DSL course: individual work #1

Tasks

- Create data structure for regular expression syntax tree;
- function to parse expression into AST;
- Create data structure for non-deterministic automata;
- create function that transforms regular expression AST into automata;
- create an application that receives the representation of regular expression and some expression and checks whether the statement satisfies the regexp condition.

How to install and run

Clone/download the repository and execute python app.py. There is no external dependencies, only standard types and type annotations.

It works on python3.6, so please use the same or newer version

Test set

There are some test sequences inside test_cases.txt . Just run app.py and input the filename.

There is <code>tests.py</code> , run it, it has other checks and examples. To understand what is going on there, open the script is required.

About the implementation

Syntax of the regular expressions

- a just any symbol, UTF-8 symbols can be used;
- logical or statement;
- ab is a+b there + is concatenation;
- a* * is Clini closure, it means that expression to which it is performed cannot occur or occur any number of times;
- parenthesis (and), as usual, performs prioritization of some subexpression.

So, the following expressions and like them are allowed:

- (a)(b)
- (ab)*
- a|(b*c*)*

Escaped symbols

- *
- \(
- \)
- \|

If the symbols are escaped, they can be used as other symbols, not a special ones. As example: regexp \(ab\)* can be satisfied by only expression \(ab\)*.

How to use the app.py

Create file with your regular expressions and expressions that should be checked in the following format:

- every line should contain 2 or 3 substrings with colon (:) delimiter;
- the first substring is a regular expression. Be careful, for the regular expressions all symbols matter (including spacing);
- second and third substrings are expressions that should be checked;
- first of them are expressions that must match the regexp;
- second of them are expressions that must not match the regexp;
- all expressions for checking separated by a semicolon(;).
- you can keep the first list of expressions empty, but colons should be.

So, the typical line of the testing file will be: (ab)*:;ab;abab:aa;bb — regexp + true + false expressions or

```
hii*:hi;hiiii — regexp + true expressions
or
ab*::b;bb;ba — regexp + empty + false expressions
```

It means, that you can't use colon and semicolon in your expressions, but it is the limitation of the current checking application, not of the regexp or automata realization.

About state machines

automata package implements non-deterministic finite state machine. It means that amount of states are finite and from the same state can exist more than one transition with the same trigger symbol.

Transitions are stored as dictionary of dictionaries of sets (or in Python notation Dict[int, Dict[chr, Set[int]]]), each machine can have only one start state (always 0), and any number of final states.

Forks with transitions of the same trigger symbol are allowed. In the machine, this case is handled by multiple current states of the machine (to be exact, set of states). If fork occurs while executing and transitions of the same symbol are performed, current state will be split up into multiple states, every of which will continues its route on its branch.