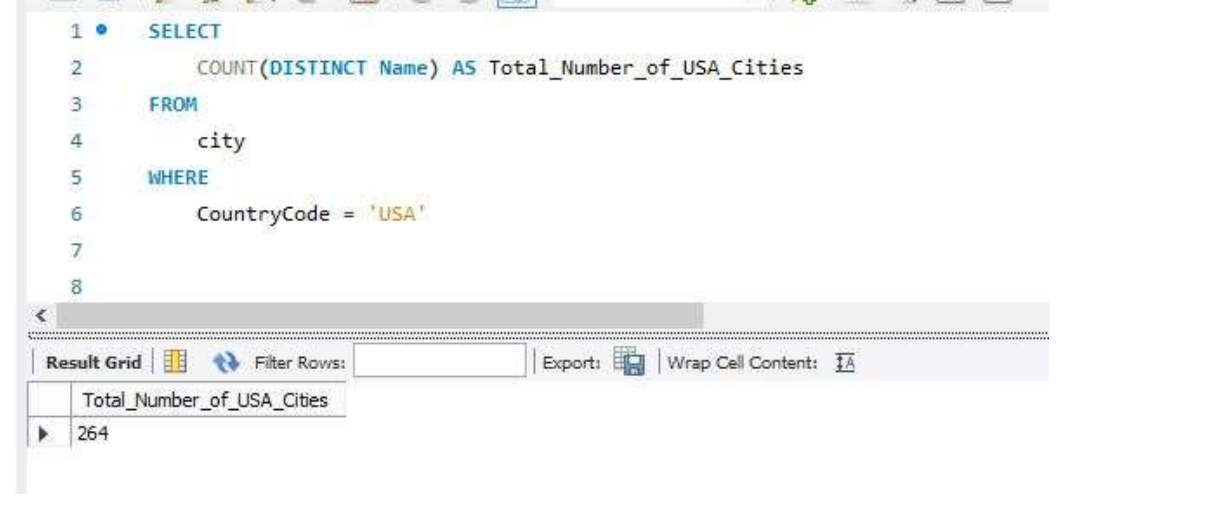


Project 2: MySQL Practical

For each question I would like to see both the syntax used and the output.

1. **Count Cities in USA:** *Scenario:* You've been tasked with conducting a demographic analysis of cities in the United States. Your first step is to determine the total number of cities within the country to provide a baseline for further analysis.



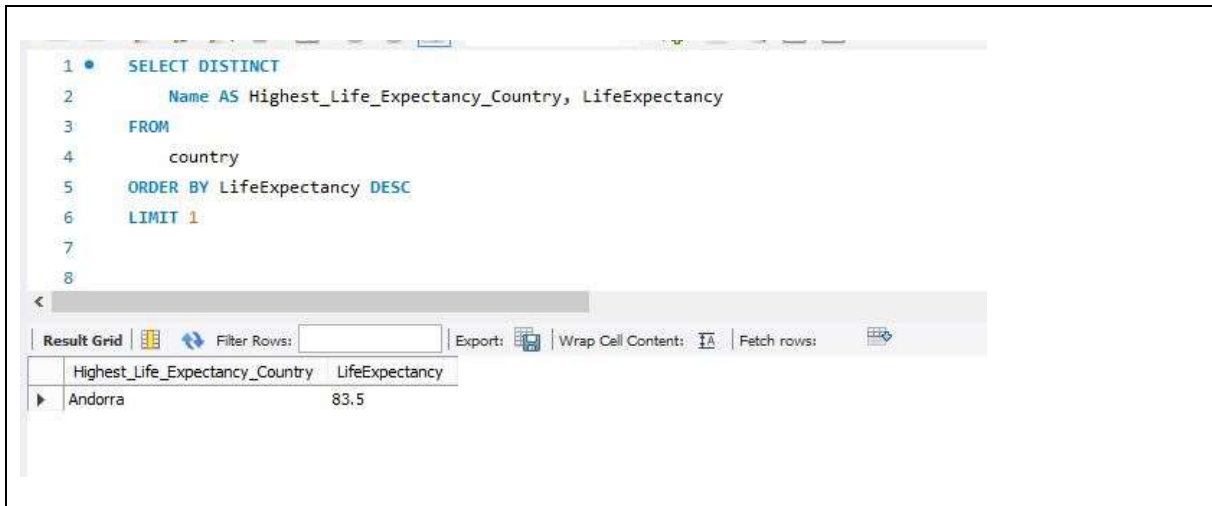
The screenshot displays a MySQL query editor with a SQL query and its corresponding result grid.

```
1 • SELECT
2     COUNT(DISTINCT Name) AS Total_Number_of_USA_Cities
3 FROM
4     city
5 WHERE
6     CountryCode = 'USA'
7
8
```






