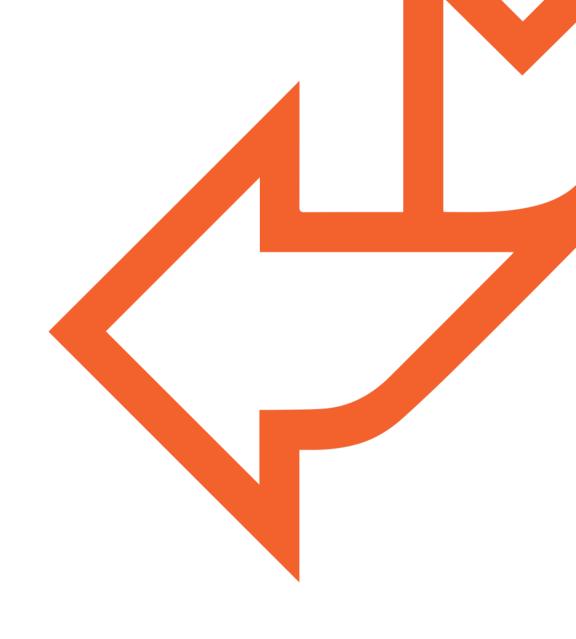


Module 7: Transactions and Isolation Levels





Transaction and isolation levels

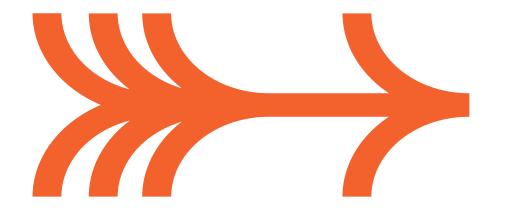
Transactions

- Overview
- Implementing transactions





Transactions



- A set of tasks that must all be completed successfully or aborted.
- A subset of tasks cannot be completed if some fail.
- Individual data modifications are committed automatically.

Cashpoint example:

- l. Request £50
- 2. Authorised
- 3. £50 deducted from account
- 4. £50 transaction added to transactions list
- 5. Machine breaks and no money paid
- What do you want to happen now?

QA TRANSACTIONS

Assuming the account has £1000 at the start of the transaction:

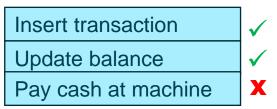
Transaction works fine

Insert transaction	~
Update balance	~
Pay cash at machine	~

	Transaction	S
ID	CustomerID	Amount
1234	12323456	(£50.00)

Accounts	
CustomerID	Balance
12323456	£950.00

Cash machine fails to provide cash (not in a transaction)

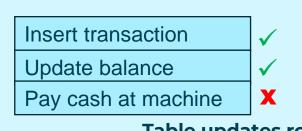


Transactions		
ID	CustomerID	Amount
1234	12323456	(£50.00)

Accounts	
CustomerID	Balance
12323456	£950.00

Table updates committed

Cash machine fails to provide cash (in a transaction)



Transactions		
ID	CustomerID	Amount

Accounts	
CustomerID	Balance
12323456	£1,000.00

QA BEGIN / COMMIT / ROLLBACK TRANSACTION

- BEGIN TRANSACTION
 - Start the transaction
- COMMIT TRANSACTION
 - Completes the transaction
 - All modifications are enforced
- ROLLBACK TRANSACTION
 - Completes the transaction
 - All modifications are undone

 SQL Server can automatically rollback the current transaction on error if XACT_ABORT setting is enabled.

SET XACT_ABORT ON

 Can be combined with TRY / CATCH to gain more control.



Transaction example



Command outline:

BEGIN TRY

BEGIN TRAN

<some data modifications>

COMMIT TRAN

END TRY

BEGIN CATCH

ROLLBACK TRAN

<code for the error>

END CATCH

QA TRANSACTION EXAMPLE (cont.)

Demonstration:

```
DECLARE @AccountNo INT = 12343422
DECLARE @Machine INT = 23321
DECLARE @Amount MONEY = 50.00
BEGIN TRY
   BEGIN TRAN
      INSERT INTO dbo.CashpointTrans(AcctNo, TranDT, MachineID, TranValue)
         VALUES (@AccountNo,getdate(),@Machine, @Amount)
      UPDATE dbo.CurrentAccount
         SET Balance = Balance - @Amount
         WHERE AcctNo = @AccountNo
   COMMIT TRAN
END TRY
BEGIN CATCH
   PRINT 'Error was caught';
   THROW
END CATCH
```



Exercise



- Transactions
 - Overview
 - Implementing transactions



