately reflect the content of the official climate action plan %(SECAP) document. The SECAP document is a separated file, usually in PDF format and publicly available that represents the official action plan endorsed and signed by the local council.

The CoM dataset analysis

As a first step to address the quality of the data reported, yearly GHG emission per capita are plotted for each signatory. Let's first upload and reorganise the CoM dataset 2019.

```
Let's first upload and reorganise the CoM dataset 2019.
CoM dataset2019 all=readtable('CoM dataset2019 allinitial.xlsx');
CoM dataset2019 all.type of emission inventory=categorical(CoM dataset2019 all.type of emi
ssion inventory);
CoM dataset2019 all.emission inventory sector=categorical(CoM dataset2019 all.emission inv
entory sector);
CoM dataset2019 all.city=categorical(CoM dataset2019 all.city);
CoM dataset2019 all.type of emissions=categorical(CoM dataset2019 all.type of emissions);
CoM dataset2019 all.GCoM ID=categorical(CoM dataset2019 all.GCoM ID);
EDGAR RCO TCO 2005=readtable('EDGAR RCO TCO 20052.csv','delimiter',',');
CoM_dataset2019=(CoM_dataset2019_all(:,1:7));
CoM dataset2019 = removevars(CoM dataset2019, 'emission inventory sector');
CoM dataset2019 = removevars(CoM dataset2019, 'type of emissions');
CoM dataset2019=unique(CoM dataset2019);
% create the variable of activity and emission per capita in the
% Energy in buildings sector residential/municipal/istitutional, Transportation and Waste
sector
```

```
CoM_dataset2019_all.activity_data(isnan(CoM_dataset2019_all.activity_data))=0;
CoM_dataset2019_all.emissions(isnan(CoM_dataset2019_all.emissions))=0;
CoM_dataset2019_all.PC_emissions=CoM_dataset2019_all.emissions;
```

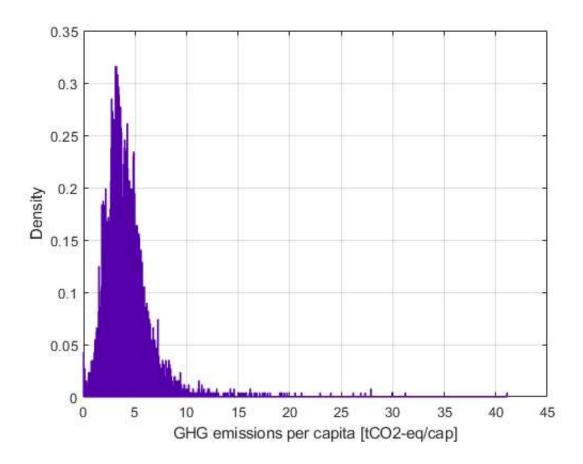
```
CoM_dataset2019_all.PC_emissions=CoM_dataset2019_all.emissions./CoM_dataset2019_all.popula tion_in_the_inventory_year;

CoM_dataset2019_all.PC_activity_data=CoM_dataset2019_all.PC_emissions;
CoM_dataset2019_all.PC_activity_data=CoM_dataset2019_all.activity_data./CoM_dataset2019_all.population_in_the_inventory_year;
```

Prepare figure 2

```
clf:
hold on:
LegHandles = []; LegText = {};
% --- Plot data originally in dataset "PC emissions2 data"
[CdfF,CdfX] = ecdf(PC emissions2, 'Function', 'cdf'); % compute empirical cdf
BinInfo.rule = 5;
BinInfo.width = 0.01;
BinInfo.placementRule = 1;
[~,BinEdge] = internal.stats.histbins(PC emissions2,[],[],BinInfo,CdfF,CdfX);
[BinHeight, BinCenter] = ecdfhist(CdfF, CdfX, 'edges', BinEdge);
hLine = bar(BinCenter, BinHeight, 'hist');
set(hLine, 'FaceColor', 'none', 'EdgeColor', [0.333333 0 0.666667],...
    'LineStyle','-', 'LineWidth',1);
xlabel('GHG emissions per capita [tCO2-eq/cap]');
ylabel('Density')
LegHandles(end+1) = hLine;
%LegText{end+1} = 'PC emissions2 data';
% set(axes1, 'FontSize', 24, 'XGrid', 'on', 'YGrid', 'on', 'YTickLabel', ...
    {'0','0.1','0.2','0.3'});
% Create grid where function will be computed
XLim = get(gca,'XLim');
XLim = XLim + [0 1] * 0.01 * diff(XLim);
XGrid = linspace(XLim(1), XLim(2), 100);
% Adjust figure
box on;
grid on;
hold off;
```

Warning: Cannot compute centers that are consistent with EDGES.