Below the query editor, the result grid is shown with the following data:

Total_Number_of_USA_Cities
264

2. **Country with Highest Life Expectancy:** *Scenario:* As part of a global health initiative, you've been assigned to identify the country with the highest life expectancy. This information will be crucial for prioritising healthcare resources and interventions.



```
1 • SELECT DISTINCT
2     Name AS Highest_Life_Expectancy_Country, LifeExpectancy
3 FROM
4     country
5 ORDER BY LifeExpectancy DESC
6 LIMIT 1
7
8
```

Result Grid |  |  Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content:  | Fetch rows: 

Highest_Life_Expectancy_Country	LifeExpectancy
Andorra	83.5

3. **"New Year Promotion: Featuring Cities with 'New' :** *Scenario:* In anticipation of the upcoming New Year, your travel agency is gearing up for a special promotion featuring cities with names including the word 'New'. You're tasked with swiftly compiling a list of all cities from around the world. This curated selection will be essential in creating promotional materials and enticing travellers with exciting destinations to kick off the New Year in style.

```
1 SELECT DISTINCT
2     Name AS City_Name
3 FROM
4     city
5 WHERE
6     Name LIKE '%New%'
7
8
```




<

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: | Export: 

City_Name
Newcastle
Newcastle upon Tyne
Newport
Kowloon and New Kowloon
New Bombay
New Delhi
Khanewal
New York
New Orleans
Newark
Newport News
New Haven
New Bedford

4. **Display Columns with Limit (First 10 Rows):** *Scenario:* You're tasked with providing a brief overview of the most populous cities in the world. To keep the report concise, you're instructed to list only the first 10 cities by population from the database.

```
1 • SELECT DISTINCT
2     Name AS City_Name, Population
3 FROM
4     city
5 ORDER BY Population
6 LIMIT 10
```

< Result Grid   Filter Rows: Export:  Wn

	City_Name	Population
▶	Adamstown	42
	West Island	167
	Fakaofo	300
	Città del Vaticano	455
	Bantam	503
	Yaren	559
	The Valley	595
	Alofi	682
	Flying Fish Cove	700
	Kingston	800

5. **Cities with Population Larger than 2,000,000:** *Scenario:* A real estate developer is interested in cities with substantial population sizes for potential investment opportunities. You're tasked with identifying cities from the database with populations exceeding 2 million to focus their research efforts.

```
1 • SELECT DISTINCT
2     Name AS City_Name, Population
3 FROM
4     city
5 WHERE
6     Population > 2000000
7 order by Name
8
```

Result Grid | | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Ce

	City_Name	Population
▶	Abidjan	2500000
	Addis Abeba	2495000
	Ahmedabad	2876710
	Alexandria	3328196
	Alger	2168000
	Ankara	3038159
	Baghdad	4336000
	Bandung	2429000
	Bangalore	2660088
	Bangkok	6320174
	Belo Horizonte	2139125
	Berlin	3386667
	Bucuresti	2016131
	Buenos Aires	2982146
	Cairo	6789479
	Calcutta [K...	4399819
	Cali	2077386
	Cape Town	2352121
	Casablanca	2940623
	Changchun	2812000
	Chengdu	3361500
	Chennai (M...	3841396
	Chicago	2896016
	Chongqing	6351600
	Ciudad de ...	8591309
	Dalian	2697000
	Delhi	7206704

