

WHAT IS AGILE



OVERALL COURSE OBJECTIVES



Understand and explore the following topics

1. What is Agile?
2. Agile Scrum
3. Agile Sprint
4. Agile Project Roles
5. User Stories
6. Agile Scrum Workflow
7. Agile Acceptance Criteria
8. Sprint Planning Meeting
9. The Sprint
10. The Sprint Review
11. The Sprint Retrospective



OBJECTIVES OF THIS SESSION



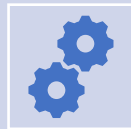
Understand What Agile is



Why you would want to use Agile for your Software Development Project



Appreciate the concept of the Agile Manifesto



Understand and use the 12 Agile Principles to support the Agile Manifesto and the Agile Framework.



BEFORE AGILE

WATERFALL

- **Tons of documentation up front**
 - Business requirements, Application's architecture
 - Data structures, Functional designs
 - User interfaces, non-functional requirements
- **No coding before all design docs are complete**
 - Then Tests and eventually deploy
- **Large teams needed, even for a small project**
- **But it worked!**
 - Systems were large, monolithic, clear outcome
 - Requirements changed slowly
- **We now require speed, flexibility in a changing world**



Feasibility



Plan



Design



Build



Test

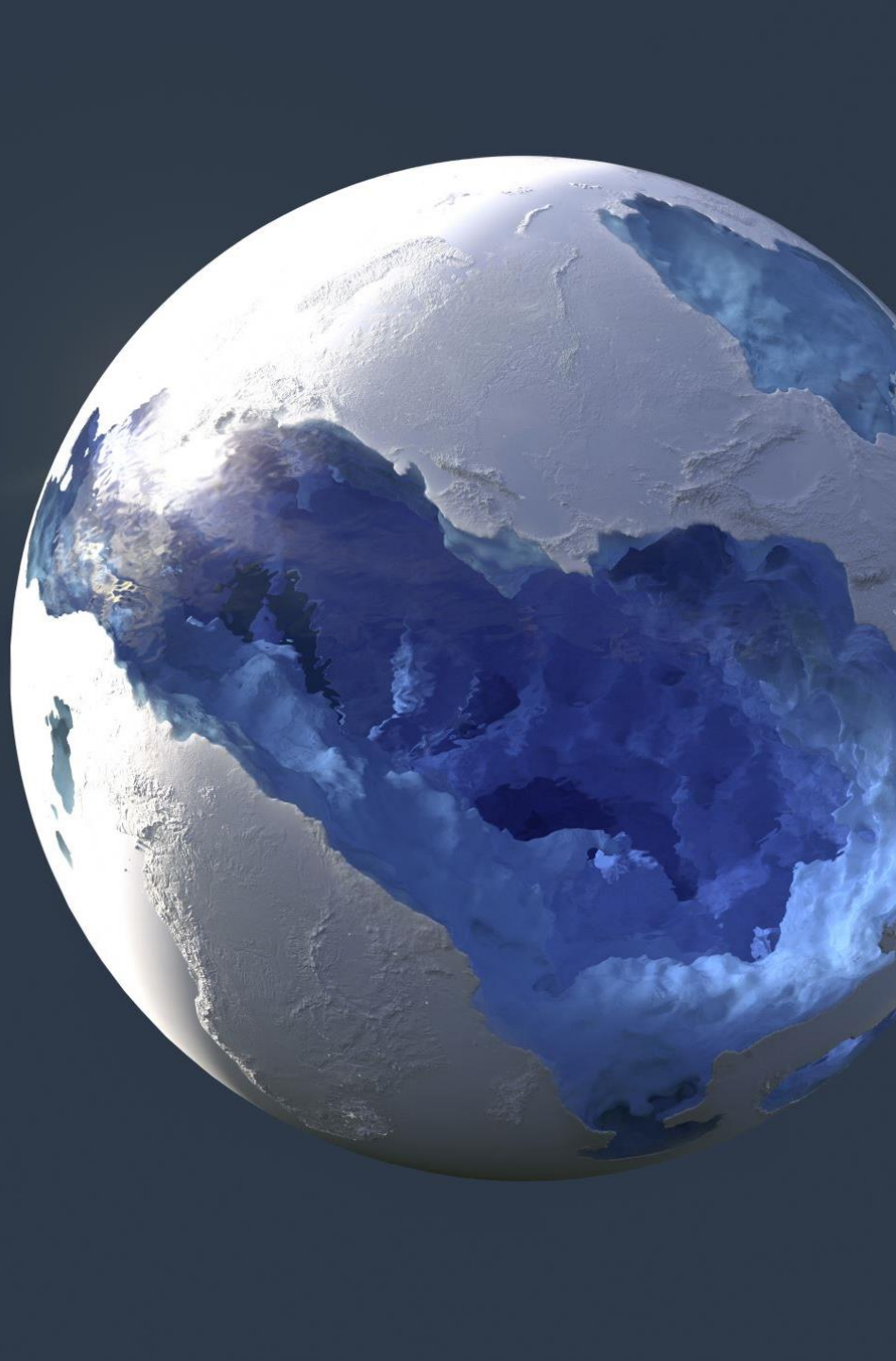


Production



Support

Can you think of a project where
this model would be suitable?

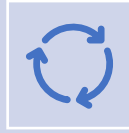


Why Agile?

- The dynamic and fast-moving nature of the world today:
 - **V**olatility
 - **U**ncertainty
 - **C**omplexity
 - **A**mbiguity
- In this environment, the assumption that a solution can be designed in detail up-front does not reflect reality.



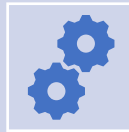
WHAT IS AGILE



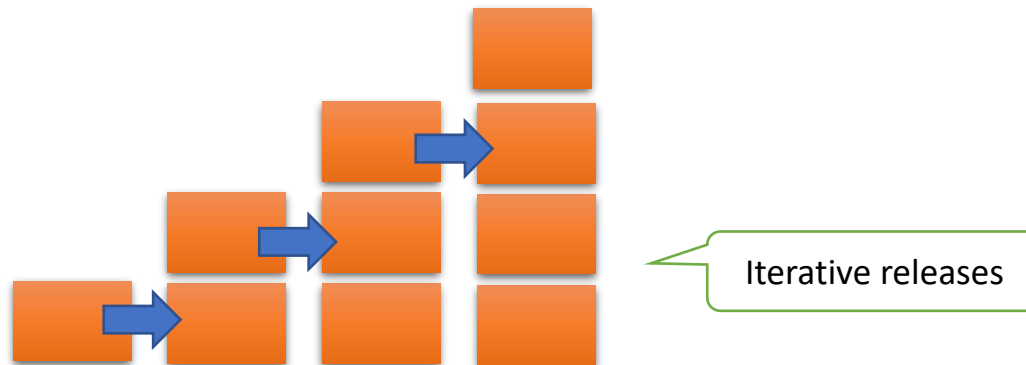
Agile is the most common software development methodology



