# Bilingual NLP pipeline

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# Abstract

This is a description and documentation of the installation of an instrument to annotate Dutch or English documents with NLP tags.

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### 1 Introduction

This document describes the current set-up of a pipeline that annotates texts in order to extract knowledge. The pipeline has been set up by the Computational Lexicology an Terminology Lab (CLTL <sup>1</sup>) as part of the newsreader <sup>2</sup> project. It accepts and produces texts in the NAF (Newsreader Annotation Format) format.

Apart from describing the pipeline set-up, the document actually constructs the pipeline. The pipeline has been installed on a (Ubuntu) Linux computer.

The installation has been parameterised. The locations and names that you read (and that will be used to build the pipeline) have been read from variables in file inst.m4 in the nuweb directory.

The pipeline is bi-lingual. It is capable to annotate Dutch and English texts. It recognizes the language from the "lang" attribute of the NAF element of the document.

The aim is, to install the pipeline from open-source modules that can e.g. be obtained from Github. However, that aim is only partially fulfilled. Some of the modules still contain elements that are not open-source ot data that are not freely available. Because of lack of time, the current version of the installer installs the English pipeline from a frozen repository of the Newsreader Project.

## 1.1 List of the modules to be installed

Table 2 lists the modules in the pipeline. The column *source* indicates the origin of the module. The modules are obtained in one of the following ways:

- 1. If possible, the module is directly obtained from an open-source repository like Github.
- 2. Some modules have not been officially published in a repository. These modules have been packed in a tar-ball that can be obtained by the author. In table 2 this has been indicated as SNAPSHOT.

The modules themselves use other utilities like dependency-taggers and POS taggers. These utilities are listed in table 1.

### 1.2 The things that are not open-source yet

The aim is, that the pipeline-system is completely open-sourced, so that anybody can install it from sources like Github. Howver, a lot of elements are not yet open-sourced, but need private kludges. The following is a list of not-yet open things.

<sup>1.</sup> http://wordpress.let.vupr.nl

<sup>2.</sup> http://www.newsreader-project.eu

1 INTRODUCTION

Module	Version	Section	Source
KafNafParserPy	Feb 1, 2015	4.4.3	Github
Alpino	20706	5.5.4	RUG
Ticcutils	0.7	5.5.6	ILK
Timbl	6.4.6	5.5.6	ILK
Treetagger	3.2	5.5.5	Uni. München
Spotlight server	0.7	5.5.8	Spotlight

Table 1: List of the modules to be installed. Column description: **directory:** Name of the subdirectory below mod in which it is installed; **Source:** From where the module has been obtained; **script:** Script to be included in a pipeline.

Tokenizer	Module	Source	Section	Commit	Script	language
Morpho-syntactic parser         https://github.com/clt1/morphosyntactic_parser_nl.git         5.6.3         d5f0         mor         nl           POS-tagger         snapshot         5.6.4          pos         en           Named-entity rec/class         https://github.com/ixa-ehu/ixa-pipe-nerc         5.6.17         ca02         nerc         en/nl           Constituent parser         snapshot         5.6.5          constpars         en           Word-sense disamb. nl         https://github.com/clt1/svm_wsd.git         5.6.18         0300         wsd         nl           Word-sense disamb. nl         snapshot         5.6.20          ewsd         en           Named entity/DBP         snapshot         5.6.20          ned         en/nl           NED reranker         snapshot         5.6.6          ned en/nl         en           Wikify         snapshot         5.6.7          wikify         en           UKB         snapshot         5.6.8          ukb         en           Coreference-base         snapshot         5.6.22         da46         heideltime         nl           Otto-tagger         https://github.com/clt1/OntoTagger.git	Tokenizer	https://github.com/ixa-ehu/ixa-pipe-tok.git	5.6.1	56f8	tok	en/nl
Pos-tagger	Topic detection	https://github.com/ialdabe/ixa-pipe-topic.git	5.6.2	40be	topic	en/nl
Named-entity rec/class snapshot 5.6.17 ca02 nerc en/nl constituent parser snapshot 5.6.5 constpars en word-sense disamb. en snapshot 5.6.18 0300 wsd nl word-sense disamb. en snapshot 5.6.9 ewsd en Named entity/DBP snapshot 5.6.20 ned en/nl NED reranker snapshot 5.6.20 ned en/nl NED reranker snapshot 5.6.6 nedrerscript en wikify en UKB snapshot 5.6.7 wikify en UKB snapshot 5.6.8 wikify en UKB snapshot 5.6.8 ukb en Coreference-base snapshot 5.6.8 ukb en Coreference-base snapshot 5.6.16 coreference-base en Heideltime https://github.com/cian-ehu/ixa-pipe-time.git 5.6.22 da46 heideltime nl https://github.com/citl/OntoTagger.git 5.6.21 9ea0 onto nl Semantic Role labeling nl https://github.com/citl/OntoTagger.git 5.6.21 9ea0 onto nl SRL dutch nominals https://github.com/citl/OntoTagger.git 5.6.21 9ea0 nomevent nl SRL dutch nominals https://github.com/citl/OntoTagger.git 5.6.21 9ea0 nomevent nl FBK-time snapshot 5.6.12 FBK-time en FBK-time snapshot 5.6.13 FBK-time en FBK-time snapshot 5.6.14 FBK-time en FBK-time snapshot 5.6.15 FBK-time en FBK-causalrel snapshot 5.6.14 FBK-causalrel en Opinion-miner https://github.com/rubenIzquierdo/opinion_miner_deluxePP 5.6.25 evcoref en/nl	Morpho-syntactic parser	https://github.com/cltl/morphosyntactic_parser_nl.git	5.6.3	d5f0	mor	nl
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FBK-time snapshot $5.6.12$ FBK-time en FBK-temprel snapshot $5.6.13$ FBK-temprel en FBK-causalrel snapshot $5.6.13$ FBK-temprel en FBK-causalrel $5.6.14$ FBK-causalrel en Opinion-miner https://github.com/rubenIzquierdo/opinion_miner_deluxePP $5.6.27$ $5f46$ opinimin en/nl Event-coref snapshot $5.6.25$ evcoref en/nl	SRL dutch nominals	https://github.com/newsreader/vua-srl-dutch-nominal-events	5.6.11	6115	srl-dutch-nominals	nl
FBK-temprel snapshot $5.6.13$ FBK-temprel en FBK-causalrel snapshot $5.6.14$ FBK-causalrel en Opinion-miner https://github.com/rubenIzquierdo/opinion_miner_deluxePP $5.6.27$ $5f46$ opinimin en/nl Event-coref snapshot $5.6.25$ evcoref en/nl	Framenet-SRL	https://github.com/cltl/OntoTagger.git	5.6.21	9ea0	framesrl	nl
FBK-causalrel snapshot 5.6.14 FBK-causalrel en Opinion-miner https://github.com/rubenIzquierdo/opinion_miner_deluxePP 5.6.27 5f46 opinimin en/nl Event-coref snapshot 5.6.25 evcoref en/nl	FBK-time	snapshot	5.6.12		FBK-time	en
Opinion-miner https://github.com/rubenIzquierdo/opinion_miner_deluxePP 5.6.27 5f46 opinimin en/nl Event-coref snapshot 5.6.25 evcoref en/nl	FBK-temprel	snapshot	5.6.13		FBK-temprel	en
Event-coref snapshot 5.6.25 evcoref en/nl	FBK-causalrel	snapshot	5.6.14		FBK-causalrel	en
	Opinion-miner	https://github.com/rubenIzquierdo/opinion_miner_deluxePP	5.6.27	5f46	opinimin	en/nl
Factuality tagger snapshot 5.6.15 factuality en	Event-coref	snapshot	5.6.25		evcoref	en/nl
	Factuality tagger	snapshot	5.6.15		factuality	en

Table 2: List of the modules to be installed. Column description: **directory:** Name of the subdirectory below subdirectory modules in which it is installed; **source:** From where the module has been obtained; **commit:** Commit-name or version-tag **script:** Script to be included in a pipeline.

6 1 INTRODUCTION

### 1.3 Multi-linguality

Thi version of the pipeline is multi-lingual, i.e. it can annotate Dtutsch as well as English documents. It finds the language of the document in the language attribute of the NAF element. Actually, the current version is bi-lingual, because it is only able to process Dutch or English documents.

### 1.4 File-structure of the pipeline

The files that make up the pipeline are organised in set of directories as shown in figure 1. The

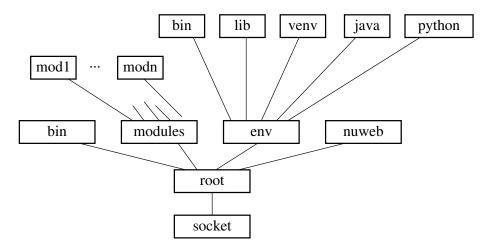


Figure 1: Directory-structure of the pipeline (see text).

directories have the follosing functions.

**socket:** The directory in the host where the pipeline is to be implemented.

root: The root of the pipeline directory-structure.

**nuweb:** This directory contains this document and everything to create the pipeline from the open sources of the modules.

modules: Contains subdirectories with the NLP modules that can be applied in the pipeline.

bin: Contains for each of the applicable modules a script that reads NAF input, passes it to the module in the modules directory and produces the output on standard out. Furthermore, the subdirectory contains the script install-modules that performs the installation, and a script test that shows that the pipeline works in a trivial case.

**env:** The programming environment. It contains a.o. the Java development kit, Python, the Python virtual environment (venv), libraries and binaries.

The following macro defines variable piperoot and makes it to point to the root directory in figure 1. Next it defines variables that point to other directories in the figure. The value-setting of piperoot can be overruled by defining the variable before running any of the script. In this way the directory tree can be moved to another location, even to another computer, after successful installation.

```
\langle set variables that point to the directory-structure 7c\rangle \equiv
         [ "$piperoot" == "" ]
       then
         export piperoot=/home/huygen/projecten/nlpp
       export pipesocket=${piperoot%%/nlpp}
       export nuwebdir=$piperoot/nuweb
       export envdir=$piperoot/env
       export envbindir=$envdir/bin
       export envlibdir=$envdir/lib
       export modulesdir=$piperoot/modules
       export pipebin=$piperoot/bin
       export javadir=$envdir/java
       export jarsdir=$javadir/jars
Fragment defined by 7cd, 10a, 14f.
Fragment referenced in 7e, 22a, 84c.
Uses: nuweb 79b.
Add the environment bin directory to PATH:
\langle set variables that point to the directory-structure 7d \rangle \equiv
       export PATH=$envbindir:$PATH
       \Diamond
Fragment defined by 7cd, 10a, 14f.
Fragment referenced in 7e, 22a, 84c.
Defines: PATH 13f, 14f, 15a, 19e, 53d.
```

Put the macro to set variables in a script that can later be sourced by the scripts of the pipeline modules.

```
"../env/bin/progenv" 7e≡
#!/bin/bash
⟨ set variables that point to the directory-structure 7c, ... ⟩
export progenvset=0

♦
File defined by 7e, 12f.
```

### 2 How to obtain modules and other material

As illustrated in tables 2 and 1, most of the modules are obtained as source-code from Github, some of the modules or parts of some modules are downloaded from a snapshot, and some of the utilities are obtained in binary form from the supplier.

This section builds standardised methods to obtain modules and utilities from Github or from the snapshot.

### 2.1 Location-dependency

The basic way of installation is, to clone this repository from Github on the intended location in the file-system of the target computer and then run the install-scripts. However, it may be advantageous to be able to transplant a complete installation to another location in another computer. This could be done by making all path-descriptions in all scripts relative to anchorpoints within the installation, while it may be hard to find such anchorpoints in advance. Therefore, we take another approach in which we supply a script that repairs paths-descriptions after the transplantation (section A.9).

### 2.2 Reversible update

This script might be used to update an existing installation. To minimize the risk that the "update" acually ruins an existing installation, move existing modules away before installing the latest version. When the new modules has been installed successfully, the moved module will be removed. The following macro's help to achieve this:

```
\langle move\ module\ 8a \rangle \equiv
         if
           [ -e @1 ]
         then
             mv @1 old.@1
         fi
Fragment referenced in 9b, 70c.
\langle remove \ old \ module \ 8b \rangle \equiv
         rm -rf old.@1
Fragment referenced in 9b, 70c.
\langle re\text{-}instate \ old \ module \ 8c \rangle \equiv
         mv old.@1 @1
         MESS="Replaced previous version of @1"
         \langle logmess (8d $MESS) 70b \rangle
         \Diamond
Fragment referenced in 9b, 70c.
```

## 2.3 Download materials

This installer needs to download a lot from different sources:

- Most of the NLP-modules will be built up from their sources in Github. The sources must be cloned.
- Many modules need external resources, e.g. the Alpino tagger. Often these utilities must be downloaded from a location specified by the supplier.
- Many modules use extra resources like model-data, that must be obtained separately.
- Some of the resources are not publicly available. They must be obtained from a pass-word protected URL.

•

Usually downloads are slow, and the duration is only little determined by the resources in the installing computer, but by the network and the performance of the systems from which we download. Therefore, we may speed up by first downloading things, if possible in parallel processes.

We put the following the beginning of the install-script:

### 2.4 Installation from Github

The following macro can be used to install a module from Github. Before issuing this macro, the following four variables must be set:

```
MODNAM: Name of the module.
```

**DIRN:** Name of the root directory of the module.

GITU: Github URL to clone from.

GITC: Github commit-name or version tag.

```
\langle install from github 9b \rangle =
    cd $modulesdir
    \langle move module (9c $DIRN ) 8a \rangle
    git clone $GITU
    if
        [ $? -gt 0 ]
    then
        \langle logmess (9d Cannot install current $MODNAM version ) 70b \rangle
        \langle re-instate old module (9e $DIRN ) 8c \rangle
    else
        \langle remove old module (9f $DIRN ) 8b \rangle
        cd $modulesdir/$DIRN
        git checkout $GITC
    fi
```

Fragment referenced in 43d, 48g, 56a, 57d, 60b, 61e, 64c, 65a.

### 2.5 Installation from the snapshot

The sources for the non-open parts of the pipeline are collected in directory t\_nlpp\_resources. They can be accessed via SSH from url m4\_snapshotURL. Before installing the pipeline download the snapshot on top of directory snapshotsocket.

The snapshot can be accessed over scp on URL newsreader@kyoto.let.vu.nl. Access is protected by a public/private key system. So, a private key is needed and this program expects to to find the key as \$pipesocket/nrkey. The key can be obtained from the author. Let us check whether we indeed do have the key:

```
\langle check \ this \ first \ 10b \rangle \equiv
         [ ! -e /home/huygen/projecten/nrkey ]
       then
         echo "No key to connect to snapshot!"
          exit 1
       fi
Fragment defined by 10b, 26e.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
Update the local snapshot repository.
\langle download stuff 10c \rangle \equiv
       cd $snapshotsocket
       mkdir -p $snapshotdirectory
       ( rsync -e "ssh -i /home/huygen/projecten/nrkey" -
       rLt newsreader@kyoto.let.vu.nl:t_nlpp_resources . ) &
Fragment defined by 10c, 11b, 14a, 19a, 34a, 40b, 42b, 58a, 60e.
Fragment referenced in 9a.
```

# 2.6 Download other materials

Apart from the material that we obtain from the snapshot, we need to download resources from different places in the Internet. Downloading can take much time. While working on this installer, we do not want to repeat downloading every time that we run it e.g. to test something. Therefore, we download everything in the snapshot-directory, and check whether it is already there before we start downloading.

Fragment referenced in 11b, 14a, 19a, 34a, 40b, 42b, 58a, 60e.

# 3 Shared libraries

When we do not want to rely on what the host can present to us, we need to make our own shared libraries. For the present, we will generate the shared libraries libxslt and libxml2. We do the following:

- 1. install autoconf, needed to compile the libs.
- 2. install libxslt
- 3. install libxml2

#### 3.1 Autoconf

Uses: install 83d.

Gnu autoconf is a system to help configure the Makefiles for a software package. Softwarepackages that use this, supply a file configure, configure.in or configure.ac. To compile and install a package from source we can then perform 1) ./configure --prefix=<environment>; 2) make; 3) make install.

```
Get autoconf:
\langle download \ stuff \ 11b \rangle \equiv
        (need to wget (11c autoconf-2.69.tar.gz,11d http://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/autoconf/autoconf-2.69.tar.gz) 11a)
Fragment defined by 10c, 11b, 14a, 19a, 34a, 40b, 42b, 58a, 60e.
Fragment referenced in 9a.
Install autoconf:
\langle install \ shared \ libs \ 11e \rangle \equiv
       autoconfdir='mktemp -d -t autoconf.XXXXXX'
       cd $autoconfdir
       tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/$snapshotdirectory/autoconf-2.69.tar.gz
       cd autoconf-2.69
        ./configure --prefix=$envdir
       make
       make install
       cd $piperoot
       rm -rf $autoconfdir
Fragment defined by 11e, 12b.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
```

### 3.2 libxml2 and libxslt

Compilation and installation of libxml2 and libxslt goes similar, according to the following template:

```
\langle install \ libxml2 \ or \ libxslt \ 12a \rangle \equiv
         shtmpdir='mktemp -d -t shl.XXXXXX'
        cd $shtmpdir
        git clone @1
        packagedir='ls -1'
        cd $packagedir
         ./autogen.sh --prefix=$envdir
        make
        make install
        cd $piperoot
        rm -rf $shtmpdir
Fragment referenced in 12b.
Uses: install 83d.
\langle install \ shared \ libs \ 12b \rangle \equiv
         \langle install \ libxml2 \ or \ libxslt \ (12c \ git://git.gnome.org/libxml2 \ ) \ 12a \rangle
         ⟨ install libxml2 or libxslt (12d git://git.gnome.org/libxslt ) 12a⟩
        \Diamond
Fragment defined by 11e, 12b.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
```

# 4 Java, Python en Perl

To be independent from the software environment of the host computer and to perform reproducible processing, the pipeline features its own Java, Perl and Python environments. The costs of this feature are that the pipeline takes more disk-space by reproducing infra-structure that is already present in the system and that installation takes more time.