city 5 x

6. **Cities Beginning with 'Be' Prefix:** *Scenario:* A travel blogger is planning a series of articles featuring cities with unique names. You're tasked with compiling a list of cities from the database that start with the prefix 'Be' to assist in the blogger's content creation process.

```
1 • SELECT DISTINCT
2     Name AS City_Name
3 FROM
4     city
5 WHERE
6     Name LIKE 'Be%'
7 ORDER BY Name
8
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	City_Name	
▶	Beau Bassin-Rose Hill	
	Beaumont	
	Beawar	
	Béchar	
	Beerseba	
	Bei'an	
	Beihai	
	Beipiao	
	Beira	
	Beirut	
	Béjaïa	
	Bekasi	
	Belém	
	Belfast	
	Belford Roxo	
	Belgaum	
	Belgorod	
	Belize City	
	Bellary	
	Bellevue	
	Bello	
	Belmopan	
	Belo Horizonte	
	Bender (Tíghina)	
	Bene Beraq	
	Bengasi	
	Bengbu	



7. **Cities with Population Between 500,000-1,000,000:** *Scenario:* An urban planning committee needs to identify mid-sized cities suitable for infrastructure development projects. You're tasked with identifying cities with populations ranging between 500,000 and 1 million to inform their decision-making process.

```
1 • SELECT DISTINCT
2     Name AS City_Name, Population
3 FROM
4     city
5 WHERE
6     Population BETWEEN 500000 AND 1000000
7 ORDER BY Name
```

City_Name	Population
▶ Acapulco de Juárez	721011
Adelaide	978100
Agra	891790
Aguascalientes	643360
Ahvaz	804980
Allahabad	792858
Almirante Brown	538918
Amman	1000000
Amoy [Xiamen]	627500
Amritsar	708835
Amsterdam	731200
Ansan	510314
Antalya	564914
Antananarivo	675669
Anyang	591106
Arequipa	762000
Ashgabat	540600
Asunción	557776
Athenai	772072
Austin	656562
Baltimore	651154
Bamako	809552
Bandar Lampung	680332
Bangui	524000
Baotou	980000
Bareilly	587211
Barnaul	580100
Barquisimeto	877239

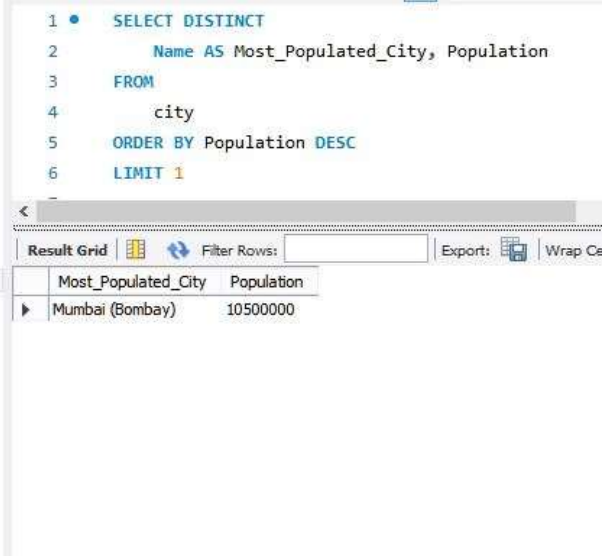
8. **Display Cities Sorted by Name in Ascending Order:** *Scenario:* A geography teacher is preparing a lesson on alphabetical order using city names. You're tasked with providing a sorted list of cities from the database in ascending order by name to support the lesson plan.

```
1 • SELECT DISTINCT
2     Name AS City_Name
3 FROM
4     city
5 ORDER BY Name
```

< **Result Grid**   Filter Rows:

	City_Name
▶	[San Cristóbal de] la Laguna
	's-Hertogenbosch
	A Coruña (La Coruña)
	Aachen
	Aalborg
	Aba
	Abadan
	Abaetetuba
	Abakan
	Abbotsford
	Abeokuta
	Aberdeen
	Abha
	Abidjan
	Abiko
	Abilene
	Abohar
	Abottabad
	Abu Dhabi
	Abuja
	Acámbaro
	Acapulco de Juárez
	Acarigua
	Accra
	Achalpur
	Acheng
	Acuña
	Adamstown
	Adana
	Addis Abeba
	Adelaide

9. **Most Populated City:** *Scenario:* A real estate investment firm is interested in cities with significant population densities for potential development projects. You're tasked with identifying the most populated city from the database to guide their investment decisions and strategic planning.



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following code:

```
1 • SELECT DISTINCT
2     Name AS Most_Populated_City, Population
3 FROM
4     city
5 ORDER BY Population DESC
6 LIMIT 1
```

Below the query editor is a toolbar with options: Result Grid, Filter Rows, Export, and Wrap Cells. Below the toolbar is a table with the following data:

Most_Populated_City	Population
Mumbai (Bombay)	10500000

10. **City Name Frequency Analysis: Supporting Geography Education Scenario:** In a geography class, students are learning about the distribution of city names around the world. The teacher, in preparation for a lesson on city name frequencies, wants to provide students with a list of unique city names sorted alphabetically, along with their respective counts of occurrences in the database. You're tasked with this sorted list to support the geography teacher.




