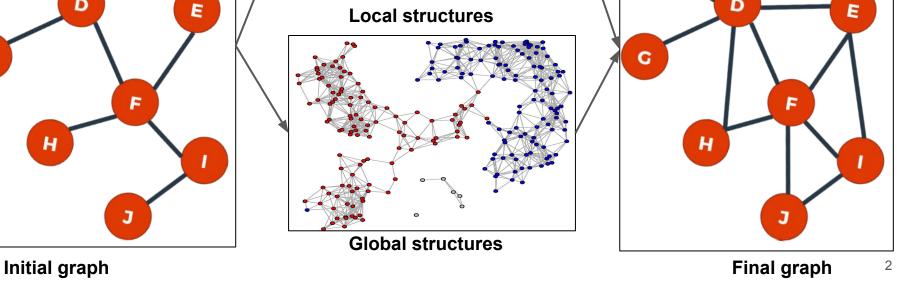
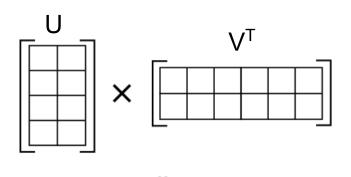
Nonnegative matrix factorization for link prediction in directed complex networks using PageRank and asymmetric link clustering information

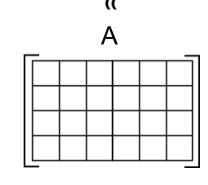
(By Guangfu Chen, Chen Xub, Jingyi Wang, Jianwen Feng, Jiqiang Feng)

Valerii Baianov, Dmitrii Leshchev, Gleb Mezentsev



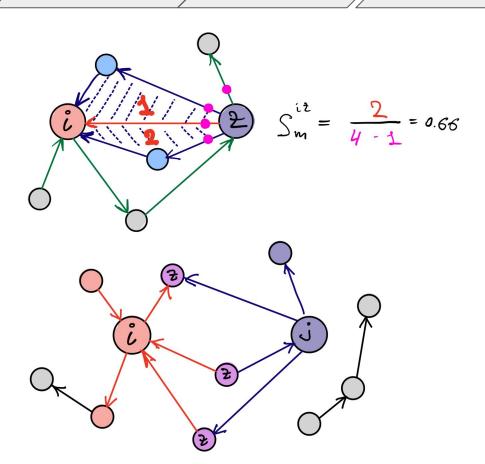
- $A \approx UV^T$
- $U \in \mathbb{R}_+^{n \times K}, \ V \in \mathbb{R}_+^{n \times K}$
- $\mathcal{L}_{NMF} = \min_{U \geq 0, V \geq 0} ||A UV^T||_F^2$





$$S_m^{iz} = \frac{|\Gamma_{in}(i) \cap \Gamma_{out}(z)|}{k_{out}(z) - 1}$$

$$S_m^{ij} = \sum_{z \in \Gamma(i) \cap \Gamma(j)} S_m^{iz}$$



$$S_m^{ij} = \sum_{z \in \Gamma(i) \cap \Gamma(j)} S_m^{iz}$$

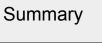
$$S_m^{ji} = \sum_{z \in \Gamma(i) \cap \Gamma(j)} S_m^{jz}$$

$$S_m = \max\{S_m^{ij}, S_m^{ji}\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{local} = \min_{U \geq 0, V \geq 0} \| (1 + \alpha S) \circ (A - UV^T) \|_F^2$$

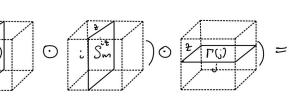
$$S_{m}^{i2} = a_{2i} - \frac{(A^{2})_{i2}}{\sum_{k=1}^{n} a_{2k} - 1} \qquad S_{m}^{i2} = A^{T} O(A^{2} \cdot D_{i0} (\frac{1}{\sum_{k=1}^{n} a_{2k} - 1}))$$