The following macro generates a script that specifies the programming environment. Initially it is empty, because we have to create the programming environment first.

```
\label{eq:create_parameter} $$ \langle \ create \ javapython \ script \ 12e \rangle \equiv $$ echo '#!/bin/bash' > /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/javapython $$ $$ $$ $$ Fragment referenced in 22a.
```

Cause the module scripts to read the javapython script.

```
"../env/bin/progenv" 12f≡
source $envbindir/javapython

File defined by 7e, 12f.
```

4.1 Java 13

### 4.1 Java

To install Java, download server-jre-7u72-linux-x64.tar.gz from http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/server-jre7-downloads-1931105.html. Find it in the root directory and unpack it in a subdirectory of envdir.

```
\langle directories to create 13a \rangle \equiv
        ../env/java <
Fragment defined by 6ab, 7ab, 13ag, 14d, 17a, 77c.
Fragment referenced in 83a.
\langle\; set\; up\; java\; 13b\; \rangle \equiv
        \langle begin\ conditional\ install\ (13c\ java_installed\ )\ 20c\ \rangle
          cd $envdir/java
          tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/$snapshotdirectory/server-jre-7u72-linux-x64.tar.gz
        ⟨ end conditional install (13d java_installed ) 21a⟩
Fragment defined by 13bf.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
Remove the java-ball when cleaning up:
\langle clean up 13e \rangle \equiv
       rm -rf $pipesocket/server-jre-7u72-linux-x64.tar.gz
Fragment defined by 13e, 14g, 30d, 74a.
Fragment referenced in 73a.
Set variables for Java.
\langle set up java 13f \rangle \equiv
        echo 'export JAVA_HOME=$envdir/java/jdk1.7.0_72' >> /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/javapython
       echo 'export PATH=$JAVA_HOME/bin:$PATH' >> /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/javapython
       export JAVA_HOME=$envdir/java/jdk1.7.0_72
        export PATH=$JAVA_HOME/bin:$PATH
Fragment defined by 13bf.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
Uses: PATH 7d.
Put jars in the jar subdirectory of the java directory:
\langle directories to create 13g \rangle \equiv
        ../env/java/jars <
Fragment defined by 6ab, 7ab, 13ag, 14d, 17a, 77c.
Fragment referenced in 83a.
```

### 4.2 Maven

Some Java-based modules can best be compiled with Maven. So download and install Maven:

```
\langle download \ stuff \ 14a \rangle \equiv
        ( need to wget (14b http://apache.rediris.es/maven/maven-3/3.0.5/binaries/apache-maven-3.0.5-bin.tar.gz,1
Fragment defined by 10c, 11b, 14a, 19a, 34a, 40b, 42b, 58a, 60e.
Fragment referenced in 9a.
\langle \ directories \ to \ create \ 14d \ \rangle \equiv
        ../env/apache-maven-3.0.5 ♦
Fragment defined by 6ab, 7ab, 13ag, 14d, 17a, 77c.
Fragment referenced in 83a.
\langle install \ maven \ 14e \rangle \equiv
        cd $envdir
        tar -xzf /home/huygen/projecten/$t_nlpp_resources/apache-maven-3.0.5-bin.tar.gz
Fragment referenced in 22a.
\langle set variables that point to the directory-structure 14f\rangle \equiv
        export MAVEN_HOME=$envdir/apache-maven-3.0.5
        export PATH=${MAVEN_HOME}/bin:${PATH}
Fragment defined by 7cd, 10a, 14f.
Fragment referenced in 7e, 22a, 84c.
Uses: PATH 7d.
When the installation has been done, remove maven, because it is no longer needed.
\langle clean up 14g \rangle \equiv
        rm -rf ../env/apache-maven-3.0.5
        \langle remove \ installed - variable \ (14h \ maven_installed \ ) \ 21b \ \rangle
Fragment defined by 13e, 14g, 30d, 74a.
Fragment referenced in 73a.
```

# 4.3 Java 1.6

Java 1.7 is able to run nearly all the modules of the pipeline that are based on Java. However, there is one exception, i.e. the <code>ims-wsd</code> module, that needs Java version 1.6. So, we have to install that version of Java as well.

```
 \begin{array}{l} \langle \, install \, Java \, 1.6 \, 14i \, \rangle \equiv \\ & \text{cd } \$envdir/java \\ & \$snapshotsocket/t\_nlpp\_resources/jre-6u45-linux-x64.bin} \\ & \diamond \\ \\ & \text{Fragment referenced in } \textcolor{red}{22a}. \end{array}
```

Insert the following macro in scripts that need to run Java 1.6.

4.4 Python 15

### 4.4 Python

Set up the environment for Python (version 2.7). I could not find an easy way to set up Python from scratch. Therefore we wil use Python 2.7 if is has been installed on the host. Otherwise, we will use a binary distribution obtained from ActiveState. A tarball of ActivePython can be obtained from the snapshot.

In order to be independent of the software on the host, we generate a virtual Python environment. In the virtual environment we will install KafNafParserPy and other Python packages that are needed.

```
\langle set \ up \ python \ 15b \rangle \equiv
         (check/install the correct version of python 15c)
         ⟨ create a virtual environment for Python 16b⟩
         ⟨ activate the python environment 16d, ... ⟩
         update pip 17d⟩
         (install python packages 18c, ... )
        \langle install \ kafnafparserpy \ 18b \rangle
Fragment referenced in 22a.
\langle check/install \ the \ correct \ version \ of \ python \ 15c \rangle \equiv
        pythonok='python --
        version 2>&1 | gawk '{if(match($2, "2.7")) print "yes"; else print "no" }''
          [ "$pythonok" == "no" ]
        then
           ⟨ install ActivePython 16a ⟩
        fi
Fragment referenced in 15b.
Defines: pythonok Never used.
Uses: print 77a.
```

Unpack the tarball in a temporary directory and install active python in the env subdirectory of nlpp. It turns out that you must upgrade pip, virtualenv and setuptools after the installation (see https://github.com/ActiveState/activepython-docker/commit/10fff72069e51dbd36330cb8a7c2f0845bcd7b3 and https://github.com/ActiveState/activepython-docker/issues/1).

```
\langle install \ Active Python \ 16a \rangle \equiv
       pytinsdir='mktemp -d -t activepyt.XXXXXX'
       cd $pytinsdir
       tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/ActivePython-2.7.8.10-linux-x86_64.tar.gz
       acdir='ls -1'
       cd $acdir
       ./install.sh -I $envdir
       cd $piperoot
       rm -rf $pytinsdir
       pip install -U virtualenv setuptools
Fragment referenced in 15c.
Uses: install 83d, virtualenv 16c.
4.4.1 Virtual environment
Create a virtual environment. To begin this, we need the Python module virtualenv on the host.
\langle create \ a \ virtual \ environment \ for \ Python \ 16b \rangle \equiv
        ⟨ test whether virtualenv is present on the host 16c⟩
       cd $envdir
       virtualenv venv
Fragment referenced in 15b.
Uses: virtualenv 16c.
\langle test \ whether \ virtualenv \ is \ present \ on \ the \ host \ 16c \rangle \equiv
       which virtualenv
       if
          [ $? -ne 0 ]
       then
          echo Please install virtualenv
          exit 1
       fi
Fragment referenced in 16b.
Defines: virtualenv 16ab.
Uses: install 83d.
Activate the virtual environment immediately in the installation-script, and add the activation-
instruction to the initialisation-script.
\langle activate the python environment 16d \rangle \equiv
       source $envdir/venv/bin/activate
```

Subdirectory \$envdir/python will contain general Python packages like KafnafParserPy.

vdir/venv/bin/activate' >> /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/javapython

echo 'source \$en-

Fragment defined by 16d, 17bc. Fragment referenced in 15b, 22a.

Defines: activate 18a.

4.4 Python 17

```
\langle directories to create 17a \rangle \equiv
       ../env/python <
Fragment defined by 6ab, 7ab, 13ag, 14d, 17a, 77c.
Fragment referenced in 83a.
Activation of Python include pointing to the place where Python packages are:
\langle activate the python environment 17b \rangle \equiv
       echo ex-
       port 'PYTHONPATH=$envdir/python:$PYTHONPATH' >> /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/javapython
       export PYTHONPATH=$envdir/python:$PYTHONPATH
Fragment defined by 16d, 17bc.
Fragment referenced in 15b, 22a.
Defines: PYTHONPATH Never used.
We will use home-brewed shared libraries in Python, e.g. libxml2 and libxslt:
\langle activate the python environment 17c \rangle \equiv
       echo ex-
       port 'LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$envlibdir:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH' >> /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/javapython
       export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$envdir/python:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
Fragment defined by 16d, 17bc.
Fragment referenced in 15b, 22a.
Defines: LD_LIBRARY_PATH 46d, 53d.
Update pip in the virtual environment, because otherwise it keeps complaining about outdated
versions
\langle update \ pip \ 17d \rangle \equiv
       pip install --upgrade pip
Fragment referenced in 15b.
Uses: install 83d.
```

## 4.4.2 Transplant the virtual environment

It turns out that the script "activate" to engage the virtual environment contains an absolute path, in the definition of VIRTUAL\_ENV

```
\langle set \ paths \ after \ transplantation \ 18a \rangle \equiv
       transdir='mktemp -d -t trans.XXXXXX'
       cd $transdir
       cat <<EOF >redef.awk
       #!/usr/bin/gawk -f
       BEGIN { envd="$envdir/venv"}
       /^VIRTUAL_ENV=/ { print "VIRTUAL_ENV=\"" envd "\""
                            next
                          }
       {print}
       EOF
       mv $envdir/venv/bin/activate .
       gawk -f redef.awk ./activate > $envdir/venv/bin/activate
       cd $projroot
       rm -rf $transdir
Fragment referenced in 84c.
Uses: activate 16d, print 77a.
4.4.3 KafNafParserPy
A cornerstone Pythonmodule for the pipeline is KafNafParserPy. Currently it is extremely easy
installed:
\langle \, \mathit{install} \, \, \mathit{kafnafparserpy} \, \, 18b \, \rangle \equiv
       pip install KafNafParserPy
Fragment referenced in 15b.
Uses: install 83d.
```

# 4.4.4 Python packages

Install python packages:

lxml:

pyyaml: for coreference-graph

pynaf:

requests: for networkx
networkx: for corefbase.

\( \text{install python packages } 18c \rangle \) =
 pip install 1xml
 pip install pyyaml
 pip install --upgrade git+https://github.com/ixa-ehu/pynaf.git
 pip install --upgrade requests
 pip install --upgrade networkx

Fragment defined by 18c, 63a.

Fragment referenced in 15b.

Defines: lxml Never used, networkx Never used, pyyaml Never used.

Uses: install 83d.

4.5 Perl

### 4.5 Perl

```
Install Perl locally, to be certain that Perl is available and to enable to install packages that we need (in any case: XML::LibXML).
```

```
\langle download stuff 19a \rangle \equiv
       (need to wget (19b perl-5.22.1.tar.gz,19c http://www.cpan.org/src/5.0/perl-5.22.1.tar.gz) 11a)
Fragment defined by 10c, 11b, 14a, 19a, 34a, 40b, 42b, 58a, 60e.
Fragment referenced in 9a.
\langle install \ perl \ 19d \rangle \equiv
       tempdir='mktemp -d -t perl.XXXXXX'
       cd $tempdir
       tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/$snapshotdirectory/perl-5.22.1.tar.gz
       cd perl-5.22.1
       ./Configure -des -Dprefix=$envdir/perl
       make
       make test
       make install
       cd $progroot
       rm -rf $tempdir
Fragment defined by 19de, 20a.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
Uses: install 83d.
Make sure that modules use the correct Perl
\langle install \ perl \ 19e \rangle \equiv
       echo 'export PERL_HOME=$envdir/perl' >> /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/javapython
       echo 'export PATH=$PERL_HOME/bin:$PATH' >> /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/javapython
       export PERL_HOME=$envdir/perl
       export PATH=$PERL_HOME/bin:$PATH
Fragment defined by 19de, 20a.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
Uses: PATH 7d.
Install what is called XML::XMLLib in the Perl world.
It should be done with the following statement:
```

but that doesn't seem to work in all cases. It worked during an installation in ArchLinux, but not in an installation in Ubuntu a few weeks later.

Therefore, get the lib from the snapshot.

perl -MCPAN -e 'install XML::LibXML'

### 5 Installation of the modules

This section describes how the modules are obtained from their (open-)source and installed.

### 5.1 Conditional installation of the modules

Next section generates a script that installs everything.

Installation is very time-intensive. To prevent that everything is re-installed every time that the module-installer is run, there is a list of variables, the *modulelist*, that are set when a module has been installed. To re-install that module, remove the variable from the list and then re-run the installer. It maintains a list of the modules and utilitie that is has installed and installs only modules and utilities that are not on the list. So in order to re-install a module that has already been installed, remove it from the list and then re-run the module-installer.

The modulelist is in fact a script named /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/installed\_modules that sets Bash variables. It ought to be sourced if it is present.

Initially the list is not present. When a module or a utility has been installed, an instruction to set a variable is written in or appended to the list.

# 5.2 The installation script

The installation is performed by script install-modules.

The first part of the script installs the utilities:

```
"../bin/install-modules" 22a=
         #!/bin/bash
         echo Set up environment
         ⟨ set variables that point to the directory-structure 7c, ... ⟩
         ⟨ read the list of installed modules 20b⟩
         ⟨ check this first 10b, ... ⟩
         ⟨ download everything 9a ⟩
         ⟨ variables of install-modules 70a ⟩
         ⟨ begin conditional install (22b shared_libs ) 20c⟩
           \langle install \ shared \ libs \ 11e, \dots \rangle
         ⟨ end conditional install (22c shared_libs ) 21a⟩
         ⟨ create javapython script 12e⟩
         echo ... Java
         \langle set \ up \ java \ 13b, \dots \rangle
         ⟨ begin conditional install (22d maven_installed ) 20c⟩
            ⟨ install maven 14e ⟩
         ⟨ end conditional install (22e maven_installed ) 21a⟩
         ⟨ begin conditional install (22f java16_installed ) 20c ⟩
            ⟨install Java 1.6 14i⟩
         ⟨ end conditional install (22g java16_installed ) 21a⟩
         echo ... Python
        if
            [ $python_installed ]
        then
           \langle \ activate \ the \ python \ environment \ {\color{red} 16d}, \ \dots \ \rangle
        fi
         ⟨ begin conditional install (22h python_installed ) 20c ⟩
           ⟨ set up python 15b ⟩
         ⟨ end conditional install (22i python_installed ) 21a⟩
         ⟨ begin conditional install (22j perl_installed ) 20c⟩
            \langle install \ perl \ 19d, \dots \rangle
         ⟨ end conditional install (22k perl_installed ) 21a⟩
         \langle begin \ conditional \ install \ (221 \ sematree\_installed \ ) \ 20c \ \rangle
            ⟨ install sematree 28a ⟩
         ⟨ end conditional install (22m sematree_installed ) 21a⟩
        echo ... Alpino
         ⟨ begin conditional install (22n alpino_installed ) 20c⟩
            ⟨ install Alpino 30b ⟩
         ⟨ end conditional install (22o alpino_installed ) 21a⟩
         echo ... Spotlight
         ⟨ begin conditional install (22p spotlight_installed ) 20c⟩
            ⟨ install the Spotlight server 34h, . . . ⟩
         \langle end \ conditional \ install \ (22q \ spotlight_installed \ ) \ 21a \rangle
        echo ... Treetagger
         \langle \ begin \ conditional \ install \ (22r \ {\tt treetagger\_installed} \ ) \ {\tt 20c} \ \rangle
           ⟨ install the treetagger utility 31a, ... ⟩
         \langle \; end \; conditional \; install \; (22s \; {\tt treetagger\_installed} \;) \; {\tt 21a} \rangle
         echo ... Ticcutils and Timbl
         ⟨ begin conditional install (22t ticctimbl_installed ) 20c⟩
           ⟨ install the ticcutils utility 32d ⟩
           (install the timbl utility 33a)
         ⟨ end conditional install (22u ticctimbl_installed ) 21a⟩
         echo ... Boost
         \langle begin \ conditional \ install \ (22v \ boost_installed \ ) \ 20c \rangle
           ⟨ install boost 33d ⟩
         ⟨ end conditional install (22w boost_installed ) 21a⟩
        echo ... VUA-pylib, SVMlight, CRFsuite
         \langle \ begin \ conditional \ install \ (22x \ {\tt miscutils\_installed} \ ) \ 20c \ \rangle
            ⟨ install VUA-pylib 40a ⟩
             install SVMLight 40e >
            \langle install \ CRF suite \ 41a \rangle
         \langle end \ conditional \ install \ (22y \ miscutils_installed ) \ 21a \rangle
File defined by 22a, 23aj, 24aj, 25ahq, 26a.
```

