哈尔滨工业大学计算机科学与技术学院 2015年秋季学期《软件工程》

Lab 3: MVC编程与云平台部署

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1. 实验要求

- · 掌握MVC架构下SaaS开发的基本流程;
- 开发环境:Python+Django+SAE;
- 在Python编程环境中搭建Django开发环境,开发一个小型SaaS,在 Web页面中对数据库中的数据进行CRUD(增加Create、读取Retrieve、 更新Update和删除Delete)操作;
- 部署在SAE上并对外发布

开发要求

- **?** 使用MySQL或SQLite建立一个图书数据库"BookDB",包含两张表: Book {ISBN (PK), Title, AuthorID (FK), Publisher, PublishDate, Price}
- Author {AuthorID (PK), Name, Age, Country}
- ? 手工输入足够多的若干测试数据;
- ? 开发以下功能:
- 输入作者名字,查询该作者所著的全部图书的题目;
- 当用户点击某本图书的题目时,展示图书详细信息和作者详细信息; 当用户点击"删除"按 钮时,将对应行的图书从数据表中删除;
- -(opt)用户可新增一本图书,若该书作者不在库中,还需增加新作者;
- (opt)用户可更新一本图书的作者、出版社、出版日期、价格。 简要复述实验手册中要求达到的实验目标与过程。

2. 开发环境配置

MYSQL的安装

```
d_d:d_dlib d_d$ mysql -u root
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.
                                 Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 10
Server version: 5.6.27 Homebrew
Copyright (c) 2000, 2015, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> create database BookDB;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> show databases;
| Database
  information_schema
  BookDB
 mysql
performance_schema
  test
5 rows in set (0.04 sec)
mysql> exit
```

数据库BookDB创建;

```
d_d:libman d_d$ pip install django Requirement already satisfied (use --upgrade to upgrade): django in /Library/Pyt hon/2.7/site-packages d_d:libman d_d$ \Box
```

Django 1.8.5 安装

3. 图书SaaS设计

3.1. Settings.py

,,,,,,

Django settings for d_dlib project.

Generated by 'django-admin startproject' using Django 1.8.5.

For more information on this file, see https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.8/topics/settings/

For the full list of settings and their values, see https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.8/ref/settings/

```
# Build paths inside the project like this: os.path.join(BASE_DIR, ...)
import os
BASE DIR = os.path.dirname(os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath( file )))
import os.path
from os import environ
debug = not environ.get("APP NAME", "")
if debug:
  MYSQL DB = 'BookDB'
  MYSQL\_USER = 'root'
  MYSQL\_PASS = "
  MYSQL_HOST_M = '127.0.0.1'
  MYSQL\_HOST\_S = '127.0.0.1'
  MYSQL PORT = '3306'
else:
#SAE
  import sae.const
  MYSQL DB = sae.const.MYSQL DB
  MYSQL_USER = sae.const.MYSQL_USER
MYSQL_PASS = sae.const.MYSQL_PASS
  MYSQL HOST M = sae.const.MYSQL HOST
  MYSQL HOST S = sae.const.MYSQL HOST S
  MYSQL PORT = sae.const.MYSQL PORT
# Quick-start development settings - unsuitable for production
# See https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.8/howto/deployment/checklist/
# SECURITY WARNING: keep the secret key used in production secret!
SECRET KEY = '0g6fd-i8*y@7xk!bvvszmw86ebn818tw%s!1adcdmi%^e462sp'
# SECURITY WARNING: don't run with debug turned on in production!
DEBUG = False
ALLOWED_HOSTS = ['*']
# Application definition
INSTALLED\_APPS = (
  'django.contrib.admin',
  'django.contrib.auth',
  'django.contrib.contenttypes',
  'django.contrib.sessions',
  'django.contrib.messages'
  'django.contrib.staticfiles',
  'libman',
MIDDLEWARE_CLASSES = (
  'django.contrib.sessions.middleware.SessionMiddleware',
  'django.middleware.common.CommonMiddleware',
  'django.middleware.csrf.CsrfViewMiddleware',
  'django.contrib.auth.middleware.AuthenticationMiddleware',
  'django.contrib.auth.middleware.SessionAuthenticationMiddleware',
  'django.contrib.messages.middleware.MessageMiddleware',
  'django.middleware.clickjacking.XFrameOptionsMiddleware',
  'django.middleware.security.SecurityMiddleware',
ROOT URLCONF = 'd dlib.urls'
TEMPLATES = [
```

```
'BACKEND': 'django.template.backends.django.DjangoTemplates',
    'DIRS': [],
    'APP DIRS': True,
    'OPTIONS': {
       'context processors': [
         'django.template.context processors.debug',
         'django.template.context_processors.request',
         'django.contrib.auth.context processors.auth',
         'django.contrib.messages.context_processors.messages',
    },
  },
]
WSGI APPLICATION = 'd dlib.wsgi.application'
# Database
# https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.8/ref/settings/#databases
DATABASES = {
  'default': {
    'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.mysql',
    'NAME': MYSQL DB.
    'USER': MYSQL_USER,
    'PASSWORD': MYSQL PASS,
    'HOST': MYSQL HOST M,
    'PORT': MYSQL PORT,
  }
}
# Internationalization
# https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.8/topics/i18n/
LANGUAGE_CODE = 'en-us'
TIME ZONE = 'UTC'
USE_{I18N} = True
USE L10N = True
USE TZ = True
# Static files (CSS, JavaScript, Images)
# https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.8/howto/static-files/
STATIC_ROOT=os.path.join(os.path.dirname(__file__),'../static')
STATIC URL = '/static/'
```

