## Practical 1

## Jumping Rivers

We will continue to investigate the movies data set.

- Make sure you've downloaded the GitHub repository
- Link: bit.ly/nhs-ggplot2.
- Click on the .Rproj file to open the R project for today. This ensures that our working directory is correct!
- Open a new R script (Ctrl+Shift+N in RStudio.)

```
library("ggplot2")
movies = readRDS(file = "data/movies.rds")
```

When loading in data, it's always a good idea to carry out a sanity check. I tend to use the commands

```
head(movies)
names(movies)
dim(movies)
View(movies)
```

## Scatter plots

- (1) Make a basic scatter plot with votes on the x axis and rating on the y axis. Remember, we use the ggplot() function to create a basic plot and them geom\_point() to add points.
- (2) Use the labs() function to change the axis labels & and title to something better
- (3) The range of possible ratings is between 0 and 10, however because the maximum rating is below 10 the y-axis stops before 10. We can change the axis range using the ylim function. For instance, if our graph was stored in an object g, we could change the y-axis limit to (0,10) like so + ylim(0, 10).

Do this to your graph.

## Histograms

- (1) Make a basic histogram of the year of releases.
- (2) Change the binwidth to one year using the binwidth argument in geom\_histogram()
- (3) Try changing geom\_histogram() to geom\_density(). You won't need a binwidth argument for the density plot.

Bonus questions - an introduction to colours and fills

Let's go back to the classification bar chart we had in the slides.

```
ggplot(movies, aes(x = classification)) + geom_bar()
```

(1) Inside the geom\_bar() function, try adding the argument colour = "blue". What happens?

```
ggplot(movies, aes(x = classification)) + geom_bar(colour = "blue")
```

- (1) Change colour = "blue" to fill = "blue"
- (1) Experiment with other colours, you can find a list of colours that R takes using the colours() function i.e. run

```
colours()
```

(1) Remove fill = "blue" from geom\_bar(). Now try adding fill = classification to the aes() function. What happens?

```
ggplot(movies, aes(x = classification)) + geom_bar(aes(fill = classification))
```