Next, install the modules:

```
"../bin/install-modules" 23a\equiv
        echo Install modules
        \langle \ begin \ conditional \ install \ (23b \ {\tt tokenizer\_installed} \ ) \ {\tt 20c} \ \rangle
           echo ... Tokenizer
           ⟨ install the tokenizer 41b⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (23c tokenizer_installed ) 21a⟩
        ⟨ begin conditional install (23d topic_installed ) 20c⟩
           echo ... Topic detector
           ⟨ install the topic analyser 42a⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (23e topic_installed ) 21a⟩
        ⟨ begin conditional install (23f morpar_installed ) 20c⟩
           echo ... Morphosyntactic parser
           \langle install \ the \ morphosyntactic \ parser \ 43d \rangle
        ⟨ end conditional install (23g morpar_installed ) 21a⟩
        ⟨ begin conditional install (23h pos_installed ) 20c ⟩
           echo "... Pos tagger (for english docs)"
           ⟨ install the pos tagger 44b⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (23i pos_installed ) 21a ⟩
File defined by 22a, 23aj, 24aj, 25ahq, 26a.
"../bin/install-modules" 23j=
        \langle \ begin \ conditional \ install \ (23k \ constparse\_installed \ ) \ 20c \ \rangle
           echo "... Constituent parser (for english docs)"
           ⟨ install the constituents parser 45a⟩
        \langle \; end \; conditional \; install \; (23l \; {\tt constparse\_installed} \;) \; {\tt 21a} \rangle
        ⟨ begin conditional install (23m nerc_installed ) 20c⟩
           echo ... NERC
           ⟨ install the NERC module 54d ⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (23n nerc_installed ) 21a⟩
        ⟨ begin conditional install (23o ned_installed ) 20c⟩
           echo ... NED
           ⟨ install the NED module 57d ⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (23p ned_installed ) 21a⟩
        \langle begin \ conditional \ install \ (23q \ nedrer_installed \ ) \ 20c \ \rangle
           echo ...NED reranker
           ⟨ install the NED-reranker module 45d ⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (23r nedrer_installed ) 21a⟩
        \langle \ begin\ conditional\ install\ (23s\ {\tt wikify\_installed}\ )\ {\tt 20c}\ \rangle
           echo ...WIKIfy module
           ⟨ install the wikify module 45g ⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (23t wikify_installed ) 21a⟩
File defined by 22a, 23aj, 24aj, 25ahq, 26a.
```

```
"../bin/install-modules" 24a\equiv
         \langle begin \ conditional \ install \ (24b \ UKB\_installed \ ) \ 20c \ \rangle
           echo ... UKB module
          cd $modulesdir
          tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/20151220_EHU-ukb.v30.tgz
         ⟨ end conditional install (24c UKB_installed ) 21a⟩
         ⟨ begin conditional install (24d ims_wsd_installed ) 20c⟩
           echo ...ims-wsd module
           ⟨ install the ims-wsd module 47a ⟩
         \langle \; end \; conditional \; install \; (24e \; {\tt ims\_wsd\_installed} \;) \; {\tt 21a} \rangle
         ⟨ begin conditional install (24f srl_server_installed ) 20c⟩
           echo ...srl-server module
           ⟨ install the srl-server module 47d ⟩
         ⟨ end conditional install (24g srl_server_installed ) 21a⟩
         ⟨ begin conditional install (24h srl_dutch_nominals_installed ) 20c ⟩
           echo ...srl-dutch-nominal module
           ⟨ install the srl-dutch-nominals module 48g⟩

⟨ end conditional install (24i srl_dutch_nominals_installed ) 21a ⟩
File defined by 22a, 23aj, 24aj, 25ahg, 26a.
"../bin/install-modules" 24j\equiv
         \langle \ begin \ conditional \ install \ (24k \ FBK\_time\_installed \ ) \ 20c \ \rangle
           echo ... FBK-time module
           \langle install \ the \ FBK-time \ module \ 49c \rangle
         \langle\;end\;conditional\;install\;(24l\;{\tt FBK\_time\_installed}\;)\;{\tt 21a}\,\rangle
         \langle begin \ conditional \ install \ (24m \ FBK_temprel_installed ) \ 20c \rangle
           echo ... FBK-temprel module
           \langle install \ the \ FBK-temprel \ module \ 51b \rangle
         \langle \ end \ conditional \ install \ (24n \ FBK_temprel_installed \ ) \ 21a \rangle
         \langle \ begin \ conditional \ install \ (24o \ FBK\_causalrel\_installed \ ) \ 20c \ \rangle
           echo ... FBK-causalrel module
           ⟨ install the FBK-causalrel module 52c ⟩
         \langle end \ conditional \ install \ (24p \ FBK\_causalrel\_installed \ ) \ 21a \rangle
         \langle begin\ conditional\ install\ (24q\ factuality\_installed\ )\ 20c \rangle
           echo ... factuality module
           ⟨ install the factuality module 53c⟩
         ⟨ end conditional install (24r factuality_installed ) 21a⟩
File defined by 22a, 23aj, 24aj, 25ahq, 26a.
```

```
"../bin/install-modules" 25a=
        \langle begin \ conditional \ install \ (25b \ corefb_installed ) \ 20c \rangle
           echo ... Coreference base
           ⟨ install coreference-base 54a ⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (25c corefb_installed ) 21a⟩
        ⟨ begin conditional install (25d wsd_installed ) 20c ⟩
           echo ... WSD
           ⟨ install the WSD module 56a ⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (25e wsd_installed ) 21a ⟩
        ⟨ begin conditional install (25f ontojar_installed ) 20c⟩
           echo ... Ontotagger
           ⟨ install the ontotagger repository 59a ⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (25g ontojar_installed ) 21a⟩
File defined by 22a, 23aj, 24aj, 25ahq, 26a.
"../bin/install-modules" 25h\equiv
        \langle \ begin \ conditional \ install \ (25i \ heidel_installed \ ) \ 20c \ \rangle
           echo ... Heideltime
           ⟨ install the heideltime module 60a ⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (25j heidel_installed ) 21a⟩
        ⟨ begin conditional install (25k SRL_installed ) 20c⟩
            echo ... SRL
             ⟨ install the srl module 61e ⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (251 SRL_installed ) 21a⟩
        \langle \ begin \ conditional \ install \ (25m \ {\tt eventcoref\_installed} \ ) \ {\tt 20c} \ \rangle
             echo ... Event-coreference
             ⟨ install the event-coreference module 63e ⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (25n eventcoref_installed ) 21a⟩
        \langle \ begin \ conditional \ install \ (250 \ lu2synset_installed \ ) \ 20c \ \rangle
            echo ... lu2synset
             ⟨ install the lu2synset converter 57a ⟩
        \langle \ end \ conditional \ install \ (25p \ lu2synset_installed \ ) \ {21a} \rangle
File defined by 22a, 23aj, 24aj, 25ahq, 26a.
"../bin/install-modules" 25q\equiv
        \langle begin \ conditional \ install \ (25r \ dbpner_installed \ ) \ 20c \ \rangle
           echo ... dbpedia-ner
           ⟨ install the dbpedia-ner module 64c ⟩
        ⟨ end conditional install (25s dbpner_installed ) 21a⟩
        \langle begin \ conditional \ install \ (25t \ post\_SRL\_installed \ ) \ 20c \ \rangle
            echo ... post-SRL
             ⟨ install the post-SRL module 63b ⟩
        \langle end \ conditional \ install \ (25u \ post\_SRL\_installed \ ) \ 21a \rangle
File defined by 22a, 23aj, 24aj, 25ahq, 26a.
```

```
"../bin/install-modules" 26a\(\text{26a}\) \(\langle \text{begin conditional install} \) (26b \text{ opimin_installed} \) 20c\(\rangle \text{ echo} \dots \dots \text{ opinion-miner} \(\langle \text{ install the opinion-miner 65a, ...} \) \(\langle \text{ end conditional install} \) (26c \text{ opimin_installed} \) 21a\(\rangle \text{ echo Final} \) \(\phi \)

File defined by 22a, 23aj, 24aj, 25ahq, 26a.

\(\langle \text{ make scripts executable 26d} \rangle \equiv \text{ chmod 775 .../bin/install-modules} \)

Fragment defined by 26d, 36g, 83b.

Fragment referenced in 83c.

Uses: install 83d.
```

# 5.3 Check availability of resources

Test for some resources that we need and that may not be available on this host.

```
\langle check this first 26e \rangle \equiv
         (check whether program is present (26f git) 26j)
         \langle check \ whether \ program \ is \ present (26g \ tar ) \ 26j \rangle
         ⟨ check whether program is present (26h unzip ) 26j⟩
         ⟨ check whether program is present (26i tcsh ) 26j⟩
         ⟨ check whether mercurial is present 27a ⟩
Fragment defined by 10b, 26e.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
\langle check \ whether \ program \ is \ present \ 26j \rangle \equiv
        which @1
        if
           [ $? -ne 0 ]
        then
           echo Please install @1.
           exit 1
        fi
Fragment referenced in 26e.
```

Uses: install 83d.

## 5.4 Parameters in module-scripts

Some modules need parameters. All modules need a language specification. The language can be passed as exported variable naflang, but it can also be passed as argument -1. Furthermore, some modules need contact with a Spotlight server. With the arguments -h and -b the host and port of a running Spotlight-server can be passed.

The code to obtain command-line arguments in Bash has been obtained from Stackoverflow. The following fragment reads the arguments -l language, -h spotlighthost and -p spotlightport:

```
\langle\;get\;command line\text{-}arguments\;27b\;\rangle\equiv
       while [[ $# > 1 ]]
         key="$1"
         case $key in
            -1|--language)
              naflang="$2"
              shift # past argument
            -h|--spothost)
              spotlighthost="$2"
              shift # past argument
            -p|--spotport)
            spotlightport="$2"
            shift # past argument
            *)
                     # unknown option
            ;;
         esac
         shift # past argument or value
Fragment referenced in 35c.
Uses: naflang 68a.
```

### 5.5 Install utilities and resources

### 5.5.1 Process synchronisation

We will see that we sometimes have to install server-applications. However, it is possible that multiple processes are running pipeline modules in parallel, and then it may occur that two instances of a module try to install the same server-application. Therefore, we must make sure that only one application at a time is able to start the server.

The program sematree, found at http://www.pixelbeat.org/scripts/sematree/ enables to do this. When invoked with argument "acquire", the name of a "lockfile" and a time to wait (-1 means "wait an indefinite time"), it checks whether the lockfile exists. If that is the case, it either waits or fails. When the lockfile is not (or no longer) present, sematree creates the lockfile.

When installing sematree, set the default directory for lock-files. We set this as a subdirectory of the env tree. However, in some cases, notably when running in a node in Lisa, we need a directory on the filesystem of the node itself.

### 5.5.2 Prefix of scripts that run modules

Each module will be run by a Bash script located in subdirectory bin. The start of these scrips will have similar content. Insert the following macro to include this similar content, with the name of the module-directory as argument:

Set variable scriptpath to the full path of the script that is running, order to be able to re-run it.

### 5.5.3 Language detection

The following script ../env/bin/langdetect.py discerns the language of a NAF document. If it cannot find that attribute it prints unknown. The macro set the language variable uses this script to set variable naflang. All pipeline modules expect that this veriable has been set.

```
"../env/bin/langdetect.py" 29a\equiv
      #!/usr/bin/env python
      # langdetect -- Detect the language of a NAF document.
      import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
      import sys
      import re
      xmldoc = sys.stdin.read()
      #print xmldoc
      root = ET.fromstring(xmldoc)
      # print root.attrib['lang']
      lang = "unknown"
      for k in root.attrib:
         if re.match(".*lang$", k):
           language = root.attrib[k]
      print language
Uses: print 77a.
```

The module-scripts depend on the existence of variable naflang. In most cases this is not a problem because the scripts run in a surrounding script that sets naflang. However, a users may occasionally run a module-script stand-alone e.g. to debug. In that case, we can read the language from the NAF, set variable naflang, and then run the module-script in a subshell. We assume that variable scriptpath contains the path of the script itself.

The macro does the following if naflang has not been set:

- 1. Save the content of standard in to a temporary file.
- 2. Run langdetect with the temporary file as input and set the naflang variable.
- 3. Run the script \$scriptpath (i.e. itself) with the temporary file as input.
- 4. Remove the temporary file.

Uses: naflang 68a, scriptpath 28c.

5. Exit itself with the errorcode of the sub-script that it has run.

```
⟨ run in subshell when naflang is not known 29b⟩ ≡

if
    [ "$naflang" == "" ]
then
    naffile='mktemp -t naf.XXXXXX'
    cat >$naffile
    naflang='cat $naffile | python $envbindir/langdetect.py'
    export naflang
    cat $naffile | $scriptpath
    result=$?
    rm $naffile
    exit $result
    fi
    ◊
Fragment referenced in 28b.
```

## 5.5.4 Alpino

Binary versions of Alpino can be obtained from the official Alpino website of Gertjan van Noort. However, it seems that older versions are not always retained there, or the location of older versions change. Therefore we have a copy in the snapshot.

#### Module

Currently, alpino is not used as a pipeline-module on its own, but it is included in other pipeline-modules. Modules that use Alpino should set the following variables:

Remove the tarball when cleaning up:

Fragment referenced in 22a.

# 5.5.5 Treetagger

Installation of Treetagger goes as follows (See Treetagger's homepage):

- 1. Download and unpack the Treetagger tarball. This generates the subdirectories bin, cmd and doc
- 2. Download and unpack the tagger-scripts tarball

The location where Treetagger comes from and the location where it is going to reside:

```
\langle install \ the \ treetagger \ utility \ 31a \rangle \equiv
       TREETAGDIR=treetagger
       TREETAG_BASIS_URL=http://www.cis.uni-muenchen.de/%7Eschmid/tools/TreeTagger/data/
       TREETAGURL=http://www.cis.uni-muenchen.de/%7Eschmid/tools/TreeTagger/data/
Fragment defined by 31abcd, 32abc.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
The source tarball, scripts and the installation-script:
\langle install \ the \ treetagger \ utility \ 31b \rangle \equiv
       TREETAGSRC=tree-tagger-linux-3.2.tar.gz
       TREETAGSCRIPTS=tagger-scripts.tar.gz
       TREETAG_INSTALLSCRIPT=install-tagger.sh
Fragment defined by 31abcd, 32abc.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
Uses: install 83d.
Parametersets:
\langle install \ the \ treetagger \ utility \ 31c \rangle \equiv
       DUTCHPARS_UTF_GZ=dutch-par-linux-3.2-utf8.bin.gz
       DUTCH_TAGSET=dutch-tagset.txt
       DUTCHPARS_2_GZ=dutch2-par-linux-3.2-utf8.bin.gz
Fragment defined by 31abcd, 32abc.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
Download everything in the target directory:
\langle install \ the \ treetagger \ utility \ 31d \rangle \equiv
       mkdir -p $modulesdir/$TREETAGDIR
       cd $modulesdir/$TREETAGDIR
       wget $TREETAGURL/$TREETAGSRC
       wget $TREETAGURL/$TREETAGSCRIPTS
       wget $TREETAGURL/$TREETAG_INSTALLSCRIPT
       wget $TREETAGURL/$DUTCHPARS_UTF_GZ
       wget $TREETAGURL/$DUTCH_TAGSET
       wget $TREETAGURL/$DUTCHPARS_2_GZ
Fragment defined by 31abcd, 32abc.
```

Run the install-script:

Fragment referenced in 22a.

```
\langle install \ the \ treetagger \ utility \ 32a \rangle \equiv
        chmod 775 $TREETAG_INSTALLSCRIPT
        ./$TREETAG_INSTALLSCRIPT
Fragment defined by 31abcd, 32abc.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
Make the treetagger utilities available for everybody.
\langle install \ the \ treetagger \ utility \ 32b \rangle \equiv
        chmod -R o+rx $modulesdir/$TREETAGDIR/bin
       chmod -R o+rx $modulesdir/$TREETAGDIR/cmd
       chmod -R o+r $modulesdir/$TREETAGDIR/doc
       chmod -R o+rx $modulesdir/$TREETAGDIR/lib
Fragment defined by 31abcd, 32abc.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
Remove the tarballs:
\langle install \ the \ treetagger \ utility \ 32c \rangle \equiv
       rm $TREETAGSRC
       rm $TREETAGSCRIPTS
       rm $TREETAG_INSTALLSCRIPT
       rm $DUTCHPARS_UTF_GZ
       rm $DUTCH_TAGSET
       rm $DUTCHPARS_2_GZ
Fragment defined by 31abcd, 32abc.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
```

# 5.5.6 Timbl and Ticcutils

Timbl and Ticcutils are installed from their source-tarballs. The installation is not (yet?) completely reproducibe because it uses the C-compiler that happens to be available on the host. Installation involves:

- 1. Download the tarball in a temporary directory.
- 2. Unpack the tarball.
- 3. cd to the unpacked directory and perform ./configure, make and make install. Note the argument that causes the files to be installed in the lib and the bin sub-directories of the env directory.

```
 \begin{array}{l} \langle \ install \ the \ ticcutils \ utility \ 32d \rangle \equiv \\ \text{URL=http://software.ticc.uvt.nl/ticcutils=0.7.tar.gz} \\ \text{TARB=ticcutils=0.7.tar.gz} \\ \text{DIR=ticcutils=0.7} \\ \langle \ unpack \ ticcutils \ or \ timbl \ 33b \ \rangle \\ \diamond \end{array}
```

Fragment referenced in 22a, 33c.

```
\langle install \ the \ timbl \ utility \ 33a \rangle \equiv
        TARB=timbl-6.4.6.tar.gz
        DIR=timbl-6.4.6
        \langle unpack \ ticcutils \ or \ timbl \ 33b \rangle
Fragment referenced in 22a, 33c.
\langle unpack \ ticcutils \ or \ timbl \ 33b \rangle \equiv
        SUCCES=0
        ticbeldir='mktemp -t -d tickbel.XXXXXX'
        cd $ticbeldir
        tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/$TARB
        cd $DIR
        sh ./bootstrap.sh
        ./configure --prefix=$envdir
        make
        make install
        cd $piperoot
        rm -rf $ticbeldir
Fragment referenced in 32d, 33a.
Uses: install 83d.
```

When the installation has been transplanted, Timbl and Ticcutils have to be re-installed.

```
 \langle \textit{re-install modules after the transplantation } 33c \rangle \equiv \\ \langle \textit{install the ticcutils utility } 32d \rangle \\ \langle \textit{install the timbl utility } 33a \rangle \\ \diamond  Fragment referenced in 84c.
```

### 5.5.7 The Boost library

Theoretically, it is possible to download a tarball with boost from it's repository and then install it. However, I did not succeed in doing this. Therefore, I ripped the installed boost from Surfsara's Hadoop installation and put it in the env dir.

```
 \begin{array}{l} \langle \ install \ boost \ 33d \ \rangle \equiv \\  \quad \text{cd } \$envdir \\  \quad \text{tar } \neg xzf \ \$snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/20160103\_boost_1_54\_bin.tgz \\  \quad \diamond \\ \end{array}  Fragment referenced in 22a.
```

#### 5.5.8 Spotlight

A Spotlight server occupies a lot of memory and we need two of them, one for each language. We may be lucky and have a spotlight server running somewhere. Otherwise we have to install the server ourselves.

Install Spotlight in the way that Itziar Aldabe (mailto:itziar.aldabe@ehu.es) described:

The NED module works for English, Spanish, Dutch and Italian. The module returns multiple candidates and correspondences for all the languages. If you want to integrate it in your Dutch or Italian pipeline, you will need:

- 1. The jar file with the dbpedia-spotlight server. You need the version that Aitor developed in order to correctly use the "candidates" option. You can copy it from the English VM. The jar file name is dbpedia-spotlight-0.7-jar-with-dependencies-candidates.jar
- 2. The Dutch/Italian model for the dbpedia-spotlight. You can download them from: http://spotlight.sztaki.hu/downloads/
- 3. The jar file with the NED module: ixa-pipe-ned-1.0.jar. You can copy it from the English VM too.
- 4. The file: wikipedia-db.v1.tar.gz. You can download it from: http://ixa2.si.ehu.es/ixa-pipes/models/wikipedia-db.v1.tar.gz. This file contains the required information to do the mappings between the wikipedia-entries. The zip file contains three files: wikipedia-db, wikipedia-db.p and wikipedia-db.t

To start the dbpedia server: Italian server:

```
java -jar -Xmx8g dbpedia-spotlight-0.7-jar-with-dependencies-candidates.jar \
   it http://localhost:2050/rest
```

Dutch server:

```
java -jar -Xmx8g dbpedia-spotlight-0.7-jar-with-dependencies-candidates.jar nl http://localhost:2
```

We set 8Gb for the English server, but the Italian and Dutch Spotlight will require less memory.

So, let us do that.

Fragment referenced in 22a.

First, get the Spotlight model data that we need:

```
⟨ download stuff 34a⟩ ≡

⟨ need to wget (34b nl.tar.gz,34c http://spotlight.sztaki.hu/downloads/archive/2014/nl.tar.gz ) 11a⟩
⟨ need to wget (34d en_2+2.tar.gz,34e http://spotlight.sztaki.hu/downloads/archive/2014/en_2+2.tar.gz ) 11a⟩
⟨ need to wget (34f wikipedia-db.v1.tar.gz,34g http://ixa2.si.ehu.es/ixa-pipes/models/wikipedia-db.v1.tar.,
⟩
Fragment defined by 10c, 11b, 14a, 19a, 34a, 40b, 42b, 58a, 60e.
Fragment referenced in 9a.

⟨ install the Spotlight server 34h⟩ ≡
cd $envdir
tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/spotlightnl.tgz
cd $envdir/spotlight
tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/nl.tar.gz
tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/en_2+2.tar.gz
⟩
Fragment defined by 34h, 35b.
```

```
⟨ get spotlight model ball 35a⟩ ≡
    if
        [ -e $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/@1 ]
    then
        tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/@1
    else
        wget http://spotlight.sztaki.hu/downloads/archive/2014/@1
        tar -xzf @1
        rm @1
    fi
```

Fragment never referenced.

We choose to put the Wikipedia database in the spotlight directory.

```
⟨install the Spotlight server 35b⟩ ≡
    cd $envdir/spotlight
    tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/$snapshotdirectory/wikipedia-db.v1.tar.gz
    ◇
Fragment defined by 34h, 35b.
Fragment referenced in 22a.
```

The macro check/start spotlight does the following:

- 1. Check whether spotlight runs on the default spotlighthost.
- 2. If that is not the case, and the defaulthost is not localhost, check whether Spotlight runs on localhost.
- 3. If a running spotlightserver is still not found, start a spotlightserver on localhost.