Extreme studentized deviate procedure - ESD

```
% In this section we describe the automatic routine implemented to detect and treat the
% outliers in inventories from small medium towns (number of inventories = (5,538)

% The procedure starts with dividing the data into two groups based on the normalization p
rocess:
% the activity data in the residential/municipal/institutional/tertiary buildings and tran
sport sector and Waste
% were normalised with the population size, whereas the activity data in manufacturing and
construction industries
% were normalised with the GDP values.
```

```
CoM_dataset2019_all.PC_activity_data=CoM_dataset2019_all.activity_data;
rows=(CoM_dataset2019_all.emission_inventory_sector~={'Manufacturing and construction indu
stries'}& CoM_dataset2019_all.type_of_emission_inventory=={'baseline_emission_inventory'}&
CoM_dataset2019_all.city~={'City or Greater city'});
CoM_dataset2019_all.PC_activity_data(rows)=CoM_dataset2019_all.activity_data(rows)./CoM_da
taset2019_all.population_in_the_inventory_year(rows);
```

```
rows=(CoM_dataset2019_all.emission_inventory_sector~={'Manufacturing and construction indu
stries'}& CoM_dataset2019_all.type_of_emission_inventory=={'baseline_emission_inventory'}&
CoM_dataset2019_all.city~={'City or Greater city'});
T = CoM_dataset2019_all(rows,{'GCoM_ID','emission_inventory_id','city'}); %'emission_inve
ntory_id'
[G,total] = findgroups(T);
total.population_in_the_inventory_year=splitapply(@max,CoM_dataset2019_all.population_in_t
he_inventory_year(rows),G);
total.PC_emissions=splitapply(@sum,CoM_dataset2019_all.PC_emissions(rows),G);
```

```
total.PC activity data=splitapply(@sum,CoM dataset2019 all.PC activity data(rows),G);
total.emissions=splitapply(@sum,CoM_dataset2019_all.emissions(rows),G);
total.activity data=splitapply(@sum,CoM dataset2019 all.activity data(rows),G);
total initial=total;
Median=median(total initial.PC activity data);
Mean=mean(total_initial.PC_activity_data);
SDs=std(total initial.PC activity data); %standard deviation
S=skewness(total initial.PC activity data); % the skewness
% The method is based on a generalised ESD (extreme studentized deviate) procedure for the
detection of
% abnormal energy consumptions
% The procedure starts considering the whole data set of GHG emissions per capita. The mea
n, the standard deviation,
% the skewness and the ESD (extreme studentized deviate) (the second, the third moment ab
out the mean) are calculated at the beginning for each set of data
total=total initial;
total.ESD=(total.PC activity data-mean(total.PC activity data))/std(total.PC activity data
);
alpha=0.01;
out=total;
while ~isempty(out.PC activity data)
p upper=1-alpha./(2*(n-1));% the upper limit
t upper=tinv(p upper, n-1-1); %this is the inverse of tstudent distribution
rows=(total.ESD>=lambda_upper);
out=total(rows,:);
rows=(total.ESD<lambda upper);</pre>
total=total(rows,:);
n=length(total.PC activity data);
total.ESD=(total.PC activity data-mean(total.PC activity data))/std(total.PC activity data
);
end
```

Median Absolute Deviation (MAD)

```
% To conclude, also a non-parametric statistical procedure, i.e. the Median Absolute Devia tion (MAD),
% has been applied to identify outliers in dataset that are non normal distributed.
% This method is more robust than the ESD, but less efficient, and its validity increases
% as data approach normal distribution. Similarly to the ESD, the choice of a critical
% value is motivated by the reasoning that if the observations other than outliers
% have an approximately normal distribution, it picks up as an outlier any observations
% more than about three standard deviations from the means

MAD1=sum(abs(total.PC_activity_data-median(total.PC_activity_data)))/length(total.PC_activity_data);
total.MAD=((total.PC_activity_data-median(total.PC_activity_data)))/MAD1;
```