源代码(py)

附加关键部分的说明

已经更改为部署在SAE上的Settings,数据库的连接有文件开始的if条件语句控制。

3.2.urls.py

```
共有两个urls.py
  这是总的:
  """d_dlib URL Configuration
  The 'urlpatterns' list routes URLs to views. For more information please see:
     https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.8/topics/http/urls/
  Function views
     1. Add an import: from my app import views
     2. Add a URL to urlpatterns: url(r'\$', views.home, name='home')
  Class-based views
     1. Add an import: from other app.views import Home
     2. Add a URL to urlpatterns: url(r'\$', Home.as view(), name='home')
  Including another URLconf
     1. Add an import: from blog import urls as blog_urls
  2. Add a URL to urlpatterns: url(r'\blog/', include(blog_urls))
  from django.conf.urls import include, url
  from django.contrib import admin
  urlpatterns = [
    url(r",include('libman.urls',namespace='libman')),
     url(r'^admin/', include(admin.site.urls)),
  上面的这个urlpatterns包含着下面这个文件。这是App内部的:
  from django.conf.urls import url
  from . import views
  urlpatterns=[
     url(r'\$',views.index, name='index'),
     url(r'^(?P<bookisbn>[0-9-]+)/$',views.details, name='details'),
     url(r'^delete/$',views.delete,name='delete'),
     url(r'^edit/$',views.edit,name='edit'),
     url(r'^add_book/$',views.add_book,name='add_book'),
     url(r'^add author/$',views.add author,name='add author'),
源代码(py)
附加关键部分的说明
```

功能包括展示主页,得到图书具体信息,删掉图书,编辑,加书,加作者。

3.3.View中的各方法

序号	方法名称	作用	
1	index(request)	显示主页,先是搜索结果,完成搜索功能	
2	edit(request)	编辑书目信息	
3	details (request, bookisbn)	查看书目信息	
4	delete(request)	删掉一本书	
5	add_book(request)	增加一本书	
6	add_author(request)	增加一个作者	

3.4.辅助类

序号	方法名称	作用
无	无	无

3.5. Templates

序号	页面名	作用	页面核心元素 (form)	Form对应的 action name	Form中提交的数 据项
1	index.html	主页	删除	delete/	delete_book_ISB N
			编辑	edit/	update_book_ISB
			按作者搜索		author_name
			增加一本书	add_book/	add_book_isbn
					add_book_title
					add_book_authori
					add_book_publish er
					add_book_publish date
					add_book_price
2	edit.html	编辑书目信息	编辑书目信息		update_book_isbn
					update_book_title
					update_book_auth orid
					update_book_publ isher
					update_book_publ ishdate
					update_book_pric
3	details.html	书目详细信息	无	无	无
4	add_author.ht ml	添加作者	作者信息		AuthorID
					Name
					Age
					Country