Start Spotlight if it doesn't run already. Spotlight ought to run on localhost unless variable spotlighthost exists. In that case, check whether a Spotlight server can be contacted on that host. Otherwise, change spotlighthost to localhost and check whether a Spotlight server runs there. If that is not the case, start up a Spotlight server on localhost.

The following script, check\_start\_spotlight, has the following three optional arguments:

language: Default is exported variable naflang if it exists, or en.

**spotlighthost:** Name of a host that probably runs a Spotlightserver. Default: exported variable spotlighthost if it exists, or localhost.

**spotlightport:** Default: exported variable **spotlightport** if it exists or either 2020 or 2060 for English resp. Dutch.

```
"../bin/check_start_spotlight" 35c≡
#!/bin/bash
source /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/progenv
⟨ get commandline-arguments 27b⟩
⟨ set default arguments for Spotlight 36a⟩

♦
File defined by 35c, 36b.
```

Fill in default values when they cannot be found in exported variables nor in command-line arguments.

```
\langle set \ default \ arguments \ for \ Spotlight \ 36a \rangle \equiv
          [ "$spotlighthost" == "" ]
       then
          spotlighthost=130.37.53.11
       fi
          [ "$spotlightport" == "" ]
       then
          if
             [ "$naflang" == "nl" ]
          then
               spotlightport=2060
          else
               spotlightport=2020
          fi
       fi
Fragment referenced in 35c.
Uses: naflang 68a.
"../bin/check_start_spotlight" 36b\equiv
        ⟨ check listener on host, port (36c $spotlighthost,36d $spotlightport ) 37c⟩
          [ $spotlightrunning -ne 0 ]
       then
          if
            [ ! "$spotlighthost" == "localhost" ]
            export spotlighthost="localhost"
            ⟨ check listener on host, port (36e $spotlighthost,36f $spotlightport ) 37c⟩
          fi
       fi
       if
          [ $spotlightrunning -ne 0 ]
       then
          \langle \ start \ the \ Spotlight \ server \ on \ localhost \ {\bf 39a}, \dots \ \rangle
       fi
       echo $spotlighthost:$spotlightport
File defined by 35c, 36b.
\langle make\ scripts\ executable\ 36g \rangle \equiv
       chmod 775 ../bin/check_start_spotlight
Fragment defined by 26d, 36g, 83b.
Fragment referenced in 83c.
```

Use function check\_start\_spotlight to find and exploit a running Spotlight-server or to die (with exit code 5) if no server can be found or created. The macro uses implicitly the exported variables spotlighthost and spotlightport if they exist.

```
\langle find \ a \ spotlightserver \ or \ exit \ 37a \rangle \equiv
       spothostport='/home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/bin/check_start_spotlight -l $naflang'
       export spotlighthost='echo $spothostport | gawk -F ":" '{print $1}'
       export spotlightport='echo $spothostport | gawk -F":" '{print $2}''
       echo "Spotlight server found on $spothostport." >&2
         [ "$spotlighthost" == "none" ]
       then
         echo "No Spotlight-server found."
         exit 5
       fi
Fragment referenced in 46a, 58e.
```

Uses: naflang 68a, print 77a.

Set the port-number and the language resource for Spotlight, dependent of the language that the user gave as argument.

```
\langle get \ spotlight \ language \ parameters \ 37b \rangle \equiv
            [ "$naflang" == "nl" ]
        then
            spotlightport=2060
         else
           spotlightport=2020
        fi
        \Diamond
```

Fragment never referenced.

Uses: naflang 68a.

The following macro has a hostname and a port-number as arguments. It checks whether something in the host listens on the port and sets variable success accordingly:

```
\langle check\ listener\ on\ host,\ port\ 37c \rangle \equiv
        exec 6<>/dev/tcp/@1/@2 2>/dev/null
        spotlightrunning=$?
        exec 6<&-
        exec 6>&-
```

Fragment referenced in 36b, 39c.

If variable spotlighthost does not exist, set it to localhost. Test whether a Spotlightserver runs on spotlighthost. If that fails and spotlighthost did not point to localhost, try localhost.

If the previous attempts were not succesfull, start the spotlightserver on localhost.

If some spotlightserver has been contacted, set variable spotlightrunning. Otherwise exit. At the end variable spotlighthost ought to contain the address of the Spotlight-host.

```
\langle try to obtain a running spotlightserver 38a \rangle \equiv
        ⟨ test whether spotlighthost runs (38b $spotlighthost ) 38e⟩
          [ ! $spotlightrunning ]
       then
          if
             [ "$spotlighthost" != "localhost" ]
          then
            export spotlighthost=localhost
            ⟨ test whether spotlighthost runs (38c $spotlighthost ) 38e⟩
          fi
       fi
        if
          [ ! $spotlightrunning ]
       then
          ⟨ start the Spotlight server on localhost 39a, ... ⟩
          \langle test \ whether \ spotlighthost \ runs \ (38d \$spotlighthost) \ 38e \rangle
       fi
        if
          [ ! $spotlightrunning ]
          echo "Cannot start spotlight"
          exit 4
       fi
```

Fragment never referenced.

Test whether the Spotlightserver runs on a given host. The "spotlight-test" does not really test Spotlight, but it tests whether something is listening on the port and host where we expect Spotlight. I found the test-construction that is used here on Stackoverflow. If the test is positive, set variable spotlightrunning to 0. Otherwise, unset that variable.

When trying to start the Spotlight-server on localhost, take care that only one process does this. So we do this:

- 1. Try to acquire a lock without waiting for it.
- 2. If we got the lock, run the Spotlight java program in background.
- 3. If we got the lock, release it.
- 4. If we did not get the lock, wait for the lock to be released by the process that started the spotlight-server.

But first, we specify the resources for the Spotlight-server.

```
\langle start \ the \ Spotlight \ server \ on \ localhost \ 39a \rangle \equiv
          [ "$naflang" == "nl" ]
       then
          spotresource="nl"
        else
          spotresource="en_2+2"
       spotlightjar=dbpedia-spotlight-0.7-jar-with-dependencies-candidates.jar
Fragment defined by 39ab.
Fragment referenced in 36b, 38a.
Uses: naflang 68a.
\langle start \ the \ Spotlight \ server \ on \ localhost \ 39b \rangle \equiv
        local oldd='pwd'
       cd /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/spotlight
       $envbindir/sematree acquire spotlock 0
       gotit=$?
       if
          [ $gotit == 0 ]
       then
          java -jar -Xmx8g $spotlightjar $spotresource \
                http://localhost:$spotlightport/rest &
          \(\langle\) wait until the spotlight server is up or faulty 39c \(\rangle\)
          $envbindir/sematree release spotlock
          ⟨ wait until the spotlight server is up or faulty 39c⟩
       fi
       cd $oldd
Fragment defined by 39ab.
Fragment referenced in 36b, 38a.
```

When the Sportlight server has been started, it takes op to a minute until it really listens on its port. When there is something wrong, it will never listen, of course. Therefore, we give it three minutes. If after that time still nothing listens, we set spotlighthost to none, indicating that something has gone wrong.

Fragment referenced in 39b.

Start the Spotlight if it is not already running. First find out what the host is on which we may expect to find a listening Spotlight.

Variable spotlighthost contains the address of the host where we expect to find Spotlight. If the expectation does not come true, and the Spotlighthost was not localhost, test whether Spotlight can be found on localhost. If the spotlight-server cannot be found, start it up on localhost.

#### 5.5.9 VUA-pylib

Module VUA-pylib is needed for the opinion-miner. Install it in the Python library

```
 \begin{array}{l} \langle \ install \ VUA\text{-}pylib \ 40a \rangle \equiv \\ \text{cd } \$envdir/python \\ \text{git clone } \texttt{https://github.com/cltl/VUA\_pylib.git} \\ & \diamond \end{array}
```

Fragment referenced in 22a.

### 5.5.10 SVMLight

SVMlight supplies a Support Vector Machine. It is used by the opinion-miner. SVMlight can be obtained from the site where it is documented.

#### 5.5.11 CRFsuite

Uses: all 72c.

CRFsuite is an implementation of Conditional Random Fields (CRF). Module opinion-miner-deluxe needs it. It can be installed from it's sources, but I did not manage to this. Therefore, currently we use a pre-compiled ball.

```
⟨install CRFsuite 41a⟩ ≡
    tempdir='mktemp -d -t crfsuite.XXXXXX'
    cd $tempdir
    tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/crfsuite-0.12-x86_64.tar.gz
    cd crfsuite-0.12
    cp -r bin/crfsuite $envbindir/
    mkdir -p $envdir/include/
    cp -r include/* $envdir/include/
    mkdir -p $envdir/lib/
    cp -r lib/* $envdir/lib/
    cd /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp
    rm -rf $tempdir
```

Fragment referenced in 22a.

#### 5.6 Install modules

#### 5.6.1 Install tokenizer

Fragment referenced in 23a.

Module The tokenizer is just a jar that has to be run in Java. Although the jar is directly available from http://ixa2.si.ehu.es/ixa-pipes/download.html, we prefer to compile the package in order to make this thing ready for reproducible set-ups.

To install the tokenizer, we proceed as follows:

- 1. Clone the source from github into a temporary directory.
- 2. Compile to produce the jar file with the tokenizer.
- 3. move the jar file into the jar directory.
- 4. remove the tempdir with the sourcecode.

```
\langle install the tokenizer 41b \rangle \equiv tempdir='mktemp -d -t tok.XXXXXX'
    cd $tempdir
    git clone https://github.com/ixa-ehu/ixa-pipe-tok.git
    cd ixa-pipe-tok
    git checkout 56f83ce4b61680346f15e5d4e6de6293764f7383
    mvn clean package
    mv target/ixa-pipe-tok-1.8.0.jar $jarsdir
    cd $piperoot
    rm -rf $tempdir
    \langle
```

Script The script runs the tokenizerscript.

#### 5.6.2 Topic analyser

Install the topic tool ixa-pipe-topic that is based on JEX.

Installation goes as follows:

- 1. Clone from Github.
- 2. Download JEX resources and JEX jar libraries and put them at proper places.
- 3. Download and run a utility, install-to-project-repo.py, that puts the JEX libraries in a place where Maven can find them.
- 4. run maven

```
⟨ install the topic analyser 42a⟩ ≡
    cd $modulesdir
    git clone https://github.com/ialdabe/ixa-pipe-topic.git
    cd ixa-pipe-topic
    git checkout 40be8debb88093b426ae3520d60df60161968e27
    tempdir='mktemp -d -t topinambour.XXXXXX'
    moddir=$modulesdir/ixa-pipe-topic
    ⟨ install the jex resources and libraries 42g⟩
    ⟨ compile the topic-tool jar 43a⟩
    cd $modulesdir
    rm -rf $tempdir
```

Fragment referenced in 23a.

 $\langle download \ stuff \ 42b \rangle \equiv$ 

The two zip-balls en-eurovoc-1.0.zip and nl-eurovoc-1.0.zip contain resources in a subdirectory resources and jar libs in a subdirectory jar. The jars in the two zip-balls are identical, so the jars from one of the balls can be copied to the lib subdirectory of the module where the compilation-tool expects them. The resources directories are placed in subdirectories en resp. nl of the jex subdirectory of the module directory.

```
\(\langle need to wget (42c en-eurovoc-1.0.zip,42d http://optima.jrc.it/Resources/Eurovoc/indexing/en-eurovoc-1.0.
       \(\langle need to wget \) (42e nl-eurovoc-1.0.zip,42f http://optima.jrc.it/Resources/Eurovoc/indexing/nl-eurovoc-1.0.
Fragment defined by 10c, 11b, 14a, 19a, 34a, 40b, 42b, 58a, 60e.
Fragment referenced in 9a.
\langle install \ the \ jex \ resources \ and \ libraries \ 42g \rangle \equiv
       moddir=$modulesdir/ixa-pipe-topic
       cd $moddir
       mkdir -p jex/en
       mkdir -p jex/nl
       mkdir -p lib
       cd $tempdir
       unzip -q $snapshotsocket/$snapshotdirectory/en-eurovoc-1.0.zip
       unzip -q $snapshotsocket/$snapshotdirectory/nl-eurovoc-1.0.zip
       cp -r en-eurovoc-1.0/resources $moddir/jex/en/
       cp -r nl-eurovoc-1.0/resources $moddir/jex/nl/
       cp -r nl-eurovoc-1.0/lib/*.jar $moddir/lib/
Fragment referenced in 42a.
```

To make the jar's in the lib directory accessible for Maven, we use the install-to-project-repo utility. So, unpack and run this utility and finally, run Maven:

Script: The topic module uses a temporary directory to store intermediate results. To tell the Java program where the temp storage is, a config file has to generated on the fly.

```
"../bin/topic" 43b\equiv
       ⟨ start of module-script (43c ixa-pipe-topic ) 28b⟩
      tempdir='mktemp -d -t jex.XXXXXX'
      mkdir $tempdir/documents
      mkdir $tempdir/results
      cat $MODDIR/default.prop \
           | sed 's|jex/resources|'${MODDIR}'/jex/LANG/resources|g' \
           | sed 's|jex/result|'${tempdir}'/jex/result|g' \
           | sed 's|LANG|'${naflang}'|g' \
           >$tempdir/conf.prop
      java -Xmx1000m -jar $MODDIR/target/ixa-pipe-topic-1.0.3.jar -p $tempdir/conf.prop
      rm -rf $tempdir
5.6.3 Morphosyntactic parser
Module
\langle install \ the \ morphosyntactic \ parser \ 43d \rangle \equiv
      MODNAM=morphsynparser
      DIRN=morphosyntactic_parser_nl
      GITU=https://github.com/cltl/morphosyntactic_parser_nl.git
      GITC=d5f002605d7c06545f24c84386342b79e5cb9c86
       ⟨ install from github 9b⟩
      cd $modulesdir/morphosyntactic_parser_nl
      git checkout d5f002605d7c06545f24c84386342b79e5cb9c86
```

Script The morpho-syntactic module parses the sentences with Alpino. Alpino takes a lot of time to handle long sentences. Therefore the morpho-syntactic module has an option -t to set a time-out (in minutes) for sentence parsing.

```
"../bin/mor" 43e \equiv \langle start\ of\ module\text{-}script\ (43f\ morphosyntactic\_parser\_nl\ )\ 28b\,\rangle \ \langle\ get\ the\ mor\ time\text{-}out\ parameter\ 44a\,\rangle \ \langle\ set\ alpinohome\ 30c\,\rangle \ \text{cat}\ |\ python\ $MODDIR/core/morph\_syn\_parser.py\ $timeoutarg
```

Fragment referenced in 23a.

```
Use getopts to read the \negt option.

\langle get \ the \ mor \ time-out \ parameter \ 44a \rangle \equiv
```

```
OPTIND=1
stimeout=
timeoutarg=
while getopts "t:" opt; do
    case "$opt" in
    t) stimeout=$OPTARG
    ;;
    esac
done
shift $((OPTIND-1))
if
    [ $stimeout ]
then
    timeoutarg="-t $stimeout"
```

Fragment referenced in 43e.

### 5.6.4 Pos tagger

fi

In the Dutch pipeline the morpho-syntactic parser fulfills the role of Pos tagger. In the English pipeline we use the pos-tagger from EHU.

### Module

Fragment referenced in 23a.

### Script

# 5.6.5 Constituent parser

Module

```
\langle install \ the \ constituents \ parser \ 45a \rangle \equiv
       cd $modulesdir
       tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/20151220_EHU-parse.v30.tgz
       cd $modulesdir/conspardir
       chmod 775 *.jar
       chmod 775 *.bin
Fragment referenced in 23j.
Script
"../bin/constpars" 45b\equiv
        ⟨ start of module-script (45c EHU-parse.v30 ) 28b⟩
       java -Xmx1000m -jar ${MODDIR}/ixa-pipe-parse-1.1.1.jar parse -g sem -
       m ${MODDIR}/en-parser-chunking.bin
5.6.6 NED-reranker
Module
\langle install \ the \ NED-reranker \ module \ 45d \rangle \equiv
       cd $modulesdir
       tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/20151220_VUA-popen-nedreranker.v30.tgz
Fragment referenced in 23j.
Script
"../bin/nedrer" 45e\equiv
        \langle start\ of\ module\text{-}script\ (45f\ VUA\text{--}popen\text{--}nedreranker.v30}\ )\ 28b\ \rangle
       cd $MODDIR
       python $MODDIR/domain_model.py
       \Diamond
5.6.7 Wikify module
Module
\langle install \ the \ wikify \ module \ 45g \rangle \equiv
       cd $modulesdir
       tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/20151220_EHU-wikify.v30.tgz
Fragment referenced in 23j.
```

Script The Wikify module needs DBpedia to generate "markables".

```
"../bin/wikify" 46a\(\sigma\) \(\lambda\) tart of module-script (46b EHU-wikify.v30 ) 28b\(\rangle\) \(\lambda\) find a spotlightserver or exit 37a\(\rangle\) cd \(\frac{MODDIR}{\text{java -Xmx1000m -jar }{MODDIR}/\text{ixa-pipe-wikify-1.2.1.jar -s http://\spotlighthost -p \spotlightport
```

#### 5.6.8 UKB

UKB needs boost libraries and Perl version 5. For now, we consider them installed.

#### Module

```
\langle install \ the \ UKB \ module \ 46c \rangle \equiv \Diamond Fragment never referenced.
```

Script Put the path to the boost libraries in the LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH variable and then run UKB.

Note that we cannot call perl impicitly with the hashbang.

```
"../bin/ukb" 46d\(\text{ 46d}\) \( \lambda \text{ start of module-script} \) (46e EHU-ukb.v30 ) 28b \( \text{ cd $MODDIR} \)
\( \text{ export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:$envdir/boost_1_54_0/stage/lib } \)
\( \text{ perl $${MODDIR}/naf_ukb/naf_ukb.pl -x $${MODDIR}/ukb/bin/ukb_wsd -K $${MODDIR}/wn30-ili_lkb/wn30g.bin64 -D $${MODDIR}/wn30-ili_lkb/wn30.lex - -- --dict_weight -- dgraph_dfs --dgraph_rank ppr \( \text{ } \)
```

### 5.6.9 IMS-WSD

Module The package itself supplies an installation script that seems usable. However, today I am in a hurry and just install the module as it comes from the EHU repository.

Although the Hadoop implementation runs this module with Java 1.7, I could only run ims+wsd Java 1.6. Using Java 1.7 causes run-time errors "Platform not recognised" and the resulting NAF's do not contain WordNet references. So, we had to install Java 1.6.

The scripts contain explicit paths that must be corrected:

```
ims/testPlain: Explicit path to Java binary.
path_to_ims.py: Set variable PATH_TO_IMS.
```

```
\langle install \ the \ ims-wsd \ module \ 47a \rangle \equiv
       cd $modulesdir
       tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/20151220_VUA-ims-wsd.v30.tgz
       cd VUA-ims-wsd.v30
       thisDir='pwd'
       echo PATH_TO_IMS = "'"$thisDir/ims"'" > path_to_ims.py
       cp testPlain.bash old.testPlain.bash
       sedcommand='s|/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.6.0-openjdk-1.6.0.0.x86_64/jre/bin/java|java|g'
       cat old.testPlain.bash | sed $sedcommand >testPlain.bash
Fragment referenced in 24a.
Script
"../bin/ewsd" 47b\equiv
       \langle start\ of\ module\text{-}script\ (47c\ VUA\text{-}ims\text{-}wsd.v30\ )\ 28b \rangle
       ⟨ set up Java 1.6 15a ⟩
       #Setting the output to be ili-wn30 synsets instead of sensekeys
       $MODDIR/call_ims.py -ili30
```

#### 5.6.10 SRL server

The EHU SRL-module, that we use for Enghlish documents, has been set up as a server/client system. Hence, we have to start the server before we can process something.