Introduction NMF
$$S_{m}^{ij} = \sum_{\substack{k \in \Gamma(i) \cap \Gamma(j) \\ i \mid \Gamma(i)}} S_{m}^{ik}$$



$$S_{m}^{ij} = sum \left(i \right)$$

$$S_{m}^{i'j} = sum(\left(\begin{array}{c} i & \Gamma(i) \\ \vdots & \Gamma(i) \end{array}\right) \odot \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} & \Gamma(j) \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ \end{array}) \odot$$



$$\Gamma(i) = ((A + A^{\tau}) \odot S_{m}^{i *}) (A + A^{\tau})$$

$$S_{m}^{i,j} = ((A + A^{T}) \odot S_{m}^{i \dagger}) (A + A^{T})$$

$$S_{m}^{i \dagger} = (A + A^{T}) ((A + A^{T}) \odot S_{m}^{i \dagger}) = S_{m}^{i,j}$$



PageRank



$$C_{ij} = \begin{cases} c_i & \text{if } a_{ij} \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } a_{ij} = 0 \end{cases} \quad \stackrel{\bullet}{\longleftarrow} \quad W \in \mathbb{R}_+^{K \times K} \implies \mathcal{L}_{global} = \min_{U \geq 0, W \geq 0} \|C - UWU^T\|_F^2$$



$$\mathbf{W} \in \mathbb{R}_+^K$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{global} = \min_{U>0,W>0}$$

$$\int_{C} \|C - UWU^T\|_F^2$$



$$C = c * A$$

$$\begin{split} \min_{U \geq 0, V \geq 0, W \geq 0} \mathcal{L} &= \mathcal{L}_{local} + \gamma \mathcal{L}_{global} + \beta (\|U\|_F^2 + \|V\|_F^2) \\ \mathcal{L}_{local} &= \min_{U \geq 0, V \geq 0} \|(1 + \alpha S) \circ (A - UV^T)\|_F^2 \\ \hline Y &= 1 + \alpha S \end{split}$$

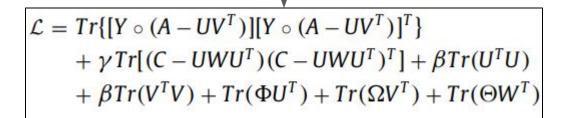
$$\mathcal{L}_{global} &= \min_{U \geq 0, W \geq 0} \|C - UWU^T\|_F^2 \\ \hline \|V - UWU^T\|_F^2 + \|V\|_F^2 + \|V\|_F^2 + \|V\|_F^2 \end{split}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = Tr\{[Y \circ (A - UV^T)][Y \circ (A - UV^T)]^T\}$$

$$+ \gamma Tr[(C - UWU^T)(C - UWU^T)^T]$$

$$+ \beta (Tr(U^TU) + Tr(V^TV))$$

$$\Phi = [\phi_{nk}] \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times k}, \Psi = [\psi_{nk}] \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times k} \text{ and } \Theta = [\theta_{kk}] \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times k}$$



NMF-AP

Implementation

Experiments on real data

Summary

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial V} = -(Y \circ A)^T U + (Y \circ (UV^T))^T U + \beta V + \Psi$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial W} = -U^T C U + U^T U W U^T U + \Theta$$

Paper derivatives

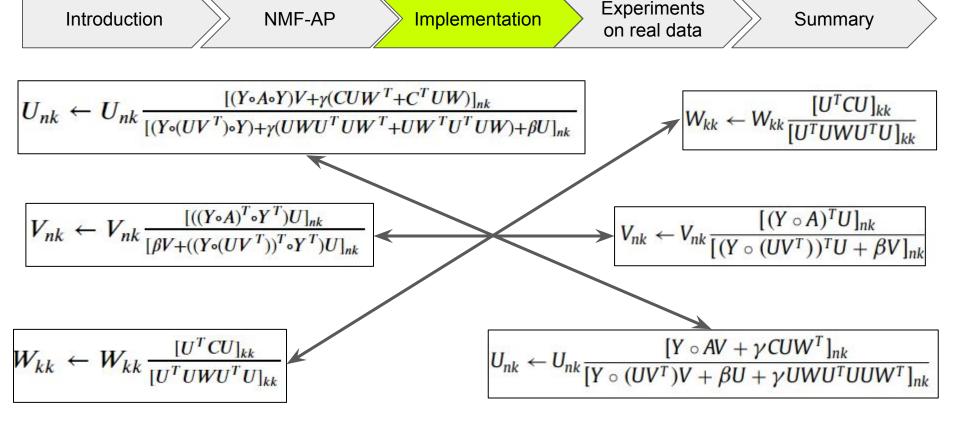
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial U} = -Y \circ AV + Y \circ (UV^T)V + \beta U - \gamma CUW^T + \gamma UWU^T UUW^T + \Phi$$

