

Algorithm for PUSH and POP operations.

Declaration:

Let S is a Stack of SIZE = 100 elements, and top is an integer to hold the index of the last inserted element into the stack.

Initially TOP:=-1

Algorithm:

```
1. PROCEDURE PUSH (v)
2. IF TOP = SIZE – 1 THEN
3.     DISPLAY “STACK OVERFLOW”
4.     EXIT PUSH
5. END IF
6. TOP:=TOP+1           // INCREMENT THE TOP OF THE STACK BY 1
7. S[TOP]:=v           // ASSIGN THE ELEMENT AT THE TOP POSITION OF THE STACK
8. END PROCEDURE PUSH
```

```
1. PROCEDURE POP ()
2. IF S.TOP == -1 THEN
3.     DISPLAY “STACK UNDERFLOW”
4.     EXIT POP
5. END IF
6. v:=S[TOP]
7. TOP:=TOP – 1
8. RETURN v
9. END PROCEDURE POP
```