We don't know in advance whether we run the pipeline for a single text or from a whole bunch of text and hence we do not know whether it is advisable that the server keeps running, occupying precious memory. Therefore, currently we just start and stop the server every time that we use it.

### Module

```
⟨ install the srl-server module 47d ⟩ ≡
    cd $modulesdir
    tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/20151220_EHU-srl-server.tgz
    cd EHU-srl-server
    mkdir -p /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/etc/pid
    ◊
```

Fragment referenced in 24a.

Scripts Generate three scripts: start\_eSRL, stop\_esrl and eSRL, resp. to start the SRL server, to stop it and to process a NAF file.

```
"../bin/start_eSRL" 47e \equiv \langle start\ of\ module\text{-}script\ (47f\ EHU\text{-}srl\text{-}server\ )\ 28b\,\rangle \ \langle start\ EHU\ SRL\ server\ if\ it\ isn't\ running\ 48e\,\rangle
```

```
"../bin/stop_eSRL" 48a\equiv
       ⟨ start of module-script (48b EHU-srl-server ) 28b⟩
       ⟨ stop EHU SRL server 48f⟩
"../bin/eSRL" 48c≡
       \langle start\ of\ module\text{-}script\ (48d\ \text{EHU-srl-server}\ )\ 28b\ \rangle
       /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/bin/start_eSRL
       java -Xmx1000m -cp $MODDIR/IXA-EHU-srl-3.0.jar ixa.srl.SRLClient en
       \Diamond
\langle start\ EHU\ SRL\ server\ if\ it\ isn't\ running\ 48e \rangle \equiv
       pidFile=/home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/etc/pid/SRLServer.pid
       portInfo=$(nmap -p 5005 localhost | grep open)
       if [ -z "$portInfo" ]; then
         >&2 echo "Starting srl-server as it is not runnning"
         java -Xms2500m -cp $MODDIR/IXA-EHU-srl-
       3.0.jar ixa.srl.SRLServer en &> /dev/null &
         pid=$!
         echo $pid > $pidFile
         sleep 60
         >&2 echo "Server running: ${pid}"
        >&2 echo "Server already running.."
       fi
Fragment referenced in 47e.
\langle stop \ EHU \ SRL \ server \ 48f \rangle \equiv
       pidFile=/home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/etc/pid/SRLServer.pid
       if
        [ -e "$pidFile" ]
       then
        kill 'echo $pidFile'
        rm $pidFile
       fi
Fragment referenced in 48a.
5.6.11 SRL Dutch nominals
Module
\langle install \ the \ srl-dutch-nominals \ module \ 48g \rangle \equiv
       MODNAM=srl-dutch-nominals
       DIRN=vua-srl-dutch-nominal-events
       GITU=https://github.com/newsreader/vua-srl-dutch-nominal-events
       GITC=6115b3168978acf809916cd2da512295d109d8fb
       ⟨ install from github 9b ⟩
       cd $modulesdir/vua-srl-dutch-nominal-events
Fragment referenced in 24a.
```

### Script

```
"../bin/srl-dutch-nominals" 49a\(\text{aga}\) \( \text{start of module-script} \) (49b vua-srl-dutch-nominal-events \) 28b\) \( \text{cd $MODDIR} \) \( \text{cat } \propto \) python $MODDIR/vua-srl-dutch-additional-roles.py \( \text{oga} \) \( \text{5.6.12 FBK-time module} \) \( \text{Module} \) \( \text{install the } FBK-time module \) 49c\) \( \text{cd $modulesdir} \) \( \text{cd $modulesdir} \) \( \text{tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/20151220_FBK-time.v30.tgz } \) \( \text{Fragment referenced in 24j.} \)
```

Script The script is rather complicated. I just copied it from the orignal makers, with one exception: Originally at the end of the script there was a pipe consisting of two Java programs. However, that didn't seem to work in one of the computers that we use, therefore we have split the pipe using mytemp as temporary storage.

```
"../bin/FBK-time" 50a \equiv
      ⟨ start of module-script (50b FBK-time.v30 ) 28b⟩
      BEGINTIME='date '+%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S%z''
      YAMCHA=$MODDIR/tools
      timdir='mktemp -d -t time.XXXXXX'
      FILETXP=$timdir/TimePro.txp
      CHUNKIN=$timdir/TimePro.naf
      FILEOUT=$timdir/TimeProOUT.txp
      TIMEPRONORMIN=$timdir/TimeProNormIN.txp
      JAVAMAXHEAP=2g
      mytemp=$timdir/mytemp
      result=0
      cd $MODDIR
      cat > $CHUNKIN
      JAVACLASSPATH="lib/jdom-2.0.5.jar:lib/kaflib-naf-1.1.9.jar:lib/NAFtoTXP_v11.jar"
      JAVAMODULE=eu.fbk.newsreader.naf.NAFtoTXP_v11
      cat $CHUNKIN | \
       java -Xmx$JAVAMAXHEAP -cp $JAVACLASSPATH $JAVAMODULE $FILETXP chunk+entity timex
      \( stop on error (50c Java: $JAVACLASSPATH:$JAVAMODULE ) 51a \)
      #echo "Saving... $FILETXP"
      tail -n +4 $FILETXP | awk -f resources/english-rules > $FILEOUT
      head -n +4 $FILETXP > $TIMEPRONORMIN
      cat $FILEOUT | \
        $YAMCHA/yamcha-0.33/usr/local/bin/yamcha \
          -m models/tempeval3_silver-data.model \
        >> $TIMEPRONORMIN
      ⟨ stop on error (50d yamcha ) 51a ⟩
      JAVACLASSPATH="lib/scala-library.jar:lib/timenorm-0.9.1-SNAPSHOT.jar"
      JAVACLASSPATH=$JAVACLASSPATH:"lib/threetenbp-0.8.1.jar:lib/TimeProNorm_v2.5.jar"
      JAVAMODULE=eu.fbk.timePro.TimeProNormApply
      cat $TIMEPRONORMIN | \
        java -Xmx$JAVAMAXHEAP -cp $JAVACLASSPATH $JAVAMODULE $FILETXP
      ⟨ stop on error (50e Java: $JAVACLASSPATH:$JAVAMODULE ) 51a⟩
      rm $FILEOUT
      rm $TIMEPRONORMIN
      JAVACLASSPATH="lib/jdom-2.0.5.jar:lib/kaflib-naf-1.1.9.jar:lib/NAFtoTXP_v11.jar"
      JAVAMODULE=eu.fbk.newsreader.naf.NAFtoTXP_v11
      cat $CHUNKIN | java -Xmx$JAVAMAXHEAP -
      cp $JAVACLASSPATH $JAVAMODULE $FILEOUT chunk+morpho+timex+event eval
      \( stop on error (50f Java: $JAVACLASSPATH:$JAVAMODULE ) 51a \)
      JAVACP1="lib/TXPtoNAF_v5.jar:lib/jdom-2.0.5.jar:lib/kaflib-naf-1.1.9.jar"
      JAVAMOD1=eu.fbk.newsreader.naf.TXPtoNAF_v4
      JAVACP2="lib/kaflib-naf-1.1.9.jar:lib/jdom-2.0.5.jar:lib/TimeProEmptyTimex_v2.jar"
      JAVAMOD2=eu.fbk.timepro.TimeProEmptyTimex
      java -Xmx$JAVAMAXHEAP -Dfile.encoding=UTF8 -
      cp $JAVACP1 $JAVAMOD1 $CHUNKIN $FILETXP "$BEGINTIME" TIMEX3 > $mytemp
      cat $mytemp | java -Xmx$JAVAMAXHEAP -Dfile.encoding=UTF8 -
      cp $JAVACP2 $JAVAMOD2 $FILEOUT
      ⟨ stop on error (50g Java: $JAVACLASSPATH:$JAVAMODULE ) 51a⟩
      rm $FILETXP
      rm $CHUNKIN
      rm -rf $timdir
```

When one of the programs in the script fail, stop processing. Pass the error-code and write a message to locate the failing program. Remove the temporary directory. However, there is a problem. One of the java programs always results with result-code 1.

```
\langle stop \ on \ error \ 51a \rangle \equiv
       result=$?
          [ $result -ne 0 ]
        then
          cd $MODDIR
          echo Error: @1 >&2
          rm -rf $timdir
          exit $result
       fi
Fragment referenced in 50a.
5.6.13 FBK-temprel module
Module
\langle install \ the \ FBK-temprel \ module \ 51b \rangle \equiv
       cd $modulesdir
       tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/20151220_FBK-temprel.v30.tgz
        ⟨ repair FBK-*rel's run.sh.hadoop (51c FBK-temprel.v30 ) 51d⟩
Fragment referenced in 24j.
```

Script run.sh.hadoop seems to be obsolete in the original tarball:

- 1. The class-path argument in one of the Java statement refers to an obsolete jar (kaflib-naf-1.1.8 instead of kaflib-naf-1.1.9)
- 2. Another class-path argument refers to PredicateTimeAnchor\_tlink.jar instead of PredicateTimeAnchor.ja
- 3. A "sh" statement is used. The problem is, that in Ubuntu /bin/sh points to bin/dash and the script (temprel-pipeline-per-file-NWR.sh) does not seem to be compatible with

Therefore, we need to repair the script. We will need to repair the script in the FBK-causalrel module in a similar way, and therefore provide the module-directory as argument.

```
⟨ repair FBK-*rel's run.sh.hadoop 51d ⟩ ≡
    cd $modulesdir/@1
    mv run.sh.hadoop old.run.sh.hadoop
    cat old.run.sh.hadoop | \
        sed s/kaflib-naf-1.1.8/kaflib-naf-1.1.9/g | \
        sed s/TimeAnchor_tlink.jar/TimeAnchor.jar/g | \
        sed "s/sh temprel/bash temprel/g" | \
        sed "s/java /java -Xmx2g /g" \
        >run.sh.hadoop
    chmod 775 run.sh.hadoop
```

Script The original run script seems to not only read the input naf from standard in, but also to obtain the input naf as a file that an argument points to. This constructions makes the pipeline complicated, therefore, we generate the naf file within the script.

The original script generates temporary files in the temp directory of the host-computer, and prefixes the names of the temporary files with a random number to prevent confusion between tempfiles of different instances of this module. We generate a temp-directory per instance.

```
"../bin/FBK-temprel" 52a\subseteq (start of module-script (52b FBK-temprel.v30 ) 28b)
cd $MODDIR
scratchDir='mktemp -d -t temprel.XXXXXX'
cat >$scratchDir/in.naf
./run.sh.hadoop $MODDIR $scratchDir $scratchDir/in.naf
rm -rf $scratchDir

$

5.6.14 FBK-causalrel module

Module

(install the FBK-causalrel module 52c) \subseteq
cd $modulesdir
tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/20151220_FBK-causalrel.v30.tgz
(repair FBK-*rel's run.sh.hadoop (52d FBK-causalrel.v30 ) 51d)
```

Like in FBK-temprel, script run.sh.hadoop seems not to work out of the box:

- 1. The class-path argument in one of the Java statement refers to an obsolete jar (kaflib-naf-1.1.8 instead of kaflib-naf-1.1.9)
- 2. A "sh" statement is used. The problem is, that in Ubuntu /bin/sh points to bin/dash and the script (temprel-pipeline-per-file-NWR.sh) does not seem to be compatible with dash.

Therefore, we need to repair that script like we did in FBK-temprel.

```
⟨ repair causalrel's run.sh.hadoop 52e⟩ ≡
    cd $modulesdir/FBK-causalrel.v30
    mv run.sh.hadoop old.run.sh.hadoop
    cat old.run.sh.hadoop | \
        sed s/kaflib-naf-1.1.8/kaflib-naf-1.1.9/g | \
        sed s/TimeAnchor_tlink.jar/TimeAnchor.jar/g | \
        sed s/sh temprel/bash temprel/g | \
        >run.sh.hadoop
    chmod 775 run.sh.hadoop
```

Fragment never referenced.

Fragment referenced in 24j.

```
"../bin/FBK-causalrel" 53a=
       \langle start \ of \ module - script \ (53b \ FBK-causalrel.v30) \ 28b \rangle
       cd $MODDIR
       scratchDir='mktemp -d -t causalrel.XXXXXX'
       cat >$scratchDir/in.naf
       ./run.sh.hadoop $MODDIR $scratchDir $scratchDir/in.naf
       rm -rf $scratchDir
5.6.15 Factuality module
Module
\langle install \ the \ factuality \ module \ 53c \rangle \equiv
       cd $modulesdir
       tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/20151220_VUA-factuality.v30.tgz
Fragment referenced in 24j.
Script
"../bin/factuality" 53d\equiv
       \langle start \ of \ module\text{-}script \ (53e \ VUA\text{-}factuality.v30 \ ) \ 28b \rangle
       #local settings to prevent perl from complaining
       export LANGUAGE=en_US.UTF-8
       export LANG=en_US.UTF-8
       export LC_ALL=en_US.UTF-8
       rootDir=${MODDIR}
       tmpDir=$(mktemp -d -t factuality.XXXXXX)
       export PATH=$PATH:${rootDir}:.
       port LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:${rootDir}/../opt/lib/:${rootDir}/../opt/boost_1_54_0/stage/lib
       export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:/home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/lib/
       #mkdir -p ${scratchDir}/test
       python ${rootDir}/vua_factuality_naf_wrapper.py -
       t /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/timbl -p ${rootDir} ${tmpDir}/
```

## 5.6.16 Nominal coreference-base

The source of this module in Github (https://github.com/opener-project/coreference-base.git) does not seem to work well with NAF. Therefore, we use the version from the official English pipeline, that we find in the snapshot.

Module

```
 \begin{array}{l} \langle \, install \,\, coreference\mbox{-}base \,\, 54a \, \rangle \equiv \\  \qquad \qquad \mbox{cd $modulesdir} \\  \qquad \qquad \mbox{tar -xzf /home/huygen/projecten/t_nlpp_resources/20151220_EHU-corefgraph.v30.tgz} \\ \qquad \qquad \mbox{$\diamond$} \\ \hline \mbox{Fragment referenced in $25a$.} \\ \\ Script \end{array}
```

```
"../bin/coreference-base" 54b\equiv \langle start\ of\ module\text{-}script\ (54c\ EHU\text{-}corefgraph.v30\ )\ 28b \rangle cd $MODDIR/corefgraph cat | python -m corefgraph.process.file --reader NAF --writer NAF
```

### 5.6.17 Named entity recognition (NERC)

Module The Nerc program can be installed from Github (https://github.com/ixa-ehu/ixa-pipe-nerc). However, the model that is needed is not publicly available. Therefore, models have been put in the snapshot-tarball.

```
\langle install \ the \ NERC \ module \ 54d \rangle \equiv \\ \langle \ compile \ the \ nerc \ jar \ 54e \rangle \\ \langle \ get \ the \ nerc \ models \ 55b \rangle
```

Fragment referenced in 23j.

Fragment referenced in 54d.

The nerc module is a Java program that is contained in a jar. Put the source from Github in a temporary directory, compile the jar with java and move the jar to the jars directory.

```
⟨ compile the nerc jar 54e⟩ ≡
    TEMPDIR='mktemp -d -t nerc.XXXXXX'
    cd $TEMPDIR
    git clone https://github.com/ixa-ehu/ixa-pipe-nerc
    cd ixa-pipe-nerc/
    git checkout ca02c931bc0b200ccdb8b5795a7552e4cc0d4802
    mvn clean package
    mv target/ixa-pipe-nerc-1.5.4.jar $jarsdir/
    cd $nuwebdir
    rm -rf $TEMPDIR
    ⋄
```

The current version of the pipeline uses the following models, that have been made available by Rodrigo Agerri on december 15, 2015.

The tarball dutch-nerc-models.tar.gz contains the models nl-clusters-conl102.bin and nl-clusters-sonar.bin Both models have been placed in subdirectory /m4\_nerc\_nl\_dir/nerc\_models/nl of the snapshot.

The model for English can be found in the newsreader-repository.

Choose a model dependent of the language.

```
\langle select\ language-dependent\ features\ 55a \rangle \equiv
          [ "$naflang" == "nl" ]
       then
         export nercmodel=nl/nl-clusters-conll02.bin
       else
         export nercmodel=en/en-newsreader-clusters-3-class-muc7-conll03-ontonotes-4.0.bin
       fi
Fragment never referenced.
```

Uses: naflang 68a.

The tarball 20160301\_nerc\_models.tgz contains in subdirectories nl and en a dutch resp. an english nerc-model. They have been randomly selected from a number of models that are available in http://ixa2.si.ehu.es/ixa-pipes/models/nerc-models-1.5.4.tgz.

```
\langle get the nerc models 55b \rangle \equiv
       cd $modulesdir
       tar -p -xzf /home/huygen/projecten/t_nlpp_resources/20160301_nerc_models.tgz
```

Fragment referenced in 54d.

Script Make a script that uses the conll02 model and a script that uses the Sonar model

```
"../bin/nerc_conll02" 55c\equiv
       \langle start \ of \ module - script \ (55d \ m4\_nerc\_nl\_dir \ ) \ 28b \rangle
       JAR=$jarsdir/ixa-pipe-nerc-1.5.4.jar
       MODEL=nl-clusters-conll02.bin
       cat | java -Xmx1000m -jar $JAR tag -m $MODDIR/nl/$MODEL
"../bin/nerc" 55e=
       \langle start \ of \ module\text{-}script \ (55f \ nerc\text{-}models \ ) \ 28b \rangle
       JAR=$jarsdir/ixa-pipe-nerc-1.5.4.jar
       if
         [ "$naflang" == "nl" ]
       then
         nercmodel=$modulesdir/nerc_models/nl/nl-6-class-clusters-sonar.bin
       else
         nercmodel=$modulesdir/nerc_models/en/en-best-clusters-conll03.bin
       fi
       java -Xmx1500m -jar $JAR tag -m $nercmodel
```

### 5.6.18 Wordsense-disambiguation

Install WSD from its Github source (https://github.com/cltl/svm\_wsd.git). According to the readme of that module, the next thing to do is, to execute install-script install.sh or install\_naf.sh. The latter script installs a "Support-Vector-Machine" (SVM) module, "Dutch-SemCor" (DSC) models and KafNafParserPy.

```
Module
\langle install \ the \ WSD \ module \ 56a \rangle \equiv
       MODNAM=wsd
       DIRN=svm_wsd
       GITU=https://github.com/cltl/svm_wsd.git
       GITC=030043903b42f77cd20a9b2443de137e2efe8513
       ⟨ install from github 9b⟩
       cd $modulesdir/svm_wsd
       ⟨ install svm lib 56b ⟩
       ⟨ download svm models 56c ⟩
Fragment referenced in 25a.
This part has been copied from install_naf.sh in the WSD module.
\langle install \ svm \ lib \ 56b \rangle \equiv
       mkdir lib
       cd lib
       wget --no-check-
       certificate https://github.com/cjlin1/libsvm/archive/master.zip 2>/dev/null
       zip_name='ls -1 | head -1'
       unzip $zip_name > /dev/null
       rm $zip_name
       folder_name='ls -1 | head -1'
       mv $folder_name libsvm
       cd libsvm/python
       make > /dev/null 2> /dev/null
       echo LIBSVM installed correctly lib/libsvm
Fragment referenced in 56a.
This part has also been copied from install_naf.sh in the WSD module.
\langle download \ svm \ models \ 56c \rangle \equiv
       cd $modulesdir/svm_wsd
       #tar -xzf $pipesocket/m4_wsd_snapball
       wget --user=cltl --
       password='.cltl.' kyoto.let.vu.nl/~izquierdo/models_wsd_svm_dsc.tgz 2> /dev/null
       echo 'Unzipping models...'
       tar xzf models_wsd_svm_dsc.tgz
       rm models_wsd_svm_dsc.tgz
       echo 'Models installed in folder models'
Fragment referenced in 56a.
Script
"../bin/wsd" 56d \equiv
       \langle start \ of \ module - script \ (56e \ svm_wsd \ ) \ 28b \rangle
       WSDSCRIPT=dsc_wsd_tagger.py
       cat | python $MODDIR/$WSDSCRIPT --naf -ref odwnSY
```

#### 5.6.19 Lexical-unit converter

 $\langle install \ the \ lu2synset \ converter \ 57a \rangle \equiv$ 

Module There is not an official repository for this module yet, so copy the module from the tarball.