Our derivatives

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial V} = 2\beta V - 2(Y^T \circ (A^T - VU^T) \circ Y^T)U + \Psi$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial W} = -2\gamma U^T (C - UWU^T)U + \Theta$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial U} = 2\beta U - (2(Y \circ (A - UV^T) \circ Y)V + 2\gamma (C - UWU^T)UW^T + 2\gamma (C^T - UW^TU^T)UW) + \Phi$$



Our updating rules

Paper updating rules

Algorithm 1 Algorithm NMF-AP.

Input:

A: adjacency matrix of directed network;

K: dimension of latent space;

 N_{iter} : maximum number of iterations;

Paramenters: α , β , γ ;

Output:

Similarity score matrix \widehat{A}

1: Divide A into training set E^T and probe set E^P

2: Randomly initialize U,V

3: Preserve the local information according to Eq. (7)

4: Preserve the global information according to Eq. (10)

5: For t=1:iter do

6: Update *U* according to Eq. (16)

7: Update V according to Eq. (18)

8: Update W according to Eq. (20)

9: Get *U* and *V* after convergence;

10: endfor

11: Compute probability matrix for link prediction $\widehat{A} = UV^T$

$$Y = 1 + \alpha S$$

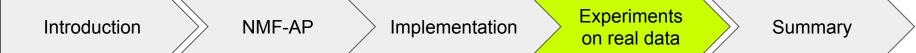
$$U_{n \times k}, W_{k \times k}, k < n$$

$$UW^{T}U^{T}UW - O(kn^{2})$$

$$U(W^{T}(U^{T}U)W) - O(nk^{2})$$

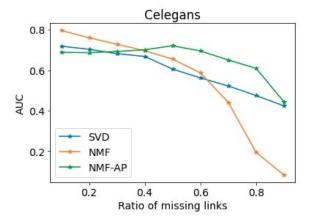
$$S_m^{ij} = ((A + A^T) \circ S_m^{iz})(A + A^T)$$

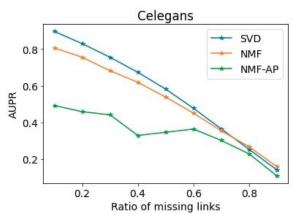
$$S_m^{ji} = (A + A^T)((A + A^T) \circ (S_m^{iz})^T) = (S_m^{ij})^T$$

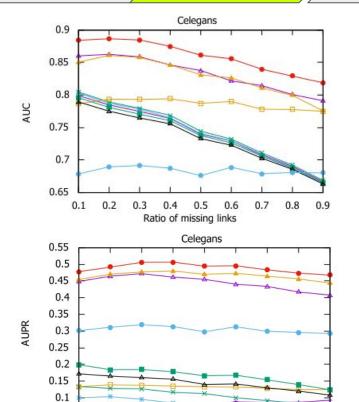


0.05

0.2







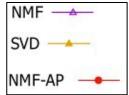
0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 Ratio of missing links