```
1 • SELECT
2   Name, COUNT(Name) AS Occurences
3 FROM
4   city
5 GROUP BY Name
6 ORDER BY Occurences DESC
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export:

	Name	Occurences
▶	San José	4
	Córdoba	3
	San Miguel	3
	San Fernando	3
	Hamilton	3
	La Paz	3
	Toledo	3
	Cambridge	3
	Springfield	3
	Richmond	3
	Valencia	3
	León	3
	Victoria	3
	Jining	2
	Kansas City	2
	Ede	2
	Mérida	2
	Santa Clara	2
	Saint John's	2
	Glendale	2
	Anyang	2
	San Juan	2
	Matamoros	2
	Newcastle	2
	Taiping	2
	Manzanillo	2
	Arlington	2
	Columbus	2
	Kaiyuan	2




11. **City with the Lowest Population:** *Scenario:* A census bureau is conducting an analysis of urban population distribution. You're tasked with identifying the city with the lowest population from the database to provide a comprehensive overview of demographic trends.

```
1 • SELECT DISTINCT
2     Name AS Lowset_Populated_City, Population
3 FROM
4     city
5 ORDER BY Population DESC
6 LIMIT 1
```

<		
Result Grid		 Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>
Export: 		Wrap Cell C
	Lowset_Populated_City	Population
▶	Mumbai (Bombay)	10500000

12. **Country with Largest Population:** *Scenario:* A global economic research institute requires data on countries with the largest populations for a comprehensive analysis. You're tasked with identifying the country with the highest population from the database to provide valuable insights into demographic trends.

```
1 • SELECT DISTINCT
2     Name AS Highest_Populated_City, Population
3 FROM
4     city
5 ORDER BY Population DESC
6 LIMIT 1
```



<   Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Center

	Highest_Populated_City	Population
▶	Mumbai (Bombay)	10500000

13. **Capital of Spain:** *Scenario:* A travel agency is organising tours across Europe and needs accurate information on capital cities. You're tasked with identifying the capital of Spain from the database to ensure itinerary accuracy and provide travellers with essential destination information.

```
1 • SELECT
2     Name AS Captial_of_Spain
3 FROM
4     city
5 WHERE
6     ID = (SELECT
7           capital
8           FROM
9             country
10            WHERE
11              Name = 'Spain')
```

<

Result Grid   Filter Rows:

	Capital_of_Spain
▶	Madrid

14. **Cities in Europe:** *Scenario:* A European cultural exchange program is seeking to connect students with cities across the continent. You're tasked with compiling a list of cities located in Europe from the database to facilitate program planning and student engagement.

```
1 • SELECT
2     city.Name AS City, country.Name AS Europe_Country
3 FROM
4     city
5     INNER JOIN
6     country ON city.CountryCode = country.Code
7 WHERE
8     country.Region LIKE '%Europe%';
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	City	Europe_Country		
▶	Tirana	Albania		
	Andorra la Vella	Andorra		
	Wien	Austria		
	Graz	Austria		
	Linz	Austria		
	Salzburg	Austria		
	Innsbruck	Austria		
	Klagenfurt	Austria		
	Antwerpen	Belgium		
	Gent	Belgium		
	Charleroi	Belgium		
	Liège	Belgium		
	Bruxelles [Brus...	Belgium		
	Brugge	Belgium		
	Schaerbeek	Belgium		
	Namur	Belgium		
	Mons	Belgium		
	Sofija	Bulgaria		
	Plovdiv	Bulgaria		
	Varna	Bulgaria		
	Burgas	Bulgaria		
	Ruse	Bulgaria		
	Stara Zagora	Bulgaria		
	Pleven	Bulgaria		
	Sliven	Bulgaria		
	Dobric	Bulgaria		
	Šumen	Bulgaria		

15. **Average Population by Country:** *Scenario:* A demographic research team is conducting a comparative analysis of population distributions across countries. You're tasked with calculating the average population for each country from the database to provide valuable insights into global population trends.

