# **Prac 9 Design**

#### Node

Int value – stores the value at that node Node\* next – stores the position of the next node

Int getValue – returns the value

Node\* getNext – returns position of the next node

void setValue – sets the value stored in that node void setNext – sets the next nodes position

- This is the class that holds the information required to create a linked list
- holds the value and the pointer to the next node
- This is a general form of a node for a linked list class

### **Container**

Node\* head – pointer that points to the first node int length – the length of the list

Int getLength – returns the lists length Node\* getHead – returns the lists head int getMiddle – returns the middle of the list void addNode – adds a node to the tail void removeNode – removes a node from the head

- This is the class that will hold the linked list
- it will also hold the functions that will perform the required operations on the linked list
- This will be the class used to manipulate the linked list

#### Main:

- will take in a single line of input
- will split that line accordingly
- will then decide what function from container to call based on the string
- will then separate the number from A if it need to be added
- will then perform functions
- will then output the resulting linked list and the middle values

## **Testing:**

Input 1:

A123 R

Output 1:

empty 0

Input 2:

R A123

Output 2:

123 123

# Prac 9 Design

R R

Output 3: empty 0 Input 4:

A123

Output 4:

123 123

Input 5:

A123 R A555 A1 A2 R

Output 5:

1->2 1 2

Input 6:

A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 Output 6:

 $\begin{array}{c}
3. \\
1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 3
\end{array}$ Input 7:

A1 A2 A3 A4

Output 7:

 $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4\ 2\ 3$