It is an evolutionary methodology



The software solution is developed through early prototype or iteration releases





EVOLUTIONARY AND WATERFALL COMPARISON



by blog.fastmonkeys.com

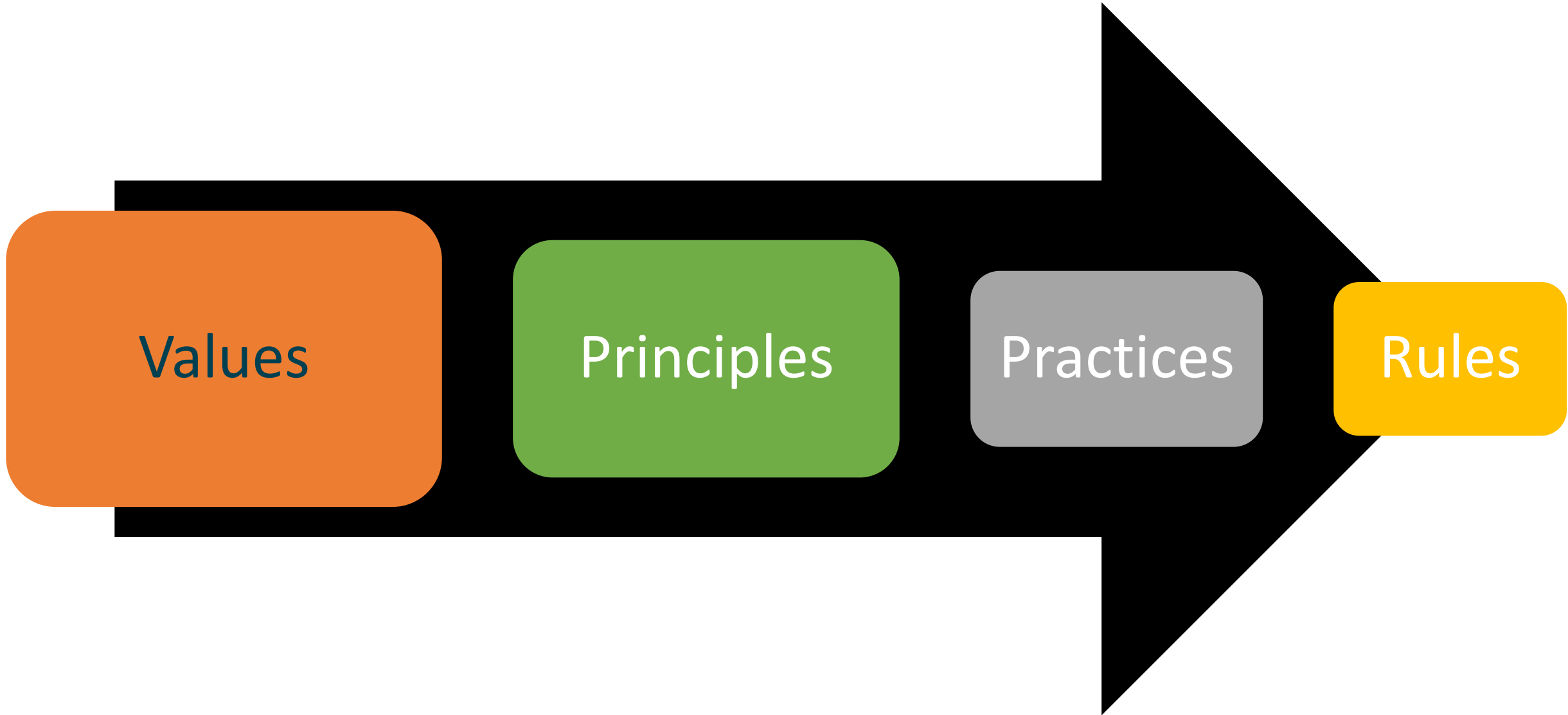
What is important in Agile?

Values

Principles

Practices

Rules





WHY USE AGILE? WHEN TO USE AGILE?

Requirements not well understood

Difficult to define and express what needed

Iterations uncover understanding

Demo working software to gather feedback

Early delivery more important than completeness

Early benefits – Justify funding £

Quick to market – High value features first

High business/technical risk. If not feasible stop!



AGILE

Agile was Launched in **2001**

17 technologists formally drafted the **Agile Manifesto**

Devised 4 principles for agile software production





THE AGILE MANIFESTO

A software development framework is said to be agile if it abides by the **agile manifesto**.

“We are uncovering better ways of developing software by doing it and helping others do it. Through this work we have come to value:



Individuals and
interactions over
processes and tools



Working software over
**comprehensive
documentation**



Customer
collaboration over
contract negotiation



Responding to
change over
following a plan



AGILE PRINCIPLES 1-6

We follow these principles:

- 1** Our highest priority is to satisfy the customer through early and continuous delivery of valuable software
- 2** Welcome changing requirements, even late in development. Agile processes harness change for the customer's competitive advantage
- 3** Deliver working software frequently, from a couple of weeks to a couple of months, with a preference to the shorter timescale
- 4** Business people and developers must work together daily throughout the project
- 5** Build projects around motivated individuals. Give them the environment and support they need, and trust them to get the job done
- 6** The most efficient and effective method of conveying information to and within a development team is face-to-face conversation