#### 5.6.20 NED

The NED module is rather picky about the structure of the NAF file. In any case, it does not accept a file that has been produced by the ontotagger. Hence, in a pipeline NED should be executed before the ontotagger.

The NED module wants to consult the Dbpedia Spotlight server, so that one has to be installed somewhere. For this moment, let us suppose that it has been installed on localhost.

### Module

```
⟨install the NED module 57d⟩ ≡
    ⟨put spotlight jar in the Maven repository 58d⟩
    MODNAM=ned
    DIRN=ixa-pipe-ned
    GITU=https://github.com/ixa-ehu/ixa-pipe-ned.git
    GITC=d35d4df5cb71940bf642bb1a83e2b5b7584010df
    ⟨install from github 9b⟩
    cd $modulesdir/ixa-pipe-ned
    mvn -Dmaven.compiler.target=1.7 -Dmaven.compiler.source=1.7 clean package
    mv target/ixa-pipe-ned-1.1.1.jar $jarsdir/
    ◇
Fragment referenced in 23j.
```

NED needs to have dbpedia-spotlight-0.7.jar in the local Maven repository. That is a different jar than the jar that we use to start Spotlight. The Dutch data in nl.tar.gz seems to be needed as well. We already downloaded that resource for Spotlight itself, so we do not download that again.

```
\langle download stuff 58a \rangle \equiv
       (need to wget (58b dbpedia-spotlight-0.7.jar,58c http://spotlight.sztaki.hu/downloads/archive/2014/dbpedi
Fragment defined by 10c, 11b, 14a, 19a, 34a, 40b, 42b, 58a, 60e.
Fragment referenced in 9a.
\langle put \ spotlight \ jar \ in \ the \ Maven \ repository \ 58d \rangle \equiv
       echo Put Spotlight jar in the Maven repository.
       tempdir='mktemp -d -t simplespot.XXXXXX'
       cd $tempdir
       cp $snapshotsocket/$snapshotdirectory/dbpedia-spotlight-0.7.jar .
       tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/$snapshotdirectory/nl.tar.gz
       MVN_SPOTLIGHT_OPTIONS="-Dfile=dbpedia-spotlight-0.7.jar"
       MVN_SPOTLIGHT_OPTIONS="$MVN_SPOTLIGHT_OPTIONS -DgroupId=ixa"
       MVN_SPOTLIGHT_OPTIONS="$MVN_SPOTLIGHT_OPTIONS -DartifactId=dbpedia-spotlight"
       MVN_SPOTLIGHT_OPTIONS="$MVN_SPOTLIGHT_OPTIONS -Dversion=0.7"
       MVN_SPOTLIGHT_OPTIONS="$MVN_SPOTLIGHT_OPTIONS -Dpackaging=jar"
       MVN_SPOTLIGHT_OPTIONS="$MVN_SPOTLIGHT_OPTIONS -DgeneratePom=true"
       mvn install:install-file $MVN_SPOTLIGHT_OPTIONS
       cd $PROJROOT
       rm -rf $tempdir
Fragment referenced in 57d.
Uses: install 83d.
Script NED needs to contact a Spotlight-server.
"../bin/ned" 58e≡
       ⟨ start of module-script (58f ) 28b⟩
       ROOT=$piperoot
       JARDIR=$jarsdir
       ⟨ find a spotlightserver or exit 37a⟩
       cat | java -Xmx1000m -jar $jarsdir/ixa-pipe-ned-1.1.1.jar -
       H http://$spotlighthost -p $spotlightport -e candidates -
       i $envdir/spotlight/wikipedia-db -n nlEn
       \Diamond
```

#### 5.6.21 Ontotagger, Framenet-SRL and nominal events

The three modules ontotagger (aka "predicatematrix"), Framenet-SRL and nominal event detection are based on the same software packages and resources. The three modules need the same jar ontotagger-1.0-jar-with-dependencies.jar, they need resources from the cltl/vua\_resources Github repository and they are going to execute a script that resides in the scripts directory of the cltl/OntoTagger repository. So, what we have to do is:

- 1. Install from the cltl/OntoTagger repository.
- 2. Create the jar and put it in an appropriate place.
- 3. install from the cltl\vua-resources repository.
- 4. generate a script fot each of the modules.

In fact, items 2 and 3 are performed by script install.sh from the OntoTagger repository.

```
Modules
\langle install \ the \ ontotagger \ repository \ 59a \rangle \equiv
        cd $modulesdir
        git clone https://github.com/cltl/OntoTagger.git
        cd OntoTagger
        git checkout 9ea03d73eef1c9f4c85a0f05bc8137149e51335c
        chmod 775 ./install.sh
        ./install.sh
        cd $piperoot
Fragment referenced in 25a.
Uses: install 83d.
Scripts The "onto" (predicatematrix) script:
"../bin/onto" 59b\equiv
        \langle start \ of \ module\text{-}script \ (59c \ \texttt{OntoTagger} \ ) \ 28b \rangle
        cd $MODDIR/scripts
        cat | $MODDIR/scripts/predicate-matrix-tagger.sh
        \Diamond
```

The "Framenet SRL" script:

The script contains a hack, because the framesrl script produces spurious lines containining "frameMap.size()=...". A GAWK script removes these lines.

```
"../bin/framesr1" 59d\(\text{ \int of module-script}\) (59e OntoTagger ) 28b\)
cd $MODDIR/scripts
cat | $MODDIR/scripts/srl-framenet-
tagger.sh | gawk '/^frameMap.size()/ {next}; {print}'
\(\phi\)

The "nomevent" script:

"../bin/nomevent" 59f\(\text{ \int start of module-script}\) (59g OntoTagger ) 28b\)
cd $MODDIR/scripts
cat | $MODDIR/scripts/nominal-events.sh
\(\phi\)
```

## 5.6.22 Heideltime

Module The code for Heideltime can be found in Github. However, we use a compiled Heideltime Jar, compiled by Antske Fokkens, because some bugs have been repaired in that version.

Use Heideltime via a wrapper, ixa-pipe-time, obtained from Github.

Heideltime uses treetagger. It expects to find the location of treetagger in a variable TreetaggerHome in config-file config.props.

Uses: install 83d.

```
\langle install \ the \ heideltime \ module \ 60a \rangle \equiv
       moduledir=/home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/modules/ixa-pipe-time
        ⟨ clone the heideltime wrapper 60b ⟩
        \(\rangle\) put Antske's material in the heideltime wrapper 60d \(\rangle\)
        ⟨ compile the heideltime wrapper 60h⟩
Fragment referenced in 25h.
\langle clone the heideltime wrapper 60b \rangle \equiv
       MODNAM=heideltime
       DIRN=ixa-pipe-time
       GITU=https://github.com/ixa-ehu/ixa-pipe-time.git
       {\tt GITC=} da 4604 a 7 b 33975 e 977017440 cbc 10f7d59917ddf
        \langle install \ from \ github \ (60c \ ixa-pipe-time \ ) \ 9b \rangle
       mkdir $moduledir/lib
Fragment referenced in 60a.
In the wrapper we need the following extra material:
        A debugged version of the Heidelberg jar.
       A configuration file config.props, although it does not seem to be actually used.
       Another configuration file: alpino-to-treetagger.csv
The extra material has been provided by Antske Fokkens.
\langle put \ Antske's \ material \ in \ the \ heideltime \ wrapper \ 60d \rangle \equiv
       cd $modulesdir/$DIRN
       tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/20151123_antske_heideltime_stuff.tgz
       mv antske_heideltime_stuff/de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone.jar lib/
       mv antske_heideltime_stuff/config.props .
       mv antske_heideltime_stuff/alpino-to-treetagger.csv .
       rm -rf antske_heideltime_stuff
Fragment referenced in 60a.
Compile the Heideltime wrapper according to the instruction on Github.
\langle download \ stuff \ 60e \rangle \equiv
        (need to wget (60f jvntextpro-2.0.jar,60g http://ixa2.si.ehu.es/%7Ejibalari/jvntextpro-2.0.jar) 11a)
Fragment defined by 10c, 11b, 14a, 19a, 34a, 40b, 42b, 58a, 60e.
Fragment referenced in 9a.
\langle compile the heideltime wrapper 60h \rangle \equiv
       cp $snapshotsocket/$snapshotdirectory/jvntextpro-
       2.0.jar /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/modules/$DIRN/
        \langle \ activate \ the \ install-to-project-repo \ utility \ {\bf 61a} \ \rangle
       cd /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/modules/$DIRN
       mvn clean install
Fragment referenced in 60a.
```

Script install-to-project-repo.py generates a library in subdirectory repo and copies the jars that it finds in the lib subdirectory in this repo in such a way that Maven finds it there. Somewhere in the install-to-project.py...mvn process the jars are copied in your local repository (~/.m2) too. As a result, only a Maven Guru understands precisely where Maven obtains its jar from and the best thing to do is to empty the repo subdirectory and the local repository before (re-) applying install-to-project-repo.py.

```
\langle activate \ the \ install-to-project-repo \ utility \ 61a \rangle \equiv
       ⟨ remove outdated heideltime jars 61b⟩
       cd /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/modules/$DIRN/
       git clone git@github.com:carchrae/install-to-project-repo.git
       mv install-to-project-repo/install-to-project-repo.py .
       rm -rf install-to-project-repo
       python ./install-to-project-repo.py
Fragment referenced in 60h.
Uses: install 83d.
\langle remove \ outdated \ heideltime \ jars \ 61b \rangle \equiv
       rm -rf /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/modules/$DIRN/repo
       mkdir -p /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/modules/$DIRN/repo/local
       \verb|rm -rf $HOME/.m2/repository/local/de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone| \\
       rm -rf $HOME/.m2/repository/local/jvntextpro-2.0
Fragment referenced in 61a.
Script
"../bin/heideltime" 61c\equiv
       ⟨ start of module-script (61d ixa-pipe-time ) 28b⟩
       MODDIR=$modulesdir/ixa-pipe-time
       cd $MODDIR
       iconv -t utf-8//IGNORE | java -Xmx1000m -jar target/ixa.pipe.time.jar -m alpino-to-
       treetagger.csv -c config.props
5.6.23 Semantic Role labelling
Module
\langle install \ the \ srl \ module \ 61e \rangle \equiv
       MODNAM=srl
       DIRN=vua-srl-nl
       GITU=https://github.com/newsreader/vua-srl-nl.git
       GITC=675d22d361289ede23df11dcdb17195f008c54bf
       ⟨ install from github 9b ⟩
Fragment referenced in 25h.
```

### Script First:

- set the correct environment. The module needs python and timble. 1.
- 2. create a tempdir and in that dir a file to store the input and a (SCV) file with the featurevector.

```
"../bin/srl" 62a\equiv
       \langle start \ of \ module - script \ (62b \ vua-srl-nl) \ 28b \rangle
       MODDIR=$modulesdir/vua-srl-nl
       TEMPDIR='mktemp -d -t SRLTMP.XXXXXX'
       cd $MODDIR
       INPUTFILE=$TEMPDIR/inputfile
       FEATUREVECTOR=$TEMPDIR/csvfile
       TIMBLOUTPUTFILE=$TEMPDIR/timblpredictions
File defined by 62acdef.
Create a feature-vector.
"../bin/srl" 62c≡
       cat | tee $INPUTFILE | python nafAlpinoToSRLFeatures.py > $FEATUREVECTOR
File defined by 62acdef.
Run the trained model on the feature-vector.
"../bin/srl" 62d
       timbl -m0:I1,2,3,4 -i 25Feb2015_e-mags_mags_press_newspapers.wgt -
       t $FEATUREVECTOR -o $TIMBLOUTPUTFILE >/dev/null 2>/dev/null
File defined by 62acdef.
```

Insert the SRL values into the NAF file.

```
"../bin/srl" 62e≡
      python timblToAlpinoNAF.py $INPUTFILE $TIMBLOUTPUTFILE
File defined by 62acdef.
```

Clean up.

```
"../bin/srl" 62f=
      rm -rf $TEMPDIR
```

File defined by 62acdef.

### 5.6.24 SRL postprocessing

In addition to the Semantic Role Labeling there is hack that finds additional semantic roles.

Module Get the module from Github. Note that this module needs rdflib

```
\langle install \ python \ packages \ 63a \rangle \equiv
        pip install rdflib
        \Diamond
Fragment defined by 18c, 63a.
Fragment referenced in 15b.
Defines: rdflib Never used.
Uses: install 83d.
\langle \mathit{install} \ \mathit{the} \ \mathit{post}\text{-}\mathit{SRL} \ \mathit{module} \ \mathsf{63b} \, \rangle \equiv
        cd $modulesdir
           [ -d vua-srl-postprocess ]
        then
           cd vua-srl-postprocess
           git pull
        else
           git clone https://github.com/newsreader/vua-srl-postprocess.git
           cd vua-srl-postprocess
        \Diamond
Fragment referenced in 25q.
Script
"../bin/postsrl" 63c=
         \langle start\ of\ module\text{-}script\ (63d\ vua\text{-}srl\text{-}postprocess\ )\ 28b\ \rangle
        cd $MODDIR
        tempdir='mktemp -d -t postsrl.XXXXX'
        cat >$tempdir/infile
        python $MODDIR/main.py -i $tempdir/infile -o $tempdir/outfile
        cat $tempdir/outfile
        rm -rf $tempdir
```

### 5.6.25 Event coreference

The event-coreference module is language-independent. Although the version in the EHU-repo is 3.0, the version 2.0 used in this pipeline seems to be more recent, so we will use that.

Module Install the module from the snapshot.

Fragment referenced in 25h.

Script

```
"../bin/evcoref" 64a\equiv

⟨ start of module-script (64b vua-eventcoreference_v2 ) 28b ⟩

                        RESOURCESDIR=$MODDIR/resources
                        JARFILE=$jarsdir/EventCoreference-1.0-SNAPSHOT-jar-with-dependencies.jar
                        if
                                 [ "$naflang" == 'nl' ]
                        then
                                lang_resource="odwn_orbn_gwg-LMF_1.3.xml"
                                lang_resource="wneng-30.lmf.xml.xpos"
                        fi
                        {\tt JAVAMODULE=eu.newsreader.event} coreference.naf. EventCorefWordnetSimmark and a substitution of the coreference of the cor
                         JAVAOPTIONS="--method leacock-chodorow"
                         JAVAOPTIONS="$JAVAOPTIONS --wn-lmf $RESOURCESDIR/$lang_resource"
                         JAVAOPTIONS="$JAVAOPTIONS --sim 2.0"
                        JAVAOPTIONS="$JAVAOPTIONS --wsd 0.8"
                        JAVAOPTIONS="$JAVAOPTIONS --
                        relations XPOS_NEAR_SYNONYM#HAS_HYPERONYM#HAS_XPOS_HYPERONYM#event"
                        java -Xmx812m -cp $JARFILE $JAVAMODULE $JAVAOPTIONS
```

## 5.6.26 Dbpedia-ner

Dbpedia-ner finds more named entities that NER, because it checks DBpedia for the candidate NE-'s.

#### Module

Script The main part of the module is a Python script. The README.md file of the Github repolists the options that can be applied. One of the options is about the URL of the Spotlight server.

```
"../bin/dbpner" 64d \equiv \langle start\ of\ module\text{-}script\ (64e\ dbpedia\_ner\ )\ 28b\ \rangle cat | iconv -f ISO8859-1 -t UTF-8 | $MODDIR/dbpedia\_ner.py - url http://$spotlighthost:2060/rest/candidates
```

```
5.6.27 Opinion miner
Get opinion-miner_deluxePP from Github.
Module Install the module from Github.
\langle install \ the \ opinion-miner \ 65a \rangle \equiv
       MODNAM=opinion_miner_deluxePP
       DIRN=opinion_miner_deluxePP
       GITU=https://github.com/rubenIzquierdo/opinion_miner_deluxePP
       GITC=5f46af89f139080ae030abe70a540f693ac4676b
       ⟨ install from github 9b⟩
Fragment defined by 65abc.
Fragment referenced in 26a.
The module contains a script install_me.sh that we will follow here. First install the CRF module
that comes with the opinion-miner:
\langle install \ the \ opinion-miner \ 65b \rangle \equiv
       moduledir=$modulesdir/opinion_miner_deluxePP
       #Install CRF++
       crfdir='mktemp -d -t crf.XXXXXX'
       cd $crfdir
       tar xzf $moduledir/crf_lib/CRF++-0.58.tar.gz
       cd CRF++-0.58
       ./configure --prefix=$envdir
       make
       make install
       echo "PATH_TO_CRF_TEST='$envbindir/crf_test'" > $moduledir/path_crf.py
       cd $moduledir
       rm -rf $crfdir
Fragment defined by 65abc.
Fragment referenced in 26a.
Uses: install 83d.
Next, download the trained models.
\langle install \ the \ opinion-miner \ 65c \rangle \equiv
       ##Download the models
       echo Downloading the trained models.
       tar -xzf $snapshotsocket/t_nlpp_resources/models_opinion_miner_deluxePP.tgz
Fragment defined by 65abc.
Fragment referenced in 26a.
```

#### Script

```
"../bin/opinimin" 65d\equiv \langle start\ of\ module\text{-}script\ (65e\ opinion\_miner\_deluxePP\ )\ 28b\rangle cd $MODDIR python tag_file.py -d hotel \diamond
```

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### 6 Utilities

#### 6.1 Run-script and test-script

The script nlpp reads a NAF document from standard in and produces an annotated NAF on standard out. The script test annotates either a test-document that resides in the nuweb directory or a user-provided document and leaves the intermediate results in its working directory nlpp/test, so that, in case of problems, it is easy traceable what went wrong.

