

**Quantum Mechanics and Spectroscopy**  
**CHEM 3PA3**  
**Assignment 4**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

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1. The force constant of  $^{35}\text{Cl}^{35}\text{Cl}$  is  $319 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}^{-1}$ . Calculate the fundamental vibrational frequency and the zero-point energy of  $\text{Cl}_2$ .
2. The Hamiltonian for the quantum harmonic oscillator is

$$\hat{H} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{2} kx^2.$$

You are told that its ground-state wavefunction is

$$\Psi_0(x) = A \exp\left(-\frac{\sqrt{km}}{2\hbar} x^2\right)$$

- (a) What is the normalization constant for this wavefunction?
- (b) What is the zero-point energy for this wavefunction?
- (c) What is the kinetic energy for this wavefunction?
- (d) What is the expectation value of  $\hat{p}^2$  for this wavefunction?
- (e) The Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle says that  $\sigma_x \sigma_{p_x} \geq \frac{1}{2} \hbar$ . Show that this is true for the Harmonic oscillator. What is the interpretation of the Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle.
- (f) The Heisenberg Uncertainty principle can be derived from the (usually stronger) Schrödinger Uncertainty relationship,  $\sigma_x^2 \sigma_{p_x}^2 \geq \left| \frac{1}{2} \langle x\hat{p} + \hat{p}x \rangle - \langle \hat{p} \rangle \langle \hat{x} \rangle \right|^2 + \left| \frac{1}{2i} \langle x\hat{p} - \hat{p}x \rangle \right|^2$ . Show that this principle is also satisfied by the harmonic oscillator.