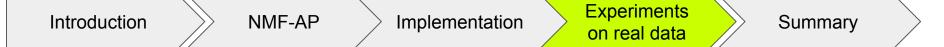
0.6

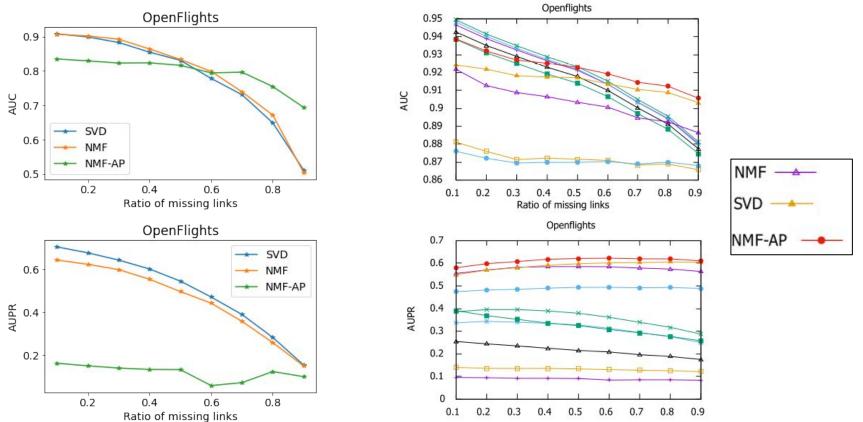
0.7

0.8

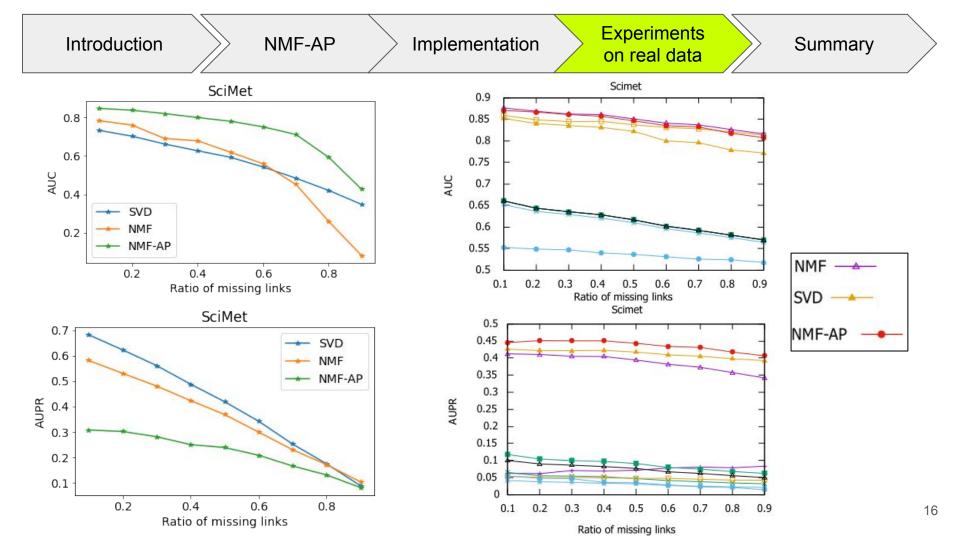
0.9

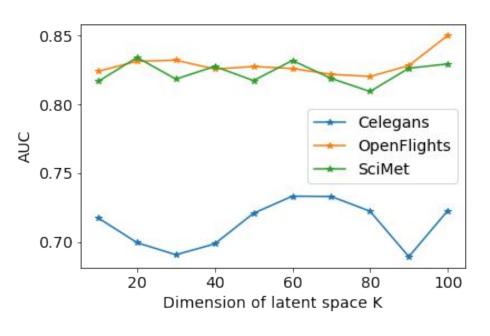


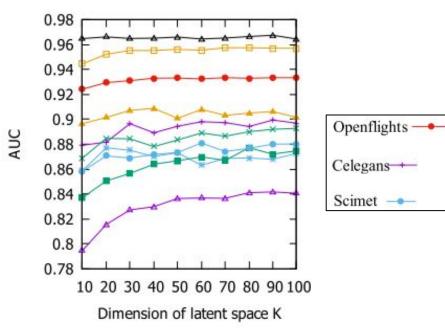




Ratio of missing links







- Sparse and dense implementation for proposed algorithm
- Several NLA tricks for computational and storage saving
- Obtained AUC score is matched with the paper both for models and datasets
- Obtained AUPR score is mismatched with the paper

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!