The annotion process involves a sequence in which an NLP module reads a file that contains the output from a previous module (or the input NAF file), processes it and writes the result in another file.

The following function, runmodule, performs the action of a single module in the sequence. It needs three arguments: 1) the name of the NAF file that the previous module produced or the input file; 2) the name of this script that runs the module and 3) the name of the output NAF.

The function uses variable moduleresult to decide whether it is really going to annotate. If this variable is "false" (i.e., not equal to zero), this means that one of the previous modules failed, and it is of no use to process the input file. In that case, the function leaves moderesult as it is and does not process the input-file. Otherwise, it will process the input-file and it sets moduleresult to the result of the processing module.

```
\langle function \ to \ run \ a \ module \ 66 \rangle \equiv
      export moduleresult=0
      function runmodule {
         local infile=$1
         local modulecommand=$BIND/$2
         local outfile=$3
         if
           [ $moduleresult -eq 0 ]
         then
           cat $infile | $modulecommand > $outfile
           moduleresult=$?
             [ $moduleresult -gt 0 ]
             failmodule=$modulecommand
             echo "Failed: module $modulecommand; result $moduleresult" > 2
             exit $moduleresult
              echo "Completed: module $modulecommand; result $moduleresult" > 22
           fi
         fi
      }
```

Fragment referenced in 69ab.

Defines: BIND 69c, moduleresult 69ab, runmodule 67ab, 68a.

Note: that variable BIND has to be defined prior to using this function.

Use the function to annotate a NAF file that infile points to and write the result in a file that outfile points to:

```
\langle annotate \ dutch \ document \ 67a \rangle \equiv
      runmodule $infile
                                                    tok.naf
      runmodule tok.naf
                                                     top.naf
                            topic
      runmodule top.naf
                                                  mor.naf
                          mor
      runmodule mor.naf
                                                    nerc.naf
                            nerc
      runmodule nerc.naf
                            wsd
                                                    wsd.naf
      runmodule wsd.naf
                            ned
                                                    ned.naf
      runmodule ned.naf
                            heideltime
                                                     times.naf
      runmodule times.naf
                                                    onto.naf
                            onto
      runmodule onto.naf
                            srl
                                                     srl.naf
      runmodule srl.naf
                            nomevent
                                          nomev.naf
      runmodule nomev.naf srl-dutch-nominals
                                                    psrl.naf
      runmodule psrl.naf
                            framesrl fsrl.naf
                            opinimin
                                           opin.naf
      runmodule fsrl.naf
                            evcoref
                                          $outfile
      runmodule opin.naf
```

 ${\bf Fragment\ never\ referenced}.$ 

Uses: runmodule 66.

### Similar for an English naf:

```
\langle annotate\ english\ document\ 67b \rangle \equiv
        runmodule $infile
                              tok
                                                       tok.naf
        runmodule tok.naf
                                                        top.naf
                               topic
        runmodule top.naf
                                                        pos.naf
                               pos
        runmodule pos.naf
                                                        consp.naf
                               constpars
        runmodule consp.naf
                               nerc
                                                        nerc.naf
        runmodule nerc.naf
                               ned
                                                        ned.naf
        runmodule ned.naf
                               nedrer
                                                        nedr.naf
        runmodule nedr.naf
                               wikify
                                                        wikif.naf
        runmodule wikif.naf
                               ukb
                                                        ukb.naf
        runmodule ukb.naf
                               ewsd
                                                        ewsd.naf
                                                        coref.naf
        runmodule ewsd.naf
                               coreference-base
        runmodule coref.naf
                              eSRL
                                                        esrl.naf
        runmodule esrl.naf
                               FBK-time
                                                        time.naf
                               FBK-temprel
        runmodule time.naf
                                                        trel.naf
        runmodule trel.naf
                              FBK-causalrel
                                                        crel.naf
        runmodule crel.naf
                               evcoref
                                                        ecrf.naf
                                                        fact.naf
        runmodule ecrf.naf
                               factuality
        runmodule fact.naf
                               opinimin
                                                  $outfile
```

Fragment referenced in 68a.

Uses: runmodule 66.

Determine the language and select one of the above macro's to annotate the document. In fact, consider the document as an English document unless naflang is "nl"

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```
\langle annotate 68a \rangle \equiv
      naflang='cat $infile | /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/langdetect.py'
      export naflang
      if
        [ "$naflang" == "nl" ]
      then
      runmodule $infile
                                                       tok.naf
      runmodule tok.naf
                              topic
                                                        top.naf
      runmodule top.naf
                            mor
                                                      mor.naf
      runmodule mor.naf
                                                        nerc.naf
                              nerc
      runmodule nerc.naf
                              wsd
                                                        wsd.naf
      runmodule wsd.naf
                              ned
                                                        ned.naf
      runmodule ned.naf
                              heideltime
                                                        times.naf
      runmodule times.naf
                                                        onto.naf
                              onto
      runmodule onto.naf
                                                        srl.naf
                              srl
      runmodule srl.naf
                                             nomev.naf
                              nomevent
      runmodule nomev.naf
                              srl-dutch-nominals
                                                        psrl.naf
      runmodule psrl.naf
                              framesrl
                                              fsrl.naf
      runmodule fsrl.naf
                              opinimin
                                                 opin.naf
      runmodule opin.naf
                              evcoref
                                              $outfile
         ⟨ annotate english document 67b⟩
      fi
Fragment referenced in 69ab.
Defines: naflang 27b, 29b, 30a, 36a, 37ab, 39a, 41c, 43b, 55ae, 64a.
```

Uses: runmodule 66.

Uses: nuweb 79b.

Use the above "annotate" macro in a test script and in a run script. The scripts set a working directory and put the input-file in it, and then annotate it.

The test-script uses a special test-directory and leaves it behind when it is finished. If the user specified a language, the script copies a NAF testfile from the nuweb directory as input-file. Otherwise, the script expexts the test-directory to be present, with an input-file (named in.naf) in it.

```
\langle get \ a \ testfile \ or \ die \ 68b \rangle \equiv
       cd $workdir
       if
         [ "$1" == "en" ]
       then
         cp $ROOT/nuweb/test.en.in.naf $infile
       else
         if
            [ "$1" == "nl" ]
         then
            cp $ROOT/nuweb/test.nl.in.naf $infile
         fi
       fi
       if
          [! -e $infile]
       then
         echo "Please supply test-file $workdir/$infile or specify language"
         exit 4
       fi
Fragment referenced in 69a.
```

This is the test-script:

```
"../bin/test" 69a\equiv
       #!/bin/bash
       oldd='pwd'
        ⟨ set variables for test/run script 69c ⟩
       workdir=$piperoot/test
       mkdir -p $workdir
       cd $workdir
        \langle \ get \ a \ testfile \ or \ die \ 68b \ \rangle
        ⟨function to run a module 66⟩
        ⟨ annotate 68a ⟩
       if
          [ $moduleresult -eq 0 ]
       then
          echo Test succeeded.
          echo Something went wrong.
       fi
       exit $moduleresult
Uses: moduleresult 66.
```

The run-script nlpp reads a "raw" naf from standard in and produces an annotated naf on standard out. It creates a temporary directory to store intermediate results from the modules and removes this directory afterwards.

```
"../bin/nlpp" 69b=
       #!/bin/bash
       oldd='pwd'
       ⟨ set variables for test/run script 69c ⟩
       workdir='mktemp -d -t nlpp.XXXXXX'
       cd $workdir
       cat >$workdir/$infile
       ⟨function to run a module 66⟩
       ⟨ annotate 68a ⟩
       if
         [ $moduleresult -eq 0 ]
       then
         cat $outfile
       fi
       cd $oldd
       rm -rf $workdir
       exit $moduleresult
Uses: moduleresult 66.
\langle set \ variables \ for \ test/run \ script \ 69c \rangle \equiv
       ROOT=/home/huygen/projecten/nlpp
       source /home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/progenv
       BIND=$pipebin
       infile=in.naf
       outfile=out.naf
Fragment referenced in 69ab.
Uses: BIND 66.
```

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## 6.2 Logging

Write log messages to standard out if variable LOGLEVEL is equal to 1.

```
\langle \ variables \ of \ install-modules \ 70a \rangle \equiv \\ \ LOGLEVEL=1 \\ \diamond \\ \\ Fragment \ referenced \ in \ 22a. \\ \\ \langle \ logmess \ 70b \rangle \equiv \\ \ if \\ \  \  [\ \$LOGLEVEL \ -gt \ 0\ ] \\ \ then \\ \  \  echo \ @1 \\ \ fi \\ \  \  \\ \diamond \\ Fragment \ referenced \ in \ 8c, \ 9b, \ 70c. \\ \\ Fragment \ referenced \ in \ 8c, \ 9b, \ 70c. \\ \\
```

### 6.3 Misc

Install a module from a tarball: The macro expects the following three variables to be present:

**URL:** The URL from where the taball can be downloaded.

**TARB:** The name of the tarball.

**DIR**; Name of the directory for the module.

Arg 1: URL; Arg 2: tarball; Arg 3: directory.

```
\langle install \ from \ tarball \ 70c \rangle \equiv
         SUCCES=0
         cd $modulesdir
          \langle move \ module \ (70d \ DIR \ ) \ 8a \rangle
         wget $URL
         SUCCES=$?
             [ $SUCCES -eq 0 ]
          then
            tar -xzf $TARB
            SUCCES=$?
            rm -rf $TARB
         fi
         if
             [ $SUCCES -eq 0 ]
             \langle logmess (70e Installed $DIR) 70b \rangle
             \langle remove \ old \ module \ (70f \$DIR \ ) \ 8b \rangle
         else
             \langle \ re\text{-}instate \ old \ module \ (70g \ \ DIR \ ) \ 8c \ \rangle
         fi
```

Fragment never referenced.

### A How to read and translate this document

This document is an example of *literate programming* [1]. It contains the code of all sorts of scripts and programs, combined with explaining texts. In this document the literate programming tool nuweb is used, that is currently available from Sourceforge (URL:nuweb.sourceforge.net). The advantages of Nuweb are, that it can be used for every programming language and scripting language, that it can contain multiple program sources and that it is very simple.

#### A.1 Read this document

The document contains *code scraps* that are collected into output files. An output file (e.g. output.fil) shows up in the text as follows:

```
"output.fil" 4a ≡
# output.fil
< a macro 4b >
< another macro 4c >
```

The above construction contains text for the file. It is labelled with a code (in this case 4a) The constructions between the < and > brackets are macro's, placeholders for texts that can be found in other places of the document. The test for a macro is found in constructions that look like:

```
< a macro 4b > \equiv 
   This is a scrap of code inside the macro.
   It is concatenated with other scraps inside the macro. The concatenated scraps replace the invocation of the macro.

Macro defined by 4b, 87e
Macro referenced in 4a
Macro's can be defined on different places. They can contain other macro's.
< a scrap 87e > \equiv 
   This is another scrap in the macro. It is concatenated to the text of scrap 4b.
   This scrap contains another macro:
      < another macro 45b >

Macro defined by 4b, 87e
Macro referenced in 4a
```

### A.2 Process the document

The raw document is named a\_nlpp.w. Figure 2 shows pathways to translate it into printable/viewable documents and to extract the program sources. Table 3 lists the tools that are

$\mathbf{Tool}$	Source	Description
gawk	www.gnu.org/software/gawk/	text-processing scripting language
M4	www.gnu.org/software/m4/	Gnu macro processor
nuweb	nuweb.sourceforge.net	Literate programming tool
tex	www.ctan.org	Typesetting system
tex4ht	www.ctan.org	Convert TEX documents into xml/html

Table 3: Tools to translate this document into readable code and to extract the program sources

needed for a translation. Most of the tools (except Nuweb) are available on a well-equipped Linux system.

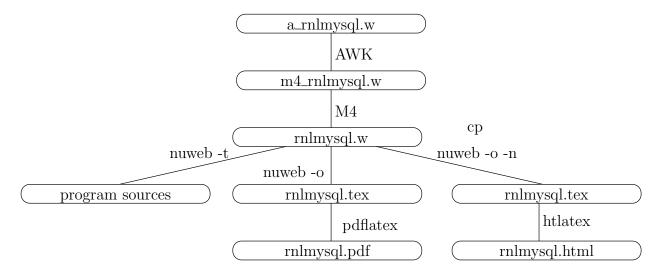


Figure 2: Translation of the raw code of this document into printable/viewable documents and into program sources. The figure shows the pathways and the main files involved.

```
⟨ parameters in Makefile 72a⟩ ≡
NUWEB=../env/bin/nuweb

Fragment defined by 72a, 73c, 75ab, 77d, 80a, 82d.
Fragment referenced in 72b.
Uses: nuweb 79b.
```

### A.3 The Makefile for this project.

This chapter assembles the Makefile for this project.

```
"Makefile" 72b≡
⟨ default target 72c⟩
⟨ parameters in Makefile 72a, ...⟩
⟨ impliciete make regels 76a, ...⟩
⟨ expliciete make regels 73d, ...⟩
⟨ make targets 73a, ...⟩
◇

The default target of make is all.
⟨ default target 72c⟩ ≡
all:⟨ all targets 73b⟩
. PHONY: all
```

Defines: all 40e, PHONY 76b.

A.4 Get Nuweb 73

We use many suffixes that were not known by the C-programmers who constructed the make utility. Add these suffixes to the list.

#### A.4 Get Nuweb

An annoying problem is, that this program uses nuweb, a utility that is seldom installed on a computer. Therefore, we are going to install that first if it is not present. Unfortunately, nuweb is hosted on sourceforge and it is difficult to achieve automatic downloading from that repository. Therefore I copied one of the versions on a location from where it can be downloaded with a script.

Put the nuweb binary in the nuweb subdirectory, so that it can be used before the directory-structure has been generated.

#### A.5 Pre-processing

To make usable things from the raw input a\_nlpp.w, do the following:

- 1. Process \$ characters.
- 2. Run the m4 pre-processor.
- 3. Run nuweb.

This results in a LATEX file, that can be converted into a PDF or a HTML document, and in the program sources and scripts.

### A.5.1 Process 'dollar' characters

Fragment referenced in 72b.

Many "intelligent" TEX editors (e.g. the auctex utility of Emacs) handle \$ characters as special, to switch into mathematics mode. This is irritating in program texts, that often contain \$ characters as well. Therefore, we make a stub, that translates the two-character sequence \\$ into the single \$ character.

## A.6 Typeset this document

Enable the following:

- 1. Create a PDF document.
- 2. Print the typeset document.
- 3. View the typeset document with a viewer.
- 4. Create a HTMLdocument.

In the three items, a typeset PDF document is required or it is the requirement itself.

### A.6.1 Figures

This document contains figures that have been made by xfig. Post-process the figures to enable inclusion in this document.

The list of figures to be included:

```
\langle \ parameters \ in \ Makefile \ 75a \rangle \equiv FIGFILES=fileschema directorystructure \diamond Fragment defined by 72a, 73c, 75ab, 77d, 80a, 82d. Fragment referenced in 72b. Defines: FIGFILES 75b.
```

We use the package figlatex to include the pictures. This package expects two files with extensions .pdftex and .pdftex\_t for pdflatex and two files with extensions .pstex and .pstex\_t for the latex/dvips combination. Probably tex4ht uses the latter two formats too.

Make lists of the graphical files that have to be present for latex/pdflatex:

Create the graph files with program fig2dev:

```
\langle impliciete\ make\ regels\ 76a \rangle \equiv
       %.eps: %.fig
                fig2dev -L eps $< > $@
       %.pstex: %.fig
                fig2dev -L pstex $< > $@
       .PRECIOUS : %.pstex
       %.pstex_t: %.fig %.pstex
                fig2dev -L pstex_t -p $*.pstex $< > $0
       %.pdftex: %.fig
                fig2dev -L pdftex $< > $@
       .PRECIOUS : %.pdftex
       %.pdftex_t: %.fig %.pstex
                fig2dev -L pdftex_t -p $*.pdftex $< > $@
Fragment defined by 76a, 80c.
Fragment referenced in 72b.
Defines: fig2dev Never used.
```

#### A.6.2 Bibliography

To keep this document portable, create a portable bibliography file. It works as follows: This document refers in the |bibliography| statement to the local bib-file nlpp.bib. To create this file, copy the auxiliary file to another file auxfil.aux, but replace the argument of the command \bibdata{nlpp} to the names of the bibliography files that contain the actual references (they should exist on the computer on which you try this). This procedure should only be performed on the computer of the author. Therefore, it is dependent of a binary file on his computer.

# A.6.3 Create a printable/viewable document

Make a PDF document for printing and viewing.

Create the PDF document. This may involve multiple runs of nuweb, the LATEX processor and the bibTEX processor, and depends on the state of the aux file that the LATEX processor creates as a by-product. Therefore, this is performed in a separate script, w2pdf.

The w2pdf script The three processors nuweb, L4TeX and bibTeX are intertwined. L4TeX and bibTeX create parameters or change the value of parameters, and write them in an auxiliary file. The other processors may need those values to produce the correct output. The L4TeX processor may even need the parameters in a second run. Therefore, consider the creation of the (PDF) document finished when none of the processors causes the auxiliary file to change. This is performed by a shell script w2pdf.

The following is an ugly fix of an unsolved problem. Currently I develop this thing, while it resides on a remote computer that is connected via the **sshfs** filesystem. On my home computer I cannot run executables on this system, but on my work-computer I can. Therefore, place the following script on a local directory.

```
\langle explicite make regels 78a \rangle \equiv
       $(W2PDF) : nlpp.w $(NUWEB)
                $(NUWEB) nlpp.w
Fragment defined by 73d, 74bcd, 76b, 78a, 80bd.
Fragment referenced in 72b.
"../nuweb/bin/w2pdf" 78b\equiv
       #!/bin/bash
       # w2pdf -- compile a nuweb file
       # usage: w2pdf [filename]
       # 20160613 at 1108h: Generated by nuweb from a_nlpp.w
       NUWEB=../env/bin/nuweb
       LATEXCOMPILER=pdflatex
       ⟨ filenames in nuweb compile script 78d ⟩
       ⟨ compile nuweb 78c ⟩
       \Diamond
Uses: nuweb 79b.
```

The script retains a copy of the latest version of the auxiliary file. Then it runs the four processors nuweb, LATEX, MakeIndex and bibTEX, until they do not change the auxiliary file or the index.

```
⟨ compile nuweb 78c⟩ ≡
    NUWEB=/home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/nuweb
    ⟨ run the processors until the aux file remains unchanged 79c⟩
    ⟨ remove the copy of the aux file 79a⟩
    ⟨
    Fragment referenced in 78b.
Uses: nuweb 79b.
```

The user provides the name of the nuweb file as argument. Strip the extension (e.g. .w) from the filename and create the names of the LATEX file (ends with .tex), the auxiliary file (ends with .aux) and the copy of the auxiliary file (add old. as a prefix to the auxiliary filename).

