

# The boolean Pythagorean Triples problem subtitle

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▶ Partition: {1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 14}, {5, 10, 13, 15}

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- one constraint clause for each Pythagorean triple
- interpretation gives partition

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Constraint for all Pythagorean triples: 
$$F = \bigwedge_{\substack{1 \leq x,y,z \leq n \\ x^2+y^2=z^2}} NotEqual(p_x,p_y,p_z)$$

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For an interpretation  $I \subseteq V$  with  $I \models F$ , the resulting partition is:

$$P_1 = \{x \mid p_x \in I\}$$

$$P_2 = \{x \mid p_x \notin I\}$$

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$$F = (p_3 \lor p_4 \lor p_5) \land (\neg p_3 \lor \neg p_4 \lor \neg p_5)$$

$$\land (p_6 \lor p_8 \lor p_{10}) \land (\neg p_6 \lor \neg p_8 \lor \neg p_{10})$$

$$\land (p_9 \lor p_{12} \lor p_{15}) \land (\neg p_9 \lor \neg p_{12} \lor \neg p_{15})$$

$$\land (p_5 \lor p_{12} \lor p_{13}) \land (\neg p_5 \lor \neg p_{12} \lor \neg p_{13})$$

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Possible interpretation:  $I = \{p_5, p_{10}, p_{13}, p_{15}\}$ 

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Possible interpretation:  $I = \{p_5, p_{10}, p_{13}, p_{15}\}$ 

Resulting partition:

$$P_1 = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 14\}$$

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#### Approaches:

- eliminate clauses with variables only occuring once
- break partition symmetry

```
F = NotEqual(p_{3}, p_{4}, p_{5}) \\ \land NotEqual(p_{6}, p_{9}, p_{12}) \\ \land NotEqual(p_{9}, p_{12}, p_{15}) \\ \land NotEqual(p_{5}, p_{12}, p_{13})
```

- $F = NotEqual(p_3, p_4, p_5)$ 
  - $\land$  NotEqual( $p_6, p_9, p_{12}$ )
  - $\land$  NotEqual $(p_9, p_{12}, p_{15})$
  - $\land$  NotEqual $(p_5, p_{12}, p_{13})$

Note  $p_3$  only occurs in **NotEqual** $(p_3, p_4, p_5)$ 

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$$F' = NotEqual(p_6, p_9, p_{12})$$

- $\land$  NotEqual( $p_9, p_{12}, p_{15}$ )
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- ▶ deleted clause  $NotEqual(p_3, p_4, p_5)$  because  $p_3$  only occurred once
- $\vdash$   $I' \models F'$  and  $\{p_3, p_4, p_5\} \subseteq I'$

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- ▶ deleted clause NotEqual $(p_3, p_4, p_5)$  because  $p_3$  only occurred once
- $ightharpoonup I' \models F' \text{ and } \{p_3, p_4, p_5\} \subseteq I'$
- $I = I' \setminus p_3$
- ▶ while  $I' \not\models F$ , we have  $I \models F$

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- solution: introduce unit clause for variable occurring in F'
- $F'' = F' \wedge p_X$

## **Cube-and-conquer solving**

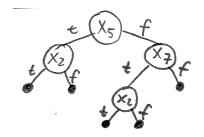
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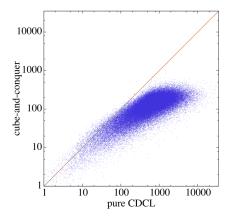
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## **Runtime**

#### x time



# Validation of the program