The C++ CodeX

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C++ Definition

C++ is a compiled general-purpose programming language based on a strong static typing system, that supports multiple programming paradigms and provides low-level and high-level tools and features.

- Source code, compiler, machine code, instructions
- Executable code, runtime environment, processor
- Narrow specialization, several strong competitors
- Static and dynamic typing, compile time, runtime
- Combination of multiple programming paradigms
- Memory management and convenient abstractions

C++ History

- C++ originally designed as a set of extensions for C
- C++ is not a subset or superset of C at present time
- C++ inherited Ada, Algol, Fortran, Modula, Simula
- C++ influenced C#, Java, Python and many others

The first C++ commercial release took place on October 14, 1985.

C++ Standards

- C++98 fundamental standard
- C++03 patch
- Technical Report 2005, Boost
- C++11 language core +30%, standard library +100%
- C++14 patch
- C++17 patch
- C++20 latest implemented standard
- C++23 expected standard
- C++26 expected standard

C++ Application

- Operating and embedded systems
- Software frameworks and libraries
- High performance computing systems
- Mathematical and physical modeling
- Game engines and game development
- Low latency financial trading systems

A balance of compactness and efficiency, a combination of low-level and high-level tools and features, a bunch of parallel programming, interprocess communication, network communication technologies.

Programming Paradigms

- Declarative programming expectations
- Functional programming functions, compositions
- Imperative programming statements
- Procedural programming subroutines
- Structured programming sequences, selections, iterations
- Object-oriented programming classes
- Generic programming templates
- Parallel programming processes, threads
- Event-driven programming loops, events, handlers

C++ provides an ultimate, but often dangerous freedom of action.



Additional Libraries

C++ standard library and Boost libraries provide many useful tools.

- Google Test testing framework
- IntelTBB parallel computing
- OpenCV image processing
- Protobuf data serialization
- QuantLib quantitative finance
- Qt graphical user interface
- SFML general multimedia

Developer Tools

- Compilers Clang, GCC, MinGW, Visual C++
- IDEs CLion, Dev C++, Visual Studio, XCode
- Text editors Geany, Vim, Visual Studio Code
- Debuggers, profilers GDB, Valgrind, VTune
- Build automation systems CMake, MSBuild
- Version control systems Git, SVN, Mercurial
- Hosting cloud services GitHub, Bitbucket
- Git GUI clients GitHub Desktop, SmartGit
- Project management systems Asana, Jira