```
⟨ filenames in nuweb compile script 78d ⟩ ≡
    nufil=$1
    trunk=${1%.*}
    texfil=${trunk}.tex
    auxfil=${trunk}.aux
    oldaux=old.${trunk}.aux
    indexfil=${trunk}.idx
    oldindexfil=old.${trunk}.idx
    oldindexfil=s(frunk).idx
    oldindexfil=s(frunk).idx
    oldindexfil=old.${trunk}.idx
    oldindexfil=old.${trunk}.idx
    oldindexfil=old.${trunk}.idx
Fragment referenced in 78b.
Defines: auxfil 79c, 81c, 82a, indexfil 79c, 81c, nufil 79b, 81c, 82b, oldaux 79ac, 81c, 82a, oldindexfil 79c, 81c, texfil 79b, 81c, 82b, trunk 79b, 81c, 82bc.
```

Remove the old copy if it is no longer needed.

Run the three processors. Do not use the option -o (to suppres generation of program sources) for nuweb, because w2pdf must be kept up to date as well.

Repeat to copy the auxiliary file and the index file and run the processors until the auxiliary file and the index file are equal to their copies. However, since I have not yet been able to test the aux file and the idx in the same test statement, currently only the aux file is tested.

It turns out, that sometimes a strange loop occurs in which the aux file will keep to change. Therefore, with a counter we prevent the loop to occur more than 10 times.

```
\langle run \ the \ processors \ until \ the \ aux \ file \ remains \ unchanged \ 79c \rangle \equiv
        LOOPCOUNTER=0
        while
           ! cmp -s $auxfil $oldaux
         do
           if [ -e $auxfil ]
             cp $auxfil $oldaux
           fi
           if [ -e $indexfil ]
           then
             cp $indexfil $oldindexfil
           fi
           ⟨ run the three processors 79b⟩
           if [ $LOOPCOUNTER -ge 10 ]
              cp $auxfil $oldaux
           fi;
         done
Fragment referenced in 78c.
Uses: \ \mathtt{auxfil} \ \ 78d, \ 81c, \ \mathtt{indexfil} \ \ 78d, \ \mathtt{oldaux} \ \ 78d, \ 81c, \ \mathtt{oldindexfil} \ \ 78d.
```

#### A.6.4 Create HTML files

HTML is easier to read on-line than a PDF document that was made for printing. We use tex4ht to generate HTML code. An advantage of this system is, that we can include figures in the same way as we do for pdflatex.

To create a HTML doc, we do the following:

- 1. Create a directory ../nuweb/html for the HTML document.
- 2. Put the nuweb source in it, together with style-files that are needed (see variable HTMLSOURCE).
- 3. Put the script w2html in it and make it executable.
- 4. Execute the script w2html.

Make a list of the entities that we mentioned above:

```
\langle parameters \ in \ Makefile \ 80a \rangle \equiv
        htmldir=../nuweb/html
        htmlsource=nlpp.w nlpp.bib html.sty artikel3.4ht w2html
        htmlmaterial=$(foreach fil, $(htmlsource), $(htmldir)/$(fil))
        htmltarget=$(htmldir)/nlpp.html
Fragment defined by 72a, 73c, 75ab, 77d, 80a, 82d.
Fragment referenced in 72b.
Uses: nuweb 79b.
Make the directory:
\langle explicite make regels 80b \rangle \equiv
        $(htmldir) :
                 mkdir -p $(htmldir)
Fragment defined by 73d, 74bcd, 76b, 78a, 80bd.
Fragment referenced in 72b.
The rule to copy files in it:
\langle\;impliciete\;make\;regels\;80c\;\rangle\equiv
        $(htmldir)/% : % $(htmldir)
                  cp $< $(htmldir)/</pre>
        \Diamond
Fragment defined by 76a, 80c.
Fragment referenced in 72b.
Do the work:
\langle explicite make regels 80d \rangle \equiv
        $(htmltarget) : $(htmlmaterial) $(htmldir)
                  cd $(htmldir) && chmod 775 w2html
                  cd $(htmldir) && ./w2html nlpp.w
Fragment defined by 73d, 74bcd, 76b, 78a, 80bd.
Fragment referenced in 72b.
Invoke:
\langle make\ targets\ 80e\ \rangle \equiv
        htm : $(htmldir) $(htmltarget)
        \Diamond
Fragment defined by 73a, 77ab, 80e, 83acd, 84ab.
Fragment referenced in 72b.
```

Create a script that performs the translation.

```
"w2html" 81a≡

#!/bin/bash

# w2html -- make a html file from a nuweb file

# usage: w2html [filename]

# [filename]: Name of the nuweb source file.

# 20160613 at 1108h: Generated by nuweb from a_nlpp.w echo "translate " $1 >w2html.log

NUWEB=/home/huygen/projecten/nlpp/env/bin/nuweb

⟨ filenames in w2html 81c⟩

⟨ perform the task of w2html 81b⟩

♦

Uses: nuweb 79b.
```

The script is very much like the w2pdf script, but at this moment I have still difficulties to compile the source smoothly into HTML and that is why I make a separate file and do not recycle parts from the other file. However, the file works similar.

The user provides the name of the nuweb file as argument. Strip the extension (e.g. .w) from the filename and create the names of the LATEX file (ends with .tex), the auxiliary file (ends with .aux) and the copy of the auxiliary file (add old. as a prefix to the auxiliary filename).

To work for HTML, nuweb must be run with the -n option, because there are no page numbers.

When the compilation has been satisfied, run makeindex in a special way, run bibtex again (I don't know why this is necessary) and then run htlatex another time.

# A.7 Perform the installation

Run nuweb, but suppress the creation of the LATEX documentation. Nuweb creates only sources that do not yet exist or that have been modified. Therefore make does not have to check this. However, "make" has to create the directories for the sources if they do not yet exist. So, let's create the directories first.

The target "sources" unpacks the nuweb file and creates the program scripts, i.e. the scripts that will apply modules on a NAF file and the script <code>install\_modules</code> that installs the modules themselves and that creates the software environment the the modules need.

## A.8 Test whether it works

The targets testnl and testen perform the test-script (section ??) to test the dutch resp. english pipeline.

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# A.9 Restore paths after transplantation

When an existing installation has been transplanted to another location, many path indications have to be adapted to the new situation. The scripts that are generated by nuweb can be repaired by re-running nuweb. After that, configuration files of some modules must be modified.

In order to work as expected, the following script must be re-made after a transplantation.

```
"../env/bin/transplant" 84c≡
#!/bin/bash
LOGLEVEL=1
⟨ set variables that point to the directory-structure 7c, ... ⟩
⟨ set paths after transplantation 18a⟩
⟨ re-install modules after the transplantation 33c⟩
```

# B References

#### B.1 Literature

# References

[1] Donald E. Knuth. Literate programming. Technical report STAN-CS-83-981, Stanford University, Department of Computer Science, 1983.

# C Indexes

# C.1 Filenames

```
"../bin/check_start_spotlight" Defined by 35c, 36b.
"../bin/constpars" Defined by 45b.
"../bin/coreference-base" Defined by 54b.
"../bin/dbpner" Defined by 64d.
"../bin/eSRL" Defined by 48c.
"../bin/evcoref" Defined by 64a.
"../bin/ewsd" Defined by 47b.
"../bin/factuality" Defined by 53d.
"../bin/FBK-causalrel" Defined by 53a.
"../bin/FBK-temprel" Defined by 52a.
"../bin/FBK-time" Defined by 50a.
"../bin/framesrl" Defined by 59d.
"../bin/heideltime" Defined by 61\mathrm{c}.
"../bin/install-modules" Defined by 22a, 23aj, 24aj, 25ahq, 26a.
"../bin/lu2synset" Defined by 57b.
"../bin/mor" Defined by 43e.
"../bin/ned" Defined by 58e.
"../bin/nedrer" Defined by 45e.
"../bin/nerc" Defined by 55e.
"../bin/nerc_conll02" Defined by 55c.
"../bin/nlpp" Defined by 69b.
"../bin/nomevent" Defined by 59f.
"../bin/onto" Defined by 59b.
"../bin/opinimin" Defined by 65d.
"../bin/pos" Defined by 44\mathrm{c}.
"../bin/postsrl" Defined by 63c.
"../bin/srl" Defined by 62acdef.
"../bin/srl-dutch-nominals" Defined by 49a.
"../bin/start_eSRL" Defined by 47e.
"../bin/stop_eSRL" Defined by 48a.
"../bin/test" Defined by 69a.
"../bin/tok" Defined by 41c.
"../bin/topic" Defined by 43b.
"../bin/ukb" Defined by 46d. \\
"../bin/wikify" Defined by 46a.
"../bin/wsd" Defined by 56d.
"../env/bin/langdetect.py" Defined by 29a.
"../env/bin/progenv" Defined by 7e, 12f.
"../env/bin/transplant" Defined by 84c.
"../nuweb/bin/w2pdf" Defined by 78b.
"Makefile" Defined by 72b.
"w2html" Defined by 81a.
```

### C.2 Macro's

```
\label{eq:continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous
```

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```
(check whether program is present 26j) Referenced in 26e.
(check/install the correct version of python 15c) Referenced in 15b.
(clean up 13e, 14g, 30d, 74a) Referenced in 73a.
(clone the heideltime wrapper 60b) Referenced in 60a.
(compile nuweb 78c) Referenced in 78b.
(compile the heideltime wrapper 60h) Referenced in 60a.
compile the nerc jar 54e Referenced in 54d.
(compile the topic-tool jar 43a) Referenced in 42a.
 create a virtual environment for Python 16b Referenced in 15b.
 create javapython script 12e Referenced in 22a.
 default target 72c > Referenced in 72b.
 directories to create 6ab, 7ab, 13ag, 14d, 17a, 77c Referenced in 83a.
 download everything 9a > Referenced in 22a.
 download stuff 10c, 11b, 14a, 19a, 34a, 40b, 42b, 58a, 60e Referenced in 9a.
 download sym models 56c \rangle Referenced in 56a.
 else conditional install 20d > Not referenced.
 end conditional install 21a Referenced in 13b, 22a, 23aj, 24aj, 25ahq, 26a.
 expliciete make regels 73d, 74bcd, 76b, 78a, 80bd \rightarrow Referenced in 72b.
 filenames in nuweb compile script 78d Referenced in 78b.
 filenames in w2html 81c \rangle Referenced in 81a.
 find a spotlightserver or exit 37a Referenced in 46a, 58e.
(function to run a module 66) Referenced in 69ab.
(get a testfile or die 68b) Referenced in 69a.
(get commandline-arguments 27b) Referenced in 35c.
(get spotlight language parameters 37b) Not referenced.
(get spotlight model ball 35a) Not referenced.
(get the mor time-out parameter 44a) Referenced in 43e.
(get the nerc models 55b) Referenced in 54d.
(get the path to the module-script 28c) Referenced in 28b.
(impliciete make regels 76a, 80c) Referenced in 72b.
\langle \text{install ActivePython } 16a \rangle \text{ Referenced in } 15c.
(install Alpino 30b) Referenced in 22a.
\langle \text{ install boost } 33d \rangle \text{ Referenced in } 22a.
 install coreference-base 54a Referenced in 25a.
 install CRFsuite 41a Referenced in 22a.
 install from github 9b Referenced in 43d, 48g, 56a, 57d, 60b, 61e, 64c, 65a.
 install from tarball 70c > Not referenced.
 install Java 1.6 14i Referenced in 22a.
 install kafnafparserpy 18b \rangle Referenced in 15b.
 install libxml2 or libxslt 12a Referenced in 12b.
(install maven 14e) Referenced in 22a.
(install perl 19de, 20a) Referenced in 22a.
(install python packages 18c, 63a) Referenced in 15b.
(install sematree 28a) Referenced in 22a.
(install shared libs 11e, 12b) Referenced in 22a.
(install sym lib 56b) Referenced in 56a.
(install SVMLight 40e) Referenced in 22a.
 install the constituents parser 45a Referenced in 23j.
(install the dbpedia-ner module 64c) Referenced in 25g.
(install the event-coreference module 63e) Referenced in 25h.
(install the factuality module 53c) Referenced in 24j.
(install the FBK-causal
rel module 52c\,\rangle Referenced in 24j.
(install the FBK-temprel module 51b) Referenced in 24j.
(install the FBK-time module 49c) Referenced in 24j.
(install the heideltime module 60a) Referenced in 25h.
(install the ims-wsd module 47a) Referenced in 24a.
 install the jex resources and libraries 42g Referenced in 42a.
(install the lu2synset converter 57a) Referenced in 25h.
```

C.2 Macro's

```
(install the morphosyntactic parser 43d) Referenced in 23a.
(install the NERC module 54d) Referenced in 23j.
(install the ontotagger repository 59a) Referenced in 25a.
(install the opinion-miner 65abc) Referenced in 26a.
(install the pos tagger 44b) Referenced in 23a.
(install the post-SRL module 63b) Referenced in 25q.
(install the Spotlight server 34h, 35b) Referenced in 22a.
(install the srl module 61e) Referenced in 25h.
(install the srl-dutch-nominals module 48g) Referenced in 24a.
install the srl-server module 47d Referenced in 24a.
(install the ticcutils utility 32d) Referenced in 22a, 33c.
(install the timbl utility 33a) Referenced in 22a, 33c.
(install the tokenizer 41b) Referenced in 23a.
 install the topic analyser 42a Referenced in 23a.
 install the treetagger utility 31abcd, 32abc \rangle Referenced in 22a.
 install the UKB module 46c > Not referenced.
 install the wikify module 45g \rangle Referenced in 23j.
 install the WSD module 56a) Referenced in 25a.
(install the NED-reranker module 45d) Referenced in 23j.
(install the NED module 57d) Referenced in 23j.
(install VUA-pylib 40a) Referenced in 22a.
(logmess 70b) Referenced in 8c, 9b, 70c.
(make scripts executable 26d, 36g, 83b) Referenced in 83c.
(make targets 73a, 77ab, 80e, 83acd, 84ab) Referenced in 72b.
(move module 8a) Referenced in 9b, 70c.
 need to wget 11a Referenced in 11b, 14a, 19a, 34a, 40b, 42b, 58a, 60e.
(parameters in Makefile 72a, 73c, 75ab, 77d, 80a, 82d) Referenced in 72b.
(perform the task of w2html 81b) Referenced in 81a.
(put Antske's material in the heideltime wrapper 60d) Referenced in 60a.
(put spotlight jar in the Maven repository 58d) Referenced in 57d.
(re-install modules after the transplantation 33c) Referenced in 84c.
(re-instate old module 8c) Referenced in 9b, 70c.
(read the list of installed modules 20b) Referenced in 22a.
 remove installed-variable 21b Referenced in 14g.
 remove old module 8b Referenced in 9b, 70c.
 remove outdated heideltime jars 61b Referenced in 61a.
 remove the copy of the aux file 79a Referenced in 78c, 81b.
 repair causalrel's run.sh.hadoop 52e Not referenced.
 repair FBK-*rel's run.sh.hadoop 51d Referenced in 51b, 52c.
(run in subshell when naflang is not known 29b) Referenced in 28b.
(run only if language is English or Dutch 30a) Referenced in 28b.
\langle \text{ run tex4ht 82c} \rangle \text{ Referenced in 82a.}
(run the html processors 82b) Referenced in 82a.
(run the html processors until the aux file remains unchanged 82a) Referenced in 81b.
(run the processors until the aux file remains unchanged 79c) Referenced in 78c.
(run the three processors 79b) Referenced in 79c.
(select language-dependent features 55a) Not referenced.
\langle \text{ set alpinohome } 30c \rangle Referenced in 43e.
(set default arguments for Spotlight 36a) Referenced in 35c.
(set paths after transplantation 18a) Referenced in 84c.
\langle \text{ set up java } 13\text{bf} \rangle \text{ Referenced in } 22\text{a.}
\langle set up Java 1.6 15a\rangle Referenced in 47b.
(set up python 15b) Referenced in 22a.
(set variables for test/run script 69c) Referenced in 69ab.
(set variables that point to the directory-structure 7cd, 10a, 14f) Referenced in 7e, 22a, 84c.
(start EHU SRL server if it isn't running 48e) Referenced in 47e.
(start of module-script 28b) Referenced in 41c, 43be, 44c, 45be, 46ad, 47be, 48ac, 49a, 50a, 52a, 53ad, 54b, 55ce,
       56d, 57b, 58e, 59bdf, 61c, 62a, 63c, 64ad, 65d.
```

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```
(start the Spotlight server on localhost 39ab) Referenced in 36b, 38a.
(stop EHU SRL server 48f) Referenced in 48a.
(stop on error 51a) Referenced in 50a.
⟨ test whether spotlighthost runs 38e⟩ Referenced in 38a.
⟨ test whether virtualenv is present on the host 16c⟩ Referenced in 16b.
(try to obtain a running spotlightserver 38a) Not referenced.
(unpack ticcutils or timbl 33b) Referenced in 32d, 33a.
(update pip 17d) Referenced in 15b.
(variables of install-modules 70a) Referenced in 22a.
(wait until the spotlight server is up or faulty 39c) Referenced in 39b.
C.3 Variables
activate: <u>16d</u>, 18a.
all: 40e, <u>72c</u>.
ALPINO_HOME: 30c.
auxfil: 78d, 79c, 81c, 82a.
bibtex: <u>79b</u>, 82bc.
BIND: <u>66</u>, 69c.
DIRS: 83a, 83c.
fig2dev: 76a.
FIGFILENAMES: 75b.
FIGFILES: 75a, 75b.
hg: 27a.
indexfil: <u>78d</u>, 79c, 81c.
install: 9d, 11e, 12a, 16ac, 17d, 18bc, 19d, 26dj, 27a, 31b, 33b, 43a, 58d, 59a, 60h, 61a, 63a, 65b, 73b,
        <u>83d</u>, 84a.
LD_LIBRARY_PATH: 17c, 46d, 53d.
1xml: 18c.
makeindex: 79b, 82bc.
MKDIR: 82d, 83a.
moduleresult: 66, 69ab.
naflang: 27b, 29b, 30a, 36a, 37ab, 39a, 41c, 43b, 55ae, 64a, 68a.
networkx: 18c.
nufil: 78d, 79b, 81c, 82b.
nuweb: 7c, 68b, 72a, 73d, 74ab, 77cd, 78bc, 79b, 80a, 81a.
oldaux: <u>78d</u>, <u>79ac</u>, <u>81c</u>, <u>82a</u>.
oldindexfil: 78d, 79c, 81c.
PATH: 7d, 13f, 14f, 15a, 19e, 53d.
pdf: 73c, <u>77a</u>, 77b.
PDFT_NAMES: 75b, 77b.
PDF_FIG_NAMES: 75b, 77b.
PHONY: 72c, 76b.
print: 15c, 18a, 21b, 29a, 37a, 59d, 74c, 77a.
PST_NAMES: 75b.
PS_FIG_NAMES: 75b.
pythonok: 15c.
PYTHONPATH: 17b.
pyyam1: <u>18c</u>.
{\tt rdflib:}~\underline{63a}.
runmodule: <u>66</u>, 67ab, 68a.
scriptpath: 28c, 29b.
SUFFIXES: 73c.
testen: 84a.
testnl: 84a.
texfil: <u>78d</u>, 79b, <u>81c</u>, 82b.
trunk: <u>78d</u>, 79b, <u>81c</u>, 82bc.
view: 77a.
virtualenv: 16ab, 16c.
```