Assessment of performance indicators

```
rows=(CoM dataset2019 all.type of emission inventory=={ baseline emission inventory & Co
M dataset2019 all.city=={'City or Greater city'});
total cities=CoM dataset2019 all(rows,:);
T = total cities(:,{'emission inventory id'}); %'emission inventory id'
[G, total cities2] = findgroups(T);
total_cities2.population_in_the_inventory_year=splitapply(@max,total_cities.population_in_
the_inventory_year,G);
total cities2.activity data=splitapply(@sum,total cities.activity data,G);
total cities2.emissions=splitapply(@sum,total cities.emissions,G);
rows=(CoM_dataset2019_all.type_of_emission_inventory=={'baseline_emission_inventory'} & Co
M dataset2019 all.city~={'City or Greater city'});
total_towns=CoM_dataset2019_all(rows,:);
T = total towns(:,{'emission inventory id'}); %'emission inventory id'
[G, total towns2] = findgroups(T);
total towns2.population in the inventory year=splitapply(@max,total towns.population in th
e_inventory_year,G);
total towns2.activity data=splitapply(@sum, total towns.activity data, G);
total towns2.emissions=splitapply(@sum,total towns.emissions,G);
sum(total towns2.population in the inventory year)
total towns3=innerjoin(total towns2, total(:,2));
total3=union(total_cities2,total_towns3);
total3.PC activity data=total3.activity data./total3.population in the inventory year;
total3.PC emissions=total3.emissions./total3.population in the inventory year;
all data clean=total3;
Mean_clean=mean(total3.PC_emissions);
Median clean=median(total3.PC emissions);
SDs clean=std(total3.PC emissions); %standard deviation of the robust sample
S clean=skewness(total3.PC emissions);%the skewness
total initial = removevars(total initial, {'PC emissions','PC activity data','city'});
population in the inventory year=sum(total initial.population in the inventory year)+sum(t
otal_cities2.population_in_the_inventory_year);
% population1=sum(all initial.population in the inventory year);
% population2=sum(all data clean.population in the inventory year);
all initial=union (total cities2, total initial(:,2:5));
all_initial.PC_emissions=all_initial.emissions./all_initial.population_in_the_inventory_ye
ar;
Mean_all=mean(all_initial.PC_emissions);
Median all=median(all initial.PC emissions);
SDs all=std(all initial.PC emissions); %standard deviation of the robust sample
S all=skewness(all initial.PC emissions);%the skewness
Mean final=mean(all data clean.PC emissions);
Median final=median(all data clean.PC emissions);
SDs finall=std(all data clean.PC emissions); %standard deviation of the robust sample
S final=skewness(all data clean.PC emissions);%the skewness
CoM dataset2019 clean=innerjoin(CoM dataset2019 all,all data clean(:,1));
```

```
rows=(CoM dataset2019 clean.type of emissions=={'direct emissions'}&(CoM dataset2019 clean
.emission inventory sector == { 'Institutional/tertiary buildings and facilities' } | CoM datase
t2019 clean.emission inventory sector == { 'Residential buildings and facilities' } | CoM datase
t2019 clean.emission inventory sector == { 'Municipal buildings and facilities'}));
T = CoM dataset2019 clean(rows, {'emission inventory id'}); %'emission inventory id'
[G,totalbd] = findgroups(T);
totalbd.emissions BD=splitapply(@sum,CoM dataset2019 clean.emissions(rows),G);% direct emi
ssion in buildings
rows=(CoM dataset2019 clean.type of emissions=={'direct emissions'}&CoM dataset2019 clean.
emission inventory sector=={'Transportation'});
T = CoM dataset2019 clean(rows, {'emission inventory id'}); %'emission inventory id'
[G,totaltd] = findgroups(T);
totaltd.emissions TD=splitapply(@sum,CoM dataset2019 clean.emissions(rows),G);% direct emi
ssion in transport
totald=outerjoin(totalbd,totaltd,'MergeKeys',true);
totald.emissions_BD(isnan(totald.emissions_BD))=0;
totald.emissions BD=totald.emissions BD*10^-6;
totald.emissions TD(isnan(totald.emissions TD))=0;
totald.emissions TD=totald.emissions TD*10^-6;
```

ans = 45963551

Technical Validation with EDGAR

```
EDGAR_RCO_TCO_2005=EDGARRCOTCO20052;

EDGAR_RCO_TCO_2005.RCO_LAU2_2005(isnan(EDGAR_RCO_TCO_2005.RCO_LAU2_2005))=0;

EDGAR_RCO_TCO_2005.TCO_LAU2_2005(isnan(EDGAR_RCO_TCO_2005.TCO_LAU2_2005))=0;

Tech_Valid=innerjoin (EDGAR_RCO_TCO_2005,CoM_dataset2019);

rows=(Tech_Valid.RCO_LAU2_2005==0 & Tech_Valid.TCO_LAU2_2005==0);

Tech_Valid(rows,:)=[];

rows=(Tech_Valid.inventory_year==2005);

Tech_Valid2=Tech_Valid(rows,:);

Tech_Valid3=innerjoin(Tech_Valid2,totald);

Tech_Valid3.RSME_BUILD=(Tech_Valid3.RCO_LAU2_2005-Tech_Valid3.emissions_BD).^2;

RSME_BUILD=(sum(Tech_Valid3.RSME_BUILD)/length(Tech_Valid3.RCO_LAU2_2005))^0.5;

RSQ_BUILD=corr(Tech_Valid3.RSME_TRANSP)/length(Tech_Valid3.RCO_LAU2_2005))^0.5;

RSME_TRANSP=(sum(Tech_Valid3.RSME_TRANSP)/length(Tech_Valid3.RCO_LAU2_2005))^0.5;

RSQ_TRANSP=corr(Tech_Valid3.TCO_LAU2_2005,Tech_Valid3.emissions_BD);
```

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