3.6.各view/template之间的调用和消息传递关系

给出一张图示描述彼此之间的数据传递和调用关系。

4. 图书SaaS核心代码

针对下列功能,分别给出view类和template页面中的核心代码。

4.1.按作者查询

9-19行为View中的核心;

```
{% csrf_token %}
                      <input type='text' name='author_name' />
<input type='submit' value='Author Search' />
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
                  </form>
                  <label>
                      Exist Authors: {% for author in author_list %} {{author.Name}} {% endfor %}
                  </label>
                  {% if author_lib %}
Author {{author_name}}'s book(s)
                      {% for j in author_lib %}
                       <a href="{% url 'libman:details' j.ISBN %}">{{ j.Title }}</a>
                      {% endfor %}
                  {% endif %} {% if author_empty %}
                  Author {{author_name}} not found.
{% endif %}
              </div>
          </div>
```

上图为index.html作者查询部分核心代码

4.2.展示图书详细信息

```
47  def details(request, bookisbn):
48          book=Book.objects.get(ISBN=bookisbn)
49          context={'book':book}
50          return render(request, 'libman/details.html',context)
```

上图为view中展示图书详细信息代码

```
{% if book %}
             | vid="content" class="colM">
| vid="content" class="colM">
| vid="content-main">
| vid="content-main">
| vid="content-main">
| ving="content-main">
| ving="con
                                           <div>
<fieldset class="module aligned ">
<fieldset class="form-row field-ISBN">

                                                                                          </div>
<div class="form-row field-Title">
                                                                                         </div>
<div class="form-row field-AuthorID">

~label class="required" for="id_AuthorID">AuthorID:</label>
~div class="related-widget-wrapper">
     {{book.AuthorID}}
</div>

                                                                            <div class="form-row field-Publisher">
                                                                                          <div>
  <label class="required" for="id_Publisher">Publisher:</label>
  {{ book.Publisher }}
</div>
                                                                           </div>
<div class="form-row field-PublishDate">
                                                                                         <div>
    <label class="required" for="id_PublishDate">PublishDate:</label>
    {{ book.PublishDate }}
                                                                                          </div>
                                                                            </div>
<div class="form-row field-Price">
                                                                                          <div>
<in><label class="required" for="id_Price">Price:</label>
{{ book.Price }}
                                                                                           </div
```

上图为details核心代码。

4.3.删除图书

```
52  def delete(request):
53     try:
54     Book.objects.get(ISBN=request.GET.get('delete_book_ISBN')).delete()
55     except:
56     pass
57     return HttpResponseRedirect('/')
```

如图为删除部分;

```
{% for i in book_list %}
14
15
                  16
                      <a href="{% url 'libman:details' i.ISBN %}">{{ i.Title }}</a>
18
                      20
21
                  >
                      <form action='delete/' method='GET'>
                          <input type='hidden' name='delete_book_ISBN' value={{ i.ISBN }} />
<input type='submit' value='Delete' />
22
23
24
25
                      </form>
                  26
27
28
                  >
                      <form action='edit/' method='GET'>
                           <input type='hidden' name='update_book_ISBN' value={{ i.ISBN }} />
<input type='submit' value='Edit' />
29
30
                      </form>
                  33
34
              {% endfor %}
         {% else %}
          No books are available.
          {% endif %}
```

图中21-24行为index.html中的删除部分;

4.4.新增图书/作者(可选)

```
def add_book(request):
59
           add[0]=True
60
           get=request.GET
61
62
           try:
                new_book=Book(
63
                     ISBN=get['add_book_isbn'],
Title=get['add_book_title'],
64
65
                     AuthorID=Author.objects.get(AuthorID=get['add_book_authorid']),
66
                     Publisher=get['add_book_publisher'],
PublishDate=get['add_book_publishdate'],
Price=get['add_book_price']
67
68
69
70
                new_book.save()
71
                add[1]=False
72
73
                return HttpResponseRedirect('/')
74
           except:
                add[1]=True
76
                book_list=Book.objects.all()
                author_list=Author.objects.all()
78
                return HttpResponseRedirect('/')
```