```
1  SELECT
2      Name, AVG(population) AS 'Average_Population'
3  FROM
4      country
5  GROUP BY Name
```

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Conte

	Name	Average_Population
▶	Aruba	103000.0000
	Afghanistan	22720000.0000
	Angola	12878000.0000
	Anguilla	8000.0000
	Albania	3401200.0000
	Andorra	78000.0000
	Netherlands Antilles	217000.0000
	United Arab Emirates	2441000.0000
	Argentina	37032000.0000
	Armenia	3520000.0000
	American Samoa	68000.0000
	Antarctica	0.0000
	French Southern ter...	0.0000
	Antigua and Barbuda	68000.0000
	Australia	18886000.0000
	Austria	8091800.0000
	Azerbaijan	7734000.0000
	Burundi	6695000.0000
	Belgium	10239000.0000
	Benin	6097000.0000
	Burkina Faso	11937000.0000
	Bangladesh	129155000.0000
	Bulgaria	8190900.0000
	Bahrain	617000.0000

Result 1 ×

16. **Capital Cities Population Comparison:** *Scenario:* A statistical analysis firm is examining population distributions between capital cities worldwide. You're tasked with comparing the populations of capital cities from different countries to identify trends and patterns in urban demographics.

```
1 • SELECT
2     city.Name AS CapitalCity,
3     country.Name AS CountryName,
4     city.Population
5 FROM
6     city
7     INNER JOIN
8     country ON country.Capital = city.ID
9 ORDER BY city.Population DESC;
```

<

Result Grid Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content:

	CapitalCity	CountryName	Population
▶	Seoul	South Korea	9981619
	Jakarta	Indonesia	9604900
	Ciudad de México	Mexico	8591309
	Moscow	Russian Federation	8389200
	Tokyo	Japan	7980230
	Peking	China	7472000
	London	United Kingdom	7285000
	Cairo	Egypt	6789479
	Teheran	Iran	6758845
	Lima	Peru	6464693
▼	Bangkok	Thailand	6320174
	Santafé de Bogotá	Colombia	6260862
	Kinshasa	Congo, The Demo...	5064000
	Santiago de Chile	Chile	4703954
	Baghdad	Iraq	4336000
	Singapore	Singapore	4017733
	Dhaka	Bangladesh	3612850
	Berlin	Germany	3386667
	Rangoon (Yangon)	Myanmar	3361700
	Riyadh	Saudi Arabia	3324000
	Ankara	Turkey	3038159
	Buenos Aires	Argentina	2982146
	Madrid	Spain	2879052

Result 4

17. **Countries with Low Population Density:** *Scenario:* An agricultural research institute is studying countries with low population densities for potential agricultural development projects. You're tasked with identifying countries with sparse populations from the database to support the institute's research efforts.

```
1 • SELECT
2     Name AS Lowest_Population_Density_Country,
3     Population,
4     SurfaceArea,
5     (Population / SurfaceArea) AS Population_Density
6 FROM
7     country
8 WHERE
9     SurfaceArea > 0
10 ORDER BY Population_Density ASC;
```

Result Grid				
Filter Rows:		Export:		
Wrap Cell Content:				
Lowest_Population_Density_Country	Population	SurfaceArea	Population_Density	
Antarctica	0	13120000.00	0.0000	
French Southern territories	0	7780.00	0.0000	
Bouvet Island	0	59.00	0.0000	
Heard Island and McDonald Islands	0	359.00	0.0000	
British Indian Ocean Territory	0	78.00	0.0000	
South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands	0	3903.00	0.0000	
United States Minor Outlying Islands	0	16.00	0.0000	
Greenland	56000	2166090.00	0.0259	
Svalbard and Jan Mayen	3200	62422.00	0.0513	
Falkland Islands	2000	12173.00	0.1643	
Pitcairn	50	49.00	1.0204	
Western Sahara	293000	266000.00	1.1015	
Mongolia	2662000	1566500.00	1.6993	
French Guiana	181000	90000.00	2.0111	
Namibia	1726000	824292.00	2.0939	
Australia	18886000	7741220.00	2.4397	
Suriname	417000	163265.00	2.5541	
Mauritania	2670000	1025520.00	2.6036	
Iceland	279000	103000.00	2.7087	
Botswana	1622000	581730.00	2.7882	
Canada	31147000	9970610.00	3.1239	
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	5605000	1759540.00	3.1855	

