## WST 311

## Assignment E: 5-16 March 2018

1. The scores obtained by 87 students in three subtests are given in the dataset College.txt on ClickUP.

Let  $X_1 = \text{Social science and history score (entry in first column)};$ 

 $X_2 = \text{Verbal score (entry in second column)};$ 

 $X_3 =$  Science score (entry in third column).

The summary statistics are given in the following SAS output:

Variable	The N	MEANS Procedure Mean	Std Dev
social	87	526.586	76.211
verbal	87	54.690	11.227
science	87	25.126	4.807

Assume that 
$$m{X} = \left( egin{array}{c} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{array} 
ight) \sim N_3 \left( m{\mu}, m{\Sigma} 
ight).$$

Calculate the maximum likelihood estimates for  $\mu$  and  $\Sigma$ .

2. Let  $\mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \end{pmatrix}$  be a vector of random variables from a multivariate normal  $N_4(\boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})$  distribu-

tion with

$$\mu = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $\Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 7 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 13 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & 3 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Generate a random sample of size 10 000 from this distribution and use the simulated data to calculate empirical values for the following.

- (a)  $P(X < \mathbf{1}_4)$ .
- (b)  $P(X_1 < 1, X_2 < 1, X_3 < 1)$ .
- (c)  $P(X_1 + X_2 > X_3 + X_4)$ .
- (d)  $var(X_4)$ .
- (e)  $cov(X_1 + X_2, X_3 + X_4)$ .

- 3. Suppose that the heights of married couples can be described by a bivariate normal distribution. The wives have a mean height of 169.7 cm and a standard deviation of 5.1 cm. The heights of husbands have a mean of 177.8 cm and a standard deviation of 6.3 cm. The correlation between the heights of husbands and wives is 0.68. Answer the following questions by making use of a simulation.
  - (a) What is the probability that for a randomly selected couple the wife is taller than her husband?
  - (b) Consider only couples where the husband is shorter than 175cm. What is the probability that for a randomly selected couple from this group the wife is taller than her husband?
- 4. Work through Example A, Question 7.

## SAS/IML notes for Assignment E

The document from the following website explains how to generate random samples from multivariate distributions.

http://support.sas.com/kb/26/addl/fusion26093 1 randmv.pdf.

The document is also available on ClickUP under Assignment 5.

If  $X \sim N_3(\mu, \Sigma)$ , then the following syntax can be used to generate a random sample of 20 vectors from this distribution and write it into the matrix  $X : 20 \times 3$ . The vector mu and matrix sigma must be specified.

```
proc iml; reset nolog;
mu= ...;
sigma= ...;
call randseed(0);
x=randnormal(20,mu,sig);
```

The following syntax calculates the mean of the entries in the **columns** of the matrix X. If  $X:20\times3$  then mean will be a  $1\times3$  vector.

```
mean=x[:,];
```

The following syntax creates a  $20 \times 3$  vector where the entries of each row is the elements of the vector mean.

```
xmean = repeat(mean, 20);
```