图中为views中的增加一本书的代码;

```
<div id="content" class="colM">
<fieldset class="module aligned ">
     <div class="form-row field-ISBN">
                         <label class="required" for="id_ISBN">ISBN:</label>
<input name='add_book_isbn' type='text' />
                    <div class="form-row field-Title">
                       <div>
                         <p
                    <div class="form-row field-AuthorID">
                         {% for author in author_list %}
                               coption value={{author.AuthorID}}>{{author.AuthorID}}: {{author.Name}}</option>
                            <p
                      </div>
                    <div class="form-row field-Publisher">
                         <label class="required" for="id_Publisher">Publisher:</label>
                         <input name='add_book_publisher' type='text' /</pre>
                    <div class="form-row field-PublishDate">
                       <div>
                         105
                    </div>
<div class="form-row field-Price">
```

```
</div>
                              <div class="form-row field-PublishDate">
102
103
104
                                      <label class="required" for="id_PublishDate">PublishDate:</label>
                                       <input name='add_book_publishdate' type='text' placeholder='Format: yyyy-mm-dd' />
106
                                  </div>
                              </div>
                              <div class="form-row field-Price">
108
109
                                  <div>
                                      <label class="required" for="id_Price">Price:</label>
110
                                      <input name='add_book_price' type='text' />
                                  </div>
                              </div>
114
                          </fieldset>
                          <div class="submit-row">
                              <input type="submit" value="Add Book" class="default" name="add">
                          </div>
118
                      </div>
                  </form>
              </div>
```

上面两张图为index.html中增加一本书的html代码。

4.5.更新图书信息(可选)

图中为编辑一本书的代码;

```
update_book_list=[]
             it(request):
          if request.method=='GET':
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
              book=Book.objects.get(ISBN=request.GET.get('update_book_ISBN'))
              update_book_list.append(book)
              author_list=Author.objects.all()
              context={'book':book,'author_list':author_list}
return render(request,'libman/edit.html',context)
          else:
              try:
                   book=update_book_list[-1]
                   author=Author.objects.get(AuthorID=request.POST.get('update_book_authorid'))
                   book.AuthorID = author
                   book.Publisher = request.POST.get('update_book_publisher')
40
                   book.PublishDate = request.POST.get('update_book_publishdate')
                   book.Price = request.POST.get('update_book_price')
                   book.save()
                   return HttpResponseRedirect('/')
              except:
                   return render(request, 'libman/edit.html', { 'bad_parameters':['not_empty']})
```

```
× details.html
   add author.html
                                         views.pv
                                                                edit.html
                                                                                  index.html
     <!DOCTYPE html>
     <html>
        ad>

     </hear
     </div>
</div class="form-row field-Title">
                              <div>
<iiv>
<label class="required" for="id_Title">Title:</label>
{{ book.Title }}
                              </div>
                          </div>
<div class="form-row field-AuthorID">
                                 </abel class="required" for="id_AuthorID">AuthorID:</label>
                                 <option value
{% endfor %}</pre>
                                     </select
                          </div>
                          <div class="form-row field-Publisher">
                              <div>
<label class="required" for="id_Publisher">Publisher:</label>
<input name='update_book_publisher' type='text' value='{{ book.Publisher }}' />

Line 45, Column 31
                                                                                                                                        Spaces: 4
```

```
add author.html
                                                        × views.py
                                                                                                edit.html
                                                                                                                             index.html
                                            </div>
</div>
<div class="form-row field-AuthorID">
                                            <div>
    <label class="required" for="id_AuthorID">AuthorID:</label>
                                                  <div class="related-wi
{{book.AuthorID}}</pre>
                                                            {% for author in author_list %}
<option value={{author.AuthorID}}>{{author.AuthorID}}: {{author.Name}}</option>
{% endfor %}
                                                       </sel
                                                  </div>
                                       <div class="form-row field-Publisher">
                                                 <label class="required" for="id_Publisher">Publisher:</label>
<input name='update_book_publisher' type='text' value='{{ book.Publisher }}' />
                                       </div>
<div class="form-row field-PublishDate">
                                            v ctass= form on
<div>
<div>
    <!abel class="required" for="id_PublishDate">PublishDate:</label>
    {{ book.PublishDate }}
<input name='update_book_publishdate' type='text' placeholder='Form.</pre>
                                                                                ok_publishdate' type='text' placeholder='Format: yyyy-mm-dd' />
                                       <div class="form-row field-Price">
                                            <div>
   <label class="required" for="id_Price">Price:</label>
   <input name='update_book_price' type='text' value='{{ book.Price }}' />
                                 <
                            </div>
            </div>
</div>
<br/><div></div></div>
             </div>
            {% endif %}
```

