红黑树的 c 实现源码与剖析

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源码剖析作者: July
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July 说明:
由于原来的程序没有任何一行注释,我把它深入剖析,并一行一行的添加了注释,
详情请参见此文:
教你彻底实现红黑树:红黑树的 c 源码实现与剖析
http://blog.csdn.net/v JULY v/archive/2011/01/03/6114226.aspx
关于红黑树系列的教程,还可看下以下倆篇文章:
教你透彻了解红黑树:
http://blog.csdn.net/v_JULY_v/archive/2010/12/29/6105630.aspx
红黑树算法的层层剖析与逐步实现
http://blog.csdn.net/v_JULY_v/archive/2010/12/31/6109153.aspx
Ok, 君自看。
//以下是最初的源程序。
//如果你看不太懂,那么就证明了我所做的源码剖析工作有意义了。:D。
//详情,参见 My Blog[谷歌或百度搜"结构之法"]
//http://blog.csdn.net/v_JULY_v
______
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
typedef int key t;
typedef int data_t;
typedef enum color t
   RED = 0,
   BLACK = 1
}color t;
typedef struct rb node t
   struct rb node t *left, *right, *parent;
   key_t key;
   data t data;
   color_t color;
```

```
}rb_node_t;
/* forward declaration */
rb_node_t* rb_insert(key_t key, data_t data, rb_node_t* root);
rb_node_t* rb_search(key_t key, rb_node_t* root);
rb_node_t* rb_erase(key_t key, rb_node_t* root);
int main()
{
     int i, count = 900000;
     key t key;
     rb_node_t* root = NULL, *node = NULL;
      srand(time(NULL));
     for (i = 1; i < count; ++i)
     {
          key = rand() % count;
          if ((root = rb_insert(key, i, root)))
               printf("[i = %d] insert key %d success!\n", i, key);
          }
          else
               printf("[i = %d] insert key %d error!\n", i, key);
               exit(-1);
          }
          if ((node = rb_search(key, root)))
          {
               printf("[i = %d] search key %d success!\n", i, key);
          else
               printf("[i = %d] search key %d error!\n", i, key);
               exit(-1);
          if (!(i % 10))
               if ((root = rb_erase(key, root)))
                    printf("[i = %d] erase key %d success\n", i, key);
               else
               {
```

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printf("[i = %d] erase key %d error n", i, key);
              }
         }
    }
    return 0;
static rb_node_t* rb_new_node(key_t key, data_t data)
    rb_node_t *node = (rb_node_t*)malloc(sizeof(struct rb_node_t));
    if (!node)
         printf("malloc error!\n");
         exit(-1);
    node->key = key, node->data = data;
    return node;
    node
                     right
                   /\
          ==>
    a right
                 node y
                             //原程序给的这丁点注释错了,我已修正。
                 a b
static rb_node_t* rb_rotate_left(rb_node_t* node, rb_node_t* root)
    rb_node_t* right = node->right;
    if ((node->right = right-> left))
         right->left->parent = node;
    right->left = node;
    if ((right->parent = node->parent))
         if (node == node->parent->right)
              node->parent->right = right;
```

```
}
         else
             node->parent->left = right;
    }
    else
         root = right;
    node->parent = right;
    return root;
        node
                         left
        /\
                             node
     left y
                             b y //右旋与左旋差不多,分析略过
static rb_node_t* rb_rotate_right(rb_node_t* node, rb_node_t* root)
    rb_node_t* left = node->left;
    if ((node-> left = left-> right))
         left->right->parent = node;
    left->right = node;
    if ((left->parent = node->parent))
         if (node == node->parent->right)
             node->parent->right = left;
         }
         else
             node->parent->left = left;
```

```
else
         root = left;
    node->parent = left;
    return root;
}
static rb_node_t* rb_insert_rebalance(rb_node_t *node, rb_node_t *root)
{
    rb_node_t *parent, *gparent, *uncle, *tmp;
    while ((parent = node->parent) && parent->color == RED)
         gparent = parent->parent;
         if (parent == gparent->left)
              uncle = gparent->right;
              if (uncle && uncle->color == RED)
                   uncle->color = BLACK;
                   parent->color = BLACK;
                   gparent->color = RED;
                   node = gparent;
              }
              else
              {
                   if (parent->right == node)
                        root = rb_rotate_left(parent, root);
                        tmp = parent;
                        parent = node;
                        node = tmp;
                   }
                   parent->color = BLACK;
                   gparent->color = RED;
                   root = rb_rotate_right(gparent, root);
          else
           {
```

```
uncle = gparent->left;
              if (uncle && uncle->color == RED)
              {
                   uncle->color = BLACK;
                   parent->color = BLACK;
                   gparent->color = RED;
                   node = gparent;
              }
              else
              {
                   if (parent->left == node)
                       root = rb_rotate_right(parent, root);
                       tmp = parent;
                       parent = node;
                       node = tmp;
                   }
                   parent->color = BLACK;
                   gparent->color = RED;
                   root = rb_rotate_left(gparent, root);
         }
    root->color = BLACK;
    return root;