AGILE

PRINCIPLES 7 - 12

7

Working software is the primary measure of progress

8

Agile processes promote sustainable development.
The sponsors, developers, and users should be able to maintain
a constant pace indefinitely

9

Continuous attention to technical excellence and good design
enhances agility

10

Simplicity – the art of maximising the amount of work not done –
is essential

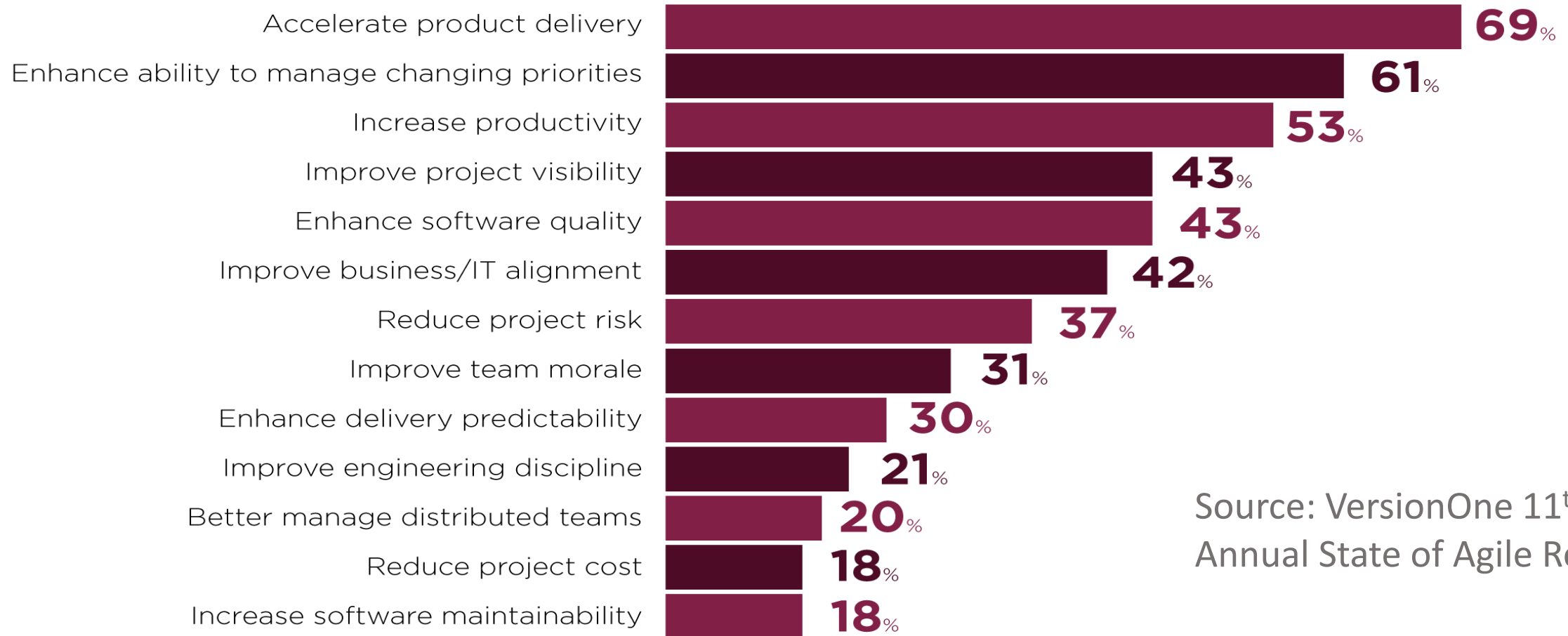
11

The best architectures, requirements, and designs emerge
from self-organising teams

12

At regular intervals, the team reflects on how to become more
effective, then tunes and adjusts its behaviour accordingly

Reasons for adopting Agile



Source: VersionOne 11th
Annual State of Agile Report

Respondents were able to make multiple selections.



REVIEW

You now



Understand What Agile is



Can decide if Agile is a go fit for your Software Development Project



Appreciate the concept of the Agile Manifesto



Understand how the 12 Agile Principles to support the Agile Manifesto and the Agile Software Development Framework.

LAB



**In Groups, complete
Lab1.**



Duration 20 minutes