上面两图是编辑的html代码。

4.6.数据库连接与访问

```
libman — emacs models.py — 80×24
File Edit Options Buffers Tools Python Help
from django.db import models
class Book(models.Model):
     ISBN=models.CharField(max length=100,primary key=True)
     Title=models.CharField(max_length=100)
     AuthorID=models.ForeignKey('Author')
Publisher=models.CharField(max_length=100)
PublishDate=models.DateField()
     Price=models.FloatField()
     def __str__(self):
          return self.ISBN
class Author(models.Model):
    AuthorID=models.CharField(max_length=50,primary_key=True)
    Name=models.CharField(max_length=50)
     Age=models.IntegerField()
     Country=models.CharField(max_length=50)
     def __str__(self):
    return self.AuthorID
-UU-:---F1 models.py
                                     All L1
                                                    (Python) -
For information about GNU Emacs and the GNU system, type C-h C-a.
```

以上是Models里的两个基类。

```
bash-3.2# python manage.py makemigrations
Migrations for 'libman':
  0001_initial.py:
    - Create model Author
    - Create model Book
    - Add field AuthorID to author
bash-3.2# python manage.py syncdb
/Library/Python/2.7/site-packages/django/core/management/commands/sync
db.py:24: RemovedInDjango19Warning: The syncdb command will be removed
in Django 1.9
 warnings.warn("The syncdb command will be removed in Django 1.9", Re
movedInDjango19Warning)
Operations to perform:
  Synchronize unmigrated apps: staticfiles, messages
  Apply all migrations: admin, contenttypes, libman, auth, sessions
Synchronizing apps without migrations:
  Creating tables...
    Running deferred SOL...
  Installing custom SQL...
Running migrations:
  Rendering model states... DONE
  Applying libman.0001_initial... OK
bash-3.2#
```

迁移以及同步数据库;

```
mysql> show tables;
  Tables_in_bookdb
  auth_group
  auth_group_permissions
  auth permission
  auth_user
  auth user groups
  auth_user_user_permissions
  django_admin_log
  django_content_type
 django_migrations
 django_session
  libman author
  libman_book
12 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
```