}
static rb_node_t* rb_erase_rebalance(rb_node_t *node, rb_node_t *parent, rb_node_t *root)
    rb node t *other, *o left, *o right;
    while ((!node || node->color == BLACK) && node != root)
         if (parent->left == node)
              other = parent->right;
              if (other->color == RED)
                   other->color = BLACK;
                   parent->color = RED;
                   root = rb_rotate_left(parent, root);
```

```
other = parent->right;
     if ((!other->left || other->left->color == BLACK) &&
         (!other->right || other->right->color == BLACK))
     {
         other->color = RED;
         node = parent;
         parent = node->parent;
     }
    else
     {
         if (!other->right || other->right->color == BLACK)
              if ((o_left = other-> left))
                   o_left->color = BLACK;
              other->color = RED;
              root = rb_rotate_right(other, root);
              other = parent->right;
         }
          other->color = parent->color;
          parent->color = BLACK;
         if (other->right)
              other->right->color = BLACK;
         root = rb_rotate_left(parent, root);
         node = root;
         break;
else
    other = parent->left;
     if (other->color == RED)
     {
         other->color = BLACK;
         parent->color = RED;
         root = rb_rotate_right(parent, root);
         other = parent->left;
    if ((!other->left || other->left->color == BLACK) &&
         (!other->right || other->right->color == BLACK))
```

```
{
                    other->color = RED;
                    node = parent;
                    parent = node->parent;
               }
               else
               {
                    if (!other->left \parallel other->left->color == BLACK)
                         if ((o_right = other->right))
                              o_right->color = BLACK;
                         other->color = RED;
                         root = rb_rotate_left(other, root);
                         other = parent->left;
                    other->color = parent->color;
                    parent->color = BLACK;
                    if (other->left)
                    {
                         other->left->color = BLACK;
                    root = rb_rotate_right(parent, root);
                    node = root;
                    break;
          }
     }
     if (node)
          node->color = BLACK;
      return root;
}
static\ rb\_node\_t*\ rb\_search\_auxiliary(key\_t\ key, rb\_node\_t*\ root, rb\_node\_t**\ save)
     rb node t *node = root, *parent = NULL;
     int ret;
     while (node)
```

```
{
         parent = node;
         ret = node->key - key;
         if (0 \le ret)
              node = node->left;
         else if (0 > ret)
              node = node->right;
         else
              return node;
    }
    if (save)
          *save = parent;
    return NULL;
}
rb_node_t* rb_insert(key_t key, data_t data, rb_node_t* root)
{
    rb_node_t *parent = NULL, *node;
    parent = NULL;
    if ((node = rb_search_auxiliary(key, root, &parent)))
         return root;
    }
    node = rb_new_node(key, data);
    node->parent = parent;
     node->left = node->right = NULL;
    node->color = RED;
    if (parent)
         if (parent->key > key)
```

```
parent->left = node;
         else
          {
              parent->right = node;
     }
     else
         root = node;
     return rb_insert_rebalance(node, root);
}
rb_node_t* rb_search(key_t key, rb_node_t* root)
     return rb_search_auxiliary(key, root, NULL);
}
rb_node_t* rb_erase(key_t key, rb_node_t *root)
     rb_node_t *child, *parent, *old, *left, *node;
     color_t color;
     if (!(node = rb_search_auxiliary(key, root, NULL)))
         printf("key %d is not exist!\n");
         return root;
     }
     old = node;
     if (node->left && node->right)
         node = node->right;
         while ((left = node->left) != NULL)
              node = left;
         child = node->right;
         parent = node->parent;
         color = node->color;
```

```
if (child)
     child->parent = parent;
if (parent)
     if (parent->left == node)
         parent->left = child;
     }
     else
     {
          parent->right = child;
else
     root = child;
if (node->parent == old)
     parent = node;
node->parent = old->parent;
node->color = old->color;
node->right = old->right;
node->left = old->left;
if (old->parent)
     if (old->parent->left == old)
          old->parent->left = node;
     }
     else
     {
         old->parent->right = node;
}
 else
     root = node;
```

```
}
    old->left->parent = node;
    if (old->right)
         old->right->parent = node;
}
else
    if (!node->left)
         child = node->right;
    else if (!node->right)
         child = node->left;
    parent = node->parent;
    color = node->color;
    if (child)
          child->parent = parent;
    if (parent)
          if (parent->left == node)
              parent->left = child;
          else
              parent->right = child;
     }
    else
     {
         root = child;
free(old);
```

```
if (color == BLACK)
          root = rb_erase_rebalance(child, parent, root);
     return root;
}
程序完。
运行结果:
[i = 1] insert key 52 success!
[i = 1] search key 52 success!
[i = 2] insert key 80 success!
[i = 2] search key 80 success!
[i = 3] insert key 2 success!
[i = 3] search key 2 success!
[i = 4] insert key 81 success!
[i = 4] search key 81 success!
[i = 5] insert key 96 success!
[i = 5] search key 96 success!
[i = 6] insert key 16 success!
[i = 6] search key 16 success!
[i = 7] insert key 92 success!
[i = 7] search key 92 success!
[i = 8] insert key 20 success!
[i = 8] search key 20 success!
[i = 9] insert key 63 success!
[i = 9] search key 63 success!
[i = 10] insert key 16 success!
[i = 10] search key 16 success!
[i = 10] erase key 16 success
[i = 11] insert key 99 success!
[i = 11] search key 99 success!
[i = 12] insert key 36 success!
[i = 12] search key 36 success!
[i = 13] insert key 36 success!
[i = 13] search key 36 success!
[i = 14] insert key 33 success!
[i = 14] search key 33 success!
[i = 15] insert key 26 success!
[i = 15] search key 26 success!
[i = 16] insert key 84 success!
[i = 16] search key 84 success!
[i = 17] insert key 89 success!
```

- [i = 17] search key 89 success!
- [i = 18] insert key 13 success!
- [i = 18] search key 13 success!
- [i = 19] insert key 63 success!
- [i = 19] search key 63 success!
- [i = 20] insert key 20 success!
- [i = 20] search key 20 success!
- [i = 20] erase key 20 success
- [i = 21] insert key 9 success!
- [i = 21] search key 9 success!
- [i = 22] insert key 27 success!
- [i = 22] search key 27 success!
- [i = 23] insert key 57 success!
- [i = 23] search key 57 success!
- [i = 24] insert key 51 success!
- [i = 24] search key 51 success!
- [i = 25] insert key 1 success!
- [i = 25] search key 1 success!
- [i = 26] insert key 60 success!
- [i = 26] search key 60 success!
- [i = 27] insert key 45 success!
- [1 27] msert key 45 success:
- [i = 27] search key 45 success!
- [i = 28] insert key 2 success!
- [i = 28] search key 2 success!
- [i = 29] insert key 20 success!
- [i = 29] search key 20 success!
- [i = 30] insert key 54 success!
- [i = 30] search key 54 success!
- [i = 30] erase key 54 success
- [i = 31] insert key 41 success!
- [i = 31] search key 41 success!
- [i = 32] insert key 10 success!
- [i = 32] search key 10 success!
- [i = 33] insert key 74 success!
- [i = 33] search key 74 success!
- [i = 34] insert key 68 success!
- [i = 34] search key 68 success!
- [i = 35] insert key 9 success!
- [i = 35] search key 9 success!
- [i = 36] insert key 12 success!
- [i = 36] search key 12 success!
- [i = 37] insert key 7 success!
- [i = 37] search key 7 success!
- [i = 38] insert key 38 success!

```
[i = 38] search key 38 success!
[i = 39] insert key 83 success!
[i = 39] search key 83 success!
[i = 40] insert key 42 success!
[i = 40] search key 42 success!
[i = 40] erase key 42 success
[i = 41] insert key 7 success!
[i = 41] search key 7 success!
[i = 42] insert key 98 success!
[i = 42] search key 98 success!