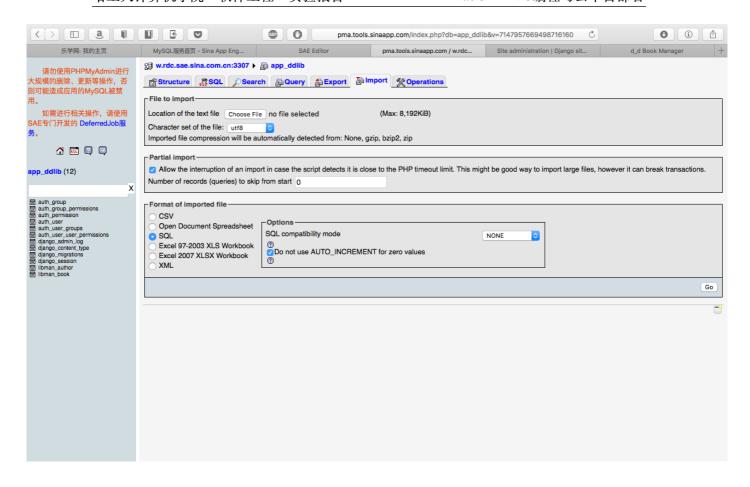
以上是已经建立好的表libman_author, libman_book。

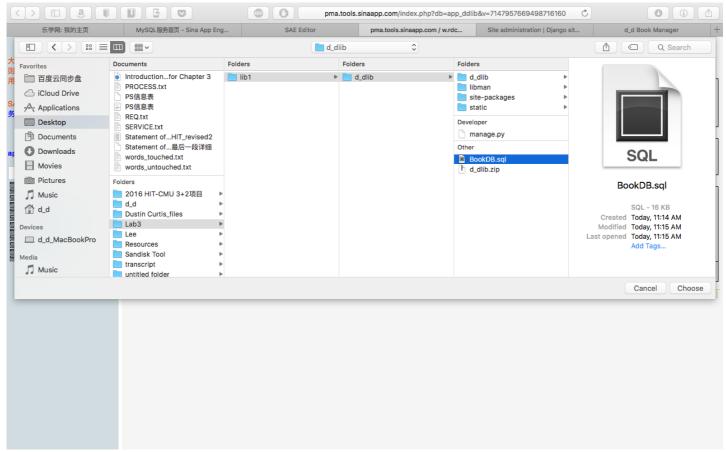
5. 图书SaaS的SAE部署

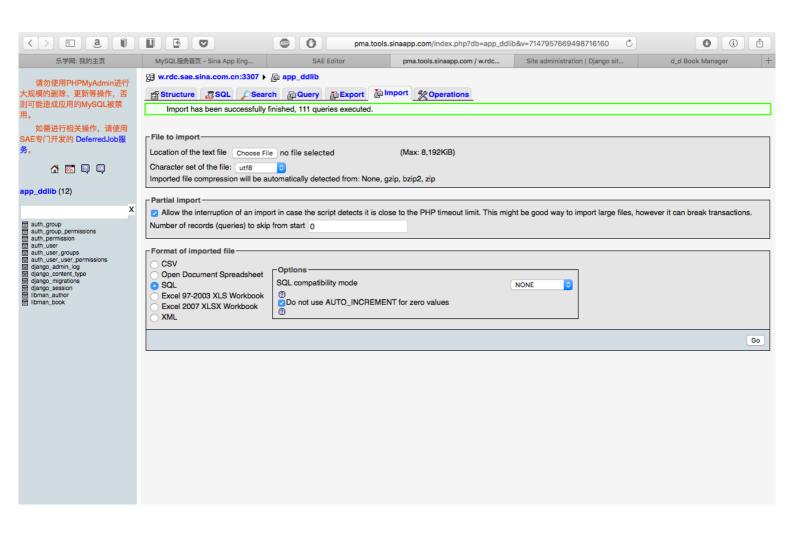
5.1.步骤

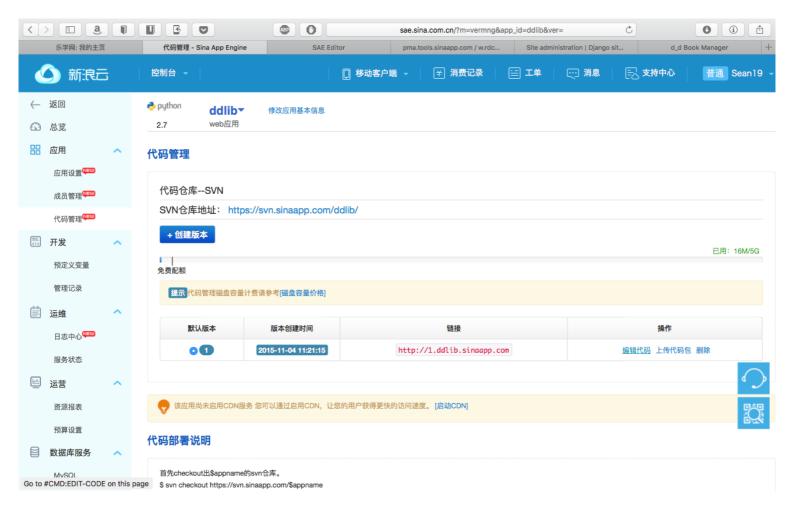
采用屏幕截图的方式给出你自己在SAE上注册、创建应用、导入应用、配置MySQL等步骤的过程。

由于早已注册,所以注册创建部分已经没有截图。

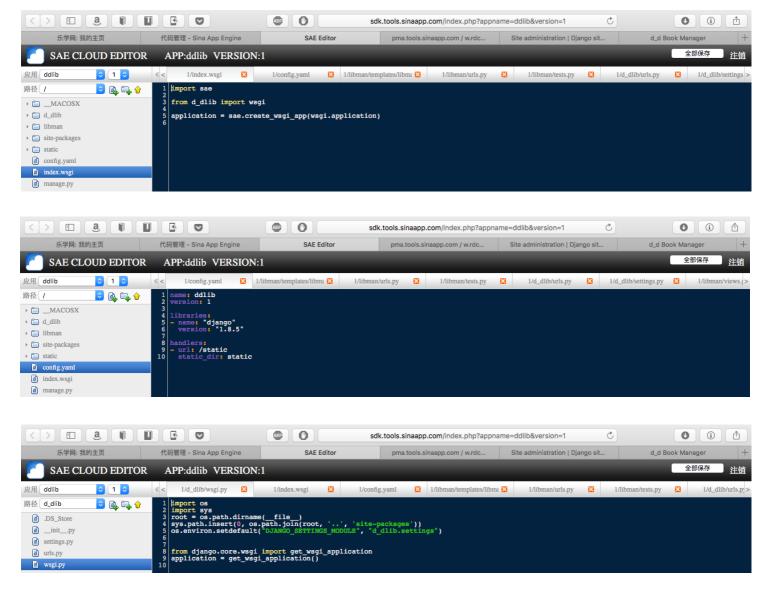








```
d_d:libman d_d$ mysqldump -uroot -p BookDB > /Users/d_d/Desktop/Lab3/lib1/d_dlib
/BookDB.sql
Enter password:
d_d:libman d_d$ ls
                  admin.pyc
                                                      urls.py
  init__.py
                                    models.pyc
                                                                         views.pyc
__init__.pyc migra
admin.py model
d_d:libman d_d$ cd ..
                  migrations
                                    templates
                                                      urls.pyc
                  models.py
                                                      views.py
                                    tests.py
d d:d dlib d d$
                 ls
                  d_dlib.zip
BookDB.sql
                                                      static
                                    manage.py
d dlib
                  libman
                                    site-packages
```



5.2.外在访问结果

给出访问SAE上的图书SaaS的地址;

图书SaaS地址:

http://ddlib.sinaapp.com

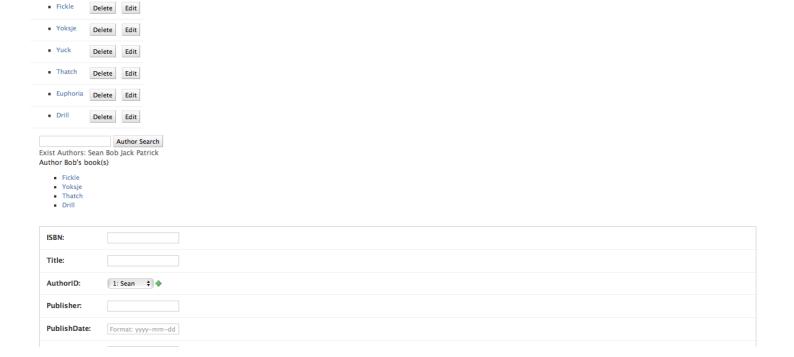
给出屏幕截图结果, 要展示出核心功能。

主页:

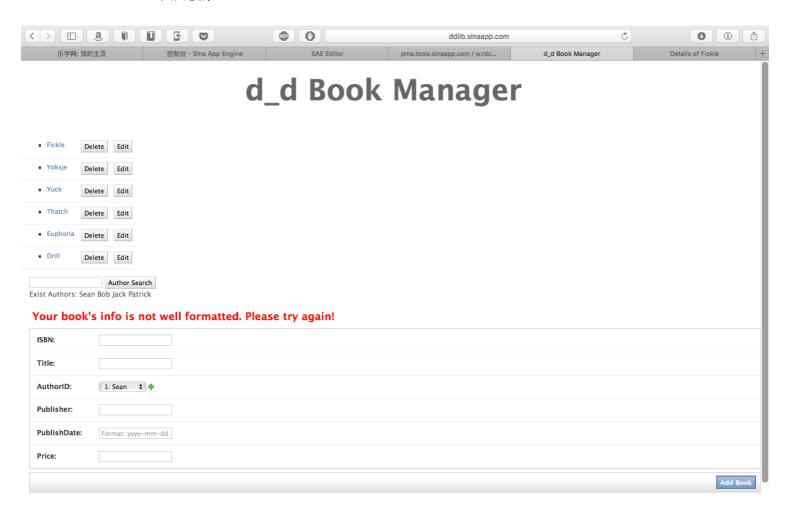
可以搜索,可以添加书,可以点击书名查看详细信息,可以编辑书,可以删除书。



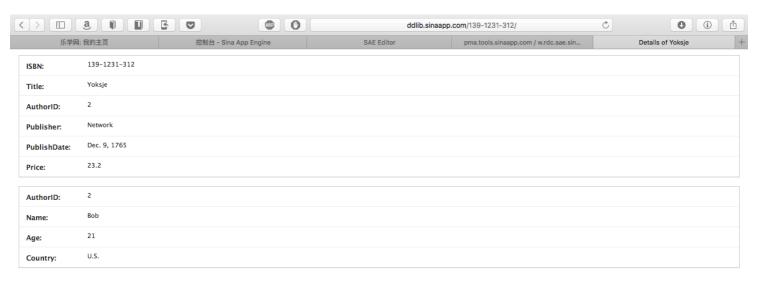
d_d Book Manager



上图为搜索;



此图为添加时的错误处理。



Back

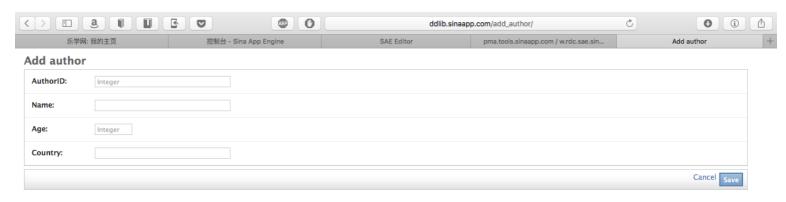
此图为某本书的详细信息。



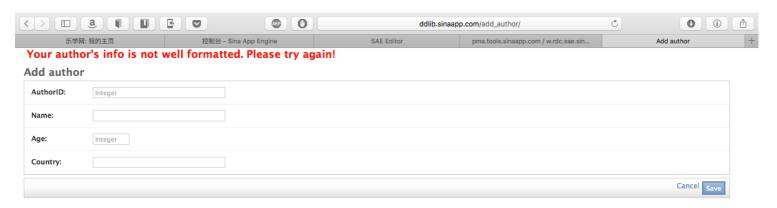
此图为编辑某本书的详细信息。



编辑时的错误处理;



此图为添加作者;



添加作者时的错误处理;

具体功能请到ddlib.sinaapp.com亲自体验。 由于个人近期很忙,没有做过多美化,还请老师见谅。

6. 计划与实际进度

任务编号	计划时间长度(分 钟)	实际耗费时间(分 钟)	提前或延期的原因分析
1	2个小时	4个小时	没有构思好整体架构,导致写 了又改改了又写。
2	3个小时	2个小时	有了思路后写得很快,加上部 署只花了不到一个小时

7. 小结

对本次实验过程和结果的思考。

对Django有了更深层次的理解,更加清楚了Django处理请求的机制,也加深了对数据 库语句等等的熟悉程度,对部署应用到SAE有了一个大概的了解。

总体来说收获很大,Django框架对于部署小型应用来说真的是很方便,基本就可以上程序员抛下请求网络等等的处理专心在自己的应用上。

因为近期在准备GRE,时间紧,所以只是大致将功能实现,没有写过多的CSS加以装饰,还请老师见谅。