[i = 43] insert key 18 success!
[i = 43] search key 18 success!
[i = 44] insert key 37 success!
[i = 44] search key 37 success!
[i = 45] insert key 72 success!
[i = 45] search key 72 success!
[i = 46] insert key 91 success!
[i = 46] search key 91 success!
[i = 47] insert key 89 success!
[i = 47] search key 89 success!
[i = 48] insert key 97 success!
[i = 48] search key 97 success!
Press any key to continue
为了给你个对比,我摘一段我给的源码剖析[注释完美]
五、红黑树的3种插入情况
接下来,咱们重点分析针对红黑树插入的3种情况,而进行的修复工作。
//红黑树修复插入的3种情况
//为了表示方面下面的注释中,也为了让下述代码与我的倆篇文章相对应,
//用 z 表示当前结点,p[z]表示父母、p[p[z]]表示祖父、y 表示叔叔。
//-----
static rb_node_t* rb_insert_rebalance(rb_node_t *node, rb_node_t *root)
    rb_node_t *parent, *gparent, *uncle, *tmp; //父母 p[z]、祖父 p[p[z]]、叔叔 y、临时结点
*tmp
    while ((parent = node->parent) && parent->color == RED)
          //parent 为 node 的父母, 且当父母的颜色为红时
        gparent = parent->parent; //gparent 为祖父
```

```
if (parent == gparent->left) //当祖父的左孩子即为父母时。
                           //其实上述几行语句, 无非就是理顺孩子、父母、祖
父的关系。:D。
      {
          uncle = gparent->right; //定义叔叔的概念,叔叔y就是父母的右孩子。
          if (uncle && uncle->color == RED) //情况 1: z 的叔叔 y 是红色的
             uncle->color = BLACK;
                                //将叔叔结点 y 着为黑色
             parent->color = BLACK; //z 的父母 p[z]也着为黑色。解决 z, p[z]都是红
色的问题。
             gparent->color = RED;
             node = gparent;
                            //将祖父当做新增结点 z, 指针 z 上移俩层, 且着为红
色。
   //上述情况1中,只考虑了z作为父母的右孩子的情况。
          }
          else
                              //情况 2: z 的叔叔 y 是黑色的,
             if (parent->right == node) //且 z 为右孩子
                root=rb rotate left(parent, root); //左旋[结点 z, 与父母结点]
                 tmp = parent;
                parent = node;
                node = tmp;
                             //parent与 node 互换角色
             }
                        //情况 3: z 的叔叔 y 是黑色的,此时 z 成为了左孩子。
                              //注意,1:情况3是由上述情况2变化而来的。
                              //.....2: z的叔叔总是黑色的,否则就是情况1了。
             parent->color = BLACK;
                                //z 的父母 p[z]着为黑色
             gparent->color = RED;
                                //原祖父结点着为红色
             root = rb rotate right(gparent, root); //右旋[结点 z, 与祖父结点]
      }
      else
  //这部分是特别为情况 1 中, z 作为左孩子情况, 而写的。
          uncle = gparent->left; //祖父的左孩子作为叔叔结点。[原理还是与上部分一样
的]
          if (uncle && uncle->color == RED) //情况 1: z 的叔叔 y 是红色的
             uncle->color = BLACK;
             parent->color = BLACK;
             gparent->color = RED;
```

```
node = gparent;
                                   //同上。
          }
          else
                                         //情况 2: z 的叔叔 y 是黑色的,
           {
              if (parent->left == node) //且 z 为左孩子
              {
                  root = rb_rotate_right(parent, root); //以结点 parent、root 右旋
                  tmp = parent;
                  parent = node;
                  node = tmp;
                                 //parent与 node 互换角色
              }
                //经过情况2的变化,成为了情况3.
              parent->color = BLACK;
              gparent->color = RED;
              root = rb_rotate_left(gparent, root); //以结点 gparent 和 root 左旋
          }
       }
   }
   root->color = BLACK; //根结点,不论怎样,都得置为黑色。
   return root;
                 //返回根结点。
//:D。这下, 你应该发现我所添加的注释的价值了。
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        来
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                         博
                             客
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一切的详情请参见此文:
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我博客里还有有关微软等公司数据结构+算法面试100题的资料,
详情,参见 My Blog:
http://blog.csdn.net/v JULY v
                  ----- July、二